Natural Gas Annual 1996

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Interstate Movements of Natural Gas in the United States, 1996 (Volumes Reported in Million Cubic Feet)

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Preface

The *Natural Gas Annual* provides information on the supply and disposition of natural gas to a wide audience including industry, consumers, Federal and State agencies, and educational institutions. The 1996 data are presented in a sequence that follows natural gas (including supplemental supplies) from its production to its end use. This is followed by tables summarizing natural gas supply and disposition from 1992 to 1996 for each Census Division and each State. Annual historical data are shown at the national level.

The data in the Natural Gas Annual 1996 are taken from surveys conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), to fulfill its responsibilities for gathering and reporting energy data. Two EIA surveys provide most of the information presented in this report—the mandatory Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," and the Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report." Form EIA-176 was submitted by respondents out of an identified universe of operators of fields, wells, or natural gas processing plants who distribute gas to end users or transport gas to or across a State border; operators of synthetic natural gas plants; natural gas distributors; natural gas pipeline companies; and companies that operate underground natural gas storage facilities. Form EIA-895 was submitted by the appropriate agencies of the 33 natural gas producing States.

Data collected on Form EIA-176 are not proprietary. Selected company-level data are presented in the Demand section.

Other EIA surveys that provided information for this report are Forms EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," and EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production," for gas processed, plant fuel, and extraction loss data; Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers," for data on the city

gate prices; Forms EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," for data on the quantity and price of natural gas consumed by electric utilities; and Office of Fossil Energy, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports" for data on the quantity and price of natural gas imports and exports. The EIA report, U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports was the source of the reserves data.

Some of the data are collected under the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), an independent commission within the DOE that has jurisdiction primarily in the regulation of electric utilities and the interstate natural gas industry. The United States Geological Survey (USGS) and the United States Minerals Management Service (MMS) of the Department of the Interior were sources of supplemental information on production, the number of producing gas and gas-condensate wells, and wellhead values. The geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

All volumes of natural gas in this publication are reported at 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute and 60 degrees Fahrenheit, except where noted. A glossary of terms is provided to assist users in understanding the data presented. A description of the data collection surveys appears in Appendix A. Appendix B describes metric and thermal conversion factors, Appendix C lists additional natural gas information sources, and Appendix D provides a list (and description) of the various natural gas publications/products and their location on the EIA Internet site.

The tables of data that appear in this report are available on personal computer diskettes and the Internet. See Appendix D for further details.

With the 1996 annual reporting cycle, the Energy Information Administration has changed the customer category used for reporting deliveries to consumers in the agricultural industry from commercial to industrial. Most natural gas consumed in agriculture is used to drive irrigation systems and to dry crops. Separate reports of the volumes affected are not available so the direct impact of this change is not known.

In comparing sectoral use over time, note that:

- there is an inherent shift in natural gas volumes from the commercial to industrial sectors due simply to changes in the reporting requirements. This break in series may indicate a spurious increase in industrial consumption with a corresponding decrease in the commercial sector;
- the sum of natural gas volumes consumed by the commercial and industrial sectors will not be changed by this modification in the instructions.

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Overview

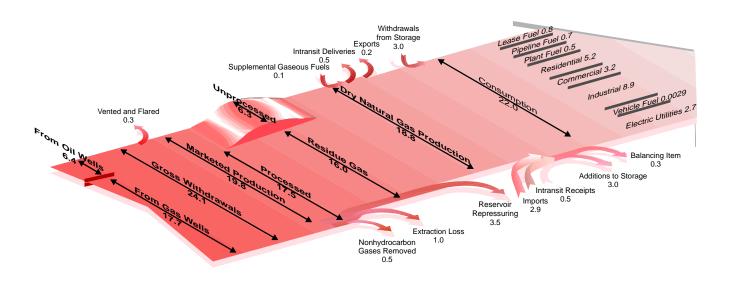
During 1996, the price of natural gas from the wellhead to the burner tip rebounded from the low levels seen in 1995. Despite these increases, the demand for gas remained strong. Consumption in 1996 reached 22 trillion cubic feet, only slightly below the record set in 1972. Production showed a slight increase over the previous year, less than 1 percent, and imports from Canada rose again. The way storage is managed by the industry continued to evolve with operators generally maintaining lower volumes in storage.

The price of gas at the wellhead climbed sharply, increasing by 40 percent from \$1.55 per thousand cubic feet in 1995 to \$2.17 in 1996. Other price increases varied greatly from sector to sector. Following the steep rise in price at the wellhead, prices at the city gate and for sales to the industrial and electric utility sectors also rose greatly. By contrast, prices paid for deliveries to the residential and

commercial sectors showed comparatively modest increases and were slightly lower than in 1994.

Marketed production of natural gas in 1996 was 244 billion cubic feet more than one year ago. A number of supply sources contributed to the greater gas production in 1996. Production from the entire Gulf of Mexico rose 3.2 percent over 1995 volumes. The Gulf of Mexico increase of 323 billion cubic feet together with notable increases in Arkansas and Colorado more than offset declines in onshore Louisiana, New Mexico, and Oklahoma. The trend for increasing gas production from the offshore Gulf of Mexico is expected to continue during the next few years. The extension of recovery opportunities into deep water has established the deep offshore as an area of considerable national significance.

Figure 1. Natural Gas Flow Diagram, 1996 (Trillion Cubic Feet)



Notes: Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

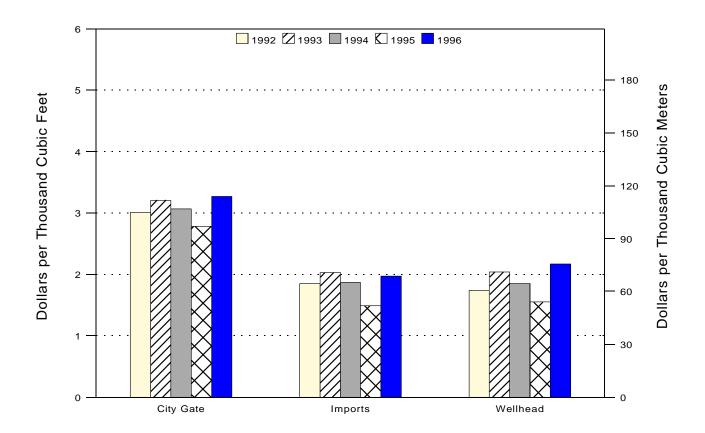
Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports; U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216, and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

During 1996, net imports of natural gas rose for the 10th consecutive year, representing almost 13 percent of U.S. gas consumption. Exports remained at nearly the same level as one year ago. Canada continued its role as the major supplier of gas imported into the United States. However, the growth rate of U.S. imports of Canadian gas slowed as pipeline capacity utilization remained near its maximum level and capacity expansion grew only minimally. Mexico continued to become increasingly integrated into the North American natural gas market as cooperative projects among the North American nations proceeded. Spot purchases of liquefied natural gas (LNG) from the United Arab Emirates indicated that LNG transactions are becoming more flexible and responsive to changes in the world marketplace.

Changes in storage inventory management, which have been motivated by new technology and the increased competition resulting from regulatory reform, are leading operators to maintain lower storage volumes. Increased deliverability allows them to reduce stocks without sacrificing the ability to meet target levels of gas deliveries. Working gas in storage on October 31, 1996, the beginning of the 1996-1997 heating season, were slightly below those available at the beginning of the previous heating season. During 1996, there were net storage additions of 2 billion cubic feet. By comparison, there were net withdrawals of 415 billion cubic feet in 1995.

Although electric utility consumption declined, deliveries to residential, commercial, and industrial consumers each set new records in 1996. In the residential and industrial sectors the prior record levels were attained in the early 1970's. Residential consumption was 5.2 trillion cubic feet, 8 percent higher than 1995 and 2 percent greater than the previous record in 1972. Nearly 1 million residential customers were added during 1996, about the same as the number added during 1995. Commercial consumption rose to 3.2 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent above the previous record level from one year ago. Industrial consumption was 8.9 trillion cubic feet, 3 percent above 1995 and 2 percent more than the previous record in 1973.

Figure 2. Selected Average Prices of Natural Gas in the United States, 1992-1996



Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); and Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996).

Table 1. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	165,015	162,415	163,837	165,146	166,474
de el 2000///2010 el	100,010	102,110	100,001	100,110	100, 11 1
umber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	275,414	282,152	291,773	298,541	301,811
roduction (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals	10 10 1 07 1	10 001 100	47.054.000	47.000.000	47.000.777
From Gas Wells	16,164,874	16,691,139	17,351,060	17,282,032	17,680,777
From Oil Wells	5,967,376	6,034,504	6,229,645	6,461,596	6,370,888
Total	22,132,249	22.725.642	23,580,706	23,743,628	24.051.665
Total	22,102,243	22,720,042	20,000,700	20,740,020	24,001,000
Repressuring	-2,972,552	-3,103,014	-3,230,667	-3.565.023	-3.510.330
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	-280,370	-413.971	-412,178	-388,392	-518,425
Wet After Lease Separation	18,879,327	19,208,657	19,937,861	19,790,213	20,022,909
Vented and Flared	-167,519	-226,743	-228,336	-283,739	-272,117
Marketed Production	18,711,808	18,981,915	19,709,525	19,506,474	19,750,793
Extraction Loss	-871,905	-886,455	-888,500	-907,795	-958,178
Total Dry Production	17,839,903	18,095,460	18,821,025	18,598,679	18,792,615
mmly (million out to f4)					
upply (million cubic feet) Dry Production	17 920 002	19 005 460	10 021 025	19 500 670	19 702 645
Receipts at U.S. Borders	17,839,903	18,095,460	18,821,025	18,598,679	18,792,615
Imports	2.137.504	2,350,115	2,623,839	2,841,048	2,937,413
Intransit Receipts	486.163		487.760		
	400,103	324,093	487,760	492,481	536,333
Withdrawals from Storage	0.700.774	0.747.004	0.500.454	0.074.400	0.044.007
Underground Storage	2,723,774	2,717,064	2,508,151	2,974,102	2,911,327
LNG Storage	48,534	82,189	70,689	50,446	69,287
Supplemental Gas Supplies	117,919	118,999	110,826	110,290	109,455
Balancing Item	-507,565	-109,593	-415,579	-230,002	278,937
Total Supply	22,846,233	23,578,326	24,206,711	24,837,044	25,635,365
isposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	19,544,364	20,279,095	20,707,717	21,580,665	21,966,991
Deliveries at U.S. Borders					
Exports	216,282	140,183	161,739	154,119	153,393
Intransit Deliveries	486,161	324,093	472,499	492,481	536,333
Additions to Storage	,		,	,	,
Underground Storage	2,555,393	2,759,738	2,796,279	2,565,882	2,905,592
LNG Storage	44,033	75,217	68,478	43,897	73,057
Live otorage	44,000	70,217	00,470	40,007	70,007
Total Disposition	22,846,233	23,578,326	24,206,711	24,837,044	25,635,365
anarometica (million archia fast)					
onsumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	710,250	723,118	699.842	792,315	800,004
Pipeline Fuel	587.710	624,308	685,362	700,335	711.446
Plant Fuel		624,308 448,822			
	460,571	440,022	423,878	427,853	450,033
Delivered to Consumers	4.000.005	4.050.445	4.047.700	4.050.040	E 0.44 44 4
Residential	4,690,065	4,956,445	4,847,702	4,850,318	5,241,414
Commercial	2,802,751	2,861,569	2,895,013	3,031,077	3,158,244
Industrial	7,526,898	7,981,433	8,167,033	8,579,585	8,870,422
Vehicle Fuel	511	960	1,741	2,674	2,932
Electric Utilities	2,765,608	2,682,440	2,987,146	3,196,507	2,732,496
Total Delivered to Consumers	17,785,833	18,482,847	18,898,635	19,660,161	20,005,508
Total Consumption					
elivered for the Account of Others	19,544,364	20,279,095	20,707,717	21,580,665	21,966,991
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	41,433	44,314	42,338	45,269	49,148
Commercial	471.009	460,097	599,058	706,139	706,667
Industrial	5,248,609	5,644,894	6,112,919	6,517,352	7,151,885
	1,697,363	1,658,438	2,092,124	2,110,284	1,871,496
Electric Utilities					

Table 1. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
irm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
	NIA	4.057.000	4.042.005	4.046.260	E 000 440
Residential	NA	4,957,208	4,843,995	4,846,360	5,236,112
Commercial	NA	2,553,679	2,559,500	2,650,412	2,799,442
Industrial	NA	4,624,853	4,734,106	5,140,048	5,388,436
Electric Utilities	NA	1,522,061	1,580,745	1,758,945	1,506,864
Vehicle Fuel	NA	792	1,336	2,449	2,674
nterruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	3.706	3.958	5.301
Commercial	NA	307.890	335.513	380.665	358.802
Industrial	NA	3,356,581	3.432.927	3.439.537	3.481.986
Electric Utilities	NA	922,962	1,210,453	1.147.860	989.185
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	168	1,210,433	1,147,000	258
verilde i del	INA	100	400	223	256
lumber of Consumers					
Residential	52,331,397	52,535,411	53,392,557	54,322,179	55,263,673
Commercial	4,409,699	4,464,906	4,533,905	4,636,500	4,720,227
Industrial	209,616	209,666	202,940	209,398	206,049
Average Annual Consumption per Consume	Ī				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	90	94	91	89	95
Commercial	636	641	639	654	669
Industrial	35,908	38,067	40,244	40,973	43,050
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.74	2.04	1.85	1.55	2.17
Imports	1.85	2.03	1.87	1.49	1.97
	2.25	2.59	2.50	2.39	2.97
Exports					
Pipeline Fuel	2.07	1.97	1.70	1.49	2.27
City Gate	3.01	3.21	3.07	2.78	3.27
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	5.89	6.16	6.41	6.06	6.34
Commercial	4.88	5.22	5.44	5.05	5.40
Industrial	2.84	3.07	3.05	2.71	3.42
Vehicle Fuel	4.05	4.27	4.11	3.98	4.34
Electric Utilities	2.36	2.61	2.28	2.02	2.69
LIGOUIO JUIIUG3	2.30	2.01	2.20	2.02	2.09

NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning in 1987, prices for gas delivered to consumers are calculated using only on-system sales data. No imputations are made for prices of gas delivered for the account of others. In previous years, prices were calculated using reported values and values imputed for gas delivered for the account of others. The United States includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Form EIA-877, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Figure 3. Natural Gas Supply and Disposition in the United States, 1996 (Trillion Cubic Feet)

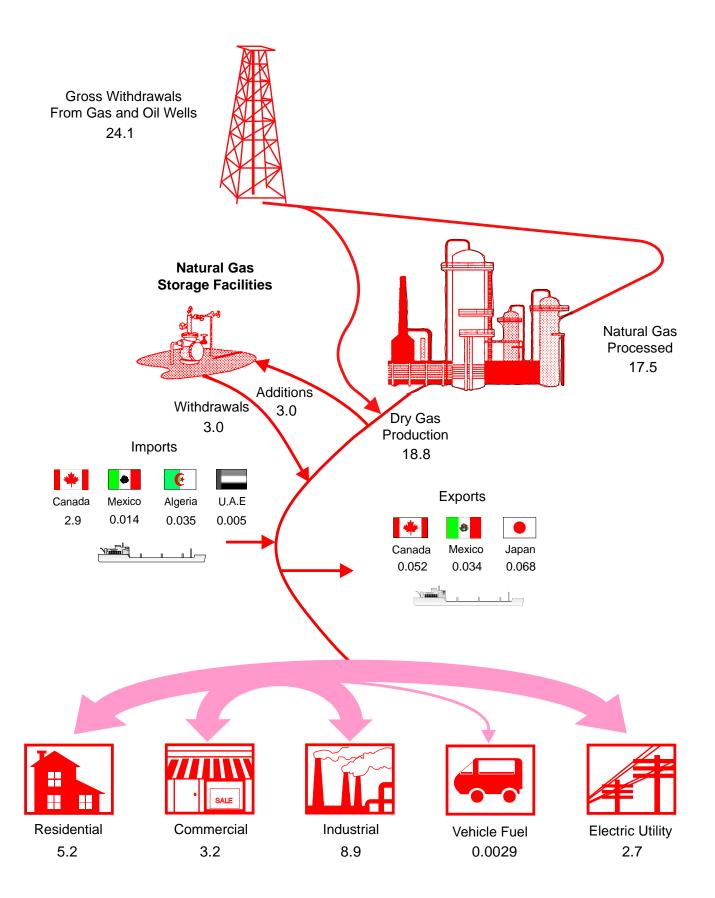


Table 2. Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Consumption by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	Marketed Production	Extraction Loss	Balancing Item ^a	Net Interstate Movements ^b	Net Move- ments Across U.S. Borders	Net Storage Changes ^c	Supplemental Gas Supplies	Consumption
Alabama	530,841	5,361	-35,808	-163,227	0	921	18	325,542
Alaska	480,828	38,453	73,996	0	-67,648	0	0	448,722
Arizona	463	0	-19,994	143,286	-3,405	0	0	120,350
Arkansas California	221,822 286,494	479 12,169	-24,500 -65,819	73,669 1,547,503	0	-150 -51,305	0	270,661 1,807,314
Calliornia	200,494	12,109	-05,619	1,547,503	U	-51,305	U	1,007,314
Colorado	572,071	23,362	-240,412	-6,713	0	1,004	6,787	307,367
Connecticut	0 0	0 0	-5,784 4.190	134,294 29.693	0	680 0	48 0	127,878 33.883
D.C Delaware	0	0	4, 190 11.055	29,693 42.980	0	11	1	54.026
Florida	6,006	1,649	-1,041	483,052	ő	0	Ó	486,367
Georgia	0	0	5,057	378,006	0	-189	94	383.346
Hawaii	ő	Ö	-88	0	ő	0	2,761	2,672
Idaho	0	Ō	-1,765	-773,368	842,114	-25	0	67,006
Illinois	298	64	21,534	1,108,583	0	14,820	3,912	1,119,443
Indiana	360	0	-53,249	624,743	0	1,567	3,194	573,480
lowa	0	0	-16,204	291,899	0	3,207	301	272,789
Kansas	712,796	47,996	-3,039	-310,913	0	-12,118	0	362,965
Kentucky	81,435	2,385	87,501	77,379	0	7,530	45	236,445
Louisiana Maine	5,240,747 0	139,841 0	95,441 -241	-3,549,945 5,907	7,042 0	-11,003 4	0 61	1,664,447 5,722
	405	•			2	4.400		
Maryland Massachusetts	135 0	0 0	-14,538 -60,001	210,215 378,718	0 33,232	4,166 -5,364	882 426	192,528 357,740
Michigan	245,740	6,399	-33,618	1,376,700	-557,653	31,671	21,848	1,014,947
Minnesota	0	0,000	-16,814	-551,116	937,806	2,158	709	368,426
Mississippi	103,263	340	372,489	-193,358	0	12,758	0	269,296
Missouri	25	0	7,022	286,485	0	48	785	294,270
Montana	50,996	576	-14,139	-563,027	576,420	-11,725	0	61,399
Nebraska	1,876	0	145,095	-12,764	0	1,617	315	132,906
Nevada New Hampshire	11 0	0 0	10,688 -2,638	112,550 21,548	0	72 0	0 147	123,178 19,057
пеж папірыпе	U	U	-2,030	21,346	U	U	147	19,057
New Jersey	0	0	17,919	580,023	0	1,814	6,778	602,907
New Mexico	1,554,087	108,341	-93,135	-1,136,212	0	-5,338	0	221,736
New York North Carolina	18,131 0	0 0	76,323 -13,425	396,182 226,797	652,578 0	13,958 218	1,259 0	1,130,516 213,155
North Dakota	49,674	4,937	-2,037	-55,646	6,110	0	55,867	49,030
	,	,	,	,	,		,	,
Ohio	119,251	85	-241,361	1,067,640	0	10,844	1,828	936,430
Oklahoma	1,734,887 1.439	100,379 0	-10,233 -11,418	-1,080,240 177.554	0	-22,961 -1.029	0 2	566,995 168.605
Oregon Pennsylvania	135,000	603	-192,298	845.998	0	60.400	266	727,963
Rhode Island	0	0	-24,660	106,591	ő	-753	42	82,725
South Carolina	0	0	12,094	137,366	0	65	178	149,572
South Dakota	1,329	0	-980	36,327	0	-143	87	36,905
Tennessee	1,690	0	-44,277	321,649	Ö	-1,175	73	280,311
Texas	6,449,022	398,442	365,508	-2,472,067	-16,573	-63,869	0	3,991,316
Utah	250,767	10,970	-121,524	29,144	0	-12,955	0	160,371
Vermont	0	0	-3,470	-7,937	18,736	.0	_ 5	7,333
Virginia	54,290	0	-22,638	206,750	0	17	716	239,100
Washington	179.094	7 003	-36,154	-82,608	355,260	-2,140 25,844	0	238,639
West Virginia	178,984 0	7,093 0	141,363 4.981	-122,393 397,714	0 0	35,844 -60	0 21	155,017 402,777
Wisconsin Wyoming	666,036	48,254	253,985	-775,410	0	-5,056	0	101,413
, ,								
Total	19,750,793	958,178	278,937	0	2,784,020	-1,965	109,455	21,966,991

^a Balancing Item volumes are equal to Total Disposition (net storage changes plus extraction loss plus consumption) minus Total Supply (marketed production plus net interstate movements plus net movements across U.S. borders plus supplemental gas supplies).

^b Positive numbers denote net receipts; negative numbers denote net deliveries.

^c Negative numbers indicate withdrawals from storage in excess of additions to storage and are, therefore, additions to total supply.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Supply

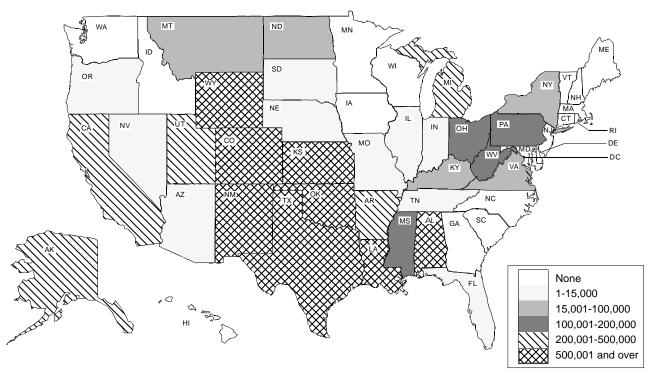
Production

Gross withdrawals of natural gas reached 24.1 trillion cubic feet in 1996, 0.3 trillion cubic feet more than in 1995. Total marketed production of natural gas also increased. The 1996 level was 19.8 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent higher than one year ago. Marketed production is derived by subtracting quantities used for repressuring, vented and flared, and the removal of nonhydrocarbons from total gross withdrawals of natural gas. Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico remained as the leading producers of natural gas. During the past three years, these four States have supplied approximately three-quarters of domestic production, and this trend continued in 1996 as they produced 15 trillion cubic feet, 76 percent of marketed natural gas production. Texas led with 6.4 trillion cubic feet, followed by Louisiana with 5.2, Oklahoma with 1.7 trillion cubic feet, and New Mexico with 1.6 trillion cubic feet. The twenty-nine remaining gas-producing States produced 4.8 trillion cubic feet

A number of supply sources contributed to the greater gas production in 1996. Production from the entire Gulf of Mexico increased 3.2 percent over 1995 volumes. The Gulf of Mexico increase of 323 billion cubic feet together with notable increases in Arkansas and Colorado more than offset declines in onshore Louisiana, New Mexico, and Oklahoma. The total rise in U.S. marketed production was 244 billion cubic feet.

The trend for increasing gas production from the offshore Gulf of Mexico is expected to continue during the next few years in light of the list of projects under development or in planning. The Mensa project in 5,400 feet of water began production in 1997. This project is quite significant because it has the deep water record for production. These technical

Figure 4. Marketed Production of Natural Gas in the United States, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)



Sources: Illinois, New York, and West Virginia: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports*, DOE/EIA-0216; and EIA computations. All other data: Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" and the United States Minerals Management Service.

accomplishments are impressive in themselves, and associated with each milestone is the expansion of future production opportunities as another technical barrier is overcome. The extension of recovery opportunities into deep water has established the deep offshore as an area of considerable national significance.

A second source of increased supply is gas from coalbed formations. Natural gas production from coalbed methane fields continued to grow in 1996 as projects initiated mainly in the early to mid 1990's matured through the dewatering phase into higher rates of gas production. Coalbed formations contribute almost 1 trillion cubic feet, roughly 5 percent, to total U.S. production. Continued production growth from coalbeds is not likely in light of the precipitous drop in new wells completed in coalbed formations since the termination of the production tax credit at the end of 1992. New well completions in coalbed formations averaged 244 in 1995 and 1996, compared with 1,325 from 1990 through 1992.

The strong industry performance in 1996 is expected to continue at least for the near term. In 1996, the number of producing gas wells and gas-condensate wells climbed to over 300,000 for the first time, reaching 301,811, a 1 percent increase over the 1995 level. The number of producing wells has increased each year since 1992. From 1995 to 1996, Alabama and Colorado showed substantial increases in the number of producing wells, 16 percent and 18 percent, respectively.

Wellhead Prices

Average wellhead prices climbed sharply during 1996, rising to \$2.17 per thousand cubic feet, 40 percent over the

1995 level of \$1.55 per thousand cubic feet. Production was stimulated at least in part by this increase. The 1996 well-head price was at its highest level since 1985 when it averaged \$2.51 per thousand cubic feet.

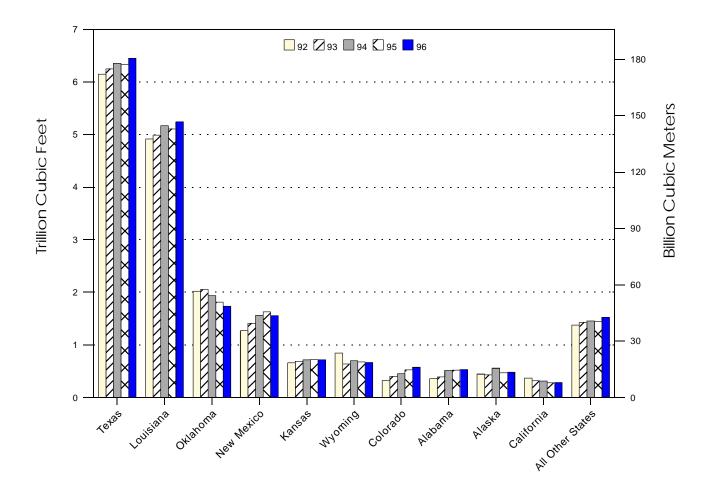
Drilling

Exploration and development activities incrementally added to existing reserves of natural gas. The number of rotary rigs running and the number of well completions are indicators that in the past have been good guides to the level of exploration and development activity, and thus to subsequent reserves additions. In 1996, these indicators increased. Rotary rigs drilling for gas rose from 385 to 464, exceeding the number of rigs drilling for oil for the third year in a row. Total rigs running rose from 723 to 779.

Well completions for gas exceeded those for oil for the fourth year in a row. Exploratory gas well completions were up in 1996 from 835 to 943, while gas development well completions rose from 6,534 to 8,412. Total gas well completions were up from 7,369 to 9,355.

Overall well completions rose from 18,655 to 22,740. Of these 3,945 were exploratory wells and 18,795 were development wells. This reverses the downward trend in total completions which began after a 1990 drilling surge, caused by the legislative incentives for coalbed methane and tight gas drilling. The reversal has been driven by higher world oil prices and the increased focus of independent operators on the Federal Outer Continental Slope.

Figure 5. Marketed Production of Natural Gas in Selected Sectors, 1992-1996



Sources: Illinois, New York, Tennessee, and West Virginia, 1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA) computations. All other data: Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 3. Gross Withdrawals and Marketed Production of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

1993 Total 1994 Total 1995 Total	From Gas Wells 16,164,874 16,691,139 17,351,060 17,282,032 17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508	5,967,376 6,034,504 6,229,645 6,461,596 6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996 6,309	Total 22,132,249 22,725,642 23,580,706 23,743,628 24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0 464 224,446 400,011	2,972,552 3,103,014 3,230,667 3,565,023 3,510,330 22,601 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0 0 2.354	carbon Gases Removed 280,370 413,971 412,178 388,392 518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	167,519 226,743 228,336 283,739 272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	18,711,808 18,981,915 19,709,525 19,506,474 19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
1993 Total 1994 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total Alabama Total Onshore State Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Alaska Total Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Colorado	16,691,139 17,351,060 17,282,032 17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	6,034,504 6,229,645 6,461,596 6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	22,725,642 23,580,706 23,743,628 24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	3,103,014 3,230,667 3,565,023 3,510,330 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	413,971 412,178 388,392 518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0	226,743 228,336 283,739 272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128	18,981,915 19,709,525 19,506,474 19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
1993 Total 1994 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total Alabama Total Onshore State Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Alaska Total Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Colorado	16,691,139 17,351,060 17,282,032 17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	6,034,504 6,229,645 6,461,596 6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	22,725,642 23,580,706 23,743,628 24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	3,103,014 3,230,667 3,565,023 3,510,330 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	413,971 412,178 388,392 518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0	226,743 228,336 283,739 272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128	18,981,915 19,709,525 19,506,474 19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
1994 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total 1996 Total 1996 Total Alabama Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	17,351,060 17,282,032 17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508	6,229,645 6,461,596 6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	23,580,706 23,743,628 24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	3,230,667 3,565,023 3,510,330 22,601 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	412,178 388,392 518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0	228,336 283,739 272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	19,709,525 19,506,474 19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922 0
1995 Total	17,282,032 17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	6,461,596 6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	23,743,628 24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	3,565,023 3,510,330 22,601 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	388,392 518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0	283,739 272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	19,506,474 19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
Alabama Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	17,680,777 570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	6,370,888 11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	24,051,665 582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0 464 224,446	3,510,330 22,601 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	518,425 27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0	272,117 1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	19,750,793 530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922 0
Alabama Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	570,907 209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	11,394 11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	582,301 221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	22,601 22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	27,006 16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0	1,853 1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128	530,841 180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
Onshore	209,839 209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	11,394 0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	221,233 209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	22,601 0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	16,762 10,244 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,593 260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128	180,277 198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922
State Offshore Federal Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	209,013 152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	0 0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	209,013 152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0	0 0 2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	10,244 0 0 0 0 0 0	260 0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	198,509 152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922 0
Federal Offshore Alaska Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Federal Offshore	152,055 183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	0 3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	152,055 3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0 464 224,446	2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 7,070 5,942 1,128 0	152,055 480,828 355,905 124,922 0
Alaska Total	183,747 64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	3,189,837 3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	3,373,584 3,247,533 126,051 0 464 224,446	2,885,686 2,885,686 0 0	0 0 0 0	7,070 5,942 1,128 0	480,828 355,905 124,922 0
Onshore	64,751 118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	3,182,782 7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	3,247,533 126,051 0 464 224,446	2,885,686 0 0	0 0 0	5,942 1,128 0	355,905 124,922 0
State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	126,051 0 464 224,446	0 0	0 0 0	1,128 0	124,922 0
State Offshore Federal Offshore Arizona Arkansas California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	118,996 0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	7,055 0 47 41,551 313,581 245,996	126,051 0 464 224,446	0 0	ō 0	1,128 0	124,922 0
Federal Offshore Arizona	0 417 182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	47 41,551 313,581 245,996	0 464 224,446	0 0	ō 0	0	0
Arkansas	182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	41,551 313,581 245,996	224,446			0	
Arkansas	182,895 86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	41,551 313,581 245,996	224,446				463
California Total Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore	86,431 80,923 0 5,508 488,292	313,581 245,996		/ . 1. 1 4	0	270	221.822
Onshore State Offshore Federal Offshore Colorado	80,923 0 5,508 488,292	245,996		111,317	932	1,268	286,494
State Offshore Federal Offshore	0 5,508 488,292				932 932		
Federal Offshore Colorado	5,508 488,292		326,919	93,079		1,268	231,640
Colorado	488,292		6,309	333	NA	NA	5,975
		61,276	66,784	17,905	NA	NA	48,879
		95,724	584,016	10,715	0	1,230	572,071
	0	6,706	6,706	0	700	0	6,006
Illinois ^E	289	9	298	Ö	0	Ö	298
Indiana	360	Õ	360	NĂ	NĂ	NĂ	360
Kansas	629,755	85,876	715,631	2,120	NA	716	712,796
1 6	,	,		,			
Kentucky	81,435	0	81,435	0	0	0	81,435
Louisiana Total	4,642,272	659,706	5,301,978	39,526	NA	21,705	5,240,747
Onshore	1,349,015	120,683	1,469,698	10,956	NA	21,705	1,437,037
State Offshore	173,114	19,414	192,527	1,435	NA	NA	191,092
Federal Offshore	3,120,143	519,609	3,639,752	27,134	NA	NA	3,612,618
Maryland	135	0	135	0	0	0	135
Michigan	201,123	50,281	251,404	2,340	NA	3,324	245,740
Mississippi	117,412	6,210	123,622	9,366	8,316	2,677	103,263
Missouri	25	0	25	0	0	0	25
Montana	45,154	6,514	51,668	76	NA	596	50,996
Nebraska	1,328	548	1,876	0	0	0	1,876
Nevada	0	11	11	ő	ŏ	Ö	11
New Mexico	1,418,116	246.559	1,664,676	10,131	^a 97,759	2,700	1,554,087
New York ^E	17.494	641	18.134	0,131	0	2,700	18.131
North Dakota	16,810	38,906	55,716	2,727	358	2,957	49,674
Nottii Dakota	10,010	30,300	33,710	2,121	330	2,931	43,074
Ohio	119,251	0	119,251	NA	NA	NA	119,251
Oklahoma	1,467,695	267,192	1,734,887	NA	NA	NA	1,734,887
Oregon	1,743	0	1,743	39	265	0	1,439
Pennsylvania	135,000	Õ	135,000	ŇÄ	NA	NĂ	135,000
South Dakota	905	8,061	8,965	0	0	7,636	1,329
Tennessee	0	1,690	1,690	NA	NA	NA	1,690
Texas Total	5,823,804	1,182,798	7,006,602	273,301	238,897	45,382	6,449,022
Onshore	4,545,592	1,080,856	5,626,448	273,301	238,897	45,382	5,068,868
State Offshore	62,624	716	63,340	273,301 NA	230,097 NA	45,362 NA	63,340
Federal Offshore	1,215,587	101,226	1,316,814	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,316,814
i Guerai Onstitue	1,210,001	,	, ,	INA	INA		, ,
Utah	233,594	47,614	281,208	3,165	NA	27,277	250,767
Virginia West Virginia ^E	54,290	0	54,290	0	0	0	54,290
West Virginia ^E		0	178,984	NA	NA	NA	
Wyoming	178,984	109,434	1,090,549	134,867		IN/A	178,984

a Nonhydrocarbon gases removed increased significantly in 1996 due to production increases in the Bravo Dome.

E = Estimated data.

NA = Not available.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, 1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and EIA computations. All other data: Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 4. Offshore Gross Withdrawals of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

Year	State				Total		
and State	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total	Offshore
992 Total	415,486	136,809	552,294	4,258,686	513,058	4,771,744	5,324,03
Alabama	112,311	0	112,311	79,294	0	79,294	191,60
Alaska	110,067	106,311	216,377	0	0	0	216,37
California	0	7,242	7,242	13,947	41,284	55,231	62,47
Louisiana	116,470	21,631	138,101	2,867,842	436,493	3,304,336	3,442,43
Texas	76,638	1,625	78,263	1,297,602	35,281	1,332,883	1,411,14
993 Total	470,487	136,948	607,435	4,215,015	550,850	4,765,865	5,373,30
Alabama	131,508	0	131,508	86,515	0	86,515	218,02
Alaska	127,834	105.363	233,198	0	0	0	233,19
California	0	6.484	6.484	10.618	41.532	52.150	58.63
Louisiana	133.261	23.750	157.011	2.883.761	467.340	3.351,101	3.508.11
Texas	77,883	1,350	79,234	1,234,121	41,978	1,276,099	1,355,33
994 Total	550.079	154,390	704,469	4,373,962	622.235	4,996,197	5.700.66
Alabama	228,878	0	228.878	117,308	3.194	120.502	349.38
Alaska	99,801	124.501	224,301	0	0	0	224.30
California	0	7.204	7,204	11.064	42.497	53.561	60.76
Louisiana	137,823	21,690	159,513	2.995.676	518,305	3,513,981	3,673,49
Texas	83,577	996	84,573	1,249,914	58,240	1,308,154	1,392,72
995 Total	460.659	28.917	489.576	4.288.219	653.870	4.942.089	5.431.66
Alabama	212,895	0	212.895	143,353	350	143,703	356.59
Alaska	105,867	7.684	113.552	0	0	0	113.55
California	0	5.904	5.904	7.874	46.916	54.790	60.69
Louisiana	79,515	14.528	94.044	2.937.666	522,437	3.460.103	3.554.14
Texas	62,381	801	63,181	1,199,326	84,167	1,283,493	1,346,67
996 Total	563,746	33,493	597,239	4,493,294	682,111	5,175,405	5,772,64
Alabama	209,013	0	209,013	152,055	0	152,055	361,06
Alaska	118,996	7.055	126.051	0	Ö	0	126.05
California	0	6.309	6.309	5.508	61.276	66.784	73.09
Louisiana	173.114	19.414	192.527	3.120.143	519.609	3.639.752	3.832.28
Texas	62,624	716	63,340	1,215,587	101,226	1,316,814	1,380,15

Notes: For individual State and U.S. production, see Table 3. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Appropriate State agencies responses to informal data requests and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 5. Number of Producing Gas and Gas Condensate Wells by State as of December 31, 1992-1996

State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Nabama	3,350	3,514	3.565	3,526	4.105
laska	112	113	104	100	102
vrizona	6	6	6	7	7
rkansas	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,988	4,020
California	1.126	1.092	1.261	997	978
,aiii0i1iia	1,120	1,092	1,201	991	310
olorado	5,912	6,372	7,056	7,017	8,251
linois	382	385	390	372	370
ndiana	1,333	1.336	1.348	1.347	1.367
ansas	18,400	19,472	19,365	22,020	21,388
Centucky	12,483	12,836	13,036	13,311	13,501
	, .00	. =,000	. 3,000	.5,011	10,001
ouisiana	13,512	15,569	12,958	14,169	15,295
laryland	9	7	7	7	8
1ichigan	3,257	5,500	6,000	5,258	5,826
Mississippi	507	620	583	535	568
lissouri	5	8	12	15	24
	0.000	0.075	0.040	0.040	0.000
nontana	2,890	3,075	2,940	2,918	2,990
ebraska	22	59	87	87	88
evada	0	0	0	0	5
lew Mexico	18,040	20,846	23,292	23,510	24,134
lew York	5,906	5,757	5,884	6,134	6,208
orth Dakota	104	101	104	99	108
Phio	34.784	34.782	34.731	34.520	34.380
Oklahoma	28,902	29,118	29,121	29,733	29,733
regon	20,902	18	19	29,733 17	29,733
ennsylvania	31,000	31,100	31,150	31,025	31,792
eririsyivariia	31,000	31,100	31,130	31,025	31,792
outh Dakota	38	47	55	56	61
exas	46,298	47,101	48,654	54,635	53,816
tah	1.006	1.061	1.303	1.127	1.339
irginia	1,153	1,426	1,470	1.671	1,671
/est Virginia	38,250	33.716	39.830	36.144	35.148
/yoming	3,111	3,615	3,942	4.196	4.510
,g	0,111	0,010	0,012	1,100	1,010
otal	275,414	282,152	291.773	298,541	301,811

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); the United States Minerals Management Services (MMS), and World Oil Magazine.

Table 6. Estimated Total Dry Natural Gas Proved Reserves by State, 1992-1996 (Billion Cubic Feet)

abama askakansaslifornia	5,802 9,638 1,750 2,778	5,140 9,907	4,830 9,733	4,868	5,033
askakansasalifornia	9,638 1,750	9,907			5,033
askakansasalifornia	9,638 1,750	9,907			
kansasalifornia	1,750		J.1 JJ	9,497	9,294
alifornia		1.552	1.607	1.563	1,470
		2,682	2,402	2,243	2,082
norado	6,198	6,722	6,753	7,256	7,710
	3,.33	5,. ==	0,1.00	.,200	.,
orida	47	50	98	92	96
ansas	9.681	9,348	9.156	8,571	7,694
entucky	1.084	1.003	969	1.044	983
uisiana	9.780	9,174	9,748	9,274	9,543
chigan	1,223	1,160	1,323	1,294	2,061
5ga	.,	.,	.,626	.,20 .	2,00
ssissippi	869	797	650	663	631
ontana	859	673	717	782	796
ew Mexico	18,998	18.619	17.228	17,491	16,485
ew York	329	264	242	197	232
orth Dakota	496	525	507	463	462
	.00	020		.55	
nio	1.161	1.104	1.094	1.054	1.113
klahoma	13,926	13,289	13,487	13,438	13.074
ennsylvania	1.528	1.717	1,800	1,482	1,696
exas	35.093	34.718	35.974	36.542	38.270
ah	1,830	2,040	1,789	1,580	1,633
GII	1,000	2,010	1,700	1,000	1,000
rginia	904	1.322	1.833	1.836	1.930
est Virginia	2,356	2,439	2,565	2,499	2,703
yoming	10,826	10,933	10.879	12,166	12.320
ederal Offshore	27.767	27.143	28.388	29.182	29.096
ther States ^a	92	94	65	69	67
	32	04	00	03	01
otal	165.015	162.415	163.837	165.146	166.474

 ^a Includes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.
 Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216.

Table 7. Wellhead Value and Marketed Production of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996

Year and State	Reported Wellhead Value		Average Wellhead	Marketed	Imputed Wellhead Value
	Volume ^a (million cubic feet)	Value (thousand dollars)	Price (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	Production (million cubic feet)	of Marketed Production ^b (thousand dollars)
1992 Total	15.852.090	_	1.74	18.711.808	32.570.827
1993 Total	15.341.514	_	2.04	18.981.915	38.810.612
1994 Total	15.513.667	_	1.85	19,709,525	36,535,940
995 Total	15.557.464	_	1.55	19.506.474	30.285.862
996 Total	14,822,258	_	2.17	19,750,793	42,818,138
Nabama	493.069	1.291.043	2.62	530.841	1,389,944
Alaska	193,278 405	310,495 668	1.61 1.65	480,828 463	772,435
Arizona Arkansas ^c	76.671	292.637	3.82	221.822	765 846.649
			3.82 1.82		
California	37,823	68,842	1.82	286,494	521,448
Colorado ^c	559,473	765,819	1.37	572,071	783,063
lorida	NA	NA	_	6,006	0
linois	NA	NA	_	298	0
ndiana	360	827	2.30	360	827
Kansas	712,796	1,366,444	1.92	712,796	1,366,444
Centucky	81,435	207,310	2.55	81,435	207,310
ouisiana	3,976,305	9,252,276	2.33	5,240,747	12,194,432
Maryland	NA	NA	_	135	0
lichigan	245,740	544,020	2.21	245,740	544,019
flississippi	88,805	147,725	1.66	103,263	171,775
/lissouri	25	39	1.56	25	39
/lontana	46,868	66,261	1.41	50,996	72,097
lebraska	1,332	1,901	1.43	1,876	2,678
levada ^d	0	0	_	11	0
lew Mexico	1,553,103	2,587,338	1.67	1,554,087	2,588,984
lew York	NA	NA	_	18,131	0
lorth Dakota	NA	NA	_	49,674	0
Ohio	119,251	313,631	2.63	119,251	313,631
Oklahoma	1,751,487	3,876,308	2.21	1,734,887	3,839,565
Pregon	1,439	3,254	2.26	1,439	3,254
Pennsylvania	NA	NA	_	135,000	0
South Dakota	NA 1 000	NA 1 222		1,329	0
ennessee	1,690	4,300	2.54	1,690	4,300
exas Jtah	4,684,140 168,944	10,726,706 234,047	2.29 1.39	6,449,022 250,767	14,768,324 347,402
/irginia	NA	NA	_	54,290	0
Vest Virginia	NA	NA	_	178,984	0
Vyoming	27,821	71.632	2.57	666,036	1,714,837

a Quantity of production associated with reported wellhead value. A number of States reported values associated with quantities other than marketed production.
b Average wellhead price times marketed production does not equal imputed value of marketed production due to independent rounding.
c Quantity and value data obtained from Energy Information Administration Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."
d All of Nevada's marketed production was consumed as lease fuel.
NA = Not available.
— = Not applicable.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: Illinois and Pennsylvania, 1996: EIA Computations. All other data: Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 8. Natural Gas Processed, Liquids Extracted, and Estimated Extraction Loss by State, 1996

	Natural	Total	Extraction Loss		
Plant Location	Gas Processed (million cubic feet)	Liquids Extracted (thousand barrels)	Volume (million cubic feet)	Estimated Heat Content (billion Btu)	
Alabama AlaskaArkansas California Colorado	2,987,364 219,477 240,566	4,009 33,346 383 9,798 16,735	5,361 38,453 479 12,169 23,362	16,890 148,444 1,589 41,037 62,801	
Florida	578 970,163	1,630 63 35,285 1,692 101,716	1,649 64 47,996 2,385 139,841	6,061 271 138,582 6,640 385,513	
Michigan	4,521 10,141 1,129,598	4,810 254 431 75,476 3,860	6,399 340 576 108,341 4,937	18,933 1,092 1,808 275,468 16,156	
Ohio	1,054,123 10,341	64 70,165 458 279,650 9,547	85 100,379 603 398,442 10,970	269 257,103 1,888 1,035,573 36,543	
West Virginia Wyoming		4,849 35,093	7,093 48,254	17,893 136,930	
Total	17,470,017	689,314	958,178	2,607,484	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Natural Gas Processed, Total Liquids Extracted, and Extraction Loss Volume: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production." Estimated Heat Content of Extraction Loss: Estimated, assuming the makeup to total liquids production as reported on Form EIA-64A for each State was proportional to the components and products ultimately separated in the States as reported on the 12 monthly reports on Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," and applying the following conversion factors to the individual component and product production estimates (million Btu extraction loss per barrel of liquid produced): ethane, 3.082; propane, 3.836; normal butane, 4.326; isobutane, 3.974; pentanes plus, 4.620.

Transmission

A complex network of interconnected pipelines provides for the transmission and ultimate delivery of natural gas to customers in each of the lower 48 States. Flows of natural gas are primarily from the producing areas in Texas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and offshore areas of the Gulf of Mexico toward the northeast and midwest. Imports, primarily from Canada, continue to make a significant contribution to the total gas consumption in the United States.

Expansion of the interstate pipeline system in 1996 added to existing capacity and increased deliverability to market centers. Further expansions projected through the turn of the century will add capacity for importing Canadian gas and improve access to deep-water production areas in the Gulf. Increased storage capacity, particularly facilities with high deliverability, and interconnections with the interstate pipeline system provide greater system flexibility for more efficient delivery of natural gas to the marketplace.

The volume of gas flowing from producing areas in New Mexico westward toward markets in California generally declined. The lower annual transmission volumes reflect decreased consumption of natural gas in the generation of electricity in California. California, which is second in the Nation for use of natural gas for generation of electricity in the United States reported a 20 percent decrease in consumption in that sector.

Flows from producing areas in Texas and Louisiana through Mississippi, Tennessee, and Kentucky to consumers in the Great Lakes area increased. These increased flows were required to meet increased demand, particularly for residential consumers in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio.

From the Great Lakes area eastward to consumers in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and Massachusetts, interstate flows were generally lower than in 1995. These

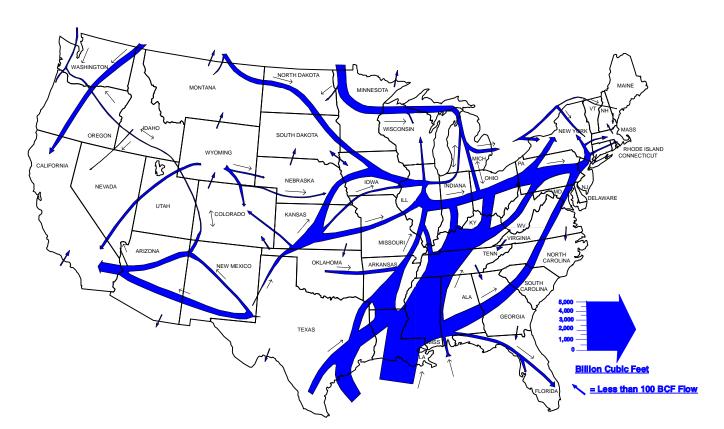


Figure 6. Principal Interstate Natural Gas Flow Summary, 1996

decreases were related to decreases in electric utility consumption in each State and by decreased industrial consumption in each of the States except New York. However, all of the States reported significantly increased residential and commercial consumption. In general, increased interstate movements up the eastern seaboard States helped to meet the overall increased total demand in the middle Atlantic and New England areas.

Imports and Exports

In 1996, net imports of natural gas rose for the 10th consecutive year, representing almost 13 percent of U.S. gas consumption. Exports remained at nearly the same level as one year ago. Canada continued its role as the major supplier of gas imported into the United States. However, the growth rate of U.S. imports of Canadian gas slowed as pipeline capacity utilization remained near its maximum level and capacity expansion grew only minimally. Mexico continued to become increasingly integrated into the North American natural gas market as cooperative projects among the North American nations proceeded. Spot purchases of liquefied natural gas (LNG) from the United Arab Emirates indicated that LNG transactions are becoming more flexible and responsive to changes in the world marketplace.

Trade With Canada

Pipeline imports from Canada continued to climb to a new record level of 2,883 billion cubic feet. However, the growth rate slowed to 2.4 percent in contrast to an average annual growth rate of 12 percent during the previous 9 years. The capacity of the pipelines that bring the gas across the border constrained the growth rate. Although a substantial increase in Canadian export capacity has taken place during the past 5 years, thus enabling the high growth rates experienced, current capacity is almost completely utilized.

The average price of natural gas imports from Canada rebounded to \$1.96 per thousand cubic feet, a 32 percent increase over last year's 20-year record low of \$1.48 per thousand cubic feet. This is the second-highest average price since 1986 after the \$2.02 average price of 1993. The substantial increase in Canadian import prices follows the trend in the U.S. wellhead prices, which rose 40 percent from 1995 to 1996. (The 1995 and 1996 wellhead prices per thousand cubic feet were \$1.55 and \$2.17, respectively.)

Natural gas exports to Canada climbed sharply to 52 billion cubic feet, an 88-percent increase over 1995 levels, but represented a return to 1994 levels. The average price of these exports was \$2.67 per thousand cubic feet, a 36-percent increase over the 1995 price. Despite the low prices for U.S. gas exports in 1995, Canadian gas was still more competitively priced. By 1996, the price of U.S. gas exports was closer to the Canadian price, which may have contributed to the increase in exports from the United States into Canada. Exports to Canada represented 34 percent of total U.S. natural gas exports during 1996.

Trade With Mexico

Exports of natural gas to Mexico fell sharply in 1996 to 33.8 billion cubic feet, the lowest level since 1990 and 45 percent less than the 1995 level. The price of exports to Mexico rebounded to \$2.11 per thousand cubic feet, up 41 percent from 1995 and the highest price since 1989. The United States imported 13.9 billion cubic feet of natural gas from Mexico in 1996, more than double the amount imported during 1995. From 1984 through November 1993, the United States did not import gas from Mexico. Trade resumed in December 1993, and in each year since that time imports from Mexico have represented less than 1 percent of total U.S. natural gas imports. The evolving bilateral trade between the United States and Mexico is expected to continue. Crossborder trade reflects the circumstances of gas demand in various locations and the proximity of available infrastructure or gas supplies on either side of the border.

Liquefied Natural Gas

During 1996, the United States imported liquefied natural gas (LNG) from Algeria and the United Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi) into Massachusetts and Louisiana and exported LNG from Alaska to Japan. LNG imports represented 1 percent of total imports, while LNG exports were 44 percent of total exports. Liquefaction makes overseas transportation possible. A 600-to-1 volume reduction is achieved by lowering the temperature of natural gas to approximately minus 260 degrees Fahrenheit.

LNG imports from Algeria rose to 35.3 billion cubic feet in 1996, nearly double the 1995 level. This dramatic increase was primarily the result of the end of curtailments, which began in August 1994. Sonatrach, the state-owned oil and gas company in Algeria, curtailed exports because of a major renovation project on that nation's liquefaction

plants. Those renovations have progressed so that the original capacities of its liquefaction plants have been restored. LNG shipments from Algeria into the United States may also rise as a result of the beginning of operations (in November 1996) on the Gazoduc Maghreb-Europe pipeline. This pipeline provides an alternative way to deliver natural gas to Spain, which has been Algeria's second-largest (France is the largest) LNG customer. The result of using this pipeline for shipments to Spain would be that more LNG export capacity from Algeria will become available.

For the first time since 1986 when LNG was imported from Indonesia, and for only the second time since LNG imports commenced, spot purchases of LNG were received from sources other than Algeria. LNG was imported into Everett, Massachusetts from the United Arab Emirates in September and December of 1996; these shipments totaled just under 5 billion cubic feet. These spot purchases indicate that LNG transactions are becoming more flexible and responsive to changes in the world marketplace. (The Special Focus article, "Worldwide Natural Gas Supply and Demand and the Outlook for Global LNG Trade," which appears in the July 1997 issue of the *Natural Gas Monthly*, discusses the potential of LNG trading across the world.)

Another factor influencing the increase in LNG imports was the significant rise in the prices of U.S. natural gas supplies. This enabled the historically higher-priced LNG to compete more successfully in the northeastern markets. The price of LNG imports from Algeria rose 17 percent to \$2.70 per thousand cubic feet. The price for the shipments from the United Arab Emirates averaged \$3.46 per thousand cubic feet, bringing the average LNG import price to \$2.80 per thousand cubic feet.

LNG exports from Alaska to Japan rose 4 percent from 1995 to 1996 to a record 67.6 billion cubic feet. The price for these exports increased 7 percent from the previous year to \$3.65 per thousand cubic feet. Total LNG exports to Japan are nearing the maximum level of volumes authorized by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy.

At present, there are two LNG import facilities in the United States that are not receiving LNG shipments. The Cove Point LNG facility in southern Maryland continues to be used to liquefy and store gas for later regasification during peak demand periods. For the present, the facility uses domestic gas, but in the long term it expects to be a receiving terminal for LNG tankers. The Elba Island LNG facility in Georgia is not scheduled for operation through 2000.

Storage

The ability of the natural gas industry to store natural gas ensures supply reliability during periods of high demand. It also enables greater system efficiency by allowing for more level production and transmission flows. Historically, the industry built up the storage supplies during periods of lower consumer demand, and withdrew from the storage inventory during periods of high demand. That pattern of injections into and withdrawals from storage continues, but the concept of what constitutes sufficient storage levels has changed. The change has resulted in lower storage levels which in turn reflect changes in the natural gas industry. These changes include the way natural gas storage is managed, technological changes in storage facilities, and the development of a more integrated transportation network.

A significant change in storage facilities has been the development of high deliverability storage, particularly salt cavern facilities. Salt cavern storage facilities usually have considerably less capacity than traditional storage sites in depleted gas and oil fields, but they can be recycled quickly and can convert from injections to withdrawals in only a few hours. This provides greater flexibility in meeting today's market demands. Flexibility has also been enhanced by the increase in the number of interconnections among pipelines within the natural gas transportation network. This has expanded the industry's ability to deliver gas. These changes in storage and transportation have succeeded in meeting high demand in the winter months without the high inventory levels of the past.

Annual 1996 totals reported by underground storage operators were 2,906 billion cubic feet of injections and 2,911 billion cubic feet of withdrawals. LNG storage operators reported additions of 73 billion cubic feet and withdrawals of 69 billion cubic feet for the year. Overall, the year-end net change in storage was 2 billion cubic feet of withdrawals. The net change in storage has fluctuated in recent years ranging from a net withdrawal of 415 billion cubic feet in 1995 to a net injection of 286 billion cubic feet in 1994.

During 1996, two additional underground storage facilities were put into operation in Oklahoma. New York, Louisiana, and Texas each added one new storage facility. Utah and Arkansas each reported discontinuation of operations in one underground storage field.

The 1995-96 heating season ended with a historically low 755 billion cubic feet of working gas in storage, 43 percent less than the ending inventory of the previous heating season. At the end of October 1996, the starting inventory for the 1996-97 heating season was only 2,800 billion cubic feet, a 7 percent drop from the previous year. However, due to a warmer than normal heating season, working gas levels at the end of March 1997 are estimated to be 985 billion cubic feet, 23 percent higher than the previous year.

Pipeline Expansions

During 1996, the United States completed 26 pipeline expansion projects. These expansion projects either added capacity directly to the interstate network, improved local intrastate service, or expanded access to producing fields or natural gas market centers. Interregional transmission saw capacity increase by 687 million cubic feet per day. While the total number of completed projects was 26 during 1996, slightly more than in 1995, the total amount of pipeline capacity added, 2,548 million cubic feet per day, was well below the previous year's 3,450 million cubic feet per day, reflecting the smaller size of the 1996 projects.

Some of the highlights of 1996 for U.S. pipeline expansions were:

- Completion of the lower section of the TransColorado pipeline system. The southern 25-mile section of this proposed 266-mile pipeline system is now capable of moving 120 million cubic feet per day from the Ignacio area of the southern Colorado San Juan Basin to the Blanco hub in northern New Mexico. The northern section of this system is expected to be completed in late 1998.
- Completion of Transwestern Pipeline Company's San Juan Basin expansion. The finish of this project has expanded capacity on the New Mexico side of the basin, thus relieving a bottleneck that has hindered the flow of production out of the area for several years. It has also improved producer access to customers located in the eastern and midwestern markets of the United States. During 1996, Transwestern also acquired the pipeline assets of Northwest Pipeline Company located between the Ignacio area of the San Juan Basin and the Blanco hub (which is operated by Transwestern). A consequence of this acquisition has been a greater integration of gathering and processing capabilities in the area and the elimination of some flow bottlenecks and production constraints.
- Completion of the MidCon/TransTexas Pipeline from the North Bob West production field in south Texas to interconnections with the interstate system and market centers in the Katy area of east Texas. The completion of this intrastate pipeline project (275 million cubic feet per day) links the largest new production area ever developed in south Texas and provides local producers access to the interstate marketplace for the disposition of their production. Production from, and linkages with, the Bob West field also figure predominantly in the proposed development of several export pipelines to Mexico over the next several years.

- Completion of two projects in the Midwest Region to add export capacity to Canada. These projects were: ANR Pipeline Company's "LINK" project (150 million cubic feet per day) and Great Lakes Gas Transmission Company's St. Clair Import Point Looping (50 million cubic feet per day). The LINK project supplies gas to a local Canadian distribution company, Niagara Gas Transmission Ltd. Of Ontario, while the St. Clair project provides increased supply security and backup at the existing export point. Both projects improve the free flow of North American gas supplies and access to markets. A slight increase in capacity into the United States from Canada (20 million cubic feet per day) occurred with the completion of Viking Gas Transmission Company's Northern Looping project from Manitoba, Canada to Minnesota.
- Completion of several multi-year projects. Northern Natural Gas Company's Iowa-Illinois expansion (107 million cubic feet per day) was finished in the latter part of the year, adding 35 million cubic feet per day in its final phase. Transcontinental Gas Pipeline Company completed the final phase of its Southeastern project covering a mainline capacity increase of 55 million cubic feet per day along its system between Alabama and North Carolina. Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation finalized its Flex-X and ITP with the completion of two local projects in Pennsylvania and added capacity on its line between Ohio and New Jersey.

While the past several years have been a comparatively slow period for pipeline expansions, between now and the turn of the century a great deal of new pipeline capability is proposed for development throughout North America. Much of the proposed new pipeline construction can be grouped into several major focus areas. The most extensive development is focused on expanding the deliverability of Canadian gas to the U.S. Midwest and Northeast and to Canadian markets. Four new pipelines and several expansions are planned, which not only would improve access to natural gas supplies in western Canada but also to production from the developing Sable Island field in eastern Canada. The second largest focus is on improving access to the increasing deep-water production in the Gulf of Mexico. Next are those projects whose objectives are to increase the flow of lower-cost supplies located in the Central United States to markets located primarily in the Midwest. Currently, the capability to do so is limited. The latter series of expansions will be competing, to some degree, with the projects slated to increase flows of western Canadian gas to the Midwest marketplace.

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

	State or Country	Volume			
State	From/To	Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a	
Mabama	Florida	33	469,021	-468,988	
	Georgia	0	1,502,968	-1,502,968	
	Kentucky	0	, <u>b</u> 1	-1	
	Louisiana	0	^b 2	-2	
	Mississippi	3,231,525	0	3,231,525	
	Missouri	0	^b 2 ^b 16	-2	
	South Carolina Tennessee	0 368	1,423,143	-16 -1,422,774	
	Total	3,231,927	3,395,153	-163.227	
llaska	Total	3,231,921	3,330,100	-103,221	
Naska	Japan	0	^c 67,648	-67,648	
	Total	0	67,648	-67,648	
Arizona	California	•	700 700	700 700	
	California	0	700,796 3.405	-700,796 -3,405	
	Mexico Nevada	0	3,405 39,836	-3,405 -39,836	
	New Mexico	883,918	39,836	883,918	
	Total	883,918	744.037	139,881	
Arkansas		333,310	,551	100,001	
	Louisiana	1,909,654	197,630	1,712,023	
	Mississippi	0	1,872,576	-1,872,576	
	Missouri	9,614	662,786	-653,172	
	Oklahoma	399,321	0	399,321	
	Texas	492,373	4,300	488,073	
	Total	2,810,961	2,737,292	73,669	
California	Arizona	700 706	0	700 706	
	Arizona Nevada	700,796 243,866	0	700,796 243,866	
	Oregon	602,841	ŏ	602,841	
	Total	1,547,503	0	1,547,503	
Colorado	Total	1,047,000	v	1,047,000	
Joiorado	Kansas	0	95,358	-95,358	
	Nebraska	180,063	1,123	178,940	
	New Mexico	0	312,064	-312,064	
	Oklahoma	25,819	73,458	-47,639	
	Utah	106,032 432.181	19,136	86,897	
	Wyoming	- , -	249,670	182,511	
	Total	744,096	750,810	-6,713	
Connecticu	ıt Massachusetts	2,458	0	2,458	
	New York	386,469	73,343	313,126	
	Rhode Island	0	181,290	-181,290	
	Total	388,927	254,633	134,294	
Delaware	Maryland	0	3,252	-3,252	
	Pennsylvania	46,232	0	46,232	
	Total	46,232	3,252	42,980	
District of 0		5.000	^	F 000	
	Maryland Virginia	5,600 24,093	0 0	5,600 24,093	
				29,693	

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Continued)

	State or Country	Volume		
State	From/To	Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a
lorida				
	Alabama	469,021	33	468,988
	Georgia	14,064	0	14,064
	Total	483,085	33	483,052
Seorgia	Alahama	1,502,968	0	1.502.968
	Alabama Florida	1,502,966	14,064	-14,064
	South Carolina	Ö	1,102,769	-1,102,769
	Tennessee	0	8,129	-8,129
	Total	1,502,968	1,124,962	378,006
daho				
	Canada	842,114	0	842,114
	Nevada	0	48,442	-48,442
	Oregon Utah	126,012 133	0 0	126,012 133
	Washington	99	823,898	-823,799
	Wyoming	0	27,271	-27,271
	Total	968,358	899,611	68,746
linois	la dia a	400.000	4 000 000	4.450.010
	Indiana	139,099	1,289,309 26,458	-1,150,210 907 398
	lowaKentucky	933,856 454,131	26,458 0	907,398 454,131
	Missouri	1,015,520	0	1,015,520
	Wisconsin	64,724	182,980	-118,256
	Total	2,607,330	1,498,747	1,108,583
ndiana				
14	Illinois	1,289,309	139,099	1,150,210
	Kentucky	988,335	0	988,335
	Michigan	0	435,460	-435,460
	Ohio	27,609	1,105,950	-1,078,341
	Total	2,305,253	1,680,509	624,743
owa				
	Illinois	26,458	933,856	-907,398
	Minnesota	564,359	271,648	292,711
	Missouri	245,148 661 704	0	245,148 661 704
	NebraskaSouth Dakota	661,704 301	0 569	661,704 -267
	Total	1,497,972	1,206,074	291,899
Cansas		0- 0-0	•	
	ColoradoMissouri	95,358	0 625,779	95,358 -625,770
	Nebraska	1,283	870,787	-625,779 -869,504
	Oklahoma	1,122,386	33,373	1,089,013
	Total	1,219,027	1,529,940	-310,913
Centucky			•	, -
STRUCKY	Alabama	^b 1	0	1
	Illinois	0	454,131	-454,131
	Indiana	0	988,335	-988,335
	Ohio	6,325	1,558,506	-1,552,181
	Tennessee West Virginia	3,949,767 0	877,741	3,949,766 -877,741
	Total	3,956,093	3,878,714	77,379
a!-!-		5,550,500	3,370,111	77,070
ouisiana.	Alabama	^b 2	0	2
	Algeria	7,042	Ö	7,042
	Arkansas	197,630	1,909,654	-1,712,023

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Continued)

	State or Country	Volume			
State	From/To	Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a	
	Mississippi	408	4,006,581	-4,006,173	
	Texas	2,174,961	6,712	2,168,249	
	Total	0.000.044	5 000 040	0.540.000	
	Total	2,380,044	5,922,946	-3,542,903	
/laine					
	Massachusetts	⁵ 19	0	19	
	New Hampshire	5,888	0	5,888	
	Total	5,907	0	5,907	
	Total	3,907	0	3,907	
/laryland					
-	Delaware	3,252	0	3,252	
	District of Columbia	0	5,600	-5,600	
	Pennsylvania	43,557	639,875	-596,318	
	Virginia	835,664	26,782	808,882	
	Total	882,473	672,257	210,215	
		. , -	, -	-,	
lassachus		20 202	0	20 202	
	Algeria	28,283	2.458	28,283 -2.458	
	Connecticut Maine	0 0	2, 4 58 b 19	-2,458 -19	
	New Hampshire	0	19,498	-19,498	
	New Jersey	ŏ	^{19,490} 192	-192	
	New York	326,187	0	326.187	
	Rhode Island	136,456	61,757	74,699	
	United Arab Emirates	°4,949	0	4,949	
	Total	495,875	83,924	411,950	
/lichigan					
morngan	Canada	29,043	586,696	-557,653	
	Indiana	435,460	0	435,460	
	Ohio	350,747	0	350,747	
	Wisconsin	730,422	139,929	590,493	
	Total	1,545,671	726,625	819,047	
/linnesota					
	Canada	937,806	0	937,806	
	lowa	271,648	564,359	-292,711	
	North Dakota	0	8,157	-8,157	
	South Dakota	619,703	0	619,703	
	Wisconsin	1,376	871,327	-869,951	
	Total	1,830,533	1,443,843	386,690	
/lississippi					
	Alabama	0	3,231,525	-3,231,525	
	Arkansas	1,872,576	0	1,872,576	
	Louisiana	4,006,581	408	4,006,173	
	Tennessee	1,016	2,841,597	-2,840,582	
	Total	5,880,172	6,073,530	-193,358	
		0,000,112	3,370,000	100,000	
lissouri	Alabama	b ₂	0	2	
	Arkansas	662,786	9,614	653,172	
	Illinois	002,700	1,015,520	-1,015,520	
	lowa	ŏ	245,148	-245,148	
	Kansas	625,779	0	625,779	
	Nebraska	248,550	0	248,550	
	Oklahoma	19,674	24	19,649	
	Total	1,556,791	1,270,306	286,485	
Iontana					
ioniana	Canada	576.511	91	576,420	
	North Dakota	10,289	589,887	-579,598	
	South Dakota	0	266	-266	

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Continued)

	State or Country	Volume			
State	From/To	Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a	
	Wyoming	17,159	322	16,837	
	, ,		500 566		
	Total	603,959	590,566	13,393	
Nebraska					
	Colorado	1,123	180,063	-178,940	
	lowa	0	661,704	-661,704	
	Kansas	870,787	1,283	869,504	
	Missouri	0	248,550	-248,550	
	South Dakota	0 219,242	12,316 0	-12,316 219,242	
	wyoning	210,242	0	213,242	
	Total	1,091,152	1,103,916	-12,764	
evada	A	20.000	2	20.020	
	Arizona	39,836	0	39,836	
	California	0 48,442	243,866 0	-243,866	
	Idaho	46,442 268,138	0	48,442 268,138	
	Utah	200,130	U	200,138	
	Total	356,416	243,866	112,550	
lew Ham	oshire				
	Maine	0	5,888	-5,888	
	Massachusetts	19,498	0	19,498	
	Vermont	7,937	0	7,937	
	Total	27,435	5,888	21,548	
		,	-,	_ :,3 :0	
lew Jerse	ey Massachusetts	^b 192	0	192	
	New York	0	637,254	-637,254	
	Pennsylvania	1,217,085	0	1,217,085	
	Total	1,217,278	637,254	580,023	
lew Mexi	20				
iew iviexi	Arizona	0	883,918	-883,918	
	Colorado	312,064	0	312,064	
	Texas	4,089	568,446	-564,358	
	Total	316,153	1,452,364	-1,136,212	
	Total	310,133	1,432,304	-1,130,212	
lew York	Conada	652 579	0	650 E70	
	Canada Connecticut	652,578 73,343	386,469	652,578 -313,126	
	Massachusetts	75,545	326,187	-326.187	
	New Jersey	637,254	0	637,254	
	Pennsylvania	484,157	85,916	398,241	
	Total	1,847,332	798,572	1,048,760	
lorth Card	nlina	•	•		
voini Call	South Carolina	965,420	0	965,420	
	Virginia	5,446	744,068	-738,622	
	Total	970,866	744,068	226,797	
lorth Dak	ota				
	Canada	6,110	0	6,110	
	Minnesota	8,157	0	8,157	
	Montana	589,887	10,289	579,598	
	South Dakota	0	643,401	-643,401	
	Total	604,154	653,690	-49,536	
Ohio					
	Indiana	1,105,950	27,609	1,078,341	
	Kentucky	1,558,506	6,325	1,552,181	
	NAC - In Communication	0	350.747	-350,747	
	Michigan Pennsylvania	2,657	658,963	-656,306	

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Continued)

State	State or Country	Volume			
	From/To	Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a	
	West Virginia	330,287	886,116	-555,829	
	Total	2,997,400	1,929,760	1,067,640	
Oklahoma					
Ortionic	Arkansas	0	399,321	-399,321	
	Colorado	73,458	25,819	47,639	
	Kansas Missouri	33,373 24	1,122,386 19,674	-1,089,013 -19,649	
	Texas	741,733	361,630	380,104	
	Total	848,589	1,928,829	-1,080,240	
_	1000	0 10,000	1,020,020	1,000,210	
Oregon	California	0	602,841	-602,841	
	Idaho	0	126,012	-126,012	
	Washington	906,506	99	906,407	
	Total	906,506	728,952	177,554	
Pennsylva	ania				
. Jililayive	Delaware	0	46,232	-46,232	
	Maryland	639,875	43,557	596,318	
	New York	0 95.016	1,217,085	-1,217,085 -398,241	
	Ohio	85,916 658,963	484,157 2,657	656,306	
	West Virginia	1,265,511	10,579	1,254,932	
	Total	2.650.265	1,804,267	845,998	
DII - I - I		2,000,200	1,001,201	010,000	
Rhode Isl	and Connecticut	181,290	0	181,290	
	Massachusetts	61,757	136,456	-74,699	
	Total	243,047	136,456	106,591	
South Ca	rolina				
	Alabama	^b 16	0	16	
	Georgia North Carolina	1,102,769 0	0 965,420	1,102,769 -965,420	
	Notur Carolina	U	905,420	-905,420	
	Total	1,102,786	965,420	137,366	
South Dal	kota				
	lowa	569	301	267	
	MinnesotaMontana	0 266	619,703 0	-619,703 266	
	Nebraska	12.316	0	12.316	
	North Dakota	643,401	Ö	643,401	
	Wyoming	0	220	-220	
	Total	656,552	620,225	36,327	
Tennesse	ee				
. 511110330	Alabama	1,423,143	368	1,422,774	
	Georgia	8,129	0	8,129	
	Kentucky	2 844 507	3,949,767	-3,949,766	
	Mississippi Virginia	2,841,597 0	1,016 70	2,840,582 -70	
	Total	4,272,871	3,951,222	321,649	
Texas	Arkansas	4 300	492,373	-488,073	
	Louisiana	4,300 6,712	2,174,961	-2,168,249	
	Mexico	13,862	30,435	-16,573	
	New Mexico	568,446	4,089	564,358	
	Oklahoma	361,630	741,733	-380,104	
	Total	954,950	3,443,591	-2,488,640	
		331,000	3, . 10,001	2, 100,040	

Table 9. Interstate Movements and Movements Across U.S. Borders of Natural Gas by State, 1996 (Continued)

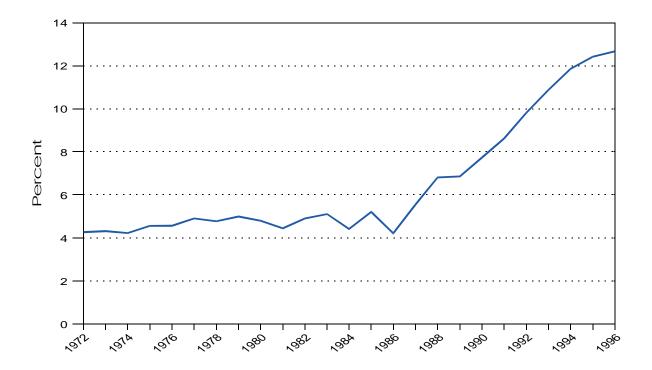
	State or Country From/To	Volume			
State		Receipts/ Imports From	Deliveries/ Exports To	Net ^a	
Jtah	Colorado	19,136	106,032	-86.897	
	ldaho	0	133	-133	
	Nevada	0	268,138	-268,138	
	Wyoming	400,967	16,656	384,311	
	Total	420,103	390,959	29,144	
ermont/					
	Canada	18,736	0	18,736	
	New Hampshire	0	7,937	-7,937	
	Total	18,736	7,937	10,799	
/irginia					
-	District of Columbia	0	24,093	-24,093	
	Maryland	26,782	835,664	-808,882	
	North Carolina	744,068	5,446	738,622	
	Tennessee	70	0	70	
	West Virginia	303,428	2,397	301,031	
	Total	1,074,350	867,600	206,750	
Vashingt					
	Canada	356,711	1,451	355,260	
	Idaho	823,898	99	823,799	
	Oregon	99	906,506	-906,407	
	Total	1,180,708	908,055	272,652	
West Virg	inia				
	Kentucky	877,741	0	877,741	
	Ohio	886,116	330,287	555,829	
	Pennsylvania	10,579	1,265,511	-1,254,932	
	Virginia	2,397	303,428	-301,031	
	Total	1,776,833	1,899,227	-122,393	
Visconsir	า				
	Illinois	182,980	64,724	118,256	
	Michigan	139,929	730,422	-590,493	
	Minnesota	871,327	1,376	869,951	
	Total	1,194,236	796,522	397,714	
Vyoming					
_	Colorado	249,670	432,181	-182,511	
	Idaho	27,271	0	27,271	
	Montana	322	17,159	-16,837	
	Nebraska	0	219,242	-219,242	
	South Dakota	220	0	220	
	Utah	16,656	400,967	-384,311	
	Total	294,140	1,069,550	-775,410	
otal Nat	ural Gas Movements	66,427,622	63,643,603	2,784,020	
Moveme	nts Across U.S. Borders	^d 3,473,745	e689,725	2,784,020	
	rstate Movements	62,953,877	62,953,877	0	
		n/ 42.3 A//	n/ 953 n//	()	

a Positive numbers denote net receipts; negative numbers denote net deliveries.
 b Natural gas transported by truck either as liquefied natural gas (LNG) or compressed natural gas (CNG).
 c LNG transported by ship.
 d Volumes include 2,937,413 million cubic feet of imports from Mexico, Algeria, United Arab Emirates, and Canada, and 536,333 million cubic feet of intransit receipts from

e Volumes include 2,937,413 million cubic feet of imports from wextee, Algeria, Officed Arab Emirates, and Canada, and 356,333 million cubic feet of exports to Japan, Mexico, and Canada, and 536,333 million cubic feet of intransit natural gas deliveries to Canada. Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

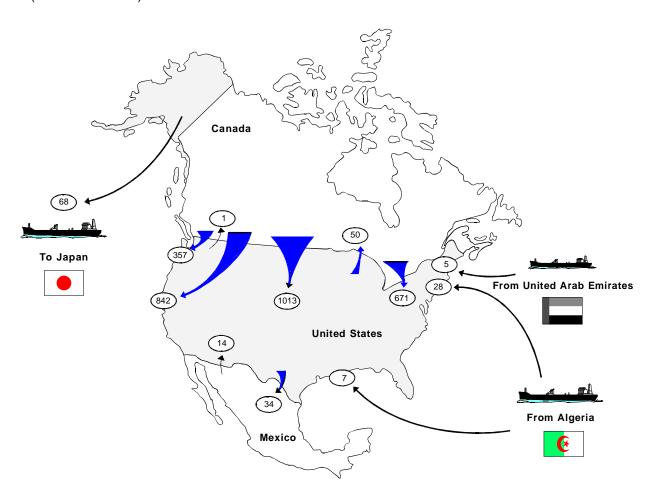
Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Figure 7. Net Imports as a Percentage of Total Consumption of Natural Gas, 1972-1996



Sources: 1972-1975: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Natural Gas Annual*. 1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production 1979*. 1980-1989: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas"; 1990: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-759, Form FPC-14, and Form EIA-627, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; 1991-1994: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-759, Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; 1995: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-627, "Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Imports and Exports; 1996: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," and Office of Fossil Energy.

Figure 8. Flow of Natural Gas Imports and Exports, 1996 (Billion Cubic Feet)



Source: Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports.

Table 10. Summary of U.S. Natural Gas Imports and Exports, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
mports					
Volume (million cubic feet) Pipeline					
Canada Mexico	2,094,387 0	2,266,751 1,678	2,566,049 7,013	2,816,408 6,722	2,883,277 13,862
Total Pipeline Imports LNG	2,094,387	2,268,429	2,573,061	2,823,130	2,897,138
Algeria	43,116	81,685	50,778	17,918	35,325
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	4,949
Total LNG Imports	43,116	81,685	50,778	17,918	40,274
Total Imports	2,137,504	2,350,115	2,623,839	2,841,048	2,937,413
Average Price (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Pipeline					
Canada	1.84	2.02	1.86	1.48	1.96
Mexico	_	1.94	1.99	1.53	2.25
Total Pipeline Imports LNG	1.84	2.02	1.86	1.48	1.96
Algeria	2.54	2.20	2.28	2.30	2.70
United Arab Emirates	_	_	_	_	3.46
Total LNG Imports	2.54	2.20	2.28	2.30	2.80
Total Imports	1.85	2.03	1.87	1.49	1.97
xports					
Volume (million cubic feet) Pipeline					
Canada	67,777	44,518	52,556	27,554	51,905
Mexico	95,973	39,676	46,500	61,283	33,840
Total Pipeline Exports LNG	163,750	84,195	99,057	88,836	85,745
Japan	52,532	55,989	62,682	65,283	67,648
Total Exports	216,282	140,183	161,738	154,119	153,393
Average Price (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Pipeline _.					
Canada	1.83	2.14	2.42	1.96	2.67
Mexico	1.90	2.02	1.68	1.50	2.11
Total Pipeline Exports LNG	1.88	2.08	2.08	1.64	2.45
Japan	3.43	3.34	3.18	3.41	3.65
Total Exports	2.25	2.59	2.50	2.39	2.97

^{— =} Not applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994), and Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996).

Table 11. Additions to and Withdrawals from Gas Storage by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

01-1-		Underground Storage			Net Change		
State	Injections	Withdrawals	Net	Additions	Withdrawals	Net	in Storage
Alabama	3,349	2,125	1,224	979	1,282	-303	921
Arkansas	7,152	7,216	-64	0	85	-85	-150
California	104,238	155,530	-51,292	37	50	-13	-51.305
				0	0	-13	1.004
Colorado	37,808	36,804	1,004		-		
Connecticut	0	0	0	2,265	1,585	680	680
Delaware	0	0	0	237	226	11	11
Georgia	0	0	0	6,523	6,712	-189	-189
Idaho	0	0	0	636	661	-25	-25
Illinois	241.129	226.020	15.109	971	1.259	-289	14.820
Indiana	27,263	25,462	1,801	4,337	4,571	-234	1,567
	,	,	,	,	,		,
lowa	61,060	59,831	1,229	5,262	3,284	1,978	3,207
Kansas	104,871	116,989	-12,118	0	0	0	-12,118
Kentucky	69,498	61,968	7,530	0	0	0	7,530
Louisiana	249,153	260,117	-10,964	7,016	7,056	-39	-11,003
Maine	0	0	0	26	22	4	4
Maryland	17.448	17.472	-24	4.881	691	4.190	4.166
Massachusetts	0	0	0	6.107	11,471	-5.364	-5.364
	503.138	•	31.671	-, -	0	-5,304 0	
Michigan		471,467	- /-	0	•		31,671
Minnesota	1,655	1,625	30	7,990	5,861	2,128	2,158
Mississippi	88,684	75,926	12,758	0	0	0	12,758
Missouri	6,570	6,522	48	0	0	0	48
Montana	19,871	31,595	-11,725	0	0	0	-11,725
Nebraska	8,423	6,933	1,489	915	788	127	1,617
Nevada	0	0	0	180	109	72	72
New Jersey	0	Ō	Ō	5,033	3,219	1,814	1,814
New Mexico	11.953	17.290	-5.338	0	0	0	-5.338
					•	•	
New York	76,475	63,108	13,367	1,853	1,262	591	13,958
North Carolina	0	0	0	2,708	2,490	218	218
Ohio	198,642	187,798	10,844	0	0	0	10,844
Oklahoma	117,067	140,028	-22,961	0	0	0	-22,961
Oregon	4,416	5,199	-783	693	939	-246	-1,029
Pennsylvania	376,290	316,757	59,533	5,590	4.722	867	60,400
Rhode Island	0.0,200	0	0	850	1.603	-753	-753
South Carolina	Ő	Ő	Ö	976	910	65	65
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	143	-143	-143
	-	•	-	-			
Tennessee	0	0	0	2,809	3,985	-1,175	-1,175
Texas	305,914	369,783	-63,869	0	0	0	-63,869
Utah	32,368	45,323	-12,955	0	0	0	-12,955
Virginia	0	0	0	1,631	1,614	17	17
Washington	20,124	22,192	-2,067	2,284	2,356	-72	-2,140
West Virginia	200.612	164,768	35,844	0	0	0	35,844
Wisconsin	200,012	0	33,044	269	329	-60	-60
	10,422	15,478	-5,056	269	329 0	-60 0	-5,056
Wyoming	10,422	13,470	-3,036	U	U	U	-5,036
Total	2,905,592	2,911,327	-5,735	73,057	69,287	3,770	-1,965

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

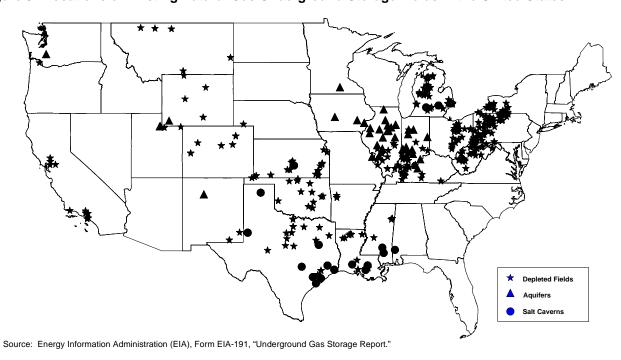
Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 12. Underground Natural Gas Storage Capacity by State, December 31, 1996 (Capacity in Billion Cubic Feet)

	Interstate Companies		Intras Comp		Indepe Comp		Total		
State	Number of Active Fields	Capacity	Percent of U.S. Capacity						
Alabama	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	3	0.04
Arkansas	0	0	3	32	0	0	3	32	0.40
California	Ö	Ö	10	470	Ö	Ö	10	470	5.89
Colorado	4	66	5	34	Ö	0	9	100	1.25
llinois	6	259	24	639	Ö	Ō	30	898	11.26
ndiana	6	16	22	97	0	0	28	113	1.42
owa	4	270	0	0	0	0	4	270	3.39
Kansas	16	279	2	6	0	0	18	285	3.57
Kentucky	6	167	18	49	0	0	24	216	2.7
_ouisiana	8	530	4	25	0	0	12	555	6.9
Maryland	1	62	0	0	0	0	1	62	0.78
Michigan	30	781	18	271	0	0	48	1,052	13.19
Minnesota	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	7	0.09
Mississippi	3	121	4	13	0	0	7	134	1.68
Missouri	0	0	1	31	0	0	1	31	0.39
Montana	1	287	4	88	0	0	5	375	4.70
Nebraska	1	39	0	0	0	0	1	39	0.50
New Mexico	1	69	2	28	0	0	3	97	1.2
New York	20	164	2	10	Ö	Ö	22	174	2.18
Ohio	15	374	8	184	0	0	23	557	6.99
Oklahoma	6	213	4	58	4	124	14	395	4.95
Oregon	0	0	2	12	0	0	2	12	0.15
Pennsylvania	34	616	18	42	7	22	59	680	8.5
Texas	10	240	22	430	1	3	33	673	8.43
Jtah	3	122	0	0	0	0	3	122	1.53
Washington	1	37	0	0	0	0	1	37	0.47
Nest Virginia	26	442	0	0	10	42	36	485	6.0
Nyoming	3	76	4	30	0	0	7	106	1.33
Гotal	205	5,231	179	2,557	22	192	406	7,980	100.00

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

Figure 9. Locations of Existing Natural Gas Underground Storage Fields in the United States



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Table 13. Supplemental Gas Supplies by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	Synthetic Natural Gas	Propane- Air	Refinery Gas	Biomass Gas	Other	Total
labama	0	18	0	0	0	18
Colorado	Õ	344	Õ	Ö	^a 6,443	6,787
Connecticut	Ô	48	Ō	0	0	48
elaware	0	1	Õ	0	0	1
Georgia	Ö	94	Ö	Ö	Ö	94
lawaii	2.761	0	0	0	0	2.761
inois	2,. 0	488	3,423	Ö	Ö	3,912
diana	0	539	0, .20	0	^b 2,655	3,194
wa	0	301	Õ	ő	2,000	301
entucky	Ö	45	Ö	Ö	Ö	45
laine	0	61	0	0	0	61
laryland	Ō	882	Ŏ	Ö	Õ	882
assachusetts	Ō	426	Ö	Ö	0	426
ichigan	Ō	0	0	0	^c 21,848	21,848
innesota	Ö	709	Ö	Ō	0	709
lissouri	0	785	0	0	0	785
lebraska	0	315	0	0	0	315
ew Hampshire	0	147	0	0	0	147
ew Jersey	0	11	5,931	832	d ₅	6,778
ew York	Ö	218	0	1,042	0	1,259
orth Dakota	55,867	0	0	0	0	55,867
hio	0	738	0	1,090	0	1,828
regon	0	2	0	0	0	2
ennsylvania	0	266	0	0	0	266
hode Island	0	42	0	0	0	42
outh Carolina	0	178	0	0	0	178
outh Dakota	0	87	0	0	0	87
ennessee	0	73	0	0	0	73
ermont	0	5	0	0	0	5
rginia	0	716	0	0	0	716
isconsin	10	11	0	0	0	21
otal	58,637	7,548	9,354	2,964	30,951	109,455

a Air injection for Btu stabilization.

b Coke oven gas.
c Blast furnace gas.
d Manufactured gas.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Consumption

Continuing the upward trend that began in 1991, total natural gas consumption rose during 1996, reaching 22.0 trillion cubic feet. This level is 2 percent higher than in 1995 and among the highest annual levels ever recorded. Natural gas has accounted for 25 percent of total energy consumption in the United States since 1992, and this share was maintained in 1996.

Although electric utility consumption declined, deliveries to residential, commercial, and industrial consumers each set new records in 1996. In the residential and industrial sectors the prior record levels were attained in the early 1970's. In the face of rising prices and increased demand from the residential and commercial sectors, consumption by electric utilities declined 15 percent in 1996. Deliveries of gas to industrial consumers, which include deliveries to cogenerators, represented 44 percent of total deliveries to natural gas consumers.

Consumption in the residential and commercial sectors was driven primarily by weather-related demand. Weather differences between 1996 and the previous year were strong during the first four months, especially in March. According to heating degree day data, during 1996 the Nation was on average 14 percent colder than normal and Marh 1996 was 27 percent colder than March 1995. In fact, many parts of the country were from 30 to 60 percent colder in March 1996 than in the same month one year ago.

Residential and Commercial

Many States reported record low temperatures in early 1996 following the generally moderate weather recorded in 1995. In the residential and commercial sectors consumption is driven mostly by weather-related space-heating requirements. The cumulative effect of the much colder weather

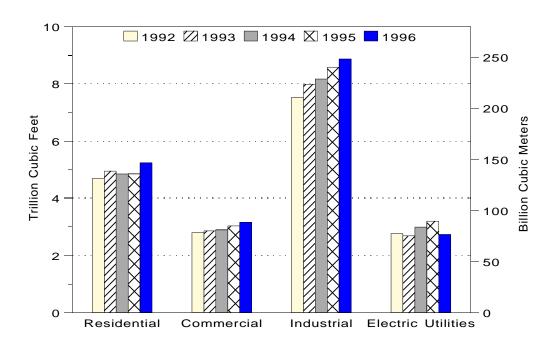


Figure 10. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers in the United States, 1992-1996

Note: In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

during the heating season months of early 1996 was that natural gas consumption rose in these two sectors. Residential consumption was 5.2 trillion cubic feet, 8 percent higher than 1995 and 2 percent greater than the previous record in 1972. Commercial consumption rose to 3.2 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent above the previous record level from one year ago.

Nearly one million new consumers entered the residential natural gas market in 1996 and the number of commercial consumers grew by more than 80,000. For each sector, the increase was 2 percent above the number of consumers in 1995. Average consumption per consumer during 1996 was 95,000 cubic feet in the residential sector, 7 percent more than in 1995, and 669,000 cubic feet per consumer in the commercial sector, 2 percent more than in 1995.

Industrial

In recent years, more than 40 percent of natural gas deliveries have been used by industrial consumers. Deliveries to this sector continued the steady upward trend which began in 1986. Usage grew by 3 percent from 1995 to 1996 to 8.9 trillion cubic feet, topping the previous historical high of 8.7 trillion cubic feet set more than 20 years ago in 1973. Industrial consumption includes deliveries to all nonutility power producers.

Because different manufacturing activities use different proportions of gas in their production processes, the relationship between manufacturing output and gas consumption varies widely across industries. Such differences are often caused by technology choices, variations in output levels, and differential rates of energy efficiency. Increases reported for deliveries to industrials in recent years may be attributed in large measure to natural gas consumption by nonutility generators. Much of the natural gas consumed by nonutility generators is used for cogeneration. During the cogeneration process, a single energy input, such as natural gas, is used to produce both electricity and useful thermal energy in the form of process heat. Industries that use large quantities of natural gas to produce process heat, such as chemical manufacturing, are especially conducive to cogeneration applications.

With the 1996 annual reporting cycle, the Energy Information Administration has changed the customer category used for reporting deliveries to consumers in the agricultural industry from commercial to industrial. Most natural gas consumed in agriculture is used to drive irrigation systems and to dry crops. Separate reports of the volumes affected

are not available so the direct impact of this change on the commercial and industrial volumes is not quantifiable, and therefore no historical adjustment of the data will be done. Thus, in comparing sectoral use over time, note that there is an inherent shift in natural gas volumes from the commercial to industrial sectors due simply to these changes in the reporting requirements. See Appendix A for more discussion of this change in data series.

Electric Utilities

Natural gas consumption by electric utilities decreased in 1996 by more than 460 billion cubic feet or 15 percent from the previous year. Nationally, electric utilities in the United States generated 3 percent more power than during 1995, and the role played by natural gas in that generation decreased to 8 percent from the previous years' share of 10 percent.

Electric utility consumption shown in this report is taken from the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," on which electric utilities report receipts of natural gas. The differences between receipts reported on this form and deliveries reported on the Form EIA-176 are shown in Appendix A, Table A1. More detailed information about natural gas consumption in the electricity sector may be found in the EIA publication, *Electric Power Annual, Volume 1*.

Electric Power Industry Restructuring

On April 24, 1996, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), issued Orders 888 and 889, the restructuring orders for the electric power industry. As it did in the gas industry, FERC will require transmission-owning utilities functionally to separate power sales from the provision of transportation services. These changes are likely to affect not only the demand for natural gas for power consumption but also the organization of the energy supply industries and conditions under which gas competes directly with electricity for end-use sales. In addition, the restructuring of the electricity industry is of potentially great significance to the industrial sector. Electricity's role as a competitor to natural gas may be strengthened. Moreover, competitive electricity markets could increase the uncertainty about the future of industrial gas-fired cogeneration.

Other Consuming Sectors

Lease fuel, plant fuel, and pipeline fuel are volumes of natural gas consumed in the production, processing, and transmission of natural gas. Lease fuel and pipeline fuel together represented 7 percent of total consumption during 1996, and plant fuel represented 2 percent. Nearly 32 percent of total lease fuel consumption was used in Alaska, primarily for repressuring. The level of gas repressuring or reinjection is very high in Alaska because there are limited facilities for delivering gas to consumers.

The volumes of natural gas consumed in the production, processing, and transmission of natural gas are directly related to production and consumption volumes. If production declines, lease and plant fuel consumption generally also decline. During 1996, dry production increased by 1 percent or 194 million cubic feet. Correspondingly, lease fuel consumption increased by 1 percent and plant fuel use increased by 5 percent.

Consumption of pipeline fuel, gas used in the operation of pipelines, increased by 2 percent or slightly more than 11,000 million cubic feet over the 1995 level. This was expected as a result of a 3 percent increase in the volume of interstate movements of natural gas.

While the amount of natural gas delivered for vehicle fuel use was very small compared to deliveries to other consuming sectors in 1996, it remains an area with very high growth potential. It was 2,932 million cubic feet, more than 10 percent greater than in 1995. Volumes of natural gas consumed as vehicle fuel may, in fact, be somewhat higher than shown. Some volumes are believed to be included in the volumes delivered to commercial consumers where refueling facilities exist and the consumption by fleet vehicles is not separately metered from space heating consumption.

Table 14. Consumption of Natural Gas by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

Year and State	Delivered to Consumers	Lease Fuel	Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel	Total Consumption
992 Total	17,785,833	710,250	460,571	587,710	19,544,364
993 Total	18,482,847	723,118	448,822	624,308	20,279,095
994 Total	18,898,635	699,842	423,878	685,362	20,707,717
995 Total	19,660,161	792,315	427,853	700,335	21,580,665
96 Total	20,005,508	800,004	450,033	711,446	21,966,991
abama	293,084	10,492	2,827	19,139	325,542
aska	150,877	255,500	40,334	2,012	448,722
izona	103,037	58	0	17,254	120,350
kansas	252,585	^a 5,124	451	12,501	270,661
alifornia	1,721,217	63,297	4,520	18,281	1,807,314
olorado	269,006	12,598	14,894	10,869	307,367
onnecticut	126,488	0	0	1,390	127,878
.C	33,644	0	0	239	33,883
elaware	54,020	0	0	5	54,026
orida	478,471	^a 2,049	125	5,723	486,367
eorgiaawaii	374,882 2.672	0	0	8,463 0	383,346 2.672
aho	2,672 61.058	0	0	5,948	67,006
inois	1,104,972	a ₇	75	5,946 14,388	1,119,443
diana	561,056	8	0	12,416	573,480
wa	260,140	0	0	12,649	272,789
ansas	275,508	^a 18,752	30,444	38,262	362,965
entucky	207,529	^a 1,744	682	26,490	236,445
ouisiana	1,382,966	144,486	69,235	67,761	1,664,447
aine	5,722	0	0	0	5,722
arylandassachusetts	189,901 355,609	3 0	0	2,624 2.131	192,528 357,740
lichigan	980,555	^a 5.478	3,011	25.903	1,014,947
linnesota	348.671	0,470	0,011	19.755	368.426
lississippi	216,524	3,202	382	49,188	269,296
issouri	286,814	^a 1	0	7,455	294,270
lontana	55,584	2,233	168	3,414	61,399
ebraska	128,297	43	3	4,563	132,906
evadaew Hampshire	122,449 19,031	11 0	0	718 26	123,178 19,057
·	,	•	•		,
ew Jersey	599,810	0 17 001	62.950	3,097	602,907
ew Mexico	113,059	17,901 ^a 939	63,850	26,926	221,736
ew Yorkorth Carolina	1,121,742 205,783	- 939 0	0	7,835 7,372	1,130,516 213,155
orth Dakota	32,670	7,320	4,283	4,757	49,030
hio	915,035	1,193	37	20,166	936,430
klahoma	460,373	^a 37,803	35,236	33,583	566,995
regon	160,626	40	0	7,939	168,605
ennsylvania	684,022	3,082	217	40,642	727,963
hode Island	82,041	0	0	685	82,725
outh Carolina	146,434	0	0	3,138	149,572
outh Dakotaennessee	33,594 256,053	424 ^a 37	0	2,887 24,221	36,905 280,311
erinessee	3,585,201	177,508	153,039	75,567	3,991,316
tah	129,651	18,570	8,549	3,601	160,371
ermont	7,325	0	0	8	7,333
irginia	230,140	^a 1,183	0	7,777	239,100
ashington	231,767	0	0	6,871	238,639
/est Virginia	115,622	^a 4,667	2,262	32,467	155,017
/isconsin	398,581	0	0	4,196	402,777
/yoming	73,609	4,252	15,409	8,144	101,413

a Lease fuel quantities were estimated by assuming that the proportions of on-system production used as lease fuel by respondents to the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," were the same as the proportions of gross withdrawals as reported on Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," used as lease by all operators. Form EIA-176 respondents reported on-system production totaling 36 percent of gross withdrawals in Alaska and 6.8 percent of gross withdrawals in the lower 48 states. The average ratios of volumes "Used in well, lease, and field operations" to "Company-owned natural gas produced on-system" computed from Form EIA-176 responses were .02387 for Alaska and .02283 for the lower 48 states. Those ratios were applied to gross withdrawals from all states, where lease fuel was applicable, that did not report lease fuel use on the Form EIA-895.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); estimates based upon Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 15. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by State, 1992-1996

Year	Resi	dential	Com	mercial	Indu	ıstrial
and State	Volume (million cubic feet)	Consumers	Volume (million cubic feet)	Consumers	Volume (million cubic feet)	Consumers
992 Total	4,690,065	52,331,397	2,802,751	4,409,699	7,526,898	209,616
993 Total	4,956,445	52,535,411	2,861,569	4,464,906	7,981,433	209,666
994 Total	4,847,702	53,392,557	2,895,013	4,533,905	8.167.033	202,940
995 Total	4.850.318	54,322,179	3,031,077	4,636,500	8,579,585	209,398
996 Total	5,241,414	55,263,673	3,158,244		8,870,422	209,396
990 TOTAL	5,241,414	55,265,675	3,130,244	4,720,227	0,070,422	200,049
labama	56,522	766.322	29,000	62,064	201.414	2,512
laska	16,179	81,348	27,315	12,732	75,616	202
rizona	27,709	689,597	28,987	49,693	26,979	534
kansas	46,289	539,952	31,006	67,293	141,300	1,488
alifornia	473,310	8,969,308	235,068	408,294	693,539	36,613
			68.914	101 001	92.640	
oloradoonnecticut	110,924 43,764	1,147,743 433,778	39,786	121,221 47,055	83,640 32,451	2,099 3,435
.C	17,290	135,215	16,347	10.952	32,431	0,433
	9,791	106,548	6,694	9,518	14,164	250
elaware						
orida	16,293	521,674	41,810	47,578	136,722	517
eorgia	127,062	1,538,458	61,377	123,200	181,768	3,310
lawaii	540	31,017	2,132	2,823	0	0
laho	14,941	187,756	11,506	25,271	34,577	183
linois	538,749	3,494,545	218,054	265,007	322,275	29,493
ndiana	179,939	1,489,647	87,456	139,097	289,219	6,586
wa	88,078	771,109	54,571	89,663	113,995	2,066
ansas	85,376	804,213	57,229	89.168	110,294	2,988
entucky	70,232	696,989	40,972	76,079	94,481	1,633
ouisiana	56,626	945.967	25.746	62.101	1,048,432	1,444
laine	967	14,982	2,566	6,414	2,190	87
laryland	85,533	871,012	45,842	69,991	50,022	430
Aassachusetts	114,365	1,188,317	96,187	105,889	100,015	10,952
	399,522	2,812,876	201,390	214,843	347,043	11,848
lichigan						
linnesotalississippi	142,319 30,157	1,103,709 418,442	98,537 22,225	105,531 46,029	102,471 80,887	2,564 1,241
	,	,		,	,	
lissouri	137,225	1,275,465	72,802	133,445	71,533	3,408
lontana	22,175	205,199	14,823	26,374	18,103	466
ebraska	48,989	439,931	40,833	61,117	36,125	2,234
evada	22,607	393,783	20,421	26,613	32,606	121
ew Hampshire	7,012	75,175	7,099	12,755	4,916	367
ew Jersey	222,619	2,147,622	150,432	224,749	200,933	10,139
ew Mexico	33,689	428,621	26,466	37,796	22,858	1,365
ew York	403,264	4,048,166	253,075	315,855	322,661	15,300
orth Carolina	58,812	699,159	40,467	93,504	104,124	3,973
orth Dakota	12,591	97,761	12,150	13,789	7,911	206
hio	374,824	2,994,891	189,966	259,663	347,149	8,672
klahoma	76,629	866,531	46,152	89,852	201,024	2,843
regon	33,236	433,638	25,597	57,613	87,754	799
ennsylvania	278.606	2,431,909	154,642	214,340	243,499	6,441
hode Island	18,839	204,259	12,298	21,664	25,829	363
outh Carolina	29,406	426,088	20,328	48,650	95,493	1,759
outh Dakota	29,406 14,085	426,088 127,269	20,328 11,598	48,650 16,880	95,493 7,182	1,759 444
ennessee	70,423	841,232	58,497	103,867	126,545	2,306
exas	229,318	3,501,853	178,549	329,287	2,138,155	8,796
tah	54,344	562,343	29,543	40,107	42,213	923
ermont rginia	2,523 76,214	24,383 789,985	2,825 59,262	3,790 77,284	1,953 84,357	27 2,822
ashington	62,689	673,357	48,139	73,708	114,236	3,587
est Virginia	37,390	358,049	28,025	33,837	49,997	182
isconsin	147,893	1,324,570	93,816	129,146	149,517	5,861
	13,534	1,324,570	93,816	17,036	50,253	170
/yoming						

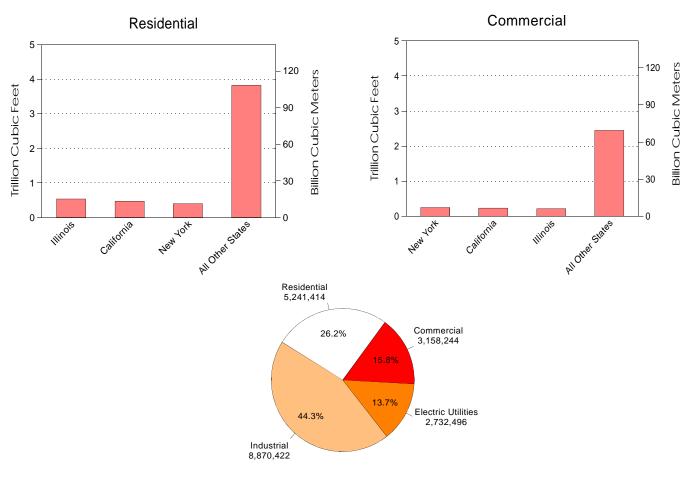
See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by State, 1992-1996 (Continued)

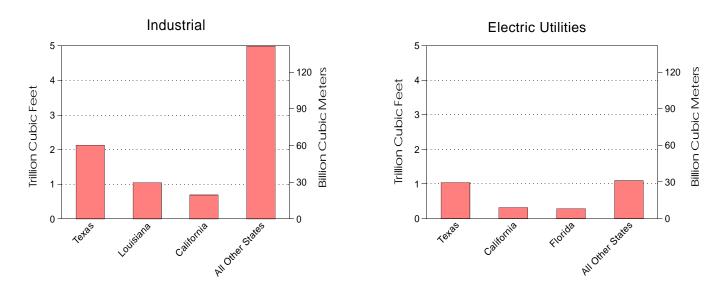
Year	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Delivered to Consumers	Heating Value
and State	Volume (million cubic feet)	Volume (million cubic feet)	Volume (million cubic feet)	(Btu per Cubic Foot)
1992 Total 1993 Total 1994 Total 1995 Total	270 960 1,741 2.674	2,765,608 2,682,440 2,987,146 3,196,507	17,785,833 18,482,847 18,898,635 19,660,161	1,030 1,027 1,028 1,027
1996 Total	2,932	2,732,496	20,005,508	1,027
Alabama	2	6,146	293,084	1,033
Alaska	0	31,767	150,877	990
Arkansas	115 3	19,248 33,988	103,037 252,585	1,011
Arkansas California	1,264	318,035	252,585 1,721,217	1,026 1,032
Colorado	17	5,511	269,006	1,024
Connecticut	32	10,456	126,488	1,028
D.C	6	0	33,644	1,009
Delaware Florida	1 88	23,370 283,557	54,020 478,471	1,035 1,050
Georgia	1	4,674	374,882	1,023
Hawaii	0	0	2,672	1,057
Idaho	34	0	61,058	1,030
IllinoisIndiana	32 112	25,863 4,330	1,104,972 561,056	1,019 1,011
lowa	4	3,491	260,140	1,006
Kansas	2	22,607	275,508	996
Kentucky	8	1,836	207,529	1,049
Louisiana Maine	23 0	252,139 0	1,382,966 5,722	1,044 1,016
Maryland	49	8,455	189,901	1,029
Massachusetts	5	45,037	355,609	1,027
Michigan	40	32,559	980,555	1,012
Minnesota Mississippi	43 5	5,301 83,251	348,671 216,524	1,018 1,030
Missouri	31	5,223	286,814	1,011
Montana	13	470	55,584	1,030
Nebraska	0	2,351	128,297	1,007
Nevada New Hampshire	48 0	46,766 3	122,449 19,031	1,036 1,019
New Jersey	0	25,825	599,810	1,036
New Mexico	77	29,969	113,059	1,029
New York North Carolina	54 0	142,688	1,121,742 205.783	1,026
North Dakota	15	2,381 3	32,670	1,036 1,051
Ohio	229	2,867	915,035	1,038
Oklahoma	133	136,436	460,373	1,024
Oregon	25	14,015	160,626	1,040
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	35 3	7,239 25,071	684,022 82,041	1,034 1,060
South Carolina	1	1,206	146,434	1,030
South Dakota	4	725	33,594	1,014
Tennessee	15 24	572 1 030 155	256,053 3 585 301	1,032 1,033
Texas Utah	24 122	1,039,155 3,428	3,585,201 129,651	1,033 1,042
Vermont	0	24	7,325	1,015
Virginia	32	10,275	230,140	1,039
Washington	113 5	6,590 205	231,767 115,622	1,037 1,061
West Virginia Wisconsin	53	7,303	398,581	1,013
,	14	87	73,609	1,061

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Figure 11. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers in the United States, 1996



Volumes in Million Cubic Feet



Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 16. Natural Gas Delivered to Commercial Consumers for the Account of Othersa by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

	19	92	19	993	19	994	19	95	19	996
State	Delivered for the Account of Others	Percent of Total Commercial Deliveries								
Alabama	4.868	19.3	4,950	19.2	5.043	19.8	5,213	19.9	5,470	18.9
Alaska	0	_	0	_	0	_	5,019	20.1	9,990	36.6
Arizona	2,021	7.5	2,336	8.5	2,709	9.3	3,282	11.6	4,309	14.9
Arkansas	2,343	9.3	2,393	8.3	1,351	4.9	1,104	4.0	1,550	5.0
California	72,782	25.5	57,781	23.1	134,346	51.3	133,483	47.9	106,531	45.3
Colorado	2,993	4.5	3,241	4.5	3,403	5.2	3,863	5.8	4,702	6.8
Connecticut	1,037	3.5	602	1.9	7,455	19.1	6,836	18.0	5,193	13.1
D.C	155	1.0	332	2.0	1,343	9.1	3,954	23.2	4,823	29.5
Florida	964	2.3	911	2.2	861	2.2	988	2.4	1,204	2.9
Georgia	6,389	11.9	5,487	9.5	4,304	8.0	3,663	6.5	3,646	5.9
Idaho	1,278	14.3	1,405	13.2	1,427	14.1	1,450	14.0	1,543	13.4
Illinois	83,264	42.3	90,812	44.7	93,206	47.2	101,211	49.7	100,495	46.1
Indiana	2,319	3.2	3,724	4.8	5,841	7.7	10,149	12.3	3,255	3.7
lowa	1,974	4.3	2,648	5.3	4,597	9.6	5,394	10.7	6,728	12.3
Kansas	8,408	15.6	9,729	17.4	11,295	21.6	14,029	26.4	16,200	28.3
Kentucky	2,451	6.9	2,809	7.4	3,171	8.6	4,169	10.8	3,773	9.2
Louisiana	3,552	12.5	479	1.9	505	2.1	464	1.9	451	1.8
Maryland	1,692	4.0	1,497	3.4	1,291	2.9	1,469	3.1	3,734	8.1
Massachusetts	140	0.2	1,625	2.5	20,132	23.8	12,453	15.1	24,311	25.3
Michigan	54,248	31.2	56,547	31.4	62,825	34.3	65,266	33.6	66,621	33.1
Minnesota	3,134	3.8	2,623	3.0	3,336	4.0	5,696	6.3	3,768	3.8
Mississippi	645	3.6	647	3.4	647	3.4	615	3.1	585	2.6
Missouri	8,817	14.5	10,710	15.4	11,072	16.7	10,880	16.7	12,988	17.8
Montana	533	4.6	939	6.8	1,070	8.2	1,131	8.4	1,247	8.4
Nebraska	4,063	11.8	3,142	9.0	7,726	19.8	9,181	22.9	12,247	30.0
Nevada	1,889	11.7	1,283	7.3	3,276	17.5	4,416	23.6	5,272	25.8
New Hampshire	0		0	_	0	_	52	0.8	218	3.1
New Jersey	10,012	7.6	10,901	8.5	11,045	8.4	19,074	13.7	40,100	26.7
New Mexico	8,361	30.0	10,459	37.5	9,395	37.6	9,520	39.8	9,351	35.3
New York	48,552	22.4	50,279	22.8	45,626	20.4	55,135	23.8	58,135	23.0
North Carolina	1,497	4.1	561	1.5	1,314	3.4	2,831	7.6	1,409	3.5
North Dakota	3,035	31.1	2,908	27.3	2,199	20.4	2,224	19.1	1,454	12.0
Ohio	23,188 4,052	14.4 11.5	25,345 4,095	15.5 10.0	30,807 4,214	18.5 11.5	41,569 5,894	23.7 14.9	53,609 7,165	28.2 15.5
Oklahoma Oregon	433	2.2	4,093 504	2.1	430	1.9	419	14.9	431	1.7
Donnaulyania	32.481	24.2	29.758	22.6	25 514	25.6	45.481	31.6	45.809	29.6
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	32,461	24.2	29,758	22.0	35,514 0	20.0	45,461	31.0	45,809 1,010	29.6 8.2
South Carolina	239	1.4	132	0.8	265	1.5	688	3.6	1,010	1.0
South Dakota	1.603	17.6	1.724	16.1	1.124	10.9	1.406	13.2	2.008	17.3
Tennessee	1,680	3.6	2,129	4.2	2,992	5.9	3,163	6.2	3,316	5.7
Texas	37,443	20.3	28,423	16.2	31.742	17.6	65.911	31.4	29.469	16.5
Utah	0	20.0	20,423	- 10.2	4,438	16.7	4,892	18.2	5,360	18.1
Virginia	4,719	9.3	5,902	11.2	7,039	13.3	9,062	15.9	8,712	14.7
Washington	4,831	12.8	2,671	6.1	1,993	4.6	3,514	8.3	6,795	14.1
West Virginia	10,536	43.1	11,134	45.7	11,194	44.8	12,536	48.5	12,263	43.8
Wisconsin	6,229	8.7	4,312	5.6	5,133	6.5	6,760	8.0	7,848	8.4
Wyoming	160	2.0	207	2.0	358	3.9	632	6.4	1,370	14.1

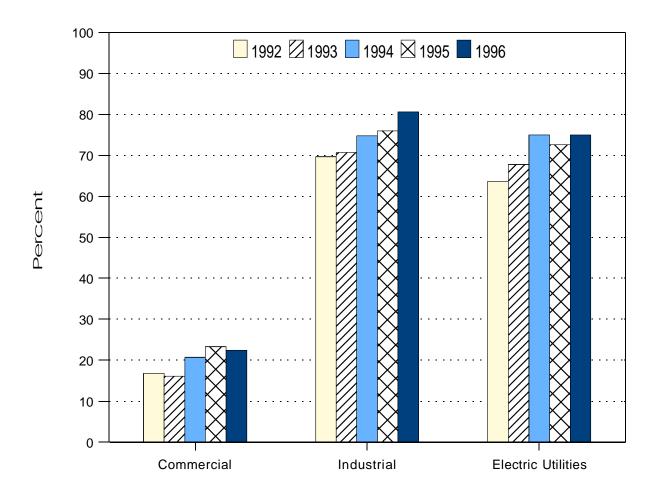
a These deliveries included quantities covered by long-term contracts and gas involved in short-term or spot market sales.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Figure 12. Percent of Natural Gas Deliveries in the United States Representing Deliveries for the Account of Others by Consumer Sector, 1992-1996



Note: These deliveries included quantities covered by long-term contracts and gas involved in short-term or spot market sales.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 17. Natural Gas Delivered to Industrial Consumers for the Account of Othersa by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

	19	92	19	93	19	94	19	95	19	996
State	Delivered for the Account of Others	Percent of Total Industrial Deliveries								
Alabama	118,457	70.1	131,817	72.6	132,073	72.7	156,374	76.6	155,962	77.4
Alaska	24,455	30.2	22,258	29.4	25,523	41.6	31,112	47.9	27,026	35.7
Arizona	13,925	70.4	15,868	75.0	18,035	69.7	20,825	75.3	21,670	80.3
Arkansas	102,468	86.2	102,902	86.2	115,461	86.2	119,716	86.2	122,937	87.0
California	430,836	72.5	485,326	73.6	537,503	81.8	604,196	87.8	622,182	89.7
Colorado	39,040	67.8	44,465	64.4	51,292	72.1	55,143	76.1	65,641	78.5
Connecticut	12,514	34.4	10,164	27.6	1,435	4.7	4,130	12.5	5,008	15.4
Delaware	6,316	35.0	4,922	25.3	5,631	32.7	6,281	32.4	8,882	62.7
Florida	56,893	67.1	73,610	73.4	106,166	83.7	112,361	84.2	119,191	87.2
Georgia	111,987	65.0	112,491	67.2	108,859	62.6	118,125	64.3	123,193	67.8
Idaho	26,963	99.7	29,057	99.7	28,932	97.2	33,291	97.8	34,080	98.6
Illinois	255,365	85.0	265,110	86.9	267,348	87.6	286,103	89.0	278,262	86.3
Indiana	188,562	76.8	210,303	79.9	233,870	86.6	236,435	85.8	241,236	83.4
lowa Kansas	83,004 117,419	82.4 89.8	87,613 120,962	85.4 87.0	96,016 175,691	88.3 93.5	104,993 112,942	91.2 87.2	103,757 101,877	91.0 92.4
Kentucky	47,776	64.9	53,163	69.9	57,149	68.8	65,659	72.3	68,850	72.9
Louisiana	582,295	62.4	670,825	68.9	759.747	76.0	733.133	70.2	942.276	89.9
Maine	0		0,020	-	0		0		197	9.0
Maryland	39.740	79.9	38,989	79.8	39,697	83.2	42,475	86.7	44.186	88.3
Massachusetts	38,685	54.6	65,739	69.4	67,072	72.3	73,793	68.5	74,115	74.1
Michigan	277,506	90.9	283,775	90.9	292,945	89.4	296,745	90.9	315,568	90.9
Minnesota	53,665	57.7	55,355	56.6	53,928	57.1	69,467	65.4	60,195	58.7
Mississippi	55,973	54.5	60,506	60.4	48,154	56.0	48,691	57.6	47,133	58.3
Missouri	44,131	75.5	46,608	76.4	56,873	79.4	53,484	77.6	53,656	75.0
Montana	10,078	82.5	11,407	89.9	13,395	96.1	17,565	96.9	17,483	96.6
Nebraska	15,558	58.8	28,068	72.6	28,971	78.4	37,370	83.5	28,756	79.6
Nevada	8,569	92.6	23,660	95.7	28,312	98.1	30,102	98.2	32,073	98.4
New Hampshire	0	44.0	0	44.4	225	5.0	1,639	35.6	2,193	44.6
New Jersey	77,276	44.3	83,216	44.1	81,222	42.6	98,456	47.1	96,081	47.8
New Mexico	16,339	95.7	16,107	94.6	16,884	90.1	19,596	92.9	22,049	96.5
New York North Carolina	113,074 17,302	76.7 19.0	125,916 20,068	78.5 21.7	180,002 38,907	83.9 41.0	240,506 56,707	86.3 53.1	291,057 42,287	90.2 40.6
North Dakota	4,656	78.4	4,570	75.0	4,402	75.3	5,319	81.8	5,813	73.5
Ohio	260.609	88.4	270.667	75.0 89.8	281.055	90.3	312.067	92.7	321.733	92.7
Oklahoma	133,643	76.3	124,925	69.6	148,340	75.7	164,610	84.8	187,816	93.4
Oregon	46,434	79.3	43.558	71.9	42.891	68.6	51,352	74.5	71.942	82.0
Pennsylvania	182.522	77.1	183,131	75.8	187,980	79.5	209.372	83.8	198.545	81.5
Rhode Island	42,457	88.6	41,243	89.6	37,257	91.0	31,211	88.9	21,472	83.1
South Carolina	31,176	33.1	33,507	35.1	22,755	23.3	18,336	18.6	13,562	14.2
South Dakota	2,129	47.4	2,428	48.8	3,449	62.6	5,017	72.4	5,414	75.4
Tennessee	63,666	50.4	66,780	53.7	64,615	54.3	65,914	52.4	67,050	53.0
Texas	1,190,677	68.7	1,258,773	66.9	1,321,308	72.2	1,402,017	72.9	1,708,843	79.9
Utah	36,087	88.3	39,387	93.1	32,238	88.0	37,694	89.0	38,424	91.0
Virginia	51,223 49,911	74.4 62.6	54,791 54,177	75.1 58.7	67,341 62,877	78.5 58.4	83,030 73,798	85.2 67.1	69,163 86,332	82.0 75.6
Washington	,									
West Virginia	37,034	83.8	40,863	86.6	40,684	87.0	44,726	85.6	42,843	85.7
Wisconsin	76,161	58.5	72,890	54.4	69,191	51.2	78,008	53.4	95,077	63.6
Wyoming	54,053	96.4	52,935	97.6	59,219	97.8	47,467	97.2	48,798	97.1
Total	5,248,609	69.7	5,644,894	70.7	6,112,919	74.8	6,517,352	76.0	7,151,885	80.6

a These deliveries included quantities covered by long-term contracts and gas involved in short-term or spot market sales.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 18. Natural Gas Delivered to Electric Utilities for the Account of Othersa by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

	19	92	19	993	19	94	19	995	1	996
State	Delivered for the Account of Others	Percent of Total Electric Utility Deliveries								
Alabama	2,739	75.2	2,753	61.0	3,271	89.6	7,441	94.7	5,101	93.0
Alaska	8,925	31.1	7,693	28.9	8,368	29.6	8,990	30.3	9,116	29.6
Arizona	40,553	99.9	29,866	99.9	33,188	99.9	25,867	99.9	26,662	99.9
Arkansas	25,647	96.7	16,528	93.6	18,625	95.9	23,132	96.2	26,442	94.8
California	406,235	69.7	342,457	74.1	556,557	93.3	367,940	90.3	263,937	85.8
Colorado	3.931	68.8	3.165	66.4	2,685	63.6	554	27.8	3.484	72.8
Connecticut	1.881	100.0	140	36.5	6,941	88.4	16.058	88.1	8.427	83.6
Delaware	48	0.5	58	0.7	16,120	92.3	21,423	79.5	19,088	86.8
Florida	186.524	93.2	177,954	97.9	182.379	98.9	308.563	99.5	269.460	99.6
Illinois	9,726	91.7	14,227	91.4	32,064	95.4	35,703	88.1	24,894	86.7
Indiana	6,129	81.0	4,204	85.0	7,370	78.3	11,986	89.4	6,373	81.3
lowa	2.163	65.6	1,901	50.6	1.721	69.6	2.157	68.9	2.261	79.3
Kansas	7.161	54.6	8.091	57.8	14.617	71.5	16.872	75.9	12.545	92.6
Louisiana	208,847	86.8	182,535	82.8	174,324	83.8	239,903	78.0	202,033	89.9
Maryland	3,691	35.4	3,034	43.3	4,186	32.5	6,489	39.1	9,518	97.9
•		05.0	0.705	40.0		70.5	50.007	75.5		00.0
Massachusetts	22,672	65.0	9,725	43.0	29,992	72.5	50,087	75.5	39,460	86.2
Michigan	19,162	98.1	16,324	97.6	17,820	97.8	28,369	97.9	26,067	98.5
Minnesota	1,443	28.1	1,071	46.4	906	22.7	734	15.9	0	
Mississippi	41,304	79.6	26,270	63.4	31,927	94.9	40,663	98.7	57,417	98.8
Missouri	1,418	52.3	2,607	51.1	1,246	39.5	5,794	57.6	1,848	65.3
Montana	99	44.5	155	57.4	139	21.0	250	67.8	301	68.1
Nebraska	1,038	57.9	484	37.7	34	5.5	63	4.7	503	29.6
Nevada	28,675	99.2	21,066	99.9	32,377	100.0	38,533	100.0	47,039	100.0
New Jersey	623	1.6	3,919	10.0	1,637	4.6	3,725	9.6	12,559	48.5
New Mexico	17,325	95.9	20,122	95.9	24,868	93.6	25,751	92.4	13,618	81.6
New York	19,893	9.9	15,455	9.2	14,082	8.3	24,175	10.3	4,804	3.4
North Carolina	461	15.4	1,692	61.7	432	50.8	967	32.0	578	24.4
Ohio	2,147	84.2	2,060	75.7	1,626	60.5	4,647	87.3	2,303	85.7
Oklahoma	137,019	86.9	145,216	89.7	139,435	88.2	138,365	89.4	125,825	87.7
Oregon	12,818	100.0	16,041	100.0	26,310	100.0	19,136	100.0	13,127	100.0
Pennsylvania	3,252	82.2	3,264	36.3	8,948	63.2	24,181	94.5	5,056	87.0
Rhode Island	466	100.0	0	_	0		0		25,046	100.0
South Dakota	714	92.6	142	91.9	64	100.0	Ö	100.0	0	
Tennessee	219	74.1	1,015	62.5	498	51.3	1,414	66.5	425	61.8
Texas	449,615	51.8	544,255	62.7	659,710	66.5	577,894	65.4	578,654	64.4
Utah	5,434	99.5	5,004	99.9	7,922	99.6	7,515	99.5	4,006	98.6
Virginia	11,669	100.0	25,823	99.9	26,706	99.7	20,462	100.0	14,366	99.8
Washington	3,597	79.7	1,195	100.0	2,328	100.0	2,084	100.0	6,589	100.0
West Virginia	204	100.0	279	100.0	244	100.0	208	100.0	157	100.0
Wisconsin	1,899	70.4	648	18.1	457	8.6	2,188	22.0	2,404	33.1
Total	1,697,363	63.7	1,658,438	67.8	2,092,124	75.0	2,110,284	72.6	1,871,496	75.0

 ^a These deliveries included quantities covered by long-term contracts and gas involved in short-term or spot market sales.
 — = Not applicable.
 Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 19. Firm Natural Gas Deliveries to Consumers by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Total
ohomo.	E6 E22	25 720	89,299	2	3,511	175,063
abama	56,522	25,728				
aska	16,179	26,986	72,757	0	30,163	146,085
izona	27,709	28,735	25,456	115	26,624	108,640
rkansas	46,289	26,647	122,560	1	25,197	220,693
alifornia	473,310	195,119	397,828	1,264	151,550	1,219,072
olorado	110,924	65,526	33,616	.8	4,105	214,180
onnecticut	43,462	29,725	15,116	17	7,601	95,922
.C	17,290	6,961	0	0	0	24,252
elaware	9,791	6,694	12,303	1	21.468	50,258
orida	16,293	40,677	55,063	88	247,959	360,081
				_		
eorgia	127,062	49,758	44,133	0	4,575	225,529
awaii	540	1,865	0	0	0	2,405
aho	14,941	11,506	30,261	34	0	56,742
nois	538,749	217,976	307,618	32	28,718	1,093,092
diana	179,939	81,040	72,016	112	1,886	334,992
лана	118,838	01,040	12,010	112	1,000	334,992
va	88,078	51,495	96,874	4	2,699	239,150
ınsas	85,376	46,897	66,922	1	8,128	207,323
entucky	70,229	37,366	56,509	8	648	164,759
ouisiana	56.626	19.074	760.019	23	97,584	933.326
aine	967	2,566	1,650	0	97,304	5,183
		,	,		•	
aryland	84,201	36,098	17,777	34	8,228	146,338
assachusetts	114,365	74,480	71,575	1	39,411	299,832
ichigan	399,522	200,521	335,074	40	26,385	961,542
nnesota	142,228	72,740	45,226	5	2,097	262,296
ssissippi	30,157	20,708	43,165	0	2,979	97,008
issouri	137,225	70,861	62,930	31	1.879	272,926
ontana	22,175	14,458	9,067	13	141	45,854
ebraska	48,989	35,960	28,407	0	132	113,487
evada	22,607	20,093	32,591	44	46,764	122,099
ew Hampshire	7,012	7,099	2,777	0	0	16,888
ew Jersey	222,619	124.479	81,881	0	20.864	449,843
	33.689		19.892	77		
ew Mexico		26,379			13,883	93,920
ew York	399,748	215,904	254,300	54	13,448	883,454
orth Carolina	58,812	39,847	26,915	0	7	125,581
orth Dakota	12,591	9,484	870	15	3	22,963
	074 700	40.4 ===	000 117	222	4 0 4 0	600.05-
nio	374,790	184,757	299,145	229	1,342	860,263
klahoma	76,629	44,276	86,838	133	127,247	335,123
regon	33,236	25,166	41,597	25	13,127	113,151
ennsylvania	278,606	134,732	180,509	23	1,662	595,533
node Island	18,839	12,105	24,759	3	25,046	80,751
11 O 11	00.400	10.555	17.000	,		00.010
outh Carolina	29,406	16,555	17,983	1	3	63,948
outh Dakota	14,085	10,698	2,960	. 4	0	27,747
nnessee	70,423	53,058	52,137	15	0	175,633
xas	229.318	164,788	1,165,722	21	479.907	2,039,756
ah	54,344	22,811	12,816	122	3,559	93,651
	,	,	,	_	,	,
ermont	2,523	2,825	133	0	0	5,480
rginia	76,214	44,943	52,809	10	8,632	182,609
ashington	62,689	38,230	94,879	13	5,525	201,336
est Virginia	37,367	8.741	18.540	5	157	64.810
sconsin	147,893	85.363	27,098	30	1.957	262.341
			18,063	14	61	
yoming	13,534	8,943	10,003	14	01	40,615
						14,933,529

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 20. Interruptible Natural Gas Deliveries to Consumers by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Total
Alabama	0	3.272	112.115	0	1.973	117.360
Alaska	Õ	329	2,859	Ö	661	3.849
Arizona	ő	252	1,522	Õ	68	1.842
	0			2		
Arkansas	-	4,359	18,740		2,684	25,784
California	0	39,949	295,711	0	156,020	491,680
Colorado	0	3,388	50,024	9	683	54,104
Connecticut	302	10,061	17,334	14	2,474	30,185
).C	0	9,386	0	6	´ 0	9,392
Delaware	Ō	0	1,861	Ö	510	2.371
lorida	Ö	1,134	81,659	Õ	22,560	105,353
				_		
eorgia	0	11,618	137,635	0	0	149,254
lawaii	0	267	0	0	0	267
daho	0	0	4,316	0	0	4,316
inois	0	78	14.657	0	Ö	14,735
ndiana	Ö	6,416	217,204	Ö	5,951	229,570
N4/0	0	0.076	17 100	0	454	20.240
owa		3,076	17,122		151	20,349
ansas	0	10,333	43,372	1	5,422	59,127
entucky	4	3,606	37,972	0	12	41,593
ouisiana	0	6,672	288,413	0	127,265	422,350
aine	0	0	539	0	0	539
aryland	1,332	9,744	32,245	15	1,496	44,832
lassachusetts	0	21,707	28.440	4	6.345	56.495
				0		
ichigan	0	870	11,969		66	12,906
innesota	91	25,797	57,246	38	1,455	84,626
lississippi	0	1,516	37,722	5	55,109	94,353
lissouri	0	1,941	8,603	0	953	11,497
Montana	0	365	9.036	0	301	9,702
lebraska	Õ	4,873	7,718	0	1,570	14,161
levada	Ö	328	15	5	275	623
				0		
lew Hampshire	0	0	2,139	U	0	2,139
lew Jersey	0	25,954	119,052	0	5,021	150,027
lew Mexico	0	87	2,966	0	2,814	5,867
lew York	3.516	37.170	68.361	0	129.051	238.098
orth Carolina	0	619	77,208	0	2,356	80.184
orth Dakota	ŏ	2,666	7,041	ŏ	2,000	9,707
ortir Dakota	O	2,000	7,041	V	· ·	3,707
hio	34	5,209	48,004	0	1,344	54,591
klahoma	0	1,876	114,185	0	16,261	132,322
regon	0	431	46,157	0	0	46,588
ennsylvania	0	19,910	62,990	11	4,147	87,059
hode Island	0	193	1,071	0	0	1,264
outh Carolina	0	3,773	77,510	0	1,715	82.998
outh Dakota	0	900	4,222	0	1,715	5,123
				0	688	
ennessee	0	5,440	74,408			80,536
exas	0	13,761	972,433	3	419,121	1,405,318
tah	0	6,733	29,397	1	506	36,636
ermont	0	0	1,820	0	24	1,844
irginia	Ö	14.319	31.548	21	5,770	51,658
ashington	Õ	9,909	19,357	100	1,064	30,430
est Virginia	23	19.284	31.457	0	0	50,764
isconsin	23					
		8,453	122,419	23	5,299	136,194
yoming	0	778	32,190	0	0	32,968

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 21. Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

_		Firm			Interruptible		
State	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Total Volume
Alabama	22,814	2,915	25,728	716	2,556	3,272	29,000
Alaska	16,996	9,990	26,986	329	2,000	329	27,315
Arizona	24.580	4.155	28.735	97	154	252	28.987
Arkansas	25,101	1.545	26,647	4.354	5	4.359	31,006
California	123,837	71,282	195,119	4,700	35,249	39,949	235,068
Colorado	63,227	2,300	65,526	986	2,402	3,388	68,914
Connecticut	24,853	4,872	29,725	9,740	321	10,061	39,786
D.C	6,961	0	6,961	4,563	4,823	9,386	16,347
Delaware	6,694	0	6,694	0	0	0	6,694
Florida	40,003	673	40,677	603	531	1,134	41,810
Georgia	49,758	0	49,758 1,865	7,972 267	3,646 0	11,618	61,377 2.132
HawaiiIdaho	1,865 9.962	1.543	11,506	0	0	267 0	11,506
Illinois	117,485	100.490	217,976	74	4	78	218,054
Indiana	79,886	1,154	81,040	4,315	2,101	6,416	87,456
lowa	44.829	6,666	51,495	3,014	62	3,076	54,571
Kansas	39,975	6,922	46,897	1,055	9,278	10,333	57,229
Kentucky	35,475	1,891	37,366	1,724	1,882	3,606	40,972
Louisiana	18,849	225	19,074	6,446	226	6,672	25,746
Maine	2,566	0	2,566	0	0	0	2,566
Maryland	34,802	1,295	36,098	7,306	2,438	9,744	45,842
Massachusetts	65,981	8,499	74,480	5,895	15,812	21,707	96,187
Michigan	134,708	65,813	200,521	61	809	870	201,390
Minnesota	70,923	1,817	72,740	23,846	1,951	25,797	98,537
Mississippi	20,222	486	20,708	1,418	98	1,516	22,225
Missouri	58,335	12,526	70,861	1,478	463	1,941	72,802
Montana	13,552	906	14,458	24	341	365	14,823
Nebraska	23,713	12,247	35,960	4,873	0	4,873	40,833
Nevada	15,149	4,944 218	20,093 7,099	0	328 0	328 0	20,421
New Hampshire	6,881		,	•	•	•	7,099
New Jersey	91,554	32,925	124,479	18,779	7,175	25,954	150,432
New Mexico	17,028	9,351	26,379	87	0	87	26,466
New York	167,793	48,111	215,904	27,146	10,024	37,170	253,075
North Carolina North Dakota	38,604	1,243 0	39,847	453	166 1.454	619	40,467
North Dakota	9,484	•	9,484	1,212	, -	2,666	12,150
Ohio	135,768	48,989	184,757	588	4,620	5,209	189,966
Oklahoma	37,795	6,481	44,276	1,192	684	1,876	46,152
Oregon	25,166	0	25,166	0	431	431	25,597
Pennsylvania	97,885	36,847	134,732	10,949	8,961	19,910	154,642
Rhode Island	11,094	1,010	12,105	193	0	193	12,298
South Carolina	16,357	199	16,555	3,773	0	3,773	20,328
South Dakota	8,997	1,701	10,698	593	308	900	11,598
Tennessee	51,444	1,613	53,058	3,737	1,702	5,440	58,497
Texas Utah	143,454 22,451	21,334 360	164,788 22,811	5,627 1,732	8,134 5,000	13,761 6,733	178,549 29,543
Vermont	2,825	0	2,825	0	0 5.706	0	2,825
Virginia	41,957	2,986	44,943	8,593 4,763	5,726	14,319	59,262
Washington West Virginia	36,581 6,573	1,649 2.168	38,230 8.741	4,763 9.189	5,146 10.095	9,909 19.284	48,139 28.025
Wisconsin	80,983	4.380	85,363	9,189 4.985	3.468	8.453	28,025 93.816
Wyoming	7,672	1,271	8,943	679	99	778	9,721
, ,	,		,				,
Total	2,251,449	547,993	2,799,442	200,127	158,675	358,802	3,158,244

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 22. Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

		Firm			Interruptible		
State	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Total Volume
Alabama	19,375	69,924	89,299	26,077	86,038	112,115	201,414
Alaska	48,590	24,167	72,757	20,077	2,859	2,859	75,616
Arizona	4,903	20,553	25,456	405	1,117	1,522	26,979
Arkansas	9,278	113,282	122,560	9.085	9,655	18.740	141,300
California	60,919	336,910	397,828	10,438	285,273	295,711	693,539
Colorado	4,076	29,540	33,616	13,923	36,101	50,024	83,640
Connecticut	14,016	1,100	15,116	13,426	3,908	17,334	32,451
Delaware	3,422	8,882	12,303	1,861	0	1,861	14,164
Florida	7,100	47,964	55,063	10,432	71,227	81,659	136,722
Georgia	13,967	30,167	44,133	44,609	93,026	137,635	181,768
ldaho	430	29,831	30,261	67	4,249	4,316	34,577
Illinois	41,208	266,410	307,618	2,805	11,852	14,657	322,275
Indiana	34,954	37,062	72,016	13,030	204,173	217,204	289,219
lowa	5,809	91,065	96,874	4,430	12,692	17,122	113,995
Kansas	5,497	61,425	66,922	2,920	40,452	43,372	110,294
Kentucky	17,425	39,084	56,509	8,207	29,765	37,972	94,481
Louisiana	78,448	681,571	760,019	27,708	260,705	288,413	1,048,432
Maine	1,453	197	1,650	539	0	539	2,190
Maryland	441	17,336	17,777	5,396	26,850	32,245	50,022
Massachusetts	17,719	53,856	71,575	8,181	20,259	28,440	100,015
Michigan	30,355	304,718	335,074	1,120	10,849	11,969	347,043
Minnesota	5,397	39,829	45,226	36,880	20,366	57,246	102,471
Mississippi	15,250	27,914	43,165	18,503	19,219	37,722	80,887
Missouri	13,216	49,714	62,930	4,661	3,942	8,603	71,533
Montana	619	8,448	9,067	2	9,034	9,036	18,103
Nebraska	3,189	25,217	28,407	4,179	3,539	7,718	36,125
Nevada	533	32,058	32,591		15	15	32,606
New Hampshire	1,233	1,544	2,777	1,490	649	2,139	4,916
New Jersey	17,263	64,618	81,881	87,589	31,463	119,052	200,933
New Mexico	809	19,083	19,892	0	2,966	2,966	22,858
New York	21,669	232,631	254,300	9,935	58,426	68,361	322,661
North Carolina	17,577	9,338	26,915	44,260	32,949	77,208	104,124
North Dakota	82	788	870	2,016	5,025	7,041	7,911
Ohio	24,338	274,808	299,145	1,078	46,925	48,004	347,149
Oklahoma	3,257	83,582	86,838	9,951	104,234	114,185	201,024
Oregon	10,080	31,517	41,597	5,732	40,425	46,157	87,754
Pennsylvania	33,526	146,983	180,509	11,428	51,562	62,990	243,499
Rhode Island	3,287	21,472	24,759	1,071	0	1,071	25,829
South Carolina	13,536	4,447	17,983	68,395	9,116	77,510	95,493
South Dakota	1,033	1,927	2,960	734	3,488	4,222	7,182
Tennessee	26,794	25,343	52,137	32,701	41,708	74,408	126,545
Texas	414,302	751,420	1,165,722	15,011	957,422	972,433	2,138,155
Ųtah	1,404	11,412	12,816	2,385	27,012	29,397	42,213
Vermont Virginia	133 7,081	0 45,728	133 52,809	1,820 8,112	0 23,435	1,820 31,548	1,953 84,357
-	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Washington	24,844	70,035	94,879	3,059	16,297	19,357	114,236
West Virginia	3,123	15,417	18,540	4,031	27,426	31,457	49,997
Wisconsin	23,323	3,775	27,098	31,117	91,302	122,419	149,517
Wyoming	632	17,431	18,063	823	31,367	32,190	50,253

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

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Table 23. Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utilities by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

(1711111)	on Cubic ree						
		Firm			Interruptible		
State	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Sales Volume	Transported Volume	Total Volume	Total Volume
					4.500		
Alabama	0	3,511	3,511	384	1,589	1,973	5,484
Alaska	21,047	9,116	30,163	661	0	661	30,824
Arizona	30	26,594	26,624	0	68	68	26,692
Arkansas	1,158	24,038	25,197	280	2,404	2,684	27,880
California	572	150,978	151,550	43,061	112,959	156,020	307,570
Colorado	1,207	2,898	4,105	97	586	683	4,788
Connecticut	0	7,601	7,601	1,648	826	2,474	10,075
Delaware	2.381	19.088	21,468	510	0	[′] 510	21,979
Florida	1.056	246,903	247.959	4	22,557	22,560	270,519
Georgia	4,575	0	4,575	Ö	0	0	4,575
Illinois	3,824	24,894	28,718	0	0	0	28,718
Indiana	1,463	423	1,886	Õ	5,951	5,951	7,837
lowa	558	2.141	2,699	31	120	151	2.850
Kansas	1.005	7,123	8.128	0	5.422	5.422	13.550
	648	7,123	648	12	0,422	12	660
Kentucky	048	U	040	12	U	12	000
Louisiana	16,362	81,223	97,584	6,454	120,811	127,265	224,849
Maryland	0	8,228	8,228	206	1,290	1,496	9,724
Massachusetts	1,252	38,159	39,411	5.044	1,301	6,345	45,756
Michigan	379	26,007	26.385	6	60	66	26,452
Minnesota	2,097	20,007	2,097	1,455	0	1,455	3,551
Minatoria	0	0.070	0.070	074	54.400	FF 400	50,000
Mississippi	0	2,979	2,979	671	54,438	55,109	58,088
Missouri	31	1,848	1,879	952	0	953	2,832
Montana	141	0	141	0	301	301	442
Nebraska	132	0	132	1,067	503	1,570	1,702
Nevada	0	46,764	46,764	0	275	275	47,039
New Jersey	12,554	8,310	20,864	772	4,249	5,021	25,885
New Mexico	2,930	10,953	13,883	148	2,665	2,814	16,697
New York	8,644	4,804	13,448	129,051	0	129,051	142,499
North Carolina	7	0	7	1,778	578	2,356	2,363
North Dakota	3	0	3	0	0	0	3
Ohio	359	983	1,342	24	1,320	1,344	2,686
Oklahoma	1,803	125.444	127,247	15,880	381	16,261	143,508
Oregon	0	13,127	13,127	0	0	0	13,127
Pennsylvania	734	928	1,662	19	4,128	4,147	5,809
Rhode Island	0	25,046	25,046	0	0	0	25,046
South Carolina	3	0	3	1.715	0	1.715	1.718
Tennessee	0	0	0	263	425	688	688
	302,706	177,202	479,907		425 401,452	419,121	899,028
Texas				17,669 58	401,452	419,121 506	
Utah	0	3,559	3,559				4,065
Vermont	0	0	0	24	0	24	24
Virginia	0	8,632	8,632	36	5,734	5,770	14,402
Washington	0	5,525	5,525	0	1,064	1,064	6,589
West Virginia	0	157	157	0	0	0	157
Wisconsin	1,957	0	1,957	2,895	2,404	5,299	7,256
Wyoming	61	0	61	0	0	0	61
Total	391,680	1,115,185	1,506,864	232,874	756,311	989,185	2,496,050
ı olai	331,000	1,113,163	1,000,004	202,014	750,511	303,100	2,430,000

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities are reported on Form EIA-759, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not equal sum of the components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Consumer Prices

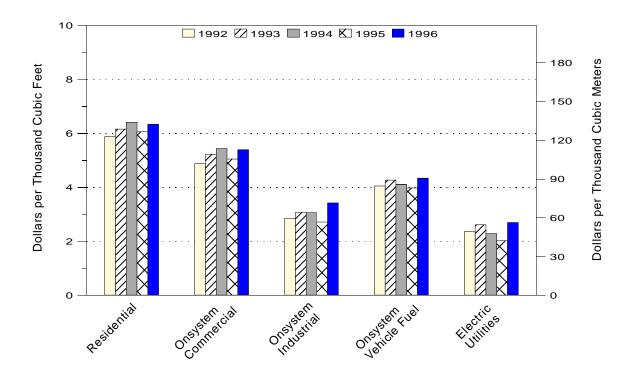
During 1996, the price of natural gas from the wellhead to the burner tip rebounded from the low levels seen in 1995. Following the sharp rise in price at the wellhead, prices at the city gate and for sales to the industrial and electric utility sectors rose greatly. By contrast, prices paid for deliveries to the residential and commercial sectors showed comparatively modest increases and were slightly lower than in 1994.

Over the year, the prices in the industrial and electric utility sectors, the end use sectors with the greatest consumption per customer, showed substantial increases of 26 percent and 33 percent, respectively. Among the onsystem sales customers, industrials and electric utilities are large volume customers with relatively high load factors which enable them to take advantage of economies of scale in purchases. They also are in a better position to elect whether to stay

with their local distribution company (LDC) or seek supplies from alternate sources. Because the price of natural gas paid by electric utilities is monitored by a survey that goes directly to the utility, the coverage of the electric utility price is much greater than that for the industrial price.

Prices rose much more modestly in the residential and commercial sectors, 5 percent and 7 percent, respectively. These consumers pay higher prices for gas than industrial and electric utility consumers because they have fewer options for service and require high quality service during periods of peak demand. Also they may be paying an increasing share of the fixed costs of long distance transportation and local distribution as more customers choose to purchase gas from third parties in place of local distribution companies (LDC's). A discussion of prices by each sector follows.





Notes: Onsystem sales deliveries represent 77.6 percent of commercial deliveries, 19.4 percent of industrial deliveries, and 94.0 percent of vehicle fuel deliveries in 1995. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC- 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

City Gate

City gate prices represent the total cost paid by gas distribution companies for gas received at the point where the gas is physically transferred from a pipeline company or transmission system. This price is intended to reflect all charges for the acquisition, storage, and transportation of gas as well as other charges associated with the LDC's obtaining the gas for sale to consumers. Prices paid at the city gate by local distribution companies rose substantially between 1995 and 1996, climbing from \$2.78 per thousand cubic feet to \$3.27, an increase of 18 percent.

Residential

Residential consumers pay the highest price for natural gas. It increased to \$6.34 per thousand cubic feet from the 1995 price of \$6.06 per thousand cubic feet. However, the 1996 price was 1 percent lower than the 1994 price. In recent years, only modest changes in constant dollars have been seen for residential prices (Figure 14). These consumers remain tied to LDC service in all but a few States.

Commercial

Commercial customers pay the second-highest price for gas. In 1996, these customers paid an average price of \$5.40 per thousand cubic feet, 7 percent more than the price of \$5.05 seen in 1995. Like the residential sector, the 1996 price for the commercial sector was also 1 percent lower than the 1994 price.

The percentage of deliveries for the account of others to the commercial sector has grown substantially since 1993 from 16 percent of commercial volume deliveries to 22 percent in 1996. Still, the price reflects nearly 80 percent of commercial volumes.

Industrial

Deliveries for the account of others in the industrial sector represented about 81 percent of all deliveries to that sector during 1996. Thus, the prices in this report for industrial deliveries are associated with a relatively small proportion of deliveries in most States. Prices for gas purchased by the industrial customers who continue to buy from LDC suppliers rose sharply from \$2.71 per thousand cubic feet in 1995 to \$3.42 in 1996, a 26 percent increase. This rise was influenced by the increase in wellhead price during the latter part of the year.

Vehicle Fuel

Most of the natural gas delivered for vehicle fuel represents deliveries to refueling stations that are used primarily or exclusively by fleet vehicles. Thus, the prices are often those associated with the operation of fleet vehicles and may be based on internal transfer prices for companies primarily in the natural gas business. The price for deliveries for vehicle fuel use was \$4.34 per thousand cubic feet in 1996 and was associated with a very small volume of deliveries.

Electric Utilities

Electric utility prices reflect consumption by all large electric utilities and do not include gas consumed by nonutility power producers. Between 1995 and 1996 the price paid by electric utilities for natural gas saw the greatest increase of all consuming sectors, 33 percent. It climbed from \$2.02 per thousand cubic feet to \$2.69.

Coverage

Coverage for prices varies by consumer sector as discussed below. All average prices are computed by dividing the reported revenue by its associated sales volume. Prices for deliveries of natural gas to consumers, except electric utilities, are calculated from reports to Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." City gate prices are calculated from reports to the Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers." Both of these forms are completed by companies that deliver natural gas to end-use consumers.

With the unbundling of services in the natural gas industry, pipeline and local distribution companies provide transportation service for their end-user customers. In this report, those volumes are described as deliveries of gas for the account of others. When companies that deliver gas are the sellers of that gas, they are able to report the associated revenue to the Energy Information Administration. Those volumes are described as onsystem sales. When the firm that physically delivers gas to the end user acts as a transportation agent, it does not know the sales price of the gas. Respondents, therefore, do not report a revenue amount associated with deliveries for the account of others in their submissions of the Form EIA-176.

City gate: Prices for gas delivered to the city gate represent all of the volumes of gas delivered. Since these prices are reported on a monthly form, the annual average city gate price is calculated by summing the monthly revenues reported and dividing that figure by the sum of the monthly reported volumes.

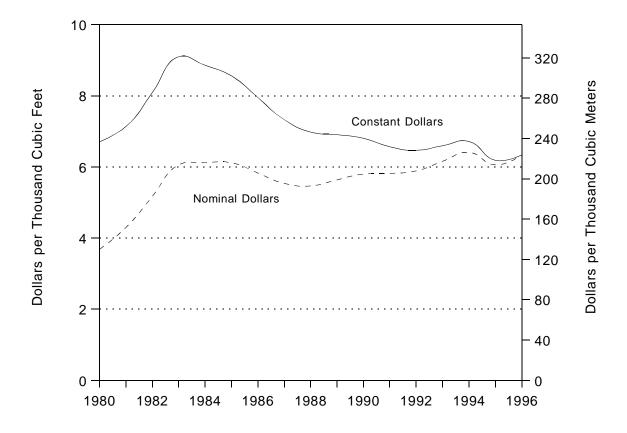
Residential: Prices in this publication for the residential sector cover nearly all of the volumes of gas delivered.

Commercial and Industrial: Prices for the commercial and industrial sectors are often associated with relatively small volumes of the total gas delivered because they are reported by those that deliver gas and not by either the gas resellers or by the consumers. Beginning with the reporting of 1996 data, the EIA has changed the customer classification used for reporting deliveries to consumers in the agricultural industry from commercial to industrial. This change affects the calculation of prices because these volumes and revenues previously classified as commercial are now classified as industrial. Separate reports of the volumes and revenues affected are not available so the direct impact of this change is not known.

Facilities that generate electricity but are not regulated are known as nonutility power producers. A nonutility power producer may be a commercial facility, an industrial facility, or a facility that produces electricity for resale. Deliveries of natural gas to nonutility power producers are reported on the Form EIA-176. The volumes and associated revenues for deliveries to nonutility producers who are primarily commercial establishments are included in the calculation of commercial prices. Those for deliveries to both nonutility producers who are primarily industrial establishments and nonutility establishments that produce electricity for resale are included in the calculation of industrial prices.

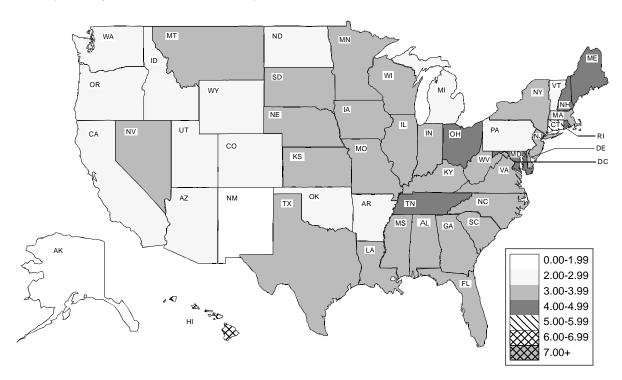
Electric Utilities: Prices for natural gas are also reported to the EIA on the Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," a consumer survey form. Electric utility prices in this report are taken from this form. The respondents are all large regulated electric utilities that report consumption and prices of fuels and represent most of the volumes delivered to electric utilities. These prices are also published in the EIA report, *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants*. Prices to electric utilities, because they are derived from a survey of the utilities themselves, represent most of the volumes consumed by this sector.

Figure 14. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Consumers, 1980-1996



Sources: Nominal dollars: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Constant dollars: Prices were converted to 1995 dollars using the chain-type price indexes for Gross Domestic Product (1992 = 1.0) as published by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Figure 15. Average City Gate Price of Natural Gas in the United States, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)



Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."

Table 24. Average City Gate Price of Natural Gas in the United States, 1992-1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	Average Price							
State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
abama	3.21	3.51	3.44	2.89	3.48			
			1.62	1.67	1.58			
ıska	0.34	0.33						
zona	2.33	2.62	2.53	2.10	2.78			
ansas	2.60	2.66	2.54	2.32	2.76			
ifornia	2.72	2.85	2.57	2.03	2.59			
lorado	2.85	2.95	3.31	2.65	2.70			
nnecticut	3.73	3.87	4.17	4.70	5.11			
laware	2.83	3.24	2.95	2.70	3.68			
rida	2.61	2.76	2.78	2.74	3.73			
orgia	3.28	3.77	3.54	2.96	3.77			
waii	7.72	5.61	4.94	5.20	6.05			
ho	2.18	2.26	2.46	2.18	2.24			
iois	3.20	3.30	3.02	2.59	3.27			
iana	3.08	3.18	2.98	2.84	3.09			
	3.20	3.24	3.15	2.82	3.47			
/a	3.20	3.24	3.13	2.02	3.47			
nsas	2.50	2.80	2.86	2.36	3.05			
ntucky	3.02	3.21	3.13	2.80	3.41			
uisiana	2.48	2.72	2.54	2.21	3.13			
ine	3.17	3.69	2.98	3.35	4.30			
aryland	3.20	3.53	3.38	2.87	4.02			
ssachusetts	3.52	3.98	3.98	3.53	3.98			
chigan	3.04	2.89	2.70	2.61	2.90			
nnesota	2.92	3.11	2.85	2.52	3.07			
ssissippi	2.62	2.90	2.83	2.53	3.27			
ssouri	2.86	3.20	3.05	2.73	3.25			
ontana	3.45	3.29	3.49	3.01	3.03			
braska	2.91	3.46	2.98	2.49	3.07			
vada	2.37	3.03	3.18	2.73	3.10			
	3.58	3.76	3.49	3.39	4.20			
ew Hampshire ew Jersey	3.58 3.29	3.76 3.54	3.49	3.39 3.34	4.20 3.84			
•								
w Mexico	2.25	2.39	2.02	1.46	1.99			
ew York	3.01	3.32	3.02	2.47	3.36			
orth Carolina	2.88	3.15	3.27	2.95	3.74			
orth Dakota	3.28	3.29	3.15	2.58	2.94			
nio	3.26	3.52	3.48	3.84	4.37			
dahoma	2.22	2.45	2.46	2.52	2.56			
egon	2.34	2.48	2.73	2.42	2.42			
nnsylvania	3.29	3.41	3.46	3.09	2.68			
ode Island	3.82	4.41	4.17	3.57	4.41			
uth Carolina	3.23	3.54	3.67	3.25	3.90			
uth Dakota	3.10	3.35	3.35	2.88	3.19			
nnessee	2.90	2.93	2.71	2.71	4.04			
	3.06	3.32	3.00	2.95	3.22			
xas								
ıh	4.09	2.63	3.31	2.88	2.25			
rmont	2.93	2.96	3.11	2.61	2.74			
ginia	2.91	3.33	3.44	2.92	3.89			
ashington	1.90	2.39	2.54	2.18	2.44			
est Virginia	3.23	3.39	3.26	2.85	3.36			
sconsin	3.36	3.70	3.42	2.83	3.43			
oming	2.90	2.80	2.91	2.63	2.36			
al	3.01	3.21	3.07	2.78	3.27			

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."

Table 25. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Consumers by State, 1992-1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
lahama	6.74	7.10	7.44	6.06	7.00
abama	6.74	7.10	7.41	6.86	7.22
aska	3.79	3.96	3.60	3.63	3.42
izona	7.24	7.20	7.54	7.82	7.52
	5.10	5.38	5.71	5.48	5.92
kansas					
alifornia	5.97	6.23	6.39	6.42	6.44
olorado	4.56	4.52	4.92	4.80	4.39
onnecticut	8.96	9.43	10.14	10.00	10.08
C	7.61	8.34	8.29	8.03	9.19
elaware	6.13	6.70	7.43	6.60	7.12
orida	9.08	10.02	9.98	9.85	10.74
eorgia	6.44	6.80	7.32	6.18	6.69
awaii	18.03	17.51	16.83	17.55	19.81
aho	5.23	5.38	5.29	5.59	5.20
nois	5.09	5.52	5.50	4.66	5.28
diana	5.43	5.76	6.24	5.37	5.54
va	5.23	5.48	5.40	5.09	5.49
ansas	4.70	4.91	5.11	4.91	5.59
entucky	5.01	5.25	5.46	5.05	5.54
uisiana	5.60	6.09	6.24	6.01	6.76
aine	6.95	7.47	7.83	7.32	7.84
an dan d	6.40	7.00	C 05	6.60	7.00
aryland	6.43	7.08	6.95	6.62	7.60
assachusetts	7.92	8.33	8.94	9.04	8.88
ichigan	5.06	5.04	4.98	4.72	4.96
innesota	4.86	5.31	5.18	4.80	5.46
aninootia					
ississippi	4.95	5.23	5.46	5.28	5.72
ssouri	5.11	5.37	5.43	5.16	5.97
ontana	4.80	4.92	5.23	5.15	4.86
ebraska	4.82	4.96	5.01	4.83	4.88
evada	5.59	5.69	6.66	6.76	6.19
ew Hampshire	7.55	7.66	7.96	7.16	7.40
ew Jersey	6.94	6.99	7.11	7.27	7.16
ew Mexico	4.75	5.46	5.61	5.04	4.47
ew York	7.58	8.15	8.75	8.42	8.90
orth Carolina	6.60	6.99	7.30	6.93	7.59
orth Dakota	5.00	5.23	5.19	4.66	4.54
L:_	F.00	F 74	F 00	F 40	5.0 2
nio	5.20	5.71	5.88	5.46	5.90
klahoma	4.96	4.94	5.50	5.56	5.64
regon	6.17	6.42	6.99	6.74	6.31
ennsylvania	6.60	6.84	7.44	7.16	7.38
node Island	7.68	8.17	9.12	8.02	8.49
outh Carolina	7.03	7.14	7.65	7.54	7.41
outh Dakota	5.15	5.30	5.27	5.05	5.25
ennessee	5.50	5.69	6.13	5.77	6.26
exas	5.78	5.91	5.99	5.92	5.89
ah	5.44	5.13	4.96	4.74	4.47
ermont	6.70	6.19	6.94	6.82	6.40
rginia	6.69	7.51	7.63	7.18	7.94
ashington	5.00	5.23	5.70	5.89	5.65
est Virginia	6.31	6.45	6.66	7.05	7.02
isconsin	5.87	6.34	6.28	5.82	6.04
yoming	4.72	4.77	5.10	4.83	4.26
tal	5.89	6.16	6.41	6.06	6.34

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 26. Average Prices of Natural Gas to Consumers by State, 1996

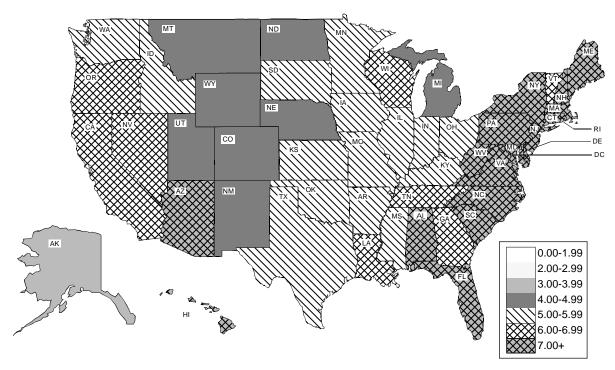
(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

	Comi	mercial	Indu	ustrial	Vehic	le Fuel	Electric Utilities	
State	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Pric	
Alabama	6.19	81.1	3.64	22.6	2.92	100.0	2.95	
Alaska	2.32	63.4	1.41	64.3			1.45	
					2.45	100.0		
rizona	5.02	85.1	3.80	19.7	3.45	100.0	3.03	
rkansas	4.68	95.0	3.28	13.0	3.86	100.0	2.52	
alifornia	5.96	54.7	3.77	10.3	4.75	89.3	2.75	
	0.07	00.0	0.04	04.5	0.40	F7 F	0.00	
olorado	3.67	93.2	2.91	21.5	2.12	57.5	2.09	
onnecticut	7.41	86.9	4.80	84.6	6.66	100.0	2.76	
.C	7.37	70.5	_	_	4.94	100.0	_	
elaware	5.82	100.0	4.32	37.3	3.03	100.0	3.13	
lorida	6.45	97.1	4.21	12.8	4.87	100.0	3.12	
eorgia	5.89	94.1	4.40	32.2	3.86	100.0	2.88	
	14.40	100.0	1. 10	02.2	0.00	100.0	2.00	
awaii					-		_	
laho	4.56	86.6	2.78	1.4	3.14	100.0	_	
inois	4.92	53.9	4.12	13.7	3.44	99.1	2.6	
ndiana	4.67	96.3	3.62	16.6	7.20	88.8	3.4	
wa	4.59	87.7	3.63	9.0	2.70	100.0	3.2	
ansas	4.61	71.7	3.09	7.6	3.06	100.0	2.2	
entucky	5.09	90.8	3.87	27.1	5.54	100.0	3.4	
puisiana	6.09	98.2	2.84	10.1	3.53	100.0	2.9	
aine	7.09	100.0	5.22	91.0	_	_	_	
andand	6.08	91.9	5.36	11.7	3.82	100.0	3.1	
laryland								
lassachusetts	6.74	74.7	5.37	25.9	4.51	100.0	3.0	
lichigan	4.75	66.9	3.87	9.1	3.38	100.0	0.7	
linnesota	4.63	96.2	2.97	41.3	3.42	100.0	2.1	
lississippi	5.22	97.4	3.43	41.7	2.51	98.7	2.7	
lissouri	5.35	82.2	4.35	25.0	3.19	100.0	2.5	
/lontana	4.64	91.6	4.88	3.4	3.93	23.5	2.89	
lebraska	4.47	70.0	3.29	20.4	_	_	2.0	
levada	4.91	74.2	4.90	1.6	3.53	100.0	2.13	
	6.74	96.9	4.79	55.4	3.33	100.0	۷.۱.	
ew Hampshire	0.74	90.9	4.79	55.4	_	_	_	
lew Jersey	6.14	73.3	3.82	52.2	6.93	100.0	2.9	
lew Mexico	3.35	64.7	2.90	3.5	4.78	86.8	2.3	
LOW IVICAIOU								
lew York	6.88	77.0	5.04	9.8	5.47	97.3	2.9	
orth Carolina	6.18	96.5	4.37	59.4	_	_	3.1	
orth Dakota	3.91	88.0	3.02	26.5	1.54	99.7	2.9	
	F 65	74.6	4.40	7.0	4	400.0		
hio	5.38	71.8	4.10	7.3	4.77	100.0	3.4	
klahoma	4.71	84.5	3.26	6.6	2.36	100.0	2.9	
regon	4.85	98.3	3.24	18.0	4.43	100.0	1.3	
ennsylvania	6.44	70.4	4.12	18.5	4.14	100.0	2.8	
hode Island	7.50	70.4 91.8	4.12			100.0	2.0	
HOUR ISIAHU	7.50	91.0	4.07	16.9	3.34	100.0	2.2	
outh Carolina	6.26	99.0	3.77	85.8	2.87	100.0	4.5	
outh Dakota	4.20	82.7	3.50	24.6	3.76	100.0	2.3	
ennessee	5.72	94.3	3.92	47.0	5.49	100.0	2.6	
exas	4.27	83.5	2.58	20.1	3.34	100.0	2.5	
ah	3.38	81.9	2.10	9.0	4.49	100.0	1.8	
a man a m t	E 04	400.0	0.44	400.0			0.0	
ermont	5.24	100.0	3.44	100.0			3.2	
irginia	5.93	85.3	4.07	18.0	2.80	100.0	2.9	
ashington	4.81	85.9	2.67	24.4	2.62	100.0	4.9	
/est Virginia	6.03	56.2	2.76	14.3	2.20	100.0	2.9	
/isconsin	4.83	91.6	3.48	36.4	2.40	100.0	3.0	
	3.67	85.9	3.14	2.9	5.24	100.0	12.5	
/yoming								
yoming	5.40	77.6	3.42	19.4	4.34	94.0	2.6	

^{— =} Not applicable.

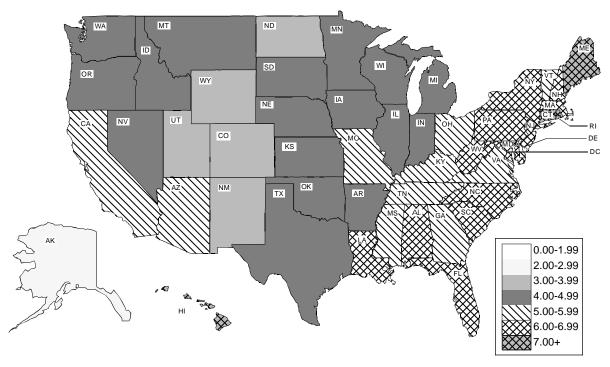
Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Figure 16. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U.S. Residential Consumers, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)



Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

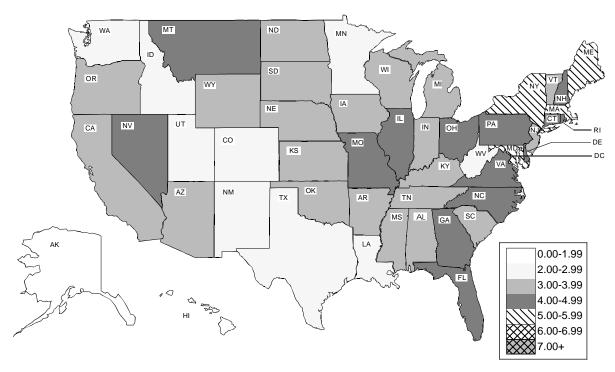
Figure 17. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U.S. Onsystem Commercial Consumers, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)



Notes: Commercial prices include natural gas delivered for use as vehicle fuel. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

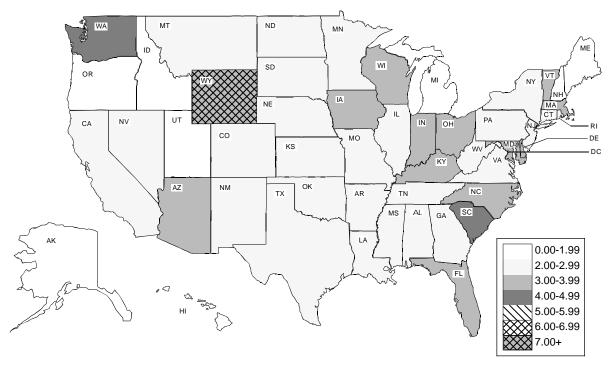
Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Figure 18. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U.S. Onsystem Industrial Consumers, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)



Note: In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Figure 19. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)



Sources: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," and Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 27. Prices of Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers by State, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

					Total		
State	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Total Average Price	Percentage of Tota Volume Delivered	
Alabama	6.23	88.7	4.95	21.9	6.19	81.1	
Alaska	2.33	63.0	1.95	100.0	2.32	63.4	
Arizona	5.02	85.5	4.20	38.7	5.02	85.1	
Arkansas	4.71	94.2	4.55	99.9	4.68	95.0	
California	6.04	63.5	3.84	11.8	5.96	54.7	
Colorado	3.67	96.5	3.37	29.1	3.67	93.2	
Connecticut	8.68	83.6	4.16	96.8	7.41	86.9	
D.C	8.83	100.0	5.15	48.6	7.37	70.5	
			3.13	48.0			
Delaware	5.82	100.0	4 15		5.82	100.0	
Florida	6.49	98.3	4.15	53.2	6.45	97.1	
Georgia	6.09	100.0	4.66	68.6	5.89	94.1	
Hawaii	15.03	100.0	10.04	100.0	14.40	100.0	
ldaho	4.56	86.6		_	4.56	86.6	
Illinois	4.92	53.9	3.96	94.5	4.92	53.9	
Indiana	4.74	98.6	3.48	67.3	4.67	96.3	
lowa	4.67	87.1	3.46	98.0	4.59	87.7	
Kansas	4.63	85.2	3.92	10.2	4.61	71.7	
Kentucky	5.13	94.9	4.26	47.8	5.09	90.8	
Louisiana	6.23	98.8	5.67	96.6	6.09	98.2	
Maine	7.09	100.0	_	_	7.09	100.0	
Maryland	6.34	96.4	4.81	75.0	6.08	91.9	
Massachusetts	7.02	88.6	3.60	27.2	6.74	74.7	
Michigan	4.75	67.2	4.04	7.0	4.75	66.9	
Minnesota	5.14	97.5	3.11	92.4	4.63	96.2	
Mississippi	5.32	97.7	3.70	93.5	5.22	97.4	
Missouri	5.40	82.3	3.39	76.2	5.35	82.2	
Montana	4.65	93.7	3.54	6.6	4.64	91.6	
Nebraska	4.77	65.9	2.99	100.0	4.47	70.0	
Nevada	4.91	75.4	2.55	100.0	4.91	74.2	
New Hampshire	6.74	96.9	_	_	6.74	96.9	
·			0.70	70.4			
New Jersey	6.63	73.6	3.76	72.4	6.14	73.3	
New Mexico	3.35	64.6	2.59	100.0	3.35	64.7	
New York	7.25	77.7	4.56	73.0	6.88	77.0	
North Carolina	6.19	96.9	5.20	73.2	6.18	96.5	
North Dakota	4.11	100.0	2.34	45.4	3.91	88.0	
Ohio	5.39	73.5	4.44	11.3	5.38	71.8	
Oklahoma	4.72	85.4	4.16	63.5	4.71	84.5	
Oregon	4.85	100.0	_	_	4.85	98.3	
Pennsylvania	6.66	72.7	4.54	55.0	6.44	70.4	
Rhode Island	7.56	91.7	3.97	100.0	7.50	91.8	
South Carolina	6.74	98.8	4.19	100.0	6.26	99.0	
South Dakota	4.33	84.1	2.26	65.8	4.20	82.7	
Tennessee	5.87	97.0	3.67	68.7	5.72	94.3	
Texas	4.34	87.1	2.28	40.9	4.27	83.5	
Jtah	3.49	98.4	1.89	25.7	3.38	81.9	
Vermont	5.24	100.0	_	_	5.24	100.0	
√irginia	6.12	93.4	5.01	60.0	5.93	85.3	
Washington	4.96	95.7	3.60	48.1	4.81	85.9	
West Virginia	6.45	75.2	5.74	47.7	6.03	56.2	
Nisconsin	4.90	94.9	3.82	59.0	4.83	91.6	
Wyoming	3.79	85.8	2.37	87.3	3.67	85.9	
-							

^{— =} Not applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 28. Prices of Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers by State, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

	ı	Firm	Interr	uptible	То	tal
State	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Total Average Price	Percentage of Tota Volume Delivered
Alabama	3.80	21.7	3.52	23.3	3.64	22.6
Alaska	1.41	66.8	-	=	1.41	64.3
Arizona	3.80	19.3	3.78	26.6	3.80	19.7
	3.34	7.6	3.22	48.5	3.28	13.0
Arkansas California	3.34 3.80	7.6 15.3	3.62	48.5 3.5	3.26 3.77	10.3
Camorna	0.00	10.0	0.02	0.0	0.11	10.5
Colorado	2.03	12.1	3.16	27.8	2.91	21.5
Connecticut	5.54	92.7	4.02	77.5	4.80	84.6
Delaware	4.59	27.8	3.81	100.0	4.32	37.3
Florida	4.43	12.9	4.05	12.8	4.21	12.8
Georgia	5.12	31.6	4.17	32.4	4.40	32.2
daho	2.80	1.4	2.66	1.6	2.78	1.4
llinois	4.19	13.4	3.22	19.1	4.12	13.7
	3.86	48.5	2.99	6.0	3.62	16.6
ndiana						
owa	3.99	6.0	3.17	25.9	3.63	9.0
Cansas	3.06	8.2	3.13	6.7	3.09	7.6
Kentucky	4.01	30.8	3.58	21.6	3.87	27.1
_ouisiana	2.79	10.3	2.98	9.6	2.84	10.1
Maine	5.70	88.1	3.91	100.0	5.22	91.0
Maryland	6.40	2.5	5.27	16.7	5.36	11.7
Massachusetts	6.26	24.8	3.43	28.8	5.37	25.9
viacoaci i acotto	0.20	21.0	0.10		0.01	
/lichigan	3.87	9.1	3.96	9.4	3.87	9.1
/linnesota	4.65	11.9	2.73	64.4	2.97	41.3
/lississippi	3.45	35.3	3.41	49.1	3.43	41.7
Aissouri	4.70	21.0	3.37	54.2	4.35	25.0
Montana	4.88	6.8	3.86	_	4.88	3.4
	3.80	11.2	2.90	54.1	3.29	20.4
Nebraska		–	2.90	54.1		
Nevada	4.90	1.6	_		4.90	1.6
New Hampshire	7.13	44.4	2.86	69.7	4.79	55.4
New Jersey	5.08	21.1	3.58	73.6	3.82	52.2
New Mexico	2.90	4.1	_	_	2.90	3.5
New York	5.50	8.5	4.04	14.5	5.04	9.8
North Carolina	4.48	65.3	4.32	57.3	4.37	59.4
North Dakota	3.44	9.4	3.01	28.6	3.02	26.5
Ohio	4.08	8.1	4.65	2.2	4.10	7.3
Oklahoma	3.37	3.8	3.22	2.2 8.7	3.26	7.3 6.6
JKIdHUHIa	3.37	3.0	3.22	0.7	3.20	0.0
Oregon	3.48	24.2	2.83	12.4	3.24	18.0
Pennsylvania	4.12	18.6	4.11	18.1	4.12	18.5
Rhode Island	5.07	13.3	3.44	100.0	4.67	16.9
South Carolina	4.59	75.3	3.61	88.2	3.77	85.8
South Dakota	3.66	34.9	3.29	17.4	3.50	24.6
Tennessee	4.46	51.4	3.48	43.9	3.92	47.0
Texas	2.54	35.5	3.68	1.5	2.58	20.1
Jtah	2.62	11.0	1.80	8.1	2.10	9.0
/ermont	4.44	100.0	3.37	100.0	3.44	100.0
/irginia	4.56	13.4	3.65	25.7	4.07	18.0
Washington	2.62	26.2	3.13	15.8	2.67	24.4
West Virginia	2.58	16.8	2.90	12.8	2.76	14.3
Visconsin	3.91	86.1	3.17	25.4	3.48	36.4
Nyoming	2.84	3.5	3.38	2.6	3.14	2.9
-						
Total	3.34	20.5	3.55	17.6	3.42	19.4

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 29. Prices of Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utilities by State, 1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

		Firm	Int	erruptible
State	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volume Delivered	Average Price	Percentage of Total Volum Delivered
lahama			2.00	40.4
labama	4 24		2.99	19.4
laska	1.34	69.8	0.32	100.0
rizona	3.72	0.1	, ,	.
rkansas	2.61	4.6	3.00	10.4
alifornia	2.70	0.4	2.59	27.6
olorado	2.22	29.4	2.72	14.2
onnecticut	_	_	2.62	66.6
elaware	3.41	11.1	2.73	100.0
lorida	3.36	0.4	4.34	_
eorgia	1.96	100.0	_	_
inaia	3.18	13.3	5.26	100.0
inois			5.20	100.0
ndiana	3.71	77.6		
owa	3.26	20.7	2.45	20.5
ansas	2.36	12.4	, -	
entucky	3.42	100.0	2.49	100.0
ouisiana	2.96	16.8	2.80	5.1
laryland	_	_	8.73	13.8
lassachusetts	2.84	3.2	2.69	79.5
lichigan	3.87	1.4	3.21	9.0
linnesota	0.90	100.0	2.60	100.0
			0.40	4.0
lississippi	. ==		3.12	1.2
lissouri	4.37	1.7	2.30	100.0
lontana	3.20	100.0	_	_
lebraska	1.51	100.0	2.43	67.9
lew Jersey	2.93	60.2	3.01	15.4
ew Mexico	2.60	21.1	2.23	5.3
lew York	3.38	64.3	2.63	100.0
lorth Carolina	4.97	100.0	3.24	75.5
			3.24	75.5
orth Dakota	3.60	100.0		
0hio	4.96	26.7	3.47	1.8
klahoma	2.18	1.4	2.28	97.7
ennsylvania	4.01	44.2	4.55	0.5
outh Carolina	7.13	100.0	3.10	100.0
ennessee			2.61	38.2
exas	2.52	63.1	3.56	4.2
toh			4.00	44 5
ltah	_	_	1.90	11.5
ermont	_	_	3.23	100.0
irginia	- -		3.64	_0.6
/isconsin	3.39	100.0	2.90	54.6
Vyoming	3.36	100.0	_	_
otal	2.52	26.0	2.69	23.5

— = Not applicable.

Notes: States without direct sales are not included. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 30. Leading Suppliers of Natural Gas Sold to Residential Customers in the United States, 1996

(Volumes in Thousand Cubic Feet, Prices in Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Company	State	Volume	Prices
Northern Illinois Gas Co	IL	254.574.988	4.60
Southern California Gas Co	CA	233,632,354	6.89
Columbia Gas Dist Co	OH,KY,PA,MD	196,322,935	6.64
Pacific Gas and Elec Co	CA	190,864,262	5.83
Consumers Pwr Co	MI	188,587,672	4.81
Michigan Consol Gas Co	MI	160,809,168	5.16
East Ohio Gas Co	OH	146,802,045	5.44
Pub Svc Elec and Gas Co	NJ	140,712,209	6.62
Peoples Gas Lt and Coke Co	IL	126,356,925	6.40
Brooklyn Union Gas Co	NY	106,349,594	9.43
Atlanta Gas Lt Co	GA	106,075,815	6.66
Lone Star Gas Co	TX	98,544,045	5.83
Natl Fuel Gas Distr	NY.PA	88.901.558	7.87
Washington Gas Lt Co	VA,MD,DC	86,496,236	8.00
Pub Svc Co. of Colorado	CO	83,543,734	4.24
Entex Div of Noram Energy Corp	LA,TX,MS	75,439,947	6.21
	LA, IX, IVIS IN		
Northern Indiana Pub Svc Co		75,077,544	5.13
Minnegasco	MN	75,046,870	5.56
Southern Union Gas Co	MO,TX	70,407,952	5.80
Laclede Gas Co	MO	63,316,365	6.18
Western Resources Inc	KS,OK	62,389,342	5.66
MidAmerican Energy Co	NE,SD,IA,IL	61,731,905	5.49
Oklahoma Nat Gas Co	OK	60,798,816	5.57
Mountain Fuel Sply Co	ID,WY,UT	55,917,746	4.48
Niagara Mohawk Pwr Corp	NY	55,090,081	7.54
Con Edison Co. of New York Inc	NY	54.729.224	10.28
Peoples Nat Gas Co	IA,MN,NE,KS,SD,CO	53.415.636	4.86
Wisconsin Gas Co	WI	52,990,746	6.04
Philadelphia Gas Wks	PA	51,422,081	7.83
	LA,AR,TX,OK		6.54
Arkla A Noram Energy Co	LA,AR,TA,OR	51,366,596	6.34
Indiana Gas Co. Inc	KY,IN	50,164,408	6.35
Northern States Pwr Co	MI,ND,MN,WI	48,169,247	5.62
Southwest Gas Corp	CA,AZ,NV	44,097,846	7.15
Illinois Pwr Co	IL '	42,735,009	5.06
Washington Nat Gas Co	WA	42,594,656	5.87
Baltimore Gas and Elec Co	MD	42,127,579	7.60
Boston Gas Co	MA	41,595,034	9.52
Peoples Natural Gas Co	PA	40,111,369	7.27
Long Island Ltg Co	NY	39.815.005	10.42
New Jersey Nat Gas Co	NJ	37,141,179	8.40
Cincinnati Gas and Elec Co	ОН	36,870,528	6.03
Wisconsin Elec Pwr Co	WI	36,616,776 36,333,145	5.98 7.33
Peco Energy Co	PA	36,323,145 34,714,351	7.22
Alabama Gas Corp Piedmont Nat Gas Co	AL SC.NC	34,714,351 32,047,804	7.11 7.54
	,		
Dayton Pwr and Lt Co	OH	31,200,897	4.99
San Diego Gas and Elec Co	CA	31,087,870	6.64
Equitable Gas Co	WV,KY,PA	30,548,688	8.89
Rochester Gas and Elec Co	NY	30,427,944	8.42
Northwest Nat Gas Co	WA,OR	29,475,876	6.24

Notes: Natural gas companies with the 50 largest amounts of on-system sales to residential consumers were selected from the respondents to the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Prices are calculated from the company total reported volumes of on-system sales to residential consumers and the total reported associated revenue. When more than one State of operation is indicated, the price has been calculated from the sum of the volumes and revenues reported by the company for all of the States shown.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 31. Leading Suppliers of Natural Gas Sold to Commercial Consumers in the United States, 1996

(Volumes in Thousand Cubic Feet, Prices in Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Company	State	Volume	Price
Pub Svc Elec and Gas Co	NJ	81,712,678	5.82
Columbia Gas Dist Co	OH,KY,PA,MD	76,048,915	5.95
Con Edison Co. of New York Inc	NY	69,809,658	5.99
Consumers Pwr Co	MI	58.661.306	4.46
Pacific Gas and Elec Co	CA	57,793,522	5.67
racilic Gas and Liec Co	CA	31,193,322	3.07
Minnegasco	MN	57,154,912	4.57
Southern California Gas Co	CA	54,772,058	6.16
Michigan Consol Gas Co	MI	53,635,433	5.16
Entex Div of Noram Energy Corp	LA,TX,MS	49,485,836	4.80
Northern Illinois Gas Co	IL	48,165,624	4.62
Pub Svc Co. of Colorado	CO	47,339,959	3.51
Atlanta Gas Lt Co	GA	47,003,924	5.87
East Ohio Gas Co	OH	44,154,931	4.98
Washington Gas Lt Co	VA,MD,DC	43,907,915	6.33
Lone Star Gas Co	TX	37,492,204	5.04
	17	01,402,204	0.04
MidAmerican Energy Co	NE,SD,IA,IL	34,076,345	4.56
Southern Union Gas Co	MO,TX	31,836,423	5.30
Oklahoma Nat Gas Co	OK	30,749,633	4.65
Southwest Gas Corp	CA,AZ,NV	30,371,660	5.11
Northern States Pwr Co	MI,ND,MN,WI	29,597,931	4.91
Northern Indiana Pub Svc Co	IN	28,763,211	4.44
Arkla A Noram Energy Co	LA,AR,TX,OK	28.566.634	5.31
Long Island Ltg Co	NY	28.148.267	7.78
Boston Gas Co	MA	28,062,269	6.98
			4.53
Peoples Nat Gas Co	IA,MN,NE,KS,SD,CO	26,795,877	4.53
Energas Co	TX	26,614,025	3.32
Mountain Fuel Sply Co	ID,WY,UT	25,251,435	3.38
Indiana Gas Co. Inc	KY,IN	24,799,125	5.31
Natl Fuel Gas Distr	NY,PA	24,363,094	7.01
Wisconsin Gas Co	WI	24,260,674	4.81
Niagara Mohawk Pwr Corp	NY	24.064.413	6.57
Laclede Gas Co	MO	23,274,661	5.24
Peoples Gas Lt and Coke Co	IL	23,250,618	5.67
Washington Nat Gas Co	WA	23,188,295	4.89
Western Resources Inc	KS,OK	22,718,729	5.32
Wooden Roodardo mo	1.0,01	22,710,720	0.02
Peoples Gas Sys Inc	FL	22,529,952	6.39
Wisconsin Elec Pwr Co	WI	21,986,620	4.88
Northwest Nat Gas Co	WA,OR	21,917,303	4.78
Brooklyn Union Gas Co	NY	21,238,174	8.30
Piedmont Nat Gas Co	SC,NC	21,114,428	6.38
Cincinnati Gas and Elec Co	OH	20,945,105	5.54
	PA	20,945,105	6.41
Peco Energy Co Baltimore Gas and Elec Co	MD	20,655,318	5.98
Illinois Pwr Co	IL	20,311,465 18,641,226	5.96 4.40
Citizens Gas and Coke Util	IN	16,987,692	4.40
		, ,	
United Cities Gas Co	TN,IL,GA,MO,VA,KS,IA	16,827,078	5.78
Commonwealth Gas Co	MA	16,160,236	5.95
Memphis Lt Gas and Wtr	TN	15,025,072	4.94
Philadelphia Gas Wks	PA	14,922,917	7.19
Montana Dakota Util	MT,WY,SD,ND	14,172,475	3.85

Notes: Natural gas companies with the 50 largest amounts of on-system sales to commercial consumers were selected from the respondents to the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Prices are calculated from the company total reported volumes of on-system sales to commercial consumers and the total reported associated revenue. When more than one State of operation is indicated, the price has been calculated from the sum of the volumes and revenues reported by the company for all of the States shown. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 32. Leading Suppliers of Natural Gas Sold and Transported in the United States, 1996 (Thousand Cubic Feet)

(Thousand Cubic Fe	,					
Company	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Total
Southern California Gas Co	236.147.041	98,326,527	274,565,356	690.930	139,093,560	748,823,414
Lone Star Gas Co	98,544,045	39,742,782	401,192,329	0	91,142,951	630,622,107
Pacific Gas and Elec Co	191,642,533	119.099.735	141,914,239	312,268	109.419.662	562.388.437
Northern Illinois Gas Co	263,619,891	101,698,957	147,415,783	1,219	21,803,577	534,539,427
Midcon Texas P L Operator Inc	203,013,031	0	424,591,521	1,219	83,168,501	507,760,022
Midcon Texas P L Operator Inc	U	U	424,591,521	U	03,100,301	307,760,022
Columbia Gas Dist Co	196,465,546	108,727,185	186,855,322	27,566	151,282	492,226,901
Pub Svc Elec and Gas Co	140,712,209	113,332,702	138,059,394	0	18,438,132	410,542,437
Michigan Consol Gas Co	162,530,830	100,311,987	97,173,863	0	2,617,033	362,633,713
Consumers Pwr Co	191,174,750	75,900,955	82,797,020	7,302	1,252,023	351,132,050
Tejas Gas P L	0	0	190,289,924	0	122,448,127	312,738,051
Koch Gateway P L Co	0	1,521,111	175,144,154	0	132,519,437	309,184,702
				-	491.351	
East Ohio Gas Co	146,802,045 0	62,196,931 0	89,292,382	215,637		298,998,346
Florida Gas Trans Co	•	•	29,073,033	0	258,508,136	287,581,169
Northern Indiana Pub Svc Co	75,077,544	28,763,211	176,454,647	90,222	3,396,752	283,782,376
Oklahoma Nat Gas Co	60,798,816	33,544,652	171,173,678	132,736	1,062,744	266,712,626
Atlanta Gas Lt Co	106,075,815	50,650,001	103,473,569	0	4,574,887	264,774,272
Bridgeline Gas Dist Co	0	0	195,614,402	Ō	61,307,248	256,921,650
Peoples Gas Lt and Coke Co	150,323,052	59,156,757	39,549,245	26,712	1,241,596	250,297,362
Channel Industries Gas Co	0	22.290	196.354.480	0	50.557.894	246.934.664
Con Edison Co. of New York Inc	54,729,224	69,809,658	9,255,346	13,875	82,998,637	216,806,740
	, ,	, ,	, ,	,	, ,	, ,
Niagara Mohawk Pwr Corp	55,090,081	53,043,578	104,680,096	27,599	1,099,731	213,941,085
Amoco Gas Co	0	0	212,646,009	0	0	212,646,009
Houston P L Co	0	0	155,576,986	0	48,589,943	204,166,929
Peoples Nat Gas Co	53,415,636	34,174,041	102,493,587	0	0	190,083,264
Valero Trans L P	1,411	5,314,770	42,201,193	0	140,240,577	187,757,951
Pub Svc Co. of Colorado	83.543.734	47.339.959	53.934.655	0	2,898,000	187,716,348
Entex Div of Noram Energy Corp	75,439,947	54,650,646	50,497,785	Ö	2,000,000	180,588,378
Natl Fuel Gas Distr	88,994,254	38,578,690	50,257,721	ő	0	177,830,665
Louisiana Intrastate Gas	00,554,254	00,070,000	164,360,279	Ő	12,634,188	176.994.467
Texas Util Fuel Co	Ő	0	0	Ő	176,446,280	176,446,280
TOXAS OUT T GOT OO	O	O	v	V	170,440,200	170,440,200
MidAmerican Energy Co	61,793,802	40,166,245	52,800,110	8,271	2,690,999	157,459,427
Noram Gas Trans Co	0	0	126,051,518	0	29,392,159	155,443,677
Minnegasco	75,046,870	57,508,490	20,278,608	34,220	436,429	153,304,617
Washington Gas Lt Co	87,828,107	53,470,704	0	38,631	6,212,119	147,549,561
Brooklyn Union Gas Co	109,442,238	24,935,263	9,348,847	7,000	0	143,733,348
Southwest Gas Corp	44,097,846	39,247,334	24,917,315	161,463	35,271,750	143,695,708
Southern Union Gas Co	70.407.952	43.293.862	27.952.904	0	1.559.122	143,093,700
Boston Gas Co	41.595.034	50.457.002	14,463,032	3.687	35.892.223	142.410.978
Wisconsin Gas Co	53,015,664	24.487.876	57.985.302	21.794	17.383	135.528.019
Mountain Fuel Sply Co	55,917,746	30,645,982	43,302,036	134,957	,	134,065,420
Mountain Fuel Sply Co	55,917,746	30,045,962	43,302,036	134,957	4,064,699	134,065,420
Western Resources Inc	62,389,342	32,096,605	31,659,298	0	3,674,049	129,819,294
Indiana Gas Co. Inc	50,164,408	26,792,125	44,674,451	12,466	3,516,171	125,159,621
Long Island Ltg Co	40,470,363	29,062,761	0	0	48,924,863	118,457,987
Arkla A Noram Energy Co	51,366,596	31,849,745	32,951,865	0	0	116,168,206
Kern River Gas Trans Co	0	0	90,361,220	Ō	24,073,617	114,434,837
Northwest Not Coo Co	00 475 070	24 047 202	E4 04E E00	24.005	7 440 470	112 002 161
Northwest Nat Gas Co	29,475,876	21,917,303	54,245,508	24,995	7,419,479	113,083,161
Laclede Gas Co	63,316,365	28,147,120	21,275,577	31,139	0	112,770,201
Baltimore Gas and Elec Co	42,127,579	21,011,797	46,845,025	34,272	2,519,437	112,538,110
Northern States Pwr Co	48,169,247	31,758,597	30,492,450	0	1,056,189	111,476,483
San Diego Gas and Elec Co	31,266,600	12,035,815	24,653,636	231,263	43,060,859	111,248,173

Notes: The natural gas companies with the 50 largest amounts of total deliveries were selected from the respondents to the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." For each company, the total deliveries include deliveries to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers, deliveries of natural gas for vehicle fuel; and all volumes transported to consumers for the account of others. The totals are summed from each company's reports in all States of operations. Number of vehicle fuel consumers generally refers to the number of fueling stations. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1995, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table 33. Average Residential Annual Consumption and Cost of Natural Gas per Consumer by State, 1992-1996

State	1992		1993		1994		1995		1996	
	Volume (thousand cubic feet)	Cost (dollars)								
Alabama	70	471	70	499	67	495	66	452	74	533
Alaska	193	732	183	724	192	690	192	695	199	680
Arizona	47	340	46	332	47	352	41	318	40	302
Arkansas	78	399	89	477	80	455	77	424	86	508
California	55	330	57	358	59	378	54	346	53	340
Colorado	93	422	102	460	93	456	94	451	97	425
Connecticut	98	879	99	931	97	985	95	945	101	1,017
	122	925	122	1.017	117	974	116	931	128	1,017
D.C										
Delaware	87	535	86	573	85	633	82	542	92	655
Florida	30	277	29	288	28	278	28	280	31	335
Georgia	77	499	81	550	72	529	77	474	83	552
Hawaii	18	334	19	326	19	318	19	330	17	345
Idaho	71	371	85	455	75	399	74	414	80	414
Illinois	142	721	146	807	139	763	145	676	154	813
Indiana	111	602	117	673	109	683	110	591	121	669
lowa	103	537	113	617	104	563	108	551	114	628
Kansas	94	441	109	536	96	490	95	467	106	593
Kentucky	96	481	102	536	94	511	96	487	101	558
Louisiana	59	329	60	367	56	350	55	330	60	405
Maine	63	440	65	485	63	496	61	448	65	506
Maryland	84	540	95	675	93	647	91	602	98	747
	105	833	105	874	101	907	90	810	96	854
Massachusetts										
Michigan	136	686	138	696	134	669	137	648	142	704
Minnesota Mississippi	114 68	552 335	115 71	610 372	117 67	604 365	119 65	572 343	129 72	705 413
Missouri	96	488	109	587	96	519	99	513	108	642
Montana	91	439	108	530	96	503	97	497	108	525
Nebraska	99	477	117	579	104	520	105	509	111	543
Nevada	61	344	68	385	63	421	57	384	57	355
New Hampshire	93	702	92	701	90	720	88	628	93	690
New Jersey	98	678	95	664	104	738	92	665	104	742
New Mexico	81	383	80	437	75	423	68	344	79	351
New York	84	635	96	784	96	841	93	784	100	887
North Carolina	74	489	78	542	73	531	73	504	84	638
North Dakota	108	541	117	614	114	592	117	545	129	585
NOTHI Dakota	106		117	014	114	592	117	545	129	363
Ohio	121	627	123	705	118	691	121	659	125	739
Oklahoma	79	392	93	459	82	450	80	446	88	499
Oregon	65	403	80	515	74	515	68	460	77	484
Pennsylvania	113	745	113	771	112	835	109	778	115	845
Rhode Island	101	776	99	811	87	789	85	685	92	783
South Carolina	63	440	66	469	56	431	61	460	69	512
South Dakota	98	503	97	515	101	532	102	513	111	581
Tennessee	75	412	80	457	75	458	75	430	84	524
Texas	65	377	69	409	64	382	60	355	65	385
Utah	96	520	107	549	97	482	94	443	97	432
Vermont	123	825	117	727	108	751	98	667	103	662
Virginia	94	628	95	713	90	690	91	655	96	766
Washington	81	407	93 94	492	88	501	83	487	93	526
	100	632	100	492 643	100	664	100	705	93 104	733
West Virginia										
Wisconsin	104	613	107	676	102	642	105	613	112	674
Wyoming	95	448	109	521	99	503	102	491	103	437

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Census Division Summaries

Table 34. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by Census Division, 1996

	Reside	ential	Comm	ercial	Industrial	
Census Division	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Consumers	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Consumers	Quantity (million cubic feet	Consumers
New England	187,469	1,940,894	160,761	197,567	167,354	15,231
Middle Atlantic	904,490	8,627,697	558,149	754,944	767,093	31,880
East North Central	1,640,926	12,116,529	790,682	1,007,756	1,455,204	62,460
West North Central	528,662	4,619,457	347,721	509,593	449,511	13,910
South Atlantic	457,792	5,446,188	320,153	514,514	716,648	13,243
East South Central	227,335	2,722,985	150.694	288.039	503.327	7,692
West South Central	408,861	5,854,303	281,452	548,533	3.528.911	14,571
Mountain	299,923	3.746.952	210,381	344,111	311,229	5,861
Pacific Contiguous	569.235	10,076,303	308.804	539.615	895.529	40,999
Pacific Noncontiguous	16,720	112,365	29,447	15,555	75,616	202
Total	5,241,414	55,263,673	3,158,244	4,720,227	8,870,422	206,049

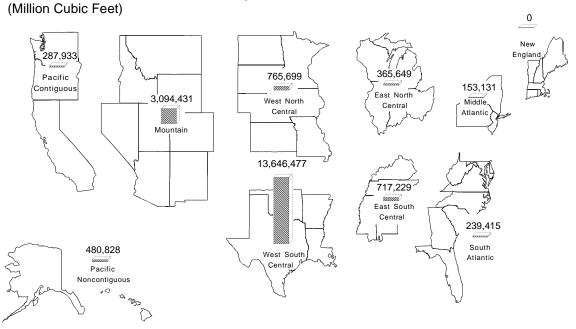
_	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Delivered to Consumers	Heating Value
	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	(Btu per cubic foot)
New England	40	80,592	596.215	1,031
Middle Atlantic	89	175,752	2,405,574	1,030
East North Central	465	72,922	3,960,199	1,019
West North Central	100	39.700	1,365,694	1,009
South Atlantic	182	334,123	1,828,898	1,037
East South Central	31	91,804	973,190	1,035
West South Central	183	1,461,718	5,681,125	1,034
Mountain	442	105,479	927,454	1,030
Pacific Contiguous	1,402	338,640	2,113,610	1,033
Pacific Noncontiguous	0	31,767	153,549	991
Total	2,932	2,732,496	20,005,508	1,027

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumtion of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995

and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Figure 20. Marketed Production of Natural Gas by Census Division, 1996

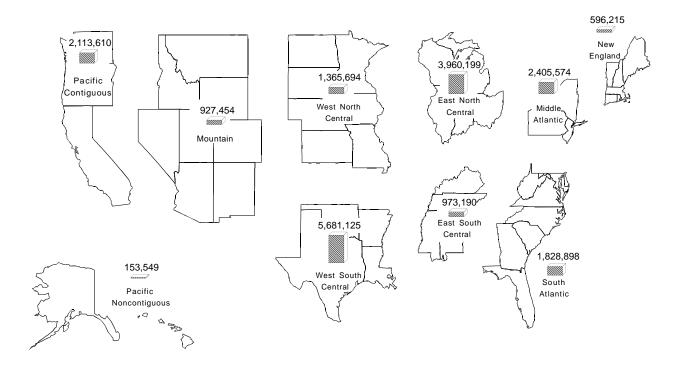


Sources: Illinois, Louisiana, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, and West Virginia, 1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports*, DOE/EIA-0216; and EIA computations. All other data: Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," and the United States Minerals Management Service.

Table 35. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by Census Division, 1995-1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Census Division		Residential		Commercial			
Census Division	1995		1996	1995		1996	
New England	9.06		9.03	6.78		6.96	
/liddle Atlantic	7.75		8.00	6.04		6.57	
ast North Central	5.05		5.44	4.57		4.94	
Vest North Central	4.97		5.54	4.08		4.71	
South Atlantic	6.89		7.50	5.33		6.14	
ast South Central	5.74		6.21	4.98		5.55	
Vest South Central	5.82		5.96	4.26		4.58	
Nountain	5.32		4.91	4.45		4.02	
Pacific Contiguous	6.39		6.35	5.88		5.57	
Pacific Noncontiguous	4.13		3.95	3.33		3.64	
	Indus	trial	Vehic	e Fuel	Electric	Utilities	
	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	
lew England	4.34	4.99	5.20	6.13	2.04	2.79	
liddle Atlantic	3.60	4.11	2.56	4.95	2.13	2.96	
ast North Central	3.38	3.79	4.80	4.81	1.52	1.91	
Vest North Central	2.73	3.37	2.41	3.05	1.71	2.36	
South Atlantic	3.31	4.13	3.19	4.13	2.28	3.12	
ast South Central	3.09	3.74	1.72	4.82	1.81	2.80	
/est South Central	1.90	2.67	2.54	2.66	1.96	2.63	
ountain	3.08	3.04	3.99	3.99	1.74	2.34	
acific Contiguous	3.41	3.43	5.53	4.56	2.27	2.73	
acific Noncontiguous	1.45	1.41		===	1.29	1.45	

Figure 21. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by Census Division, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)



Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition.

^{— =} Not applicable.

Notes: All average prices are volume weighted. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," and Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Natural Gas 1996 **New England** Million Percent of Million Percent of Cu. Feet National Total Cu. Feet National Total **Net Interregion** Movements: Industrial: 691,089 167,354 1.89 Marketed Production: 0 0.00 Vehicle Fuel: 40 1.36 **Deliveries to Consumers:** Electric 3.58 Utilities: Residential: 187,469 80,592 2.95 Commercial: 160,761 5.09 Total: 596,215 2.98

Table 36. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New England, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December of	U	0	ŏ	9	O
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
r roadoning at Eria or road	v	0	ŭ	9	v
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	Ö	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	Ō	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	Ō	0	Ō	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at Region Borders					
Imports	47.727	67,319	50,983	31,199	51,968
Intransit Receipts	, O	0	0	0	0
Interregion Receipts	536.854	482.851	489.523	797.531	712.656
Withdrawals from Storage	,	- ,	,-	- ,	,
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	8,943	9,358	14,884	11,066	14,682
Supplemental Gas Supplies	399	439	352	704	728
Balancing Item	-16,046	47,102	80,062	-154,372	-96,795
•	•	,	,	,	,
Total Supply	577,877	607,069	635,804	686,127	683,239

Table 36. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New England, 1992-1996 (Continued)

-					
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	513,723	528,517	560,725	597,314	600,455
Deliveries at Region Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interregion DeliveriesAdditions to Storage	57,826	71,931	66,911	81,304	73,535
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	6,328	6,621	8,168	7,510	9,248
Total Disposition	577,877	607,069	635,804	686,127	683,239
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel	2,796	3,253	3,866	3,757	4,240
Plant Fuel	_,, 0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers	404.000	400.000	400 500	470.000	407.400
Residential Commercial	191,906 113,660	193,088 116,897	188,530 147,127	173,680 143,825	187,469 160,761
Industrial	163,006	185,135	172,631	184,704	167,354
Vehicle Fuel	12	3	13	26	40
Electric Utilities	42,343	30,141	48,558	91,321	80,592
Total Delivered to Consumers	510,928	525,264	556,859	593,556	596,215
Total Consumption	513,723	528,517	560,725	597,314	600,455
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	402
Residential Commercial	0 1,177	0 2,226	0 27,587	0 19,340	103 30,732
Industrial	93,656	117,146	105,989	110,773	102,985
Electric Utilities	25,019	9,866	36,933	66,144	72,933
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	193,088	188,194	173,332	187,167
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	99,399 142,335	110,544 126,440	118,969 129,113	128,799 116,010
Electric Utilities	NA NA	12,439	28,168	46,288	72,058
Vehicle Fuel	NA	3	10	19	22
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	0	336	348	302
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	17,497 42,800	36,583 46,101	24,856	31,962
Electric Utilities	NA NA	10,855	46,191 22,465	55,591 40,637	51,343 8,843
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0	22,403	6	18
Number of Consumers					
Residential	1,871,671	1,888,138	1,918,291	1,928,388	1,940,894
CommercialIndustrial	170,758 13,184	188,913 11,721	180,043 13,274	193,778 14,940	197,567 15,231
		, . = .	,	,	,
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	eı				
Residential	103	102	98	90	97
Commercial	666	619	817	742	814
Industrial	12,364	15,795	13,005	12,363	10,988
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports	2.87	2.41	2.43	2.52	2.94
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.95	2.98	2.72	2.19	3.09
City Gate	3.59	3.95	4.00	3.82	4.33
Delivered to Consumers Residential	8.09	8.50	9.16	9.06	9.03
Commercial	6.29	6.43	7.04	6.78	6.96
Industrial	4.44	4.88	4.75	4.34	4.99
Vehicle Fuel	4.06 2.66	6.27 2.73	3.57 2.26	5.20 2.04	6.13 2.79

NA = Not available

NA = Not available.
— = Not available.
— = Not applicable.
Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The New England Census Division includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-8191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FEA-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Mic	ldle Atlan	tic	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interregion Movements:	2,474,782			Industrial:	767,093	8.65
	Marketed Production:	153,131	0.78		Vehicle Fuel:	89	3.04
	Deliveries to C Residential:	904,490	17.26		Electric Utilities:	175,752	6.43
	Commercial:	558,149	17.67		Total:	2,405,574	12.02

Table 37. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Middle Atlantic, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1,857	1,981	2,042	1,679	1,928
	,	,	, ·		,
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	36,906	36,857	26,180	37,159	38,000
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals From Gas Wells	464 070	450 747	140.444	128.677	150 404
From Oil Wells	161,372 824	152,717 610	140,444 539	723	152,494 641
From Oil Wells	024	610	539	123	041
Total	162,196	153,327	140,982	129,400	153,134
i otal	102,130	100,021	140,302	123,400	100,104
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	162.196	153,327	140,982	129,400	153,134
Vented and Flared	13	14	11	0	3
Marketed Production	162.183	153,313	140,971	129.400	153.131
Extraction Loss	604	513	513	582	603
Total Dry Production	161,579	152,800	140,458	128,818	152,528
supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	161.579	152,800	140,458	128.818	152,528
Receipts at Region Borders	,	,	,	12,010	
Imports	435,470	502,701	562,267	630,321	652,578
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interregion Receipts	2,275,739	2,227,354	2,172,434	2,710,896	2,637,885
Withdrawals from Storage			•		, ,
Underground Storage	438,582	448,703	405,137	472,085	379,865
LNG Storage	5,630	7,287	9,429	7,789	9,204
Supplemental Gas Supplies	15,684	16,698	9,449	8,856	8,304
Balancing Item	-38,310	-132,379	-10,334	-204,005	-98,057
Total Supply	3.294.375	3,223,165	3.288.840	3.754.759	3.742.307

Table 37. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Middle Atlantic, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)		-		-	
Consumption	2,187,785	2,186,786	2,294,581	2,452,718	2,461,386
Deliveries at Region Borders	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries Interregion Deliveries	0 654,539	0 578,376	0 576,334	0 900.983	0 815,681
Additions to Storage	004,009	370,370	370,334	300,303	015,001
Underground Storage	446,027	450,242	406,139	393,554	452,765
LNG Storage	6,023	7,760	11,786	7,504	12,476
Total Disposition	3,294,375	3,223,165	3,288,840	3,754,759	3,742,307
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	4,005	4,473	3,917	3,963	4,021
Pipeline Fuel	47,991	45,287	46,496	48,439	51,574
Plant Fuel	341	235	116	181	217
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	843,680	848,781	870,685	831,564	904,490
Commercial	482,360	481,446	493,738	514,052	558,149
Industrial	558,797	590,803	641,701	737,518	767,093
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	9 250,602	24 215,737	67 237,862	143 316,859	89 175,752
Total Delivered to Consumers	2.135.448	2,136,791	2,244,053	2,400,136	2,405,574
	,, -	, ,		, ,	
Total Consumption Delivered for the Account of Others	2,187,785	2,186,786	2,294,581	2,452,718	2,461,386
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	3,815	4,433	3,366	3,231	4,086
Commercial	91,044	90,938	92,186	119,691	144,044
Industrial Electric Utilities	372,873 23,768	392,264 22.638	449,203 24.666	548,334 52,081	585,683 22,419
	-,	,	,	- /	, -
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	848,781	867,990	828.221	900.974
Commercial	NA	407,353	429,236	444,765	475,115
Industrial	NA	330,821	382,825	475,352	516,690
Electric Utilities	NA	61,638	69,631	69,473	35,974
Vehicle Fuel	NA	22	40	138	78
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	0	2,695	3,343	3,516
Commercial	NA NA	74,093	64,501	69,287	83,034
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	259,982 155,188	258,876 149.733	262,166 230.445	250,404 138,219
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	133,100	28	230,443	130,219
	14/1	_	20	7	
Number of Consumers Residential	8,917,964	8,437,324	8,491,832	8,567,740	8,627,697
Commercial	722,563	712,267	727,372	740,637	754,944
Industrial	46,168	41,464	38,829	39,174	31,880
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	95	101	103	97	105
CommercialIndustrial	668	676	679	694	739
masmai	12,104	14,249	16,526	18,827	24,062
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.99	2.67	2.70	2.76	_
Imports	2.48	2.49	2.44	2.70	2.94
Exports	_	_		_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.48	2.88	2.45	1.95	2.66
City Gate	3.17	3.41	3.22	2.88	3.22
Delivered to Consumers	7.40	7.46	7.04	7 75	0.00
ResidentialCommercial	7.12 5.72	7.46 5.95	7.94 6.37	7.75 6.04	8.00 6.57
	3.80	4.00	4.02	3.60	6.5 <i>1</i> 4.11
Industrial					
Industrial Vehicle Fuel					
Industrial Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	5.65	5.06 2.67	4.11 2.28	2.56 2.13	4.95 2.96

NA = Not available

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The Middle Atlantic Census Division includes New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified

as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

East North Central Natural Gas 1996 Million Percent of Million Percent of Cu. Feet National Total Cu. Feet National Total **Net Interregion** Movements: Industrial: 4,017,727 1,455,204 16.41 Marketed Production: 365,649 1.85 Vehicle Fuel: 465 15.86 **Deliveries to Consumers:** Electric Residential: 1,640,926 31.31 **Utilities:** 72,922 2.67 Commercial: 790,682 25.04 Total: 3,960,199 19.80

Table 38. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — East North Central, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	2,384	2,264	2,417	2,348	3,174
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells	20.750	40,000	40,400	44 407	44.040
Producing at End of Year	39,756	42,003	42,469	41,497	41,943
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	265,613	263,986	269,569	273,230	321,023
From Oil Wells	80,202	84,129	91,342	97,557	50,290
Tatal	0.45.045	240.445	200.040	070 707	074 040
Total	345,815	348,115	360,912	370,787	371,313
Repressuring	2.340	2,340	2.340	2.340	2.340
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	-,0	_,; 0	_, -, 0	_,0	_,0.0
Wet After Lease Separation	343,475	345,775	358,572	368,447	368,973
Vented and Flared	3,324	3,324	3,324	3,324	3,324
Marketed Production	340.151	342.451	355.248	365.123	365.649
Extraction Loss	8,265	7,193	6.555	6.499	6,548
Extraction 2000	0,200	7,100	0,000	0,100	0,010
Total Dry Production	331,886	335,258	348,693	358,624	359,101
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	331.886	335,258	348.693	358,624	359,101
Receipts at Region Borders	001,000	555,255	0.0,000	000,02 :	000,101
Imports	38,568	34,874	17,320	26,475	29,043
Intransit Receipts	, 0	0	0	0	0
Interregion Receipts	4,868,856	5,079,521	5,768,472	5,741,430	6,154,619
Withdrawals from Storage	,,	-,,-	-,,	-, ,	-, - ,
Underground Storage	818,020	879,830	796,260	1,006,179	910.748
LNG Storage	1,653	2,140	4,366	2,056	6,159
Supplemental Gas Supplies	27,295	26,782	25,453	31.739	30.803
Balancing Item		-203.933	-592.118	-224.388	-301.713
Data long Roll	2,303	200,000	002,110	227,000	501,715
Total Supply	6,083,295	6,154,472	6,368,446	6,942,115	7,188,760

Table 38. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — East North Central, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at Region Borders	3,509,808	3,643,905	3,669,234	3,861,266	4,047,077
Exports	67,763	44,413	49,470	26,948	50,363
Intransit Deliveries		324,093	472,499	492,481	536,333
Interregion Deliveries	1,241,993	1,220,828	1,250,698	1,733,313	1,579,239
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	790,648	918,386	922,315	826,215	970,171
LNG Storage	1,477	2,849	4,230	1,891	5,577
Total Disposition	6,083,295	6,154,472	6,368,446	6,942,115	7,188,760
Consumption (million cubic feet)	5.000	0.054	7 707	7.404	0.005
Lease Fuel		6,251	7,707	7,461	6,685
Pipeline Fuel		56,167	70,970	67,520	77,069
Plant Fuel	3,210	3,408	3,504	3,459	3,123
Delivered to Consumers	1 450 172	1 513 200	1 467 240	1,535,648	1,640,926
Residential Commercial		1,513,299 702,557	1,467,349 701,852	740,654	790,682
Industrial		1,315,680 149	1,349,295 186	1,406,125 375	1,455,204 465
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		46,394	68,371	100,024	72,922
Total Delivered to Consumers	3,449,665	3,578,079	3,587,053	3,782,826	3,960,199
Total Consumption	3,509,808	3,643,905	3,669,234	3,861,266	4,047,077
Delivered for the Account of Others	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	, ,
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	33,985	36,078	35,364	38,836	39,092
Commercial		180,740	197,813	224,954	231,829
Industrial		1,102,744	1,144,409	1,209,358	1,251,876
Electric Utilities		37,463	59,337	82,892	62,042
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		1,513,299	1,467,338	1,535,619	1,640,893
Commercial		682,660	683,434	719,469	769,657
Industrial	NA	933,845	936,791	997,523	1,040,951
Electric Utilities	NA	34,582	58,370	75,190	60,289
Vehicle Fuel	NA	126	160	350	442
nterruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	0	11	28	34
Commercial		19,897	18,418	21,185	21,025
Industrial		381,835	412,504	408,602	414,253
Electric Utilities	NA	8,953	10,847	22,997	12,661
Vehicle Fuel	NA	23	26	25	23
Number of Consumers	44 004 000	44.55-00-	44 740 007	44.046.004	10 110 -00
Residential	11,381,828	11,557,297	11,749,087	11,942,604	12,116,529
Commercial	946,144 60.965	961,127 62,397	969,251 50,407	989,497 58,737	1,007,756
Industrial	,	02,397	59,407	58,737	62,460
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	127	131	125	129	135
Commercial	714	731	724	749	785
Industrial	20,936	21,086	22,713	23,939	23,298
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.56	2.41	2.13	1.90	2.35
Imports		2.02	2.16	1.90	2.89
Exports	1.83	2.14	2.49	1.97	2.66
Pipeline Fuel	1.64	1.21	1.35	1.20	2.06
City Gate	3.18	3.29	3.10	2.96	3.43
Delivered to Consumers					
	5.22	5.54	5.61	5.05	5.44
Residential			E 00	1 57	4 0 4
Commercial		5.03	5.08	4.57	4.94
CommercialIndustrial	3.65	3.95	4.03	3.38	3.79
Commercial	3.65 3.63				

NA = Not available.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The East North Central Census Division includes Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report", Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report", Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

West	North Centr	al	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total		1	Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Tota
	Net Interregion Movements:	628,189			Industrial:	449,511	5.07
	Marketed Production:	765,699	3.88		Vehicle Fuel:	100	3.41
	Deliveries to Co Residential:	528,662	10.09		Electric Utilities:	39,700	1.45
	Commercial:	347,721	11.01		Total:	1,365,694	6.83

Table 39. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West North Central, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	10.177	9.873	0.663	9.034	8.156
as of December 31	10,177	9,673	9,663	9,034	6,100
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	18,569	19,687	19,623	22,277	21,669
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals	504.554	606 700	054 504	055.047	040.000
From Gas Wells	594,551	626,728	651,594	655,917	648,822
From Oil Wells	133,335	135,565	136,468	134,776	133,390
Total	727,886	762,293	788,062	790.693	782.213
10101	121,000	102,233	7 00,002	7 30,093	702,213
Repressuring	3,513	3,390	3,814	4,043	4,846
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	508	532	358	93	358
Wet After Lease Separation	723,865	758,371	783,890	786,558	777,009
Vented and Flared	8,315	8.740	9.012	12.145	11,309
Marketed Production	715,549	749.631	774.878	774.412	765.699
Extraction Loss	48,791	49,938	52,615	52,769	52,933
2/11/30/10/11 2000	10,101	10,000	02,0.0	02,. 00	02,000
Total Dry Production	666,758	699,693	722,263	721,643	712,766
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	666.758	699,693	722,263	721,643	712.766
Receipts at Region Borders	000,100	000,000	722,200	721,010	7 12,700
Imports	369,137	383.702	389.083	411.442	407,584
Intransit Receipts	486.163	324.093	487.760	492.481	536,333
Interregion Receipts	2.273.597	2,349,622	2.646.848	2.631.598	2.738.559
Withdrawals from Storage	_, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,0 .0,022	2,0.0,010	2,001,000	2,700,000
Underground Storage	187,083	188,813	184,339	201,673	191,901
LNG Storage	7,813	11,683	9,426	7.976	10.076
Supplemental Gas Supplies	60.040	58.642	58.861	57.739	58,063
Balancing Item	-44.403	182.722	-11.556	191.045	113.042
Dalarioling Item	,00	102,122	-11,000	131,040	113,042
Total Supply	4,006,189	4,198,969	4,487,023	4,715,599	4,768,324

Table 39. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West North Central, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at Region Borders	1,293,801	1,444,515	1,458,364	1,478,863	1,517,291
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		Ö	0	Ō	0
Interregion Deliveries		2,540,740	2,822,161	3,045,926	3,054,287
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	164,774	201,425	196,072	184,604	182,579
LNG Storage	8,560	12,288	10,427	6,206	14,166
Total Disposition	4,006,189	4,198,969	4,487,023	4,715,599	4,768,324
Consumption (million cubic feet)	04.045	04.000	00.000	00.005	00.540
Lease Fuel		24,393	22,393	26,035	26,540
Pipeline Fuel		76,093	72,735	82,769	90,328
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	31,074	41,028	34,050	33,054	34,730
Residential	438,513	497,295	464,344	480,802	528,662
Commercial		318,742	310,307	321,563	347,721
Industrial		450,139	511,094	477,913	449,511
Vehicle Fuel		22	67	56	100
Electric Utilities		36,803	43,374	56,671	39,700
Total Delivered to Consumers	1,180,693	1,303,001	1,329,186	1,337,005	1,365,694
Total Consumption	1,293,801	1,444,515	1,458,364	1,478,863	1,517,291
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	13	62
Commercial		33,484	41,350	48,810	55,393
Industrial		345,604	419,331	388,592	359,469
Electric Utilities		14,296	18,588	25,620	17,157
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	497,161	464.344	480.681	528,571
Commercial		261,354	264,945	273,315	298,135
Industrial	NA	278,110	339,769	303,483	304,188
Electric Utilities	NA	7,293	16,040	22,034	14,938
Vehicle Fuel	NA	22	67	54	61
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	122	91
Commercial		57,387	45,362	48,248	49,586
Industrial		172,030	171,324	174,430	145,323
Electric Utilities		19,297 0	14,725 0	19,325 1	9,550 39
	INA	V	U	1	00
Number of Consumers Residential	4,328,454	4,451,556	4,495,448	4,545,173	4,619,457
Commercial		482,592	499,138	501.899	509,593
Industrial		13,036	12,557	13,617	13,910
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	ner				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential		112	103	106	114
Commercial	612	660	622	641	682
Industrial	35,524	34,530	40,702	35,097	32,316
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	1 57	1 01	4 40	1 20	1 70
Wellhead (Marketed Production) Imports		1.81 2.07	1.48 2.06	1.28 1.80	1.79 2.37
Exports		2.07	2.00	1.00	2.31
Pipeline Fuel		1.39	1.06	1.00	1.70
City Gate		3.15	2.99	2.60	3.17
Delivered to Consumers	2.00	3	2.00	2.00	
Residential	4.97	5.25	5.26	4.97	5.54
Commercial	4.11	4.47	4.44	4.08	4.71
Industrial		3.33	3.27	2.73	3.37
Vehicle Fuel		4.35	2.99	2.41	3.05
Electric Utilities	2.05	2.41	2.02	1.71	2.36

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The West North Central Census Division includes lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Form EIA-627, "Annual Report of Natural Gas Industrial Use of Natural Gas (1995); Form EIA-627, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Form EIA-627, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

So	uth Atlar	ntic	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interregion Movements:	1,592,465			Industrial:	716,648	8.08
	Marketed Production:	239,415	1.21		Vehicle Fuel:	182	6.21
	Deliveries to C Residential:	consumers: 457,792	8.73		Electric Utilities:	334,123	12.23
	Commercial:	320,153	10.14		Total:	1,828,898	9.14

Table 40. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Atlantic, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	3,307	3.811	4.496	4.427	4.729
as of December 51	3,307	3,011	4,430	4,421	4,723
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	39,412	35,149	41,307	37.822	36.827
1 Toddollig at End of Todi	00,412	33,143	41,507	37,022	00,027
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	206.766	208,892	234,058	236.072	233,409
From Oil Wells	7,584	8.011	8.468	7.133	6.706
	.,00.	3,3	3, .55	.,	0,.00
Total	214,349	216,903	242,526	243,204	240,115
	21.,0.0	= . 5,555	2.2,020	2 .0,20 .	2.0,
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	682	721	762	642	700
Wet After Lease Separation	213,667	216.182	241,764	242,562	239,415
Vented and Flared	245	205	220	28	200,110
Marketed Production	213.422	215.977	241,544	242,534	239,415
Extraction Loss	11,999	13,387	12,690	9,026	8,742
Extraction Loss	11,555	10,007	12,000	3,020	0,142
Total Dry Production	201,423	202,590	228,854	233,508	230,673
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	201,423	202,590	228,854	233,508	230,673
Receipts at Region Borders	201,120	202,000	220,00	200,000	200,0.0
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Ô	Ô	Ō	0	Ō
Interregion Receipts	3,309,501	3.290.584	3.415.392	3,765,665	3,836,300
Withdrawals from Storage	0,000,001	0,200,00	3, 3,352	3,1 33,533	0,000,000
Underground Storage	165,996	172,256	173,690	206.746	182.240
LNG Storage	3,951	5,452	7,333	9,592	12.643
Supplemental Gas Supplies	4,230	4.791	5,494	1,247	1.870
Balancing Item	12,279	143,864	98,886	-54,631	122,117
Dalaheling item	12,219	143,004	30,000	-04,001	122,117
Total Supply	3.697.380	3,819,537	3,929,650	4,162,127	4,385,844
. J.G. Gappij	3,001,000	0,010,001	0,020,000	1,102,121	1,000,044

Table 40. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Atlantic, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)		1	1	1	1
Consumption	1,596,374	1,622,052	1,680,492	1,923,936	1,906,994
Deliveries at Region Borders	0	0	0	0	0
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries Interregion Deliveries	1,938,877	2,015,987	2,054,593	2,067,231	2,243,835
Additions to Storage	1,930,077	2,010,301	2,004,000	2,007,231	2,243,033
Underground Storage	158,149	175,763	186,532	161,568	218,060
LNG Storage	3,980	5,734	8,033	9,393	16,955
Total Disposition	3,697,380	3,819,537	3,929,650	4,162,127	4,385,844
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	9,279	5,346	6,570	6,763	7,901
Pipeline Fuel	46,996	49,731	59,911	59,971	67,808
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	4,605	4,557	3,439	3,344	2,387
Residential	385,200	403,479	391,714	408,590	457,792
Commercial	287,357	295,379	293,056	305,621	320,153
Industrial	623,133	644,009	690,497	740,332	716,648
Vehicle Fuel	16	53	126	198	182
Electric Utilities	239,787	219,499	235,179	399,117	334,123
Total Delivered to Consumers	1,535,494	1,562,419	1,610,572	1,853,857	1,828,898
Total Consumption	1,596,374	1,622,052	1,680,492	1,923,936	1,906,994
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	00	00	400	400	4 470
Residential Commercial	89 36 103	99 25,958	100	120	1,479
Industrial	26,192 351,672	25,958 379,240	27,611 430,040	35,191 482,042	35,990 463,307
Electric Utilities	202,596	208,839	230,067	358,113	313,166
Licotic Ctilitics	202,000	200,000	200,007	000,110	313,100
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	404,376	391.699	408,562	456,438
Commercial	NA NA	227,176	226,856	232,783	250,275
Industrial	NA	171,121	223,748	245,688	245,524
Electric Utilities	NA	174,890	207,925	328,376	291,030
Vehicle Fuel	NA	49	122	138	139
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	0	15	28	1,354
Commercial	NA	68,203	66,200	72,838	69,878
Industrial	NA	472,888	466,748	494,643	471,124
Electric Utilities	NA	55,781	38,825	69,670	34,408
Vehicle Fuel	NA	4	5	60	43
Number of Consumers	4.040.740	4.076.100	F 40.1.100	5.005.005	F 440 400
Residential	4,943,742	4,976,403	5,161,109	5,285,997	5,446,188
Commercial	455,316	467,891	482,552	495,065	514,514
Industrial	10,283	11,672	12,786	12,968	13,243
Average Annual Consumption per Consume (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	78	81	76	77	84
Commercial	631	631	607	617	622
Industrial	60,598	55,176	54,004	57,089	54,115
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.86	3.24	2.48	2.09	_
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports			 0.77		
Pipeline Fuel	2.32	2.83	2.77	1.82	2.84
City Gate Delivered to Consumers	3.06	3.40	3.36	2.93	3.80
Residential	6.66	7.15	7.39	6.89	7.50
Commercial	5.19	5.72	5.77	5.33	6.14
				3.31	
	3 33	3 70	.1.20		4 13
IndustrialVehicle Fuel	3.33 4.67	3.70 4.05	3.56 3.94	3.19	4.13 4.13
Industrial					

NA = Not available.

NA = Not available.
— = Not available.
— = Not applicable.
Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The South Atlantic Census Division includes Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

East So	outh Centr	al ·	– Natı	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interregion Movements:	42,443			Industrial:	503,327	5.67
	Marketed Production:	717,229	3.63		Vehicle Fuel:	31	1.06
	Deliveries to Con Residential:	nsumers: 227,335	4.34		Electric Utilities:	91,804	3.36
	Commercial:	150,694	4.77		Total:	973,190	4.86

Table 41. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — East South Central, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	7,755	6,940	6,449	6,575	6,647
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	16,340	16,970	17,184	17,372	18,174
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	628,692	651,428	751,428	756,345	769,753
From Oil Wells	31,920	28,545	24,309	19,806	19,295
Total	660,612	679,973	775,737	776,151	789,048
Panragauring	54,989	45,271	46.044	42.270	31.967
Repressuring Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed		45,271 73.337	46,044 71.324	42,270 36.944	31,967
	72,491				
Wet After Lease Separation	533,132	561,365	658,368	696,937	721,759
Vented and Flared	4,876	4,020	4,577	5,170	4,530
Marketed Production	528,256	557,346	653,791	691,768	717,229
Extraction Loss	8,248	8,236	8,096	7,953	8,086
Total Dry Production	520,008	549,110	645,695	683,815	709,143
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	520,008	549,110	645,695	683,815	709,143
Receipts at Region Borders	320,000	545,116	040,000	000,010	700,140
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	Ö	0
Interregion Receipts	5,166,017	5,278,358	5,599,776	5,560,871	5,893,643
Withdrawals from Storage	-,,	2,=: 2,222	-,,	-,,	-,,
Underground Storage	96,168	115,529	105,566	149,791	140.019
LNG Storage	3,326	3,327	3,376	3.723	5,266
Supplemental Gas Supplies	188	439	204	3,723	137
Balancing Item	39.692	-20.662	75.081	285.070	379,906
Data ficing field	39,092	-20,002	73,001	200,070	319,900
Total Supply	5,825,399	5,926,099	6,429,698	6,683,308	7,128,114

Table 41. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — East South Central, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	949,815	979,800	1,001,052	1,090,534	1,111,595
Deliveries at Region Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interregion Deliveries	•	4,839,004	5,299,221	5,455,080	5,851,200
Additions to Storage	1,101,002	1,000,001	0,200,221	0, 100,000	0,001,200
Underground Storage	104,473	104.020	125,496	134,757	161,531
LNG Storage	3,259	3,275	3,929	2,938	3,788
Total Disposition	5,825,399	5.926.099	6,429,698	6,683,308	7,128,114
Consumption (million cubic feet)	-,,	-,,	-, -,	-,,	, -,
Lease Fuel	14,906	15,826	14,757	15,569	15,475
Pipeline Fuel	84,142	90,732	95,075	104,440	119,038
Plant Fuel	5,757	5,680	4,821	4,907	3,891
Delivered to Consumers	-, -	-,	,-	,	-,
Residential	190,262	205,541	196,700	202,673	227,335
Commercial		133,493	132,262	135,978	150,694
Industrial	471,509	482,184	469,673	505,164	503,327
Vehicle Fuel		10	19	276	31
Electric Utilities	58,109	46,335	87,745	121,527	91,804
Total Delivered to Consumers	845,009	867,563	886,399	965,618	973,190
Total Consumption	949,815	979,800	1,001,052	1,090,534	1,111,595
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	2	0	0	0
Commercial	9,643	10,536	11,854	13.160	13.144
Industrial		312.266	301,991	336,638	338,995
Electric Utilities	44,262	30,039	35,696	49,518	62,943
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	205,541	196.342	202.585	227,331
Commercial	NA	122,676	120,154	122,051	136,860
Industrial	NA	164,544	208,227	232,210	241,109
Electric Utilities	NA	30,870	2,051	7,525	7,138
Vehicle Fuel	NA	10	10	276	25
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)		_			
Residential	NA	0	358	87	4
Commercial	NA	10,817	12,108	13,927	13,833
Industrial	NA	317,640	261,446	272,953	262,217
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	16,926 0	36,486 9	44,179 0	57,782 5
Number of Consumers					
Residential	2,443,619	2,516,613	2,586,901	2,657,218	2,722,985
Commercial	263,846	269,995	275,628	282,428	288,039
Industrial	7,869	7,879	7,851	7,812	7,692
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	78	82	76	76	83
Commercial	474	62 494	480	481	523
Industrial	59,920	61,199	59,823	64,665	65,435
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	2.42		~		
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.12	2.33	2.11	1.72	2.47
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports		2.40	4.00	4 90	
Pipeline Fuel	2.37	2.40	1.98	1.80 2.74	2.62
City Gate Delivered to Consumers	2.95	3.13	3.01	2.74	3.61
Residential	5.59	5.84	6.15	5.74	6.21
Commercial		5.16	5.38	4.98	5.55
Industrial	3.08	3.47	3.44	3.09	3.74
Vehicle Fuel		4.70	4.00	1.72	4.82
			1.99	1.81	2.80
Electric Utilities	1.88	2.45			

NA = Not available.

NA = Not available.
— = Not available.
— = Not applicable.
Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The East South Central Census Division includes Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as industrial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

West South Central Natural Gas 1996 Million Percent of Million Percent of Cu. Feet National Total Cu. Feet National Total **Net Interregion** Movements: Industrial: -7,038,115 3,528,911 39.78 Marketed Production: 13,646,477 69.09 Vehicle Fuel: 183 6.24 **Deliveries to Consumers:** Electric 7.80 Residential: 408,861 **Utilities:** 1,461,718 53.49 Commercial: 281,452 8.91 Total: 5,681,125 28.40

Table 42. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West South Central, 1992-1996

Reserves (billion cubic feet)	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	87,198	84,777	88,034	88,734	62,357
as of December 51	07,130	04,777	00,034	00,734	02,337
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	92,212	95,288	94,233	102,525	102,864
rioddoing at End or real	52,212	33,200	34,200	102,020	102,004
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	11.599.913	11.749.649	11,959,444	11,824,788	12,116,665
From Oil Wells	2.313.831	2.368.395	2.308.634	2.217.752	2.151.247
1 10111 011 110110	2,010,001	2,000,000	2,000,001	2,211,102	2,101,211
Total	13,913,744	14,118,044	14,268,078	14,042,539	14,267,912
1000	10,510,744	14,110,044	14,200,070	14,042,000	14,201,312
Repressuring	413,146	392,235	363.489	339,691	315,181
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	180.003	184,258	196.463	200.233	238.897
Wet After Lease Separation	13,320,596	13,541,551	13,708,126	13,502,615	13,713,835
Vented and Flared	40.599	54.476	62.040	65.225	67.358
Marketed Production	13.279.997	13,487,075	13,646,086	13,437,390	13,646,477
Extraction Loss	611.804	617,868	611.720	623,178	639,141
LATIACTION LOSS	011,004	017,000	011,720	023,176	039,141
Total Dry Production	12,668,193	12,869,207	13,034,366	12,814,212	13,007,336
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	12,668,193	12.869.207	13.034.366	12.814.212	13,007,336
Receipts at Region Borders	,,	,,	, ,	,,	, ,
Imports	12.637	32.468	24.899	11.871	20,904
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	,
Interregion Receipts	181,618	186,693	285,147	603,963	685,326
Withdrawals from Storage	101,010	.00,000	200,	333,333	000,020
Underground Storage	701,553	599,196	569.247	683.367	777,144
LNG Storage	12,149	32,077	18,320	4,780	7,141
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1 1	3	1	1,7.00	7,141
Balancing Item	-163.249	-67,043	234,696	214,926	426.215
Data for ity Item	-100,240	-01,040	204,000	217,320	720,213
Total Supply	13,412,902	13,652,600	14.166.676	14.333.119	14.924.066

Table 42. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West South Central, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)	· · · ·	0.400.070	0.400.504		0.400.440
Consumption Deliveries at Region Borders	5,790,481	6,129,673	6,106,594	6,345,624	6,493,419
Exports	93,408	36,423	44,041	61,241	30,435
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interregion Deliveries	6,882,836	6,853,273	7,336,522	7,336,718	7,713,910
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	633,582	602,502	661,623	584,476	679,286
LNG Storage	12,595	30,730	17,895	5,061	7,016
Total Disposition	13,412,902	13,652,600	14,166,676	14,333,119	14,924,066
Consumption (million cubic feet)	0.400.47	2.5			221221
Lease Fuel	316,047	345,514	339,889	363,681	364,921
Pipeline Fuel	168,671	174,630 279.995	196,927	188,684	189,412
Plant Fuel	297,325	279,995	261,325	265,934	257,961
Delivered to Consumers Residential	375,189	412,313	377,151	368,826	408,861
Commercial	273,622	270,908	268,326	300,465	281,452
Industrial		3,154,777	3,158,342	3,300,803	3,528,911
Vehicle Fuel	2,960,466	189	3,136,342	3,300,603	183
Electric Utilities		1,491,347	1,504,407	1,557,062	1,461,718
Total Delivered to Consumers	5,008,438	5,329,533	5,308,454	5,527,325	5,681,125
Total Consumption	5,790,481	6,129,673	6,106,594	6,345,624	6,493,419
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	40				
Residential	43	2	0	3	9
Commercial	47,391	35,390	37,812	73,373	38,635
Industrial Electric Utilities	2,009,082 821,127	2,157,426 888,534	2,344,856 992,094	2,419,476 979,294	2,961,871 932,954
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	412,313	376,859	368,824	408,861
Commercial	NA	241,098	241,726	232,272	254,784
Industrial	NA	1,748,944	1,852,643	2,056,842	2,135,140
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	681,236 83	767,092 33	716,841 142	729,935 178
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	0	292	2	0
Commercial		29,810	26,600	68,193	26,668
Industrial	NA NA	1,405,833	1,305,698	1,243,961	1,393,771
Electric Utilities	NA NA	587,119	610,088	653,225	565,331
Vehicle Fuel	NA	106	194	27	5
Number of Consumers					
Residential	5,562,827	5,643,699	5,662,325	5,791,464	5,854,303
Commercial	503,361	510,704	519,875	542,563	548,533
Industrial	11,111	11,691	11,229	14,637	14,571
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	67	73	67	64	70
CommercialIndustrial	544 266,446	530 269,847	516 281,267	554 225,511	513 242,187
Average Prices for Natural Gas	200, 1.10	200,0	201,201	220,0	2 .2,
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.75	2.09	1.94	1.60	2.32
Imports	1.73	1.71	1.79	1.67	2.24
Exports	1.92	2.10	1.68	1.49	2.13
Pipeline Fuel	1.88	1.98	1.57	1.57	2.41
City Gate	2.81	3.02	2.82	2.73	3.08
Delivered to Consumers	E E0	F 60	F 00	F 00	F 06
Residential		5.69	5.90	5.82	5.96
CommercialIndustrial	4.22 2.06	4.54 2.44	4.53 2.21	4.26 1.90	4.58 2.67
		2.44	2.21	1.90 2.54	2.67 2.66
Vehicle Fuel					
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	3.35 2.28	2.65 2.55	2.25	1.96	2.63

NA = Not available.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The West South Central Census Division includes Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was

Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EEA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Moun	tain	— Nati	ural Gas	1996		
	Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
Net Interregion Movements:	n -1,554,530			Industrial:	311,229	3.51
Marketed Production:	3,094,431	15.67		Vehicle Fuel:	442	15.08
Deliveries to C	299,923	5.72		Electric Utilities:	105,479	3.86
Commercial:	210,381	6.66		Total:	927,454	4.64

Table 43. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Mountain, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	38.711	38.987	37.366	39.275	38.944
		,	51,555		,
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	30,965	34,975	38,539	38,775	41,236
3					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	2,352,729	2,723,393	3,046,159	3,131,205	3,166,689
From Oil Wells	677,771	535,884	472,397	503,986	505,903
Total	3,030,499	3,259,277	3,518,556	3,635,191	3,672,592
Denomination in the second of	040.045	040 407	040.007	400 504	450.050
Repressuring	249,215	246,467	213,297	183,504	158,953
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	25,544	153,992	141,220	149,005	241,953
Wet After Lease Separation	2,755,741	2,858,817	3,164,039	3,302,682	3,271,686
Vented and Flared	95,299	132,899	135,082	187,861	177,255
Marketed Production	2,660,441	2,725,918	3,028,956	3,114,821	3,094,431
Extraction Loss	137,805	145,010	154,116	161,227	191,503
Total Dry Production	2,522,636	2,580,908	2,874,840	2,953,594	2,902,928
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	2,522,636	2,580,908	2,874,840	2,953,594	2,902,928
Receipts at Region Borders	_,,	_,,,,,,,	_,0: :,0::0	_,,	_,,,,_,,
Imports	963.487	1,023,020	1,258,926	1,393,874	1,418,625
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	, ,, ,
Interregion Receipts	524.329	245.976	253.000	363.540	346.591
Withdrawals from Storage	,	,	===,===	222,212	- 10,00
Underground Storage	114,268	153,333	100,699	118,287	146,490
LNG Storage	4,138	1,583	644	661	770
Supplemental Gas Supplies	7,188	8,493	8.177	7.170	6.787
Balancing Item	-329,100	-73,696	-92,850	-307,718	-226,296
Dalaholing Item	-523,100	-73,090	-32,030	-507,710	-220,290
Total Supply	3 806 947	3 939 617	4 403 436	4 529 409	4,595,896
Total Supply	3,806,947	3,939,617	4,403,436	4,529,409	4,595,

Table 43. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Mountain, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	994,686	1,052,537	1,084,170	1,106,003	1,162,821
Deliveries at Region Borders Exports	2,579	3,359	5,546	42	3,405
Intransit Deliveries		0,559	0,040	0	0,400
Interregion Deliveries		2,755,591	3,195,395	3,308,568	3,316,341
Additions to Storage		,,	-,,	-,,	- / / -
Underground Storage	90,294	126,487	117,530	114,133	112,421
LNG Storage	1,422	1,643	796	663	817
Total Disposition	3,806,947	3,939,617	4,403,436	4,529,409	4,595,805
Consumption (million cubic feet)		00 700	40.450	== == .	
Lease Fuel		38,788	40,453	52,924	55,623
Pipeline Fuel		104,650 71,320	112,003 72,888	107,495 73.571	76,874 102,870
Plant Fuel	73,510	71,320	12,000	73,371	102,870
Delivered to Consumers Residential	254,547	284,231	272,805	274,405	299,923
Commercial		202,073	197,515	197,993	210,381
Industrial		270,297	285,475	295,227	311,229
Vehicle Fuel		147	312	462	442
Electric Utilities		81,032	102,719	103,926	105,479
Total Delivered to Consumers	766,788	837,780	858,826	872,014	927,454
Total Consumption	994,686	1,052,537	1,084,170	1,106,003	1,162,821
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	0	0	0	218	9.46
Residential Commercial		19,868	26,075	218 29.185	846 33,154
Industrial		232.886	248,307	261,683	280,217
Electric Utilities		79,378	101,179	98,471	95,111
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	284,231	272,805	274,405	299.923
Commercial		192,106	180,906	186,182	198,451
Industrial	NA	135,846	139,031	156,723	181,762
Electric Utilities	NA	61,360	87,257	93,140	95,137
Vehicle Fuel	NA	136	287	452	428
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	0	0
Commercial		9,967	16,610	11,811	11,930
Industrial		134,450	146,445	138,505	129,467
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		20,740 11	17,839 24	9,177 11	4,647 14
	14/1		27	11	17
Number of Consumers Residential	3,213,437	3,295,742	3,432,387	3,578,020	3,746,952
Commercial		326,468	331,808	337,499	344,111
Industrial		2,903	3,895	4,712	5,861
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	ner				
	70	06	70	77	٥٨
Residential		86 610	79 505	77 597	80 611
CommercialIndustrial		619 93,109	595 73,293	587 62,654	53,102
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		1.80	1.65	1.31	1.78
<u>Imports</u>		1.84	1.55	1.06	1.49
Exports		1.11	1.56	1.53	1.92
Pipeline Fuel		1.80	1.57	1.24	1.70
City Gate	2.75	2.77	2.99	2.44	2.56
Dolivored to Concumere	5.16	5.17	5.47	5.32	4.91
Delivered to Consumers		J. 17	5.47		
Residential			1 61	1 15	4 NO
Residential	4.24	4.33	4.61 2.88	4.45 3.08	4.02 3.04
Residential Commercial Industrial	4.24 3.07	4.33 2.84	2.88	3.08	3.04
Residential Commercial	4.24 3.07 4.11	4.33			

NA = Not available.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The Mountain Census Division includes Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report", Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EEC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Pacific	Contiguo	JS	— Natı	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interregion Movements:	1,999,161			Industrial:	895,529	10.10
	Marketed Production:	287,933	1.46		Vehicle Fuel:	1,402	47.82
	Deliveries to Co	569,235	10.86		Electric Utilities:	338,640	12.39
	Commercial:	308,804	9.78		Total:	2,113,610	10.57

Table 44. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pacific Contiguous, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	3,896	3.781	3,572	3,508	2,082
as of December 31	3,896	3,701	3,572	3,508	2,082
lumber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	1,142	1,110	1,280	1,014	996
ŭ	.,=	.,	1,=00	.,	
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	156,635	124,207	117,725	96,329	88,173
From Oil Wells	294,800	285,162	282,227	289,430	313,581
Total	451,435	409,370	399,952	385,759	401,754
1000	101,100	100,070	000,002	000,700	101,701
Repressuring	81,330	87,806	84,424	101,556	111,356
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	1.142	1.130	2.050	1.475	1,196
Wet After Lease Separation	368,963	320,434	313,478	282,728	289,201
Vented and Flared	751	580	830	1.250	1,268
Marketed Production	368,212	319.854	312.648	281.478	287,933
Extraction Loss	12,385	12,053	11.250	11,509	12,169
Extraotion 2000	12,000	12,000	11,200	11,000	12,103
Total Dry Production	355,827	307,801	301,398	269,969	275,764
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	355.827	307.801	301.398	269,969	275.764
Receipts at Region Borders	333,021	227,001	331,000	255,000	210,701
Imports	270.477	306.030	320,362	335,866	356.711
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	000,711
Interregion Receipts	1,753,383	1,790,517	2,038,261	1,892,995	1,768,560
Withdrawals from Storage	1,700,000	1,700,017	2,000,201	1,002,000	1,700,000
Underground Storage	202,104	159,406	173,214	135,973	182,920
LNG Storage	931	9,283	2,911	2,803	3,345
Supplemental Gas Supplies	182	9,203 7	2,911	2,003	3,343
		04.679	-	_	442.204
Balancing Item	10,513	-21,678	-102,843	-36,926	-113,391
Total Supply	2.593.416	2.551.365	2,733,305	2.600.682	2,473,912

Table 44. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pacific Contiguous, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	2,322,074	2,310,388	2,482,502	2,291,405	2,214,558
Deliveries at Region Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interregion Deliveries		55,747	67,018	139,367	126,110
Additions to Storage	,	,	- /	,	-, -
Underground Storage	167,446	180,913	180,572	166,574	128,778
LNG Storage	389	4,318	3,213	2,731	3,013
Total Disposition	2,593,416	2,551,365	2,733,305	2,600,077	2,472,460
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		80,329	63,347	62,226	63,337
Pipeline Fuel		20,906	24,357	34,835	33,091
Plant Fuel	8,008	7,096	6,388	4,287	4,520
Delivered to Consumers Residential	545,694	584,003	602,951	558,326	569,235
Commercial		317,950	327,931	343,749	308,804
Industrial		812,614	826,923	866,822	895,529
Vehicle Fuel		363	723	970	1,402
Electric Utilities		487,127	629,883	420,191	338,640
Total Delivered to Consumers	2,205,134	2,202,057	2,388,411	2,190,057	2,113,610
Total Consumption	2,322,074	2,310,388	2,482,502	2,291,405	2,214,558
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet) Residential	3,502	3,700	2 507	2,848	2 472
Commercial		60.956	3,507 136,770	137,416	3,472 113,757
Industrial		583,061	643,271	729,345	780,456
Electric Utilities		359,692	585,194	389,161	283,653
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	584,003	602,951	558,326	569,235
Commercial		298,075	279,164	293,771	258,515
Industrial		645,712	467,014	481,650	534,304
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	431,820 340	316,671 607	371,054 880	170,202 1,302
	IVA	340	007	000	1,502
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	0	0	0	0
Commercial		19,875	48,767	49.977	50,289
Industrial		166,902	359,909	385.172	361,225
Electric Utilities		47,427	308,741	57,542	157,084
Vehicle Fuel		23	116	90	100
Number of Consumers					
Residential	9,563,782	9,662,813	9,786,893	9,915,609	10,076,303
Commercial		529,368	532,958	537,725	539,615
Industrial	44,758	46,892	43,101	42,792	40,999
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	57	60	62	56	56
Commercial	651	601	615	639	572
Industrial	16,374	17,329	19,186	20,257	21,843
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.33	2.37	1.50	1.72	1.82
Imports		1.81	1.79	1.23	1.43
Exports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.67	0.97	1.09	1.36	1.69
City Gate	2.62	2.77	2.58	2.08	2.55
Delivered to Consumers	5 00	0.45	0.05	0.00	0.05
Residential		6.15	6.35	6.39	6.35
CommercialIndustrial		5.70 2.93	6.46 3.21	5.88 3.41	5.57 3.43
		2.93 4.63	3.21 4.85	5.53	3.43 4.56
Venicle Filel					
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		3.03	2.54	2.27	2.73

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The Pacific Contiguous Census Division includes California, Oregon, and Washington. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-795, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Form FEC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Pacific Non	contiguou	S	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interregion Movements:	-67,648			Industrial:	75,616	0.85
	Marketed Production:	480,828	2.43		Vehicle Fuel:	0	0.00
	Deliveries to Co Residential:	16,720	0.32		Electric Utilities:	31,767	1.16
	Commercial:	29,447	0.93		Total:	153,549	0.77

Table 45. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pacific Noncontiguous, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	9,638	9,907	9,733	9,497	9,294
as of December 31	9,030	9,907	9,733	9,497	3,234
lumber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	112	113	104	100	102
. roadonig at End or roamminimum					.02
roduction (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	198,603	190,139	180,639	179,470	183,747
From Oil Wells	2,427,110	2,588,202	2,905,261	3,190,433	3,189,837
Total	2,625,713	2,778,341	3,085,900	3,369,904	3,373,584
Repressuring	2.168.019	2,325,506	2,517,259	2,891,618	2,885,686
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	2,100,019	2,323,300	2,517,259	2,031,010	2,000,000
Wet After Lease Separation	457.694	452,835	568,642	478,285	487,897
Vented and Flared	14.097	452,635 22.485	13.240	8.736	
					7,070
Marketed Production	443,597	430,350	555,402	469,550	480,828
Extraction Loss	32,004	32,257	30,945	35,052	38,453
Total Dry Production	411,593	398,093	524,457	434,498	442,375
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	411.593	398,093	524,457	434,498	442,375
Receipts at Region Borders	411,000	330,033	324,437	434,430	442,575
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interregion Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawals from Storage	U	0	U	0	U
	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	· ·	•	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	2,711	2,705	2,831	2,793	2,761
Balancing Item	24,044	36,112	-94,604	60,995	73,907
Total Supply	438.348	436.910	432.685	498.286	519.043

Table 45. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pacific Noncontiguous, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)		1			
Consumption	385,816	380,922	370,003	433,003	451,395
Deliveries at Region Borders Exports	52,532	55,989	62,682	65,283	67,648
Intransit Deliveries		0	02,002	03,203	07,040
Interregion Deliveries		Õ	Ö	Ö	Ö
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage		0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	438,348	436,910	432,685	498,286	519,043
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		202,199	200,809	253,695	255,500
Pipeline Fuel		2,859	3,024	2,425	2,012
Plant Fuel	36,741	35,503	37,347	39,116	40,334
Delivered to Consumers Residential	14,901	14,415	15,473	15,805	16,720
Commercial		22,126	22,898	27,178	29,447
Industrial		75,795	61,404	64,977	75,616
Vehicle Fuel		0	01,404	04,577	0
Electric Utilities		28,025	29,048	29,809	31,767
Total Delivered to Consumers	148,236	140,361	128,823	137,768	153,549
Total Consumption	385,816	380,922	370,003	433,003	451,395
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	5,019	9.990
Industrial		22,258	25,523	31.112	27,026
Electric Utilities		7,693	8,368	8,990	9,116
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	14,415	15,473	15,805	16,720
Commercial	NA	21,781	22,535	26,835	28,851
Industrial	NA	73,574	57,618	61,463	72,757
Electric Utilities		25,934	27,541	29,023	30,163
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	NIA	0	0	0	0
Residential		0 344	0 363	0 343	0
CommercialIndustrial		2,221	3,786	3,515	596 2,859
Electric Utilities		676	706	664	661
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential		105,826	108,284	109,966	112,365
Commercial		15,581	15,280	15,409	15,555
Industrial	10	11	11	9	202
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)					
Residential		136	143	144	149
CommercialIndustrial	1,563 8,093,795	1,420 6,890,453	1,499 5,582,184	1,764 7,219,705	1,893 374,337
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.41	1.42	1.27	1.64	1.61
Imports		··· <u>-</u>	·· -	_	_
Exports	3.43	3.34	3.18	3.41	3.65
Pipeline Fuel		1.11	1.11	1.24	1.17
City Gate	5.45	4.02	1.88	1.99	1.98
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		4.49	4.09	4.13	3.95
Commercial		3.75	3.43	3.33	3.64
Industrial		1.29	1.42	1.45	1.41
Vehicle Fuel					
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		0.64	0.72	1.29	1.45

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Deliveries to electric utilities for the account of others are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. The Pacific Noncontiguous Census Division includes Alaska and Hawaii. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural dusplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-827, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Natural Gas Report", Form EIA-759, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants", Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report", Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

State Summaries

Table 46. Percent Distribution of Natural Gas Supply and Disposition by State, 1996

State	Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)	Marketed Production	Total Consumption
labama	3.02	2.69	1.48
laska	5.58	2.43	2.04
izona	NA	0	0.55
kansas	0.88	1.12	1.23
alifornia	1.25	1.45	8.23
olorado	4.63	2.90	1.40
onnecticut	0	0	0.58
C	0	0	0.15
elaware	0	0	0.25
orida	0.06	0.03	2.21
eorgia	0	0	1.75
	0	0	0.01
awaii		ŭ	
aho	0	0	0.31
nois	NA	0	5.10
diana	NA	0	2.61
wa	0	0	1.24
ansas	4.62	3.61	1.65
entucky	0.59	0.41	1.08
puisiana	5.73	26.53	7.58
aine	0	0	0.03
aryland	NA	0	0.88
assachusetts	0	0	1.63
ichigan	1.24	1.24	4.62
innesota	0	0	1.68
ssissippi	0.38	0.52	1.23
iccouri	NA	0	1.34
issouri			
ontana	0.48	0.26	0.28
ebraska	NA	0.01	0.61
evada	0	0	0.56
ew Hampshire	Ö	0	0.09
ew Jersey	0	0	2.75
ew Mexico	9.90	7.87	1.01
ew York	0.14	0.09	5.15
orth Carolina	0	0	0.97
orth Dakota	0.28	0.25	0.22
hio	0.67	0.60	4.26
klahoma	NA	8.78	2.58
regon	0	0.01	0.77
ennsylvania	1.02	0.68	3.31
node Island	0	0.66	0.38
auth Carolina	0	0	0.60
outh Carolina	0	U	0.68
outh Dakota	NA	0.01	0.17
ennessee	NA	0.01	1.28
xas	22.99	32.65	18.17
ah	0.98	1.27	0.73
ermont	0	0	0.03
	1.16	0.28	1.09
rginia		0.20	
ashington	0	0	1.09
		0.91	0.71
est Virginia	1.62	0.91	0.71
est Virginiaisconsin	1.62 0	0.91	1.83

NA = Not available.

NA = Not available.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; and EIA Report, U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1996 Annual Report, DOE/EIA-0216(96).

Table 47. Percent Distribution of Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers by State, 1996

State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities
\labama	1.08	0.92	2.27	0.08	0.23
laska	0.31	0.87	0.85		1.16
				3.91	
rizona	0.53	0.92	0.30		0.70
rkansas	0.88	0.98	1.59	0.11	1.24
alifornia	9.03	7.44	7.82	43.11	11.64
olorado	2.12	2.18	0.94	0.58	0.20
Connecticut	0.84	1.26	0.37	1.08	0.38
.C	0.33	0.52	-	0.21	-
	0.19	0.21	0.16	0.04	0.86
elaware					
lorida	0.31	1.32	1.54	3.00	10.38
eorgia	2.42	1.94	2.05	0.02	0.17
awaii	0.01	0.07	_	-	_
daho	0.29	0.36	0.39	1.17	_
linois	10.28	6.90	3.63	1.07	0.95
ndiana	3.43	2.77	3.26	3.81	0.16
nwa.	1 60	1 70	1.29	0.15	0.13
owa	1.68	1.73			
ansas	1.63	1.81	1.24	0.06	0.83
entucky	1.34	1.30	1.07	0.27	0.07
ouisiana	1.08	0.82	11.82	0.78	9.23
laine	0.02	0.08	0.03	_	_
laryland	1.63	1.45	0.56	1.67	0.31
lassachusetts	2.18	3.05	1.13	0.17	1.65
			3.91		
lichigan	7.62	6.38		1.37	1.19
linnesota	2.72	3.12	1.16	1.48	0.19
lississippi	0.58	0.70	0.91	0.17	3.05
lissouri	2.62	2.31	0.81	1.06	0.19
Iontana	0.42	0.47	0.20	0.45	0.02
lebraska	0.94	1.29	0.41	-	0.09
levada	0.43	0.65	0.41	1.64	1.71
lew Hampshire	0.43	0.05	0.06	1.04	1.71
·					
lew Jersey	4.25	4.76	2.27	0.01	0.95
lew Mexico	0.64	0.84	0.26	2.64	1.10
lew York	7.69	8.01	3.64	1.85	5.22
lorth Carolina	1.12	1.28	1.17	_	0.09
orth Dakota	0.24	0.39	0.09	0.50	_
hio	7.15	6.02	3.91	7.81	0.11
Pklahoma	1.46	1.46	2.27	4.53	4.99
regon	0.63	0.81	0.99	0.85	0.51
ennsylvania	5.32	4.90	2.75	1.18	0.27
hode Island	0.36	0.39	0.29	0.10	0.92
outh Carolina	0.56	0.64	1.08	0.03	0.04
outh Dakota	0.27	0.37	0.08	0.14	0.03
	1.34	1.85	1.43	0.14	0.03
ennessee					
exas	4.38	5.65	24.10	0.82	38.03
tah	1.04	0.94	0.48	4.17	0.13
ermont	0.05	0.09	0.02	_	_
irginia	1.45	1.88	0.95	1.09	0.38
/ashington	1.20	1.52	1.29	3.86	0.24
/est Virginia	0.71	0.89	0.56	0.17	0.01
/isconsin	2.82	2.97	1.69	1.79	0.27
/yoming	0.26	0.31	0.57	0.49	_

^{— =} Not applicable.
Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

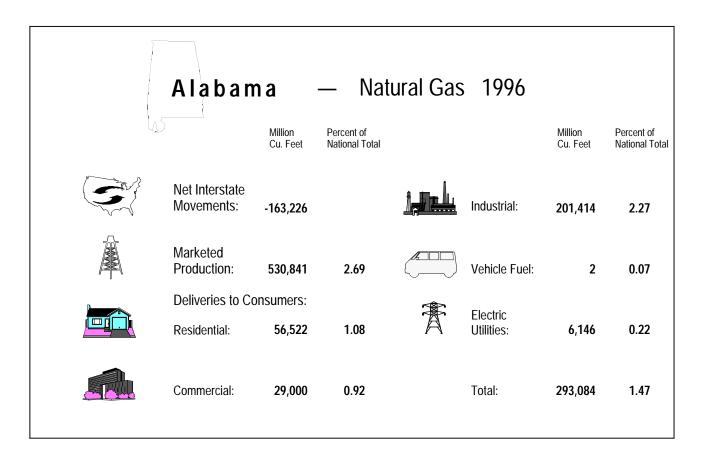


Table 48. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Alabama, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31 ^a	5.802	5.140	4.830	4.868	5,033
40 01 D000111001 01	0,002	0,110	1,000	1,000	0,000
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	3,350	3.514	3,565	3.526	4.105
. roddonig at End or rodinininininini	0,000	3,5	3,555	0,020	.,
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	403.848	435.066	566.141	568.190	570.907
From Oil Wells	9.766	11.255	12.722	11.935	11.394
	0,.00	,200	,	,000	,00.
Total	413.614	446,321	578.863	580.125	582.301
	,		0.0,000	000,120	002,00
Repressuring	29,996	31.179	33.961	30,949	22,601
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	26,719	25.320	26.980	26.580	27.006
Wet After Lease Separation	356,899	389,822	517,922	522,596	532,694
Vented and Flared	1.799	1.798	2.650	2.935	1,853
Marketed Production	355,099	388.024	515.272	519.661	530.841
Extraction Loss	5,490	5,589	5,647	5,273	5,361
Extraorion 2000	0,100	0,000	0,017	0,270	0,001
Total Dry Production	349,609	382,435	509,625	514,388	525,480
	,	,	•	,	•
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	349,609	382,435	509,625	514,388	525,480
Receipts at State Borders	_	_	_	_	_
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	2,792,910	2,849,645	2,715,849	3,253,871	3,231,927
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	55	1,448	2,125
LNG Storage	262	396	497	688	1,282
Supplemental Gas Supplies	171	410	69	*	18
Balancing Item	-30,213	-35,767	-46,633	-57,782	-35,808
Total Supply	3.112.739	3,197,119	3.179.462	3,712,613	3,725,024

Table 48. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Alabama, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	
Disposition (million cubic feet)			I.	1	I.	-
Consumption	278,794	292,346	288,863	321,577	325,542	
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0	
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0	
Interstate Deliveries	2,833,444	2,904,162	2,888,962	3,389,137	3,395,153	
Additions to Storage	,,	, , -	,,	-,,	-,,	
Underground Storage	0	0	694	1,375	3,349	
LNG Storage	501	612	944	524	979	
Total Disposition	3,112,739	3,197,119	3,179,462	3,712,613	3,725,024	
Consumption (million cubic feet)	0.004	0.040	0.004	40.400	10.100	
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel	8,391	8,912	9,381	10,468	10,492	
Plant Fuel	18,631 4,477	15,559 4,453	14,904 3,747	20,064 3,806	19,139 2,827	
Delivered to Consumers	4,477	4,433	3,747	3,000	2,021	
Residential	49,644	51,366	49,748	49,570	56,522	
Commercial		25,723	25,526	26,228	29,000	
Industrial	169,049	181,692	181,718	204,060	201,414	
Vehicle Fuel		4	3	4	2	
Electric Utilities	3,368	4,636	3,834	7,377	6,146	
Total Delivered to Consumers	247,295	263,421	260,830	287,239	293,084	
Total Consumption	278,794	292,346	288,863	321,577	325,542	
Delivered for the Account of Others						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential	0	2	0	0	0	
Commercial	4,868	4,950	5,043	5,213	5,470	
IndustrialElectric Utilities	118,457 2,739	131,817 2,753	132,073 3,271	156,374 7,441	155,962 5,101	
Firm Deliveries						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential	NA	51,366	49,748	49,570	56,522	
Commercial	NA	21,280	21,008	21,484	25,728	
Industrial	NA	56,379	71,344	87,327	89,299	
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	33 4	83 3	3,186 4	3,511 2	
Interruptible Deliveries						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0	
Commercial	NA	4.443	4,518	4,744	3,272	
Industrial	NA	125,313	110,374	116,732	112,115	
Electric Utilities	NA	4,483	3,569	4,671	1,973	
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0	
Number of Consumers						
Residential	711,043	730,114	744,394	751,890	766,322	
Commercial	58,068	57,827	60,320	60,902	62,064	
Industrial	2,509	2,458	2,477	2,491	2,512	
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er					
Residential	70	70	67	66	74	
Commercial	435	445	423	431	467	
Industrial	67,377	73,919	73,362	81,919	80,181	
Average Prices for Natural Gas						
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	0.00	0.40	0.47	4.00	0.00	
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.29	2.46	2.17	1.82	2.62	
Imports	_	_	_	_	_	
Exports Pipeline Fuel	2.24	2.34	2.13	1.93	2.63	
City Gate	3.21	2.34 3.51	3.44	2.89	2.63 3.48	
	3.21	3.31	J. 44	2.03	3.40	
Delivered to Consumers		7.10	7.41	6.86	7.22	
Delivered to Consumers Residential	6 74	7 10				
Residential		7.10 6.19	6.38	5.80	6.19	
Residential Commercial	5.71 3.07	6.19	6.38	5.80	6.19	

a Federal Offshore included in Louisiana.

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

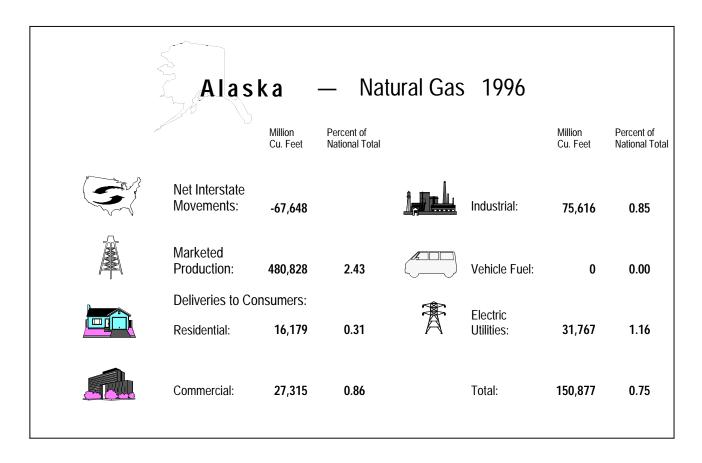


Table 49. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Alaska, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	9.638	9.907	9.733	9.497	9,294
40 01 D000111001 01	0,000	0,007	0,700	0,107	0,201
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	112	113	104	100	102
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	198,603	190,139	180,639	179,470	183,747
From Oil Wells	2,427,110	2,588,202	2,905,261	3,190,433	3,189,837
Total	2,625,713	2,778,341	3,085,900	3,369,904	3,373,584
Repressuring	2,168,019	2,325,506	2,517,259	2,891,618	2,885,686
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	457,694	452,835	568,642	478,285	487,897
Vented and Flared	14.097	22.485	13.240	8.736	7.070
Marketed Production	443,597	430.350	555.402	469.550	480,828
Extraction Loss	32,004	32,257	30,945	35,052	38,453
	- ,	-,-	,-	,	,
Total Dry Production	411,593	398,093	524,457	434,498	442,375
•					
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	411,593	398,093	524,457	434,498	442,375
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	Õ	Õ	Ö	Õ	Ö
Supplemental Gas Supplies	Õ	Õ	0	0	0
Balancing Item	24,060	36,136	-94,550	61,016	73,996
25.5.10.19	,000	23,100	31,000	21,010	70,000
Total Supply	435,652	434,229	429,907	495,514	516,370
	.00,002	,==0	.20,00.	.00,0	3.3,570

Table 49. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Alaska, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	383,121	378,241	367,225	430,231	448,722
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	52,532	55,989	62,682	65,283	67,648
Intransit Deliveries		0	02,002	03,203	07,040
Interstate Deliveries		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	435,652	434,229	429,907	495,514	516,370
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		202,199	200,809	253,695	255,500
Pipeline Fuel		2,859	3,024	2,425	2,012
Plant Fuel	36,741	35,503	37,347	39,116	40,334
Delivered to Consumers Residential	14,350	13,858	14,895	15,231	16,179
Commercial		20,003	20,698	24,979	27,315
Industrial		75,795	61,404	64,977	75,616
Vehicle Fuel		0	01,404	04,577	70,010
Electric Utilities		28,025	29,048	29,809	31,767
Total Delivered to Consumers	145,541	137,680	126,045	134,996	150,877
Total Consumption	383,121	378,241	367,225	430,231	448,722
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	5,019	9,990
Industrial Electric Utilities		22,258 7,693	25,523 8,368	31,112 8,990	27,026 9,116
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)		42.050	44.005		
Residential Commercial		13,858 20,003	14,895 20,698	15,231 24,979	16,179 26,986
Industrial		73,574	57,618	61,463	72,757
Electric Utilities		25,934	27,541	29,023	30,163
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		NA	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	0	329
Industrial		2,221	3,786	3,515	2,859
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		676 0	706 0	664 0	661 0
	14/1	Ü	Ŭ	J	Ŭ
Number of Consumers Residential	74,268	75,842	77,670	79,474	81,348
Commercial		12,359	12,475	12,584	12,732
Industrial		11	11	9	202
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential		183	192	192	199
CommercialIndustrial	1,745 8,093,795	1,618 6,890,453	1,659 5,582,184	1,985 7,219,705	2,145 374,337
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		1.42	1.27	1.64	1.61
ImportsExports		3.34	 3.18	 3.41	 3.65
Pipeline Fuel		3.3 4 1.11	1.11	1.24	1.17
City Gate		0.33	1.62	1.67	1.58
Delivered to Consumers	0.04	0.00	1.02	1.07	1.00
Residential	3.79	3.96	3.60	3.63	3.42
Commercial		2.78	2.48	2.27	2.32
Industrial		1.29	1.42	1.45	1.41
Vehicle Fuel				. =	
Electric Utilities	0.57	0.64	0.72	1.29	1.45

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

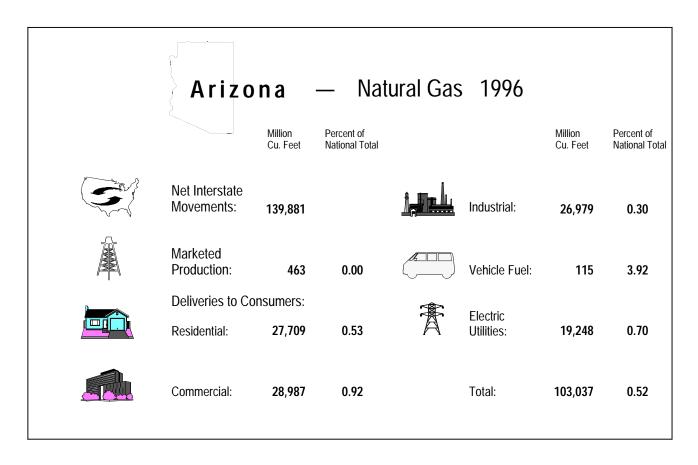


Table 50. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Arizona, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
as of 2 seemed of minimum					
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	6	6	6	7	7
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	721	508	711	470	417
From Oil Wells	72	110	48	88	47
			.0	-	•••
Total	794	618	759	558	464
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	794	618	759	558	464
Vented and Flared	23	21	8	0	0
Marketed Production	771	597	752	558	463
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	771	597	752	558	463
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	771	597	752	558	463
Receipts at State Borders	771	597	752	556	403
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,244,223	1,270,649	1,234,695	994,103	883,918
	1,244,223	1,270,049	1,234,695	994,103	003,910
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage		0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	4,718	-83,894	20,057	4,667	-19,994
Total Supply	1,249,712	1,187,352	1,255,504	999,327	864,387

Table 50. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Arizona, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet)						
Consumption		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Deliveris at State Borders		400 CEO	444.000	122 107	100 100	120.250
Exports		129,050	114,800	133,497	120,126	120,350
Interstate Deliveries		2,565	3,253	2,459	42	3,405
Additions to Storage Underground Underground Storage Underground U				-		
Diddeground Stórage		1,117,497	1,069,293	1,119,548	879,159	740,632
LNS Storage	Additions to Storage	0	0	0	Λ	0
Total Disposition	LNG Storage					
Consumption (million cubic feet)	•	1 249 712	1 187 352	1 255 504	999 327	864 387
Lesse Fuel.	•	1,210,712	1,101,002	1,200,001	000,027	001,001
Pipeline Fuel. 23,376 17,339 24,919 18,338 17,254 Pipeline Fuel. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		41	49	61	57	58
Delivered to Consumers Residential 28,386 28,161 29,884 26,883 27,709 Commercial 27,089 27,588 29,187 28,210 28,987 Industrial 19,774 21,164 25,889 27,680 26,975 March 20,000	Pipeline Fuel	23,376	17,339	24,919	18,338	17,254
Residential 28,336 28,161 29,684 26,893 27,709 27,658 29,187 28,210 28,997 28,000 27,668 29,187 28,210 28,997 28,000 27,663 28,997 28,000 28,00		0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		20 206	20 161	20.694	26 902	27 700
Industrial						
Vehicle Fuel.						
Electric Utilities						
Total Consumption	Electric Utilities	30,939	20,480	23,716	18,846	19,248
Delivered for the Account of Others	Total Delivered to Consumers	106,234	97,417	108,517	101,731	103,037
Million cubic feet) Residential	Total Consumption	129,650	114,806	133,497	120,126	120,350
Million cubic feet) Residential 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Delivered for the Assemble of Others					
Residential						
Commercial		0	0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities					3,282	4,309
Firm Deliveries		- /	-,			,
Million cubic feet)	Electric Utilities	40,553	29,866	33,188	25,867	26,662
Residential	Firm Deliveries					
Commercial						
Industrial						
Electric Utilities						
Vehicle Fuel						
Million cubic feet) Residential						
Million cubic feet) Residential	Interruptible Deliveries					
Commercial						
Industrial						-
Electric Utilities					.— .	
Vehicle Fuel						
Residential						
Commercial 47,781 47,678 48,568 49,145 49,693 Industrial 532 526 519 530 534 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 47 46 47 41 40 Commercial 567 578 601 574 583 Industrial 37,169 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80						
Industrial						
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 47 46 47 41 40 Commercial 567 578 601 574 583 Industrial 37,169 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45						- /
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 47 46 47 41 40 Commercial 567 578 601 574 583 Industrial 37,169 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45			526	519	530	534
Residential 47 46 47 41 40 Commercial 567 578 601 574 583 Industrial 37,169 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45 <td>Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)</td> <td>er</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Commercial 567 578 601 574 583 Industrial 37,169 40,236 49,844 52,195 50,522 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45		47	46	47	41	40
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	Commercial					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45						
Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.85 1.30 1.40 1.20 1.65 Imports — — — — — Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45						
Imports		1 85	1 30	1 10	1 20	1 65
Exports 1.42 1.08 1.73 1.53 1.92 Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45		1.00 —	1.30	1. 4 0 —	1.20	1.00 —
Pipeline Fuel 1.25 1.68 1.28 1.19 1.80 City Gate 2.33 2.62 2.53 2.10 2.78 Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45		1.42	1.08	1.73	1.53	1.92
Delivered to Consumers Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45	Pipeline Fuel					
Residential 7.24 7.20 7.54 7.82 7.52 Commercial 5.20 5.06 5.27 5.25 5.02 Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45		2.33	2.62	2.53	2.10	2.78
Commercial		7.24	7.20	7 5 /	7 00	7.50
Industrial 4.16 4.02 3.57 3.81 3.80 Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45						
Vehicle Fuel 3.63 3.57 3.93 3.76 3.45						
	Electric Utilities					

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

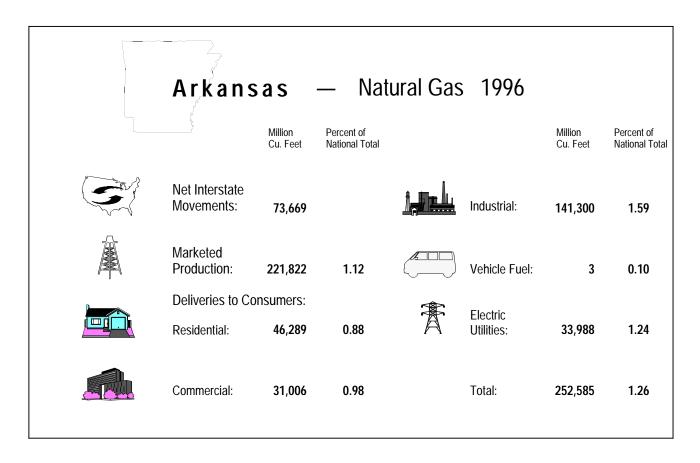


Table 51. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Arkansas, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1.750	1,552	1.607	1.563	1,470
40 01 D000111001 01	1,100	1,002	1,007	1,000	1,170
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,988	4,020
•					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	171,543	166,273	161,967	161,390	182,895
From Oil Wells	39,364	38,279	33,446	33,979	41,551
Total	240.000	204 552	40E 440	105.200	224 446
Total	210,906	204,552	195,413	195,369	224,446
Repressuring	8.056	7.773	7.426	7.815	2.354
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0,000	7,770	7,420	7,818	2,004
Wet After Lease Separation	202,850	196.779	187,986	187,554	222,092
Vented and Flared	371	409	313	313	270
Marketed Production	202.479	196.370	187.673	187.242	221,822
Extraction Loss	413	507	553	488	479
2/11/201011 2000 11111111111111111111111		00.	555	.00	
Total Dry Production	202,066	195,863	187,120	186,754	221,343
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	202,066	195,863	187,120	186,754	221,343
Receipts at State Borders	202,000	155,005	107,120	100,704	221,040
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Õ	Ô	0	ŏ	Õ
Interstate Receipts	2,235,546	2,384,562	2,865,799	2,614,855	2,810,961
Withdrawals from Storage	2,200,010	2,00 .,002	2,000,: 00	2,0: 1,000	2,0.0,00.
Underground Storage	2.975	8,481	5.731	6.076	7,216
LNG Storage	51	44	68	56	85
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-20,293	-4.044	-9,054	1.505	-24,500
		.,	0,00.	1,000	2.,000
Total Supply	2,420,345	2,584,905	3,049,665	2,809,246	3,015,105

Table 51. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Arkansas, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	224,576	231,201	244,425	257,068	270,661
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	2,193,258	2,353,378	2,801,918	2,546,781	2,737,292
Additions to Storage	,,	,,-	, ,-	,, -	, - , -
Underground Storage	2,461	272	3,249	5,368	7,152
LNG Storage	50	53	73	29	0
Total Disposition	2,420,345	2,584,905	3,049,665	2,809,246	3,015,105
Consumption (million cubic feet)			4.000	=	
Lease Fuel	5,570	6,053	4,283	5,083	5,124
Pipeline Fuel	8,085	9,662	11,840	11,445	12,501
Plant Fuel	268	352	467	468	451
Delivered to Consumers Residential	39,474	45,545	41,527	41,107	46,289
Commercial	25,314	28,998	27,407	27,409	31,006
Industrial		119,401	133,921	138,803	141,300
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	3	130,003	141,300
Electric Utilities		21,191	24,977	32,750	33,988
Total Delivered to Consumers	210,653	215,135	227,835	240,071	252,585
Total Consumption	224,576	231,201	244,425	257,068	270,661
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	2,343	2,393	1,351	1,104	1,550
Industrial	102,468	102,902	115,461	119,716	122,937
Electric Utilities	25,647	16,528	18,625	23,132	26,442
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	45,545	41,527	41.107	46,289
Commercial		28,043	23,651	23,336	26,647
Industrial		102,595	115,036	117,694	122,560
Electric Utilities	NA	5,803	13,517	21,945	25,197
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	3	2	1
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		955	3,756	4,073	4,359
Industrial	NA	16,806	18,884	21,109	18,740
Electric Utilities	NA	11,859	5,903	2,108	2,684
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	2
Number of Consumers	E04 700	E40 400	E04 470	E24 400	E20.050
Residential Commercial	504,722 62,221	513,466 62,952	521,176 63,821	531,182 65,490	539,952 67,293
Industrial	1,319	1,364	1,417	1,366	1,488
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	78	89	80	77	86
CommercialIndustrial	407 90,106	461 87,537	429 94,510	419 101,613	461 94,960
Average Prices for Natural Gas	•	•		•	
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.15	2.81	2.65	3.02	3.82
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports		_			
Pipeline Fuel	1.78	1.64	1.61	1.45	2.41
City Gate	2.60	2.66	2.54	2.32	2.76
Delivered to Consumers Residential	5.10	5.38	5.71	5.48	5.92
Commercial	4.38	4.42	4.58	4.09	4.68
Industrial		3.31	3.28	2.78	3.28
Vehicle Fuel	-	-	4.29	3.94	3.86
verilde fuel			·· 		
Electric Utilities	1.57	2.27	1.87	1.74	2.52

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

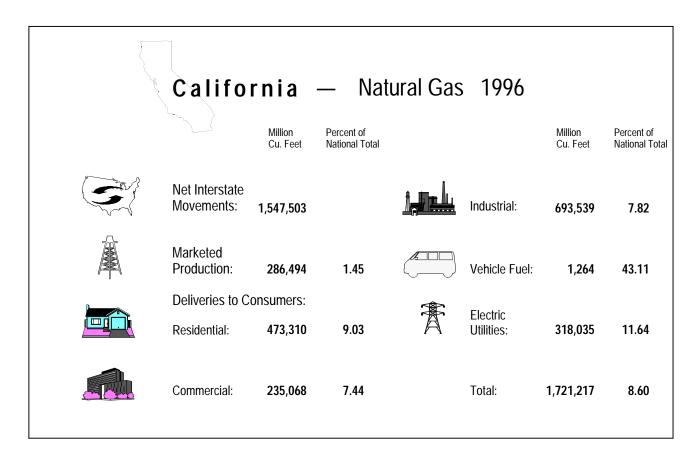


Table 52. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — California, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	3,896	3,781	3,572	3,508	2,082
ac of Boodingor or	0,000	0,701	0,012	0,000	2,002
lumber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	1,126	1,092	1,261	997	978
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,	.,	.,=+.		
roduction (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	154,055	120,205	113,525	93,808	86,431
From Oil Wells	294,800	285,162	282,227	289,430	313,581
Total	448,855	405,367	395,752	383,238	400,011
Denversuring	04.220	07.006	04.260	404 E40	444.047
Repressuring Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	81,330 1.142	87,806 1.130	84,369 1.126	101,513 920	111,317 932
			310.257	280.805	
Wet After Lease Separation	366,383	316,431			287,763
	751	580	830	1,250	1,268
Marketed Production	365,632	315,851	309,427	279,555	286,494
Extraction Loss	12,385	12,053	11,250	11,509	12,169
Total Dry Production	353,247	303,798	298,177	268,046	274,325
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	353,247	303,798	298,177	268,046	274,325
Receipts at State Borders	000,211	000,700	200,111	200,010	27 1,020
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Õ	Õ	Õ	Č
Interstate Receipts	1,610,708	1,654,143	1,887,149	1,690,530	1,547,503
Withdrawals from Storage	1,010,700	1,004,140	1,007,149	1,000,000	1,047,000
Underground Storage	176,158	135,442	150,844	116,954	155,530
LNG Storage	51	37	94	72	50
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	30
Balancing Item	38,452	38,123	-57,030	-6,140	-65,819
balanding item	30,432	30,123	-57,030	-0,140	-05,619
Total Supply	2,178,616	2,131,545	2,279,233	2,069,462	1,911,589

Table 52. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — California, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	2,030,564	1,976,397	2,123,310	1,925,110	1,807,314
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	Õ	Ŏ	Ö	Ö	Ö
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	148,039	155,135	155,910	144,312	104,238
LNG Storage	13	13	13	39	37
Total Disposition	2,178,616	2,131,545	2,279,233	2,069,462	1,911,589
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	84,220	80,210	63,251	62,160	63,297
Pipeline Fuel	14,763	11,800	12,132	18,942	18,281
Plant Fuel	8,008	7,096	6,388	4,287	4,520
Delivered to Consumers	470 F27	E00.068	E20 0E0	477 405	472 210
Residential Commercial	479,537 285,008	500,968 250,283	520,959 261,989	477,495 278,761	473,310 235,068
Industrial	594,569	659,723	656,751	687,921	693,539
				846	
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	27 564,432	255 466,061	550 601,290	394,698	1,264 318,035
Total Delivered to Consumers	1,923,573	1,877,290	2,041,539	1,839,721	1,721,217
Total Consumption	2,030,564	1,976,397	2,123,310	1,925,110	1,807,314
Delivered for the Account of Others	, ,	, , , , , ,	, -,-	,, -	, ,-
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	3,502	3,700	3,507	2,848	3,472
Commercial	72,782	57,781	134,346	133,483	106,531
Industrial	430,836	485,326	537,503	604,196	622,182
Electric Utilities	406,235	342,457	556,557	367,940	263,937
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	500,968	520,959	477,495	473,310
Commercial	NA	240,998	222,004	238,061	195,119
Industrial	NA	582,492	399,736	411,695	397,828
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	416,941 255	288,054 529	350,235 846	151,550 1,264
Verlicle Fuel	INA	255	529	040	1,204
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA NA	9,284	39,985	40,700	39,949
Industrial	NA NA	77,232	257,015	276,226	295,711
Electric Utilities	NA NA	45,071	308,720	57,141	156,020
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	45,071	21	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	8,680,613	8,726,187	8,790,733	8,865,541	8,969,308
Commercial	412,467	411,648	411,140	411,535	408,294
Industrial	40,528	42,748	38,750	38,457	36,613
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	55	57	59	54	_53
CommercialIndustrial	691 14,671	608 15,433	637 16,948	677 17,888	576 18,942
	. 1,07	. 5, 100	.0,010	. 7 ,000	.0,0 12
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.34	2.38	1.50	1.73	1.82
Imports			_		
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.40	0.53	0.33	1.01	1.63
0 0 .	2.72	2.85	2.57	2.03	2.59
City Gate					
Delivered to Consumers			0.00	0.40	C 11
Delivered to Consumers Residential	5.97	6.23	6.39	6.42	6.44
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial	5.15	6.03	7.12	6.21	5.96
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial Industrial	5.15 3.67	6.03 2.82	7.12 3.25	6.21 3.70	5.96 3.77
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial	5.15	6.03	7.12	6.21	5.96

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

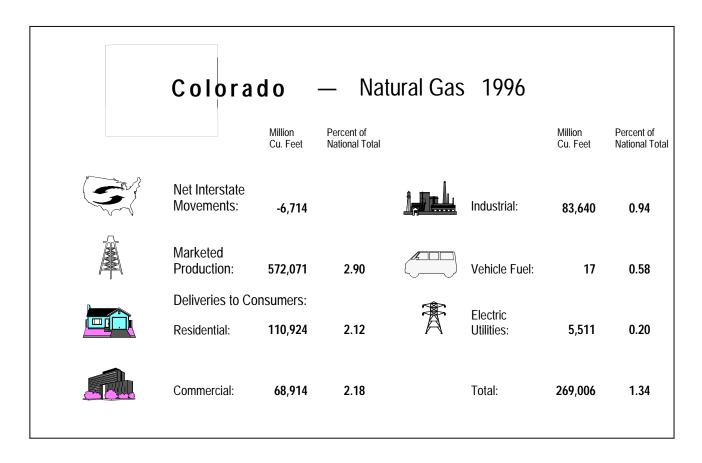


Table 53. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Colorado, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	6.198	6.722	6.753	7.256	7.710
as of December 51	0,130	0,722	0,733	7,230	7,710
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	5,912	6.372	7,056	7.017	8.251
rioddollig at End of real	0,012	0,012	7,000	7,017	0,201
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	256.426	320.849	365.651	436.663	488.292
From Oil Wells	77.568	93.155	101.379	102,970	95.724
	,000	00,.00	.0.,0.0	.02,0.0	00,.2.
Total	333,994	414,004	467.031	539,633	584,016
	,	,	,	,	,
Repressuring	9.085	10,995	11.347	15.040	10.715
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	324,909	403,009	455,683	524,593	573,301
Vented and Flared	1,868	2,024	2,476	1.510	1,230
Marketed Production	323,041	400,985	453.207	523,084	572.071
Extraction Loss	18,149	18,658	19,612	25,225	23,362
Extraction Loss	10,143	10,000	19,012	25,225	25,502
Total Dry Production	304,892	382,327	433,595	497,859	548,709
Complet (million cubic foot)					
Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production	304,892	382,327	433,595	497,859	548,709
Receipts at State Borders	304,092	302,321	455,595	497,009	546,709
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0		0
Intransit Receipts	0	•	•	0	U
Interstate Receipts	523,124	503,217	585,207	699,431	744,096
Withdrawals from Storage		=			
Underground Storage	27,921	54,294	30,085	36,565	36,804
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	7,158	8,456	8,168	7,170	6,787
Balancing Item	-13,191	23,747	48,328	-73,329	-240,412
Total Supply	849,905	972,040	1,105,383	1,167,696	1,095,985
Total Supply	049,903	372,040	1,105,505	1,107,030	1,030,300

Table 53. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Colorado, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	253,073	284,185	275,761	283,591	307,367
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	573,771	636,724	798,437	844,388	750,810
Additions to Storage	,	,	,	,	,-
Underground Storage	23,061	51,132	31,185	39,717	37,808
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	849,905	972,040	1,105,383	1,167,696	1,095,985
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	8,936	12,969	11,865	11,570	12,598
Pipeline Fuel	8,248	7,617	9,998	11,280	10,869
Plant Fuel	12,233	11,863	12,482	13,560	14,894
Delivered to Consumers	04.614	106 187	00 F04	104 296	110.024
Residential Commercial	94,614 66,420	106,187	99,504 65,870	104,286 66,639	110,924 68,914
Industrial	57,579	71,647 69,024	71,093	72,439	
Vehicle Fuel	23	18	71,093 68	72,439 18	83,640 17
Electric Utilities	5,019	4,860	4,881	3,798	5,511
Total Delivered to Consumers	223,656	251,736	241,416	247,180	269,006
Total Consumption	253,073	284,185	275,761	283,591	307,367
Delivered for the Account of Others	,-	,	-, -	,	,,,,,
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	2,993	3,241	3,403	3,863	4,702
Industrial	39,040	44,465	51,292	55,143	65,641
Electric Utilities	3,931	3,165	2,685	554	3,484
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	106,187	99,504	104,286	110,924
Commercial	NA	68,725	60,755	63,563	65,526
Industrial	NA	30,709	22,625	23,784	33,616
Electric Utilities	NA	2,034	1,532	1,417	4,105
Vehicle Fuel	NA	7	60	9	8
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_		
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA NA	2,922	5,115	3,076	3,388
Industrial	NA NA	38,315	48,468	48,655	50,024
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	2,736 11	2,687 8	572 10	683 9
		• •	· ·		ŭ
Number of Consumers Residential	1,022,542	1,044,699	1.073.308	1,108,899	1,147,743
Commercial	114,898	115,924	115,994	118,502	121,221
Industrial	1,108	1,032	1,176	1,528	2,099
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	93	102	93	94	97
CommercialIndustrial	578 51,967	618 66,884	568 60,453	562 47,408	568 39,848
	31,307	00,004	00,400	77,400	J3,0 4 0
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.37	1.61	1.39	0.95	1.37
Imports	-	-		-	-
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.89	1.86	1.78	1.45	1.97
	2.85	2.95	3.31	2.65	2.70
City Gate					
Delivered to Consumers			4.92	4.80	4.39
Delivered to Consumers Residential	4.56	4.52			
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial	4.00	4.04	4.37	4.23	3.67
Delivered to Consumers Residential	4.00 2.20	4.04 2.35	4.37 2.38	4.23 2.86	3.67 2.91
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial	4.00	4.04	4.37	4.23	3.67

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

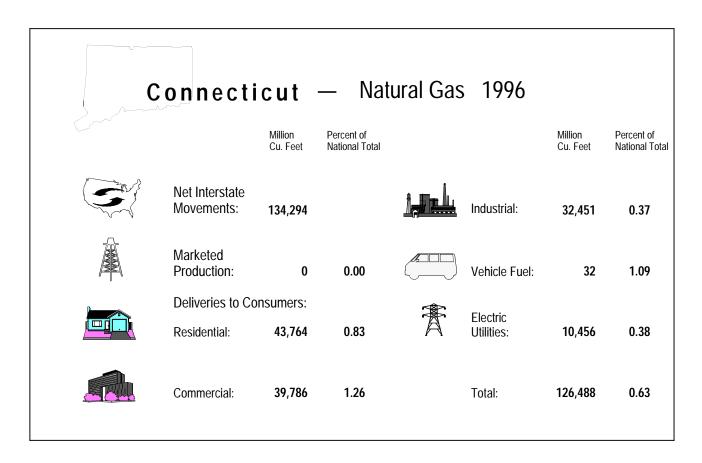


Table 54. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Connecticut, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	0	O	O .	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
1 Toddollig at Eria of Todi	O	O .	· ·	0	O
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	Õ	Ô	Ô	0	0
1 10111 011 110110	· ·	· ·	ŭ	· ·	v
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	· ·	· ·	ŭ	· ·	v
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Ů	ő	ň	Õ	Ô
Wet After Lease Separation	0	ň	Ŏ	ň	0
Vented and Flared	0	Õ	Ŏ	Ŏ	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
EXITACTION LOSS	U	U	U	U	U
Total Dry Production	0	n	0	0	0
Total Dry 1 Toddction	O	U	U	0	O
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Õ	ő	ň	Õ	Ô
Interstate Receipts	336,972	302,126	324,576	410,639	388,927
Withdrawals from Storage	000,512	302,120	324,370	410,000	000,027
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	714	640	1.497	1.109	1,585
Supplemental Cas Supplies	40	94	1,497	1,109	48
Supplemental Gas Supplies		• .			
Balancing Item	-7,691	-2,305	9,463	-19,321	-5,784
Total Supply	330,036	300,554	335,564	392,495	384.776
Total Supply	555,556	300,334	333,304	332,433	504,770

Table 54. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Connecticut, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	111,305	111,501	120,031	132,273	127,878
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	218,371	188,443	214,098	259,486	254,633
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage		0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	359	610	1,435	736	2,265
Total Disposition	330,036	300,554	335,564	392,495	384,776
Consumption (million cubic feet)		•	•	•	2
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel	0 590	0 460	0 697	0	1 200
Plant Fuel		0	097	1,144 0	1,390 0
Delivered to Consumers	U	0	U	U	U
Residential	42,394	42,213	41,600	40,824	43,764
Commercial		31,427	39,082	37,879	39,786
Industrial		36,842	30,647	33,106	32,451
Vehicle Fuel	*	*	2	12	32
Electric Utilities	2,100	557	8,002	19,310	10,456
Total Delivered to Consumers	110,715	111,040	119,334	131,130	126,488
Total Consumption	111,305	111,501	120,031	132,273	127,878
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		602	7,455	6,836	5,193
Industrial Electric Utilities	12,514 1,881	10,164 140	1,435 6,941	4,130 16,058	5,008 8,427
	1,001	140	0,041	10,000	0,421
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	42,213	41,265	40,476	43.462
Commercial		22,635	27,680	25,278	29,725
Industrial		18,187	14,289	15,068	15,116
Electric Utilities		108	6,807	13,475	7,601
Vehicle Fuel	NA	*	1	8	17
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	336	348	302
Commercial		8,792	11,402	12,601	10,061
Industrial		18,655	16,358	18,037	17,334
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		276 0	1,047 1	4,747 4	2,474 14
	14/1	Ü		7	17
Number of Consumers	422.244	407 764	100 157	424 000	420 770
Residential Commercial	432,244 46,859	427,761 45,529	428,157 45,042	431,909 45,935	433,778 47,055
Industrial	2,923	2,952	3,754	3,705	3,435
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	•.				
Residential	98	99	97	95	101
Commercial	637	690	868	825	846
Industrial	12,447	12,480	8,164	8,935	9,447
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_		_	_	_
ImportsExports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.95	3.53	2.62	2.20	3.50
City Gate		3.87	4.17	4.70	5.11
Delivered to Consumers	0.70	0.01		1.70	0.11
Residential	8.96	9.43	10.14	10.00	10.08
Commercial	7.20	7.02	7.39	7.57	7.41
	4.92	4.77	4.49	4.39	4.80
Industrial					
Industrial Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	12.45	8.97 3.90	7.74 1.99	6.08 2.01	6.66 2.76

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural ad Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report", Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report", Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

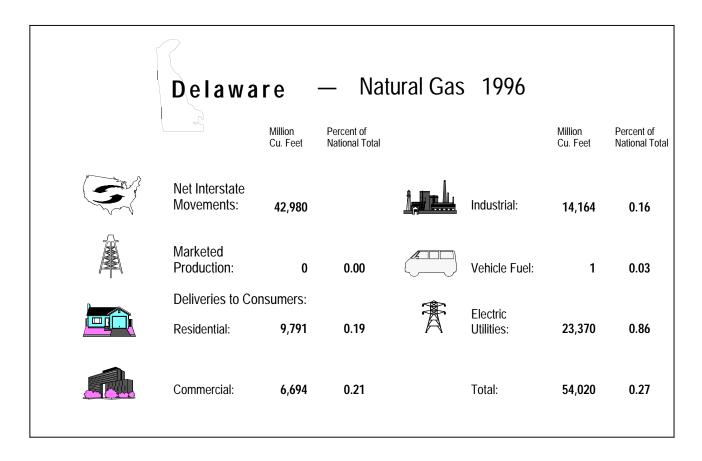


Table 55. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Delaware, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	Ü
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals	•	0	0	2	
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
i otal	U	U	U	O	U
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	Ō	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	Ô	Ō	o o	0	Ō
Extraction Loss	Õ	Ö	Ŏ	Ö	Õ
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	O	Ü	· ·	0	O
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	Õ	0
Interstate Receipts	40.864	43.788	52,304	54.864	46.232
Withdrawals from Storage	40,004	40,700	32,304	54,004	40,202
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
	66	95	202	103	226
LNG Storage	3,665		3.032	103	220
Supplemental Gas Supplies		3,597		0.007	14.055
Balancing Item	-1,696	-2,807	-3,781	8,827	11,055
Total Supply	42,898	44,674	51,758	63,795	57,514
Total Supply	42,090	44,074	31,730	03,793	37,314

Table 55. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Delaware, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	39,608	41,612	48,636	60,662	54,026
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	3,230	2,963	2,896	3,030	3,252
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	61	99	225	103	237
Total Disposition	42,898	44,674	51,758	63,795	57,514
Consumption (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Lease Fuel	0 4	0 4	0	0 5	0 5
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers	U	U	U	U	U
Residential	8,194	8,295	8,557	8,505	9,791
Commercial	4,965	5,195	5,459	5,743	6,694
Industrial	18,060	19,453	17,216	19,399	14,164
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	1	1	1
Electric Utilities	8,384	8,665	17,399	27,010	23,370
Total Delivered to Consumers	39,604	41,608	48,632	60,658	54,020
Total Consumption	39,608	41,612	48,636	60,662	54,026
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	6,316	4,922	5,631	6,281	8,882
Electric Utilities	48	58	16,120	21,423	19,088
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	NIA	0.005	0.557	0.505	0.704
Residential Commercial	NA NA	8,295 5,195	8,557 5,459	8,505 5,743	9,791 6,694
Industrial	NA NA	13,144	10,336	11,048	12,303
Electric Utilities	NA NA	8,322	16,187	25,043	21,468
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	10,107	1	1
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	0	0	0	0
Industrial	NA	6,309	6,880	8,352	1,861
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	141 0	1,281 0	1,903 0	510 0
	INA	U	U	U	U
Number of Consumers Residential	94,027	96,914	100,431	103,531	106,548
Commercial	8,173	8,409	8,721	9,133	9,518
Industrial	248	249	252	253	250
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)			~-		
Residential	87	86	85	82	92
CommercialIndustrial	607 72,823	618 78,126	626 68,319	629 76,678	703 56,657
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports Pipeline Fuel	3.01	 3.19	3.02	3.02	 3.51
	2.83	3.19	3.02 2.95	3.02 2.70	3.68
	2.00	J.24	2.30	2.10	3.00
City Gate Delivered to Consumers			7.40	6.60	7.12
Delivered to Consumers	6.13	6.70	7.43		
	6.13 4.94	6.70 5.46	7.43 6.17	5.28	5.82
Delivered to Consumers Residential					
Delivered to Consumers Residential Commercial	4.94	5.46	6.17	5.28	5.82

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

District	t of Columb	oia	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National To
	Net Interstate Movements:	29,693			Industrial:	0	0.00
	Marketed Production:	0	0.00		Vehicle Fuel:	6	0.20
	Deliveries to Co	17,290	0.33		Electric Utilities:	0	0.00
	Commercial:	16,347	0.52		Total:	33,644	0.17

Table 56. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — District of Columbia, 1992-1996

Reserves (billion cubic feet) Estimated Proved Reserves (dry) as of December 31					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31					
	0	0	0	0	0
ac of Boodingor of	O	Ü	O	0	O
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
1 roadoning at End of roal	v	ŭ	· ·	· ·	·
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	Ô	0	0	0
1 10111 011 110110	v	•	•	ŭ	Ŭ
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	v	ŭ	ŭ	· ·	v
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	Ü	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	U	U	U	U
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Complet (million cubic fact)					
Supply (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Dry Production	0	U	0	0	U
Receipts at State Borders	•	0		•	•
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	. 0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	33,422	33,373	29,806	29,860	29,693
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-465	-279	1,042	3,129	4,190
Total Supply	32,957	33,093	30,849	32,988	33,883

Table 56. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — District of Columbia, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	32,957	33,093	30,849	32,988	33,883
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	32,957	33,093	30,849	32,988	33,883
Consumption (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel	0	0	0 242	0	0 239
Plant Fuel	266 0	275 0	0	254 0	0
Delivered to Consumers	U	U	U	U	U
Residential	16,587	16,589	15,865	15,690	17,290
Commercial	16,103	16,229	14,742	17,035	16,347
Industrial		0	, 0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	0	Ö	0	10	6
Electric Utilities	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō
Total Delivered to Consumers	32,690	32,818	30,607	32,735	33,644
Total Consumption	32,957	33,093	30,849	32,988	33,883
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	155	332	1,343	3,954	4,823
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	NIA	40.500	45.005	45.000	47.000
Residential Commercial	NA NA	16,589 7,029	15,865 6,474	15,690 6,479	17,290 6,961
Industrial		7,029	0,474	0,479	0,961
Electric Utilities	NA NA	0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	ŏ	ő	Ö	Ö
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		9,200	8,268	10,556	9,386
Industrial	NA	0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities	NA NA	0	0	0 10	0 6
	INA	O	U	10	U
Number of Consumers Residential	136,438	135,986	135,119	135,299	135,215
Commercial	11,206	11.133	11,132	11,089	10,952
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	400	400	447	440	400
Residential		122	117	116	128
CommercialIndustrial	1,437 0	1,458 0	1,324 0	1,536 0	1,493 0
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
ImportsExports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.95	2.58	2.13	1.97	3.02
City Gate		2.50	2.13	-	J.02
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	7.61	8.34	8.29	8.03	9.19
Commercial	5.36	5.75	6.16	6.04	7.37
		_	_	_	_
Industrial					
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	_	_	_	2.06	4.94

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

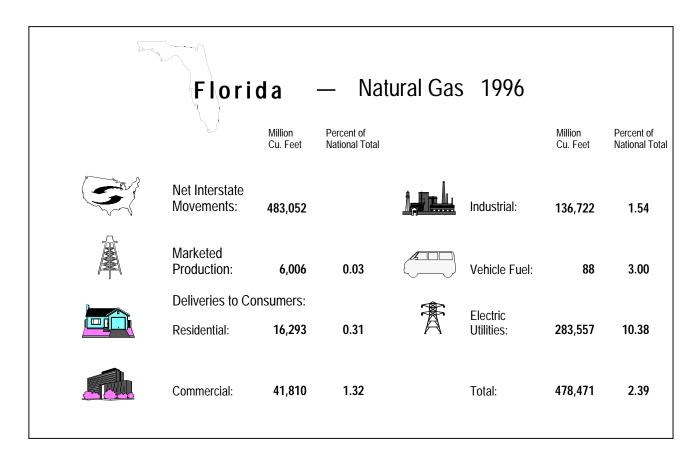


Table 57. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Florida, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	47	50	98	92	96
as of December 51	77	30	96	92	30
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
	·	· ·	·	· ·	· ·
roduction (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	7,584	8,011	8,468	7,133	6,706
Total	7,584	8,011	8,468	7,133	6,706
D	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	682	721	762	642	700
Wet After Lease Separation	6,901	7,290	7,706	6,491	6,006
Vented and Flared	245	205	220	28	0
Marketed Production	6,657	7,085	7,486	6,463	6,006
Extraction Loss	2,563	2,557	1,789	1,630	1,649
Total Dry Production	4,094	4,528	5,697	4,833	4,357
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	4.094	4.528	5,697	4.833	4,357
Receipts at State Borders	4,094	4,526	3,097	4,033	4,337
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	341,354	336,185	359,172	523,721	483,085
	341,334	330,103	339,172	525,721	403,003
Withdrawals from Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	7,573	-4,795	2,713	-12,921	-1,041
Total Supply	353.021	335,918	367.582	515,633	486.401

Table 57. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Florida, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption Deliveries at State Borders Exports Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	352,992 0 0 29 0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337 1,315	335,888 0 0 30 0 0 335,918	367,552 0 0 30 0 0 367,582	515,598 0 0 34 0	486,367 0 0 33 0
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0 0 29 0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337	0 0 30 0 0 335,918	0 0 30 0	0 0 34 0	0 0 33
Exports Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	0 29 0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337	0 30 0 0 335,918	0 30 0	0 34 0	0 33 0
Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	0 29 0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337	0 30 0 0 335,918	0 30 0	0 34 0	0 33 0
Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	29 0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337	30 0 0 335,918	30 0 0	34 0	33
Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	0 0 353,021 3,819 4,337	0 0 335,918	0 0	0	0
Underground Störage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	0 353,021 3,819 4,337	0 335,918	0		
Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	353,021 3,819 4,337	335,918	-	0	0
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential	3,819 4,337		367,582		
Lease Fuel	4,337			515,633	486,401
Pipeline Fuel	4,337				
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers Residential		476	653	620	2,049
Delivered to Consumers Residential		4,342	5,304	7,504	5,723
Residential	1,010	1,241	167	145	125
	14,380	13,940	13,855	14,540	16,293
Commercial	41,727	41,151	39,935	40,383	41,810
Industrial	84,829	100,350	126,873	133,477	136,722
Vehicle Fuel	9	27	68	75	88
Electric Utilities	202,576	174,361	180,697	318,854	283,557
Total Delivered to Consumers	343,521	329,829	361,428	507,329	478,471
Total Consumption	352,992	335,888	367,552	515,598	486,367
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	00	0.5	0.5	00	440
Residential	82	85	85	92	118
Commercial	964	911	861	988	1,204
Industrial Electric Utilities	56,893	73,610	106,166 182,379	112,361	119,191
Electric Otilities	186,524	177,954	102,379	308,563	269,460
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	14,837	13,855	14,540	16,293
Commercial	NA	39,802	39.127	39,761	40.677
Industrial	NA	27,195	47,194	57,376	55,063
Electric Utilities	NA	143,107	169,240	277,108	247,959
Vehicle Fuel	NA	27	67	75	88
nterruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	1,349	809	622	1,134
Industrial	NA	73,155	79,679	76,101	81,659
Electric Utilities	NA	38,736	15,105	33,157	22,560
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers	A74 060	404 046	407 777	E40 265	F04 674
Residential Commercial	471,863 45,123	484,816 47,344	497,777 47,851	512,365 46,459	521,674 47,578
Industrial	388	47,344	481	46,459 515	47,576 517
		400	401	313	317
Average Annual Consumption per Consume (thousand cubic feet)	r				
Residential	30	29	28	28	31
Commercial	925	869	835	869	879
Industrial	218,632	231,754	263,770	259,178	264,453
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	254	0.47	4.00	4.04	
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.51	2.17	1.28	1.24	_
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports	2.06	2.85	1.50	 1.55	2.37
City Gate	2.06	2.76	2.78	2.74	2.37 3.73
Delivered to Consumers	2.01	2.10	2.10	2.17	0.70
Residential	9.08	10.02	9.98	9.85	10.74
Commercial	4.98	5.84	5.54	5.33	6.45
Industrial	3.22	3.88	3.51	3.28	4.21
Vehicle Fuel	4.44	4.45	4.36	3.86	4.87
Electric Utilities	2.30	2.36	2.18	2.26	3.12

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

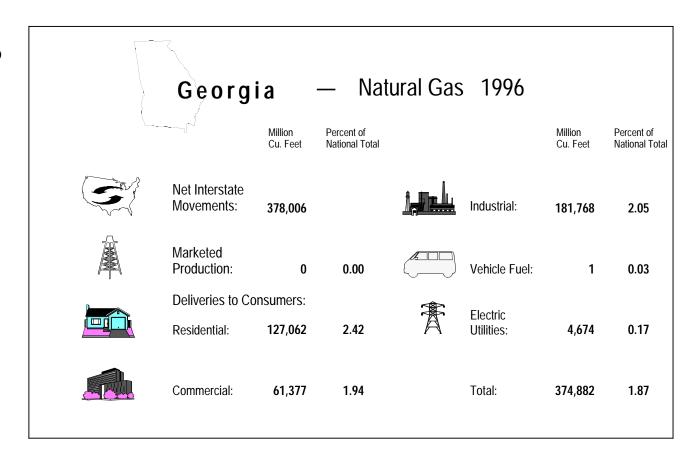


Table 58. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Georgia, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	U	O	0	0	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Troducing at End of Teal	U	O	O	O	U
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	Ô	Ô	Ô	Õ
1 10111 011 110110	v	· ·	ŭ	ŭ	v
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	v	· ·	ŭ	ŭ	v
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Õ
Wet After Lease Separation	Õ	Ô	Ô	Õ	Õ
Vented and Flared	0	0	Ô	0	Õ
Marketed Production	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Õ
Extraction Loss	Õ	ő	ŏ	ő	Õ
2/44 404011 2000	· ·	· ·	ŭ	· ·	ŭ
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
,					
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,418,312	1,371,442	1,371,651	1,439,907	1,502,968
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	1,557	1,896	3,881	5,210	6,712
Supplemental Gas Supplies	166	199	123	130	94
Balancing Item	9,847	20,786	9,314	4,718	5,057
	- 1	2,1	-,	.,	-,
Total Supply	1,429,883	1,394,324	1,384,970	1,449,965	1,514,831

Table 58. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Georgia, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	342,965	350,618	341,344	370,385	383,346
Deliveries at State Borders	,	,	,		,
Exports		0	0	0	0
Intransit DeliveriesInterstate Deliveries		0 1,041,851	0 1,039,839	0 1,075,834	0 1,124,962
Additions to Storage	1,000,040	1,041,001	1,009,009	1,073,034	1,124,302
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage		1,855	3,788	3,746	6,523
Total Disposition	1,429,883	1,394,324	1.384.970	1,449,965	1,514,831
·	1,120,000	1,001,021	1,001,070	1,110,000	1,011,001
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel		7,020	6.987	7,651	8,463
Plant Fuel		0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		115,655	105,436	114,670	127,062
Commercial		57,525	54,051	56,536	61,377
Industrial		167,388 4	173,839	183,692	181,768
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		3,026	3 1,028	2 7,834	1 4,674
		,	,		,
Total Delivered to Consumers	335,464	343,598	334,357	362,734	374,882
Total Consumption	342,965	350,618	341,344	370,385	383,346
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	0	0
Commercial		5,487	4,304	3,663	3,646
Industrial Electric Utilities		112,491 0	108,859 0	118,125 0	123,193 0
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	115,655	105,436	114,670	127,062
Commercial		44,652	42,537	44,215	49,758
Industrial		28,771	46,311	46,308	44,133
Electric Utilities		3,080	1,137	7,813	4,575
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_	_	_
Residential		NA	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial		12,873 138,617	11,514 127,529	12,321 137,384	11,618 137,635
Electric Utilities		0	0	0	137,033
Vehicle Fuel		4	2	2	0
Number of Consumers Residential	1,396,860	1.430.626	1,460,141	1,495,992	1,538,458
Commercial		114,889	117,980	120,122	123,200
Industrial		3,302	3,277	3,261	3,310
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	77	81	72	77	83
Commercial		501	458	471	498
Industrial	54,057	50,693	53,048	56,330	54,915
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		_	_	_	_
ImportsExports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel		2.24	2.14	1.93	2.62
City Gate		3.77	3.54	2.96	3.77
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		6.80	7.32	6.18	6.69
Commercial		5.83	6.18	5.20	5.89
Industrial Vehicle Fuel		4.10 3.54	3.90 4.07	3.55 3.86	4.40 3.86
	_	5.54	4.07	3.00	3.00
Electric Utilities		3.31	3.29	2.79	2.88

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perior" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

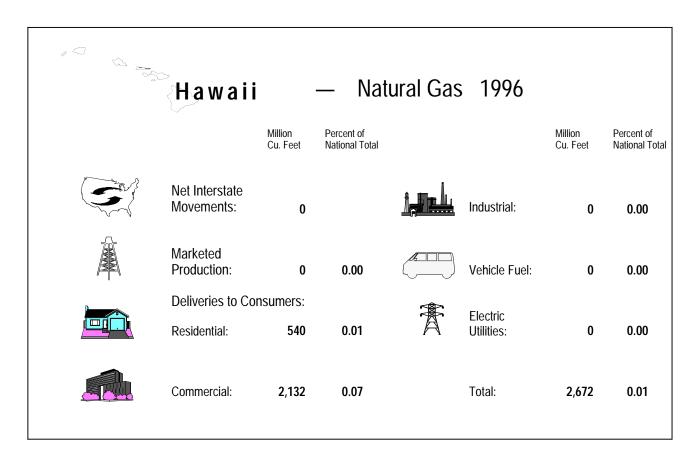


Table 59. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Hawaii, 1992-1996

		1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	U	U	0	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Troducing at End of Tear	O	O	O	ŭ	O
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
	•	•	•	-	•
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	Ō	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ō
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	v	· ·	ŭ	· ·	ŭ
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Ô	Ō	0	0	Ō
Interstate Receipts	Õ	Ö	Õ	Ö	Õ
Withdrawals from Storage	v	· ·	ŭ	· ·	ŭ
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	Ω
LNG Storage	0	Õ	ŏ	ŏ	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	2.711	2.705	2.831	2,793	2.761
Balancing Item	-16	-24	-53	-21	-88
Data long Roll	10	∠ ¬	55	21	00
Total Supply	2,695	2,681	2,778	2,773	2,672

Table 59. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Hawaii, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic foot)				•	
Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption	2,695	2,681	2,778	2,773	2,672
Deliveries at State Borders	2,000	2,00	2,	_,	2,0.2
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage		Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
Total Disposition	2,695	2,681	2,778	2,773	2,672
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	551	558	578	574	540
Commercial	2,144	2,123	2,200	2,199	2,132
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Total Delivered to Consumers	2,695	2,681	2,778	2,773	2,672
Total Consumption	2,695	2,681	2,778	2,773	2,672
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet) Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	0	0
Industrial	Õ	Ö	Õ	Õ	Ö
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	558	578	574	540
Commercial		1,779	1,837	1,856	1,865
Industrial		0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities	NA	0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_	_	_
Residential	NA	NA 244	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	344 0	363 0	343 0	267 0
Electric Utilities	NA NA	0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	ő	ő	ŏ	Õ
Number of Consumers				00.400	0.4.04=
Residential	29,805	29,984	30,614	30,492	31,017
CommercialIndustrial	2,793 0	3,222 0	2,805 0	2,825 0	2,823 0
		· ·	· ·	v	· ·
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	40	40	40	40	47
Residential	18 768	19	19 784	19 779	17 755
CommercialIndustrial	0	659 0	0	778 0	0
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	— 7.70	 F 64	4.04		-
City Gate Delivered to Consumers	7.72	5.61	4.94	5.20	6.05
Residential	18.03	17.51	16.83	17.55	19.81
Commercial		12.90	12.40	13.00	14.40
Industrial	_	_	_	_	-
Industrial Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		_	_	_	_

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perior" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

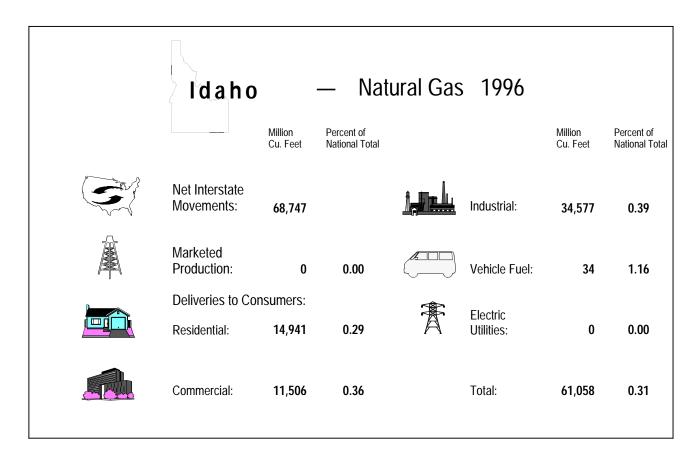


Table 60. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Idaho, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	U	U	U	U	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	٥
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
FIGHT Off Wells	U	U	U	U	U
Total	0	0	0	0	0
	ā	•	•		
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Ō	Ō	<u>0</u>	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	U	O	0	0	U
Imports	496.451	511.727	723,071	823,478	842.114
Intransit Receipts	490,431	311,727	723,071	023,470	042,114
	103.589	04.067	98.230	120 482	100 044
Interstate Receipts	103,569	91,967	96,230	139,483	126,244
Withdrawals from Storage	_	_			
Underground Storage	0	1 222	0	0	0
LNG Storage	1,385	1,339	373	434	661
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-7,330	7,351	-4,498	-12,055	-1,765
Total Supply	594,096	612,383	817,176	951,340	967,254

Table 60. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Idaho, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	48,915	56,160	56,905	63,777	67,006
Deliveries at State Borders	,				
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit DeliveriesInterstate Deliveries	0 543,842	0 554,834	0 759,717	0 887,158	0 899,611
Additions to Storage	343,042	334,034	755,717	007,130	033,011
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	1,338	1,389	554	405	636
Total Disposition	594,096	612,383	817,176	951,340	967,254
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel	3,280	3,781	4,741	6,370	5,948
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers Residential	9,659	12,557	12,285	13.003	14.941
Commercial	8,932	10,675	10,088	10,360	11.506
Industrial	27,044	29,146	29,781	34,024	34,577
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	10	19	34
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Total Delivered to Consumers	45,635	52,379	52,164	57,407	61,058
Total Consumption	48,915	56,160	56,905	63,777	67,006
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	1,278	1,405	1,427	1,450	1,543
Industrial Electric Utilities	26,963 0	29,057 0	28,932 0	33,291 0	34,080 0
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	12,557	12,285	13,003	14,941
Commercial	NA	10,675	10,088	10,360	11,506
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	25,766 0	26,511 0	33,561 0	30,261 0
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0	10	19	34
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			•		
Residential	NA NA	NA O	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	0 3,380	3,270	463	4,316
Electric Utilities	NA	0,000	0,270	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers Residential	136,121	148,582	162,971	175.320	187,756
Commercial	21,145	21.989	22.999	24,150	25,271
Industrial	66	75	144	167	183
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	71	85	75	74	80
CommercialIndustrial	422 409,762	485 388,619	439 206,812	429 203,738	455 188,946
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	, ,	-		-	, ,
Imports	1.83	2.02	1.60	0.94	1.22
ExportsPipeline Fuel	1.89	 1.76	1.86	 1.78	 1.79
City Gate	2.18	2.26	2.46	2.18	2.24
Delivered to Consumers	2			0	 ·
Residential	5.23	5.38	5.29	5.59	5.20
Commercial	4.40	4.65	5.01	4.87	4.56
Industrial	2.97	3.02	3.85	3.67	2.78
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	_	_	2.29	3.36	3.14
LIGOTIO CHINGS		_	_	-	_

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perior" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

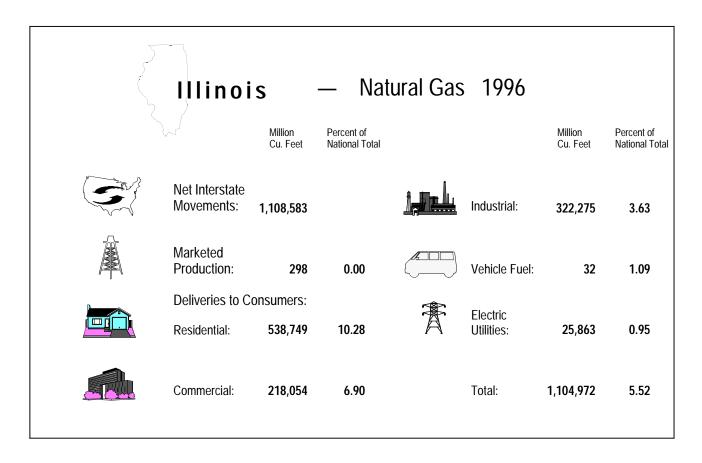


Table 61. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Illinois, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ao o: 2000o: o :					
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	382	385	390	372	370
3					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	337	330	323	325	289
From Oil Wells	10	10	10	10	9
Total	347	340	333	335	298
		0	0	2	
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	347	340	333	335	298
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	347	340	333	335	298
Extraction Loss	100	86	80	77	64
Total Dry Production	247	254	253	258	234
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	247	254	253	258	234
Receipts at State Borders	241	254	255	230	204
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	Ö	0
Interstate Receipts	2.134.256	2.269.660	2.489.443	2.446.381	2,607,330
Withdrawals from Storage	2,134,230	2,209,000	2,409,443	2,440,361	2,007,330
	000 040	000.040	000.074	202 202	000.000
Underground Storage	223,012	228,319	222,871	286,390	226,020
LNG Storage	348	448	1,317	382	1,259
Supplemental Gas Supplies	8,042	9,760	7,871	6,256	3,912
Balancing Item	-44,689	-1,526	-131,627	-8,866	21,534
Total Supply	2,321,217	2,506,915	2,590,128	2,730,801	2,860,289

Table 61. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Illinois, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)			•	-	•
Consumption	993,428	1,031,253	1,024,908	1,078,543	1,119,443
Deliveries at State Borders	, :=-	.,,	.,,	1,010,010	.,,
Exports		0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	1,112,815	1,234,731	1,328,116	1,388,479	1,498,747
Underground Storage	214,404	240,515	235,778	263,409	241,129
LNG Storage		417	1,326	370	971
Total Disposition	2,321,217	2,506,915	2,590,128	2,730,801	2,860,289
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	9	10	10	7	7
Pipeline Fuel		11,620	13,828	13,208	14,388
Plant Fuel		106	101	90	75
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		495,311	473,788	500,796	538,749
Commercial		203,157	197,558	203,802	218,054
Industrial		305,014	305,090	321,465	322,275
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		12	29	31	32 25,863
Electric Otilities	9,293	16,022	34,505	39,143	25,005
Total Delivered to Consumers	981,991	1,019,517	1,010,969	1,065,238	1,104,972
Total Consumption	993,428	1,031,253	1,024,908	1,078,543	1,119,443
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	29,783	31,795	31,119	34,652	34.758
Commercial	83,264	90,812	93,206	101,211	100,495
Industrial		265,110	267,348	286,103	278,262
Electric Utilities	9,726	14,227	32,064	35,703	24,894
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	40E 244	473,788	E00 706	E20 740
Commercial		495,311 200,101	473,788 197,449	500,796 203,732	538,749 217,976
Industrial		280,374	283,174	305,656	307,618
Electric Utilities		15,077	33,596	40,528	28,718
Vehicle Fuel		12	29	31	32
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		NA	0	0	0
Commercial		3,056	108	70	78
Industrial Electric Utilities		24,640 489	21,916 2	15,810 2	14,657
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
	IVA	O	V	O	O
Number of Consumers Residential	3,354,679	3,388,983	3,418,052	3.452.975	3,494,545
Commercial		268,104	262,308	264,756	265,007
Industrial		27,807	25,788	25,929	29,493
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet) Residential	142	146	139	145	154
Commercial		758	753	770	823
Industrial		10,969	11,831	12,398	10,927
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		2.30	2.40	_	_
Imports		_	_	_	_
Exports		 1.97	1 00	1 66	2.63
Pipeline Fuel City Gate		3.30	1.88 3.02	1.66 2.59	2.63 3.27
Delivered to Consumers	3.20	5.50	3.02	2.00	5.21
Residential	5.09	5.52	5.50	4.66	5.28
Commercial		5.10	5.12	4.42	4.92
Industrial	3.75	4.44	4.39	3.57	4.12
			0.00	0.00	0.44
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		4.04 2.48	3.22 2.04	2.89 1.71	3.44 2.62

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perior" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

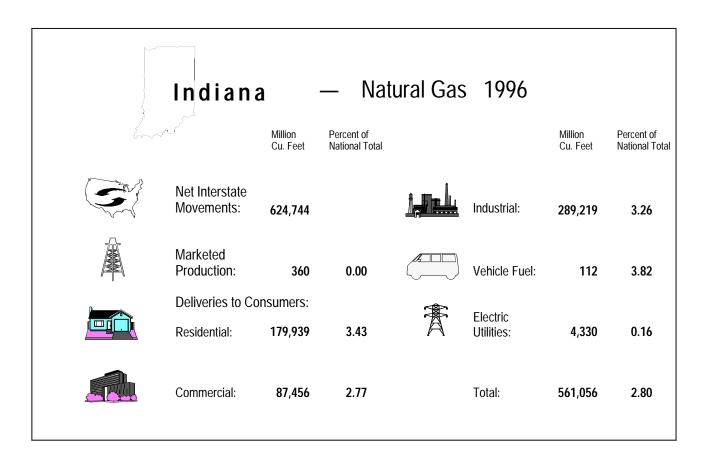


Table 62. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Indiana, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
as of December 51	INA	IVA	IVA	ING	INA
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	1,333	1,336	1,348	1,347	1,367
	1,000	1,000	1,010	.,	.,00.
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	174	192	107	249	360
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	174	192	107	249	360
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	174	192	107	249	360
Vented and Flared	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marketed Production	174	192	107	249	360
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	174	192	107	249	360
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	174	192	107	249	360
Receipts at State Borders	174	192	107	249	300
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,563,152	1,751,885	2,233,089	2,041,013	2,305,253
Withdrawals from Storage	1,303,132	1,731,003	2,233,069	2,041,013	2,303,233
	26 611	25 222	21.091	25.046	25 462
Underground Storage	26,611 1,188	25,332 1,582	21,081 2.733	25,046 1.554	25,462 4,571
LNG Storage					
Supplemental Gas Supplies	3,507	3,232	2,457	3,199	3,194
Balancing Item	-1,733	3,560	-80,586	-34,543	-53,249
Total Supply	1.592.899	1.785.784	2.178.880	2.036.518	2,285,590

Table 62. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Indiana, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)			1001	1000	
Consumption	483,496	517,760	519,356	535,311	573,480
Deliveries at State Borders					
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	1,082,783	1,239,776	1,632,229	1,475,557	1,680,509
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	25,770	25,928	24,656	24,335	27,263
LNG Storage	849	2,320	2,638	1,316	4,337
Total Disposition	1,592,899	1,785,784	2,178,880	2,036,518	2,285,590
Consumption (million cubic feet)	_			_	
Lease Fuel	5	6	2	5	8
Pipeline Fuel	4,726	6,759	6,872	7,586	12,416
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers	152 602	162 044	157.467	161.050	170.020
Residential	152,692	163,944	157,467	161,059	179,939
Commercial	72,720	78,047	75,819	82,726	87,456
Industrial	245,523	263,283	270,128	275,487	289,219
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	59 7,772	54 5,667	59 9,009	98 8,349	112 4,330
Total Delivered to Consumers	478,765	510,995	512,482	527,719	561,056
					,
Total Consumption	483,496	517,760	519,356	535,311	573,480
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	2,319	3,724	5,841	10,149	3,255
Industrial	188,562	210,303	233,870	236,435	241,236
Electric Utilities	6,129	4,204	7,370	11,986	6,373
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	163,944	157,467	161.059	179.939
Commercial	NA	72,688	70,323	76,041	81,040
Industrial	NA	62,865	61,982	64,219	72,016
Electric Utilities	NA	743	2,353	1,947	1,886
Vehicle Fuel	NA	54	59	98	112
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	5,359	5,496	6,685	6,416
Industrial	NA	200,417	208,146	211,267	217,204
Electric Utilities	NA	4,204	7,058	11,456	5,951
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	1,377,023	1,402,770	1,438,483	1,463,640	1,489,647
Commercial	129,973	131,925	134,336	137,162	139,097
Industrial	6,358	6,508	6,314	6,250	6,586
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	444	447	100	440	101
Residential	111	117	109	110	121
CommercialIndustrial	559 38,616	592 40,455	564 42,782	603 44,078	629 43,914
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.01	2.09	1.97	1.90	2.30
Imports			_	_	
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.51	1.38	1.03	1.05	2.47
City Gate	3.08	3.18	2.98	2.84	3.09
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	5.43	5.76	6.24	5.37	5.54
Commercial	4.57	4.99	5.33	4.38	4.67
Industrial	3.39	3.71	4.60	3.41	3.62
Vehicle Fuel	4.25	5.23	5.11	7.13	7.20
Electric Utilities	2.48	2.77	2.72	2.49	3.48
	-			-	

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

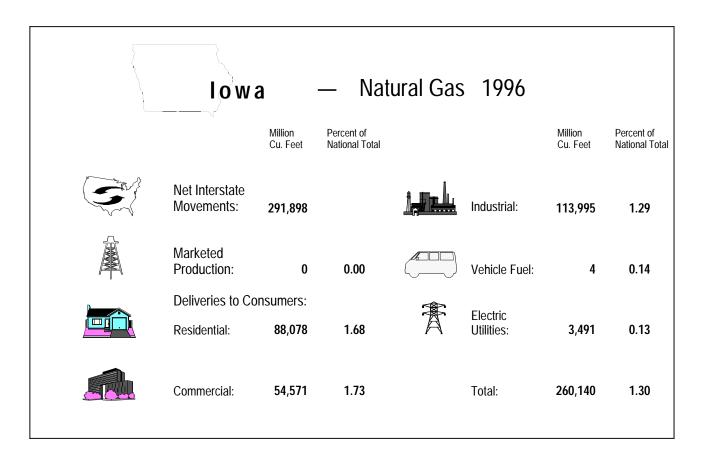


Table 63. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Iowa, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	O	O	0	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
1 Toddollig at End of Teal	U	O	O	O	U
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	Õ	Õ	ň	Õ
1 10111 011 110110	v	· ·	· ·	ŭ	Ŭ
Total	0	0	0	0	0
T Oldi	v	· ·	· ·	ŭ	Ŭ
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Õ	Õ	Õ	ň	Õ
Wet After Lease Separation	Õ	ő	ő	ň	ň
Vented and Flared	Õ	Õ	Õ	ň	ň
Marketed Production	0	ŏ	ŏ	Ô	0
Extraction Loss	0	ŏ	Ŏ	Ő	0
Extraction 2000	O	O	· ·	o o	O
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
rotal 2.) i roddollori	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	ŭ
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,270,083	1,232,578	1,443,469	1.444.142	1,497,972
Withdrawals from Storage	.,,	-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	.,, =
Underground Storage	70,077	61,007	68,162	77.228	59,831
LNG Storage	4,247	5,597	3,521	2,996	3,284
Supplemental Gas Supplies	45	84	123	96	301
Balancing Item	-15,634	-45,975	-35,943	-471	-16,204
Data for its in the same of th	10,004	13,575	30,540	47.1	10,204
Total Supply	1,328,817	1,253,291	1,479,332	1,523,991	1,545,184
. ота: очрр.)	1,020,011	.,200,20.	., 0,002	1,020,001	.,0 .0, .0 .

Table 63. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Iowa, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	230,932	248,025	248,351	262,313	272,789
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	1,027,408	935,411	1,156,188	1,188,548	1,206,074
Additions to Storage	05.040	04.404	70.000	70 705	04.000
Underground Storage LNG Storage		64,184 5,671	70,926 3,867	70,785 2,346	61,060 5,262
LING Storage	4,009	3,071	3,007	2,340	3,202
Total Disposition	1,328,817	1,253,291	1,479,332	1,523,991	1,545,184
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel		0 7,333	0 10,737	0 11,051	12,649
Plant Fuel		7,333	0,737	0	12,049
Delivered to Consumers	· ·	v	v	v	v
Residential	74,879	83,422	78,260	82,238	88,078
Commercial	46,095	50,337	47,922	50,325	54,571
Industrial		102,625	108,731	115,080	113,995
Vehicle Fuel		5	5	5	4
Electric Utilities	2,265	4,303	2,696	3,614	3,491
Total Delivered to Consumers	223,992	240,692	237,614	251,262	260,140
Total Consumption	230,932	248,025	248,351	262,313	272,789
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	13	61
Commercial		2,648	4,597	5,394	6,728
Industrial		87,613	96,016	104,993	103,757
Electric Utilities		1,901	1,721	2,157	2,261
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	A1.4	00.000	70.000	00.000	00.070
Residential		83,288	78,260	82,238 47,248	88,078 51,405
Commercial		45,573 90,868	45,048 92,964	47,318 98,496	51,495 96,874
Industrial Electric Utilities		90,868 3,735	92,964 1,826	98,496 2,488	96,874 2,699
Vehicle Fuel		5,735	5	2,466 5	2,099
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		NA	0	0	0
Commercial		4,763	2,874	3,006	3,076
Industrial		11,757	15,766	16,584	17,122
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		23 0	648 0	643 0	151 0
		-	-	-	-
Number of Consumers Residential	729,081	740,722	750,678	760,848	771,109
Commercial		86,452	86,918	88,585	89,663
Industrial	1,835	1,903	1,957	1,957	2,066
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	400	440	404	400	444
Residential		113	104 551	108	114
CommercialIndustrial	540 54,905	582 53,928	551 55,560	568 58,804	609 55,177
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		_	_	_	_
ImportsExports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel		 1.25	1.39	1.40	2.37
City Gate		3.24	3.15	2.82	3.47
Delivered to Consumers	3.23	J	55		
Residential		5.48	5.40	5.09	5.49
Commercial	4.27	4.52	4.51	4.14	4.59
Industrial		3.76	3.99	3.23	3.63
Vehicle Fuel		3.84	3.51	2.98	2.70
Electric Utilities	3.08	3.12	3.18	2.72	3.23

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

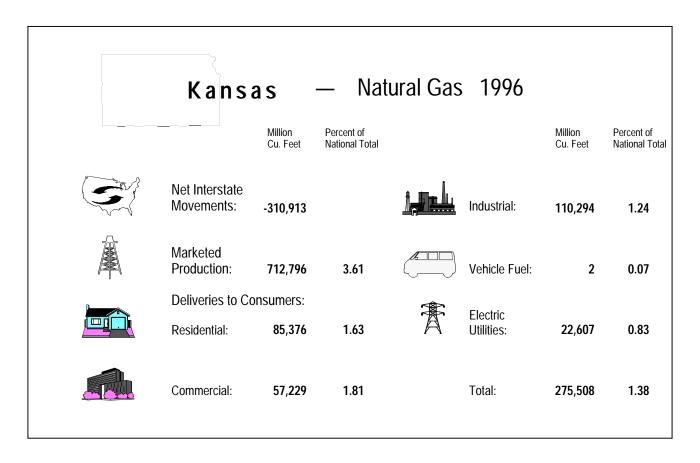


Table 64. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Kansas, 1992-1996

Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 6 From Gas Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 7 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 44 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supplemental Receipts	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry) as of December 31						Pasaryas (hillion cubic faat)
Section Sect						Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells Producing at End of Year	7,694	8 571	0.156	0.348	0.681	as of December 31
Producing at End of Year. 18,400 19,472 19,365 22,020 Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals From Gas Wells. 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 66 From Oil Wells. 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 7 Total. 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring. 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared. 642 670 715 723 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 44,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 46 Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 0	7,034	0,571	9,150	3,540	3,001	as of December 51
Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals From Gas Wells 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 6 From Oil Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 7 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6						Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells
Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals From Gas Wells 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 6 From Oil Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 7 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 0 Intrastit Receipts 0 0 0 0 0	21,388	22.020	19.365	19.472	18.400	Producing at End of Year
Gross Withdrawals 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 6. From Gas Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 7 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Vented Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Receipts 0 0	,	,	,		,	
From Gas Wells 580,572 605,578 628,900 636,582 6 From Oil Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 6 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Imports 0 0						
From Oil Wells 79,169 82,579 85,759 86,807 Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 Interstate Borders 0 0 0						
Total 659,741 688,157 714,659 723,389 7 Repressuring 1,092 1,140 1,215 1,230 Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA NA NA NA Wet After Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 7 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 4 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 6 Supply (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 0 0 Imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <	629,755	636,582	628,900	605,578	580,572	
Repressuring	85,876	86,807	85,759	82,579	79,169	From Oil Wells
Repressuring	=.=	=	=			
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA	715,631	723,389	714,659	688,157	659,741	l otal
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed NA	2,120	1 230	1 215	1 140	1 092	Repressuring
Wet Âfter Lease Separation 658,649 687,017 713,444 722,159 7 Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 723 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 7 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders Imports 0 0 0 0 Imports 0 0 0 0 0 Interstate Receipts 0 0 0 0 Interstate Receipts 1,047,474 974,939 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,2 Withdrawals from Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 LNG Storage 0 0 0 0 0 0 Supplemental Gas Supp	2,120 NA					Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed
Vented and Flared 642 670 715 723 Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 7 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders Imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Interstate Receipts 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,140,230 1,2 1,2 Withdrawals from Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 1 LNG Storage 0	713,511					Wet After Lease Separation
Marketed Production 658,007 686,347 712,730 721,436 7 Extraction Loss 42,733 44,014 46,936 47,442 7 Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) 50 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders 1 morts 0 </td <td>713,311</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	713,311					
Extraction Loss						
Total Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders 0 <t< td=""><td>712,796</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	712,796					
Supply (million cubic feet) 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Pry Production	47,996	47,442	46,936	44,014	42,733	Extraction Loss
Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders Imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 Imports 0 1,140,230 1,22	664,800	673,994	665,794	642,333	615,274	Total Dry Production
Dry Production 615,274 642,333 665,794 673,994 66 Receipts at State Borders Imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 Imports 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,140,230 1,22 0 1,22 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Supply (million cubic foot)</td></td<>						Supply (million cubic foot)
Receipts at State Borders Imports 0 0 0 0 0 Intransit Receipts 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,140,230 1,2 1,2 3 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,2 1 2 3 1,140,230 1,2 3 1 2 1 3 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,2 3 1 2 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 1 3	664.800	673 004	665 704	642 333	615 27/	
Imports	004,000	010,004	005,794	042,555	015,274	
Intransit Receipts 0 0 0 0 0 Interstate Receipts 1,047,474 974,939 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,2 Withdrawals from Storage Underground Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 LNG Storage 0 0 0 0 0 Supplemental Gas Supplies 0 0 0 0	0	Λ	0	0	0	
Interstate Receipts 1,047,474 974,939 1,127,799 1,140,230 1,2 Withdrawals from Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 LNG Storage 0 0 0 0 Supplemental Gas Supplies 0 0 0 0	0	-	-			
Withdrawals from Storage Underground Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 LNG Storage 0 0 0 0 Supplemental Gas Supplies 0 0 0 0	1,219,027	· ·	· ·	•		
Underground Storage 102,735 109,475 99,851 110,567 1 LNG Storage 0 0 0 0 Supplemental Gas Supplies 0 0 0 0	,213,021	1,140,230	1,127,799	314,939	1,041,414	
LNG Storage	110 000	110 567	00.054	100 475	100 705	
Supplemental Gas Supplies 0 0 0 0	116,989					
	0	-	-	-	-	LING Storage
Balancing Item	0	•	•	•	-	
	-3,039	8,173	20,703	27,185	-32,874	Balancing Item
Total Supply	1.997.776	1 932 964	1 914 147	1 753 932	1 732 609	Total Supply

Table 64. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Kansas, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption. Deliveries at State Borders Exports. Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition. Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel. Pipeline Fuel. Plant Fuel. Delivered to Consumers	343,217 0 0	391,604	418,027	368,342	000 007
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	,	418,027	368 342	
Exports. Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries. Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage. Total Disposition. Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel. Pipeline Fuel. Plant Fuel. Delivered to Consumers				000,012	362,965
Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	1,305,142	1,246,045	1,390,051	1,458,930	1,529,940
LNG Storage	,,	, -,	,,	,,	,,
LNG Storage	84,249	116,284	106,069	105,693	104,871
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Lease FuelPipeline FuelPipeline FuelPiant Fuel	1,732,609	1,753,932	1,914,147	1,932,964	1,997,776
Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers					
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	17,424	20,363	15,623	18,772	18,752
Delivered to Consumers	29,198	33,361	31,739	34,631	38,262
	26,312	36,294	28,988	28,510	30,444
Residential	71,522	84,896	74,156	75,846	85,376
Commercial	53,973	56,023	52,253	53,122	57,229
Industrial	130,807	139,032	187,979	129,515	110,294
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	107,373	2	2
Electric Utilities	13,981	21,636	27,279	27,945	22,607
Total Delivered to Consumers	270,284	301,586	341,677	286,430	275,508
Total Consumption	343,217	391,604	418,027	368,342	362,965
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	8,408	9,729	11,295	14,029	16,200
Industrial Electric Utilities	117,419 7,161	120,962 8,091	175,691 14,617	112,942 16,872	101,877 12,545
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet) Residential	NA	84.896	74.156	75.846	85,376
Commercial	NA NA	46,391	43,171	43,843	46,897
Industrial	NA	61,599	97,904	59,985	66,922
Electric Utilities	NA	1,407	11,213	11,311	8,128
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	10	1	1
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	9,632	9,082	9,279	10,333
Industrial	NA	77,433	90,075	69,530	43,372
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	12,581 0	9,243 0	10,906 1	5,422 1
Number of Consumers					
Residential	762,545	777,658	773,357	797,524	804,213
Commercial	86,840	87,735	86,457	88,163	89,168
Industrial	3,296	4,369	3,560	3,079	2,988
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	94	109	96	95	106
CommercialIndustrial	622 39,687	639 31,822	604 52,803	603 42,064	642 36,912
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.54	1.80	1.60	1.36	1.92
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports					
Pipeline Fuel	5.24	1.56	1.20	1.15	1.83
City Gate Delivered to Consumers	2.50	2.80	2.86	2.36	3.05
Residential	4.70	4.91	5.11	4.91	5.59
Commercial	3.53	4.06	4.12	3.93	4.61
Industrial	2.61	2.64	2.75	2.23	3.09
Vehicle Fuel	_		3.18	2.76	3.06
Electric Utilities	1.94	2.26	1.89	1.58	2.25

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

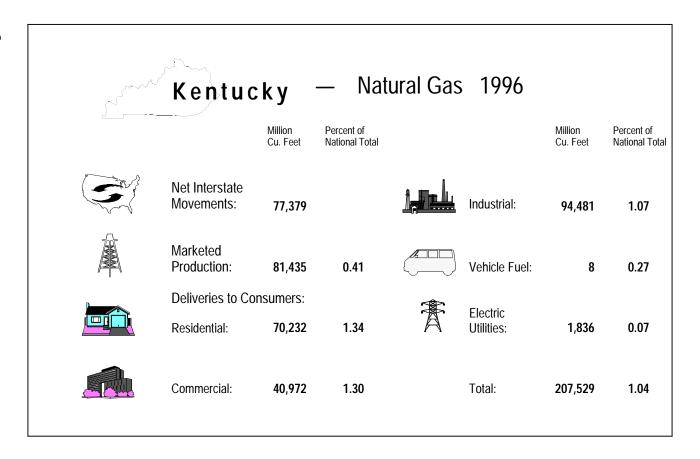


Table 65. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Kentucky, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1,084	1,003	969	1.044	983
40 01 B000111501 01	1,001	1,000	000	1,011	000
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	12,483	12,836	13,036	13,311	13,501
3					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	79,690	86,966	73,081	74,754	81,435
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
T	70.000	00.000	70.004	74754	04.405
Total	79,690	86,966	73,081	74,754	81,435
Repressuring	*	*	*	*	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	*	*	*	*	0
Wet After Lease Separation	79.690	86,966	73,081	74,754	81,435
Vented and Flared	19,090	80,900	73,001	74,754	01,433
Marketed Production	70.000	96,066	73.081	74.754	•
	79,690	86,966			81,435
Extraction Loss	2,342	2,252	2,024	2,303	2,385
Total Dry Production	77,348	84,714	71,057	72,451	79,050
Total Diy i Toddolori	77,010	01,711	7 1,007	72,101	70,000
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	77,348	84,714	71,057	72,451	79,050
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	3,197,882	3,314,559	3,663,838	3,689,277	3,956,093
Withdrawals from Storage	, ,	• •			
Underground Storage	42,795	59,742	54,986	65,739	61,968
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	5	16	50	6	45
Balancing Item	-55.636	-63,628	56.159	-37,282	87,501
	55,555	00,020	55,.55	0.,202	3.,001
Total Supply	3,262,394	3.395.404	3,846,090	3,790,191	4,184,657

Table 65. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Kentucky, 1992-1996 (Continued)

0 0 23,149 49,367 0 52,394 2,105	203,295 0 0 3,143,992 48,117 0 3,395,404	208,386 0 0 3,577,873 59,831 0 3,846,090	224,046 0 0 3,507,584 58,561 0	236,445 0 0 3,878,714 69,498 0
0 0 23,149 49,367 0 62,394	0 0 3,143,992 48,117 0	0 0 3,577,873 59,831 0	0 0 3,507,584 58,561	0 0 3,878,714 69,498
0 23,149 49,367 0 62,394 2,105	3,143,992 48,117 0	0 3,577,873 59,831 0	3,507,584 58,561	0 3,878,714 69,498
0 23,149 49,367 0 62,394 2,105	3,143,992 48,117 0	0 3,577,873 59,831 0	3,507,584 58,561	0 3,878,714 69,498
49,367 0 62,394 2,105	48,117 0	59,831 0	58,561	69,498
0 62,394 2,105	0	0		
0 62,394 2,105	0	0		
2,105	3,395,404	3,846.090		-
		-,,	3,790,191	4,184,657
	0.570	0.400	4.045	4.744
15 0 17	2,573	2,162	1,945	1,744
15,847 707	19,017 689	22,903 611	25,007 702	26,490 682
707	003	011	702	002
61,911	66,909	62,533	66,149	70,232
35,419	37,817	36,744	38,610	40,972
73,619	76,020	83,081	90,764	94,481
*	_ 1	2	2	8
269	269	350	866	1,836
71,218	181,016	182,710	196,392	207,529
89,877	203,295	208,386	224,046	236,445
	•	2	•	•
0	0	0	0	0
2,451 47,776	2,809	3,171	4,169 65,659	3,773
0	53,163 0	57,149 0	05,659	68,850 0
NA	66,909	62,451	66,062	70,229
NA	36,334	34,466	34,971	37,366
NA	38,148	44,181	49,189	56,509
				648 8
10.	•	_	-	Ŭ
NΔ	NΔ	82	87	4
				3,606
NA	37,872	38,900	41,575	37,972
NA	22	3	25	12
NA	0	0	0	0
				696,989
59,466 1,608	71,998 1,585	73,562 1,621	74,521 1,630	76,079 1,633
,	.,555	.,02.	.,000	.,000
96	102	94	96	101
510 45,783	525 47,962	499 51,253	518 55,683	539 57,857
	•			•
1.92	2.28	2.24	1.64	2.55
_	_	_	_	_
	_			_
				2.63
3.02	3.21	3.13	∠.ŏ∪	3.41
5.01	5 25	5 46	5.05	5 54
5.01 4.47	5.25 4.82	5.46 4.98	5.05 4.60	5.54 5.09
5.01 4.47 3.23	5.25 4.82 3.66	5.46 4.98 3.64	5.05 4.60 3.26	5.54 5.09 3.87
4.47	4.82	4.98	4.60	5.09
8	NA NA NA NA NA NA 44,281 69,466 1,608	NA	NA 205 267 NA 1 2 NA NA NA 82 NA 1,484 2,278 NA 37,872 38,900 NA 22 3 NA 0 0 0 44,281 654,664 668,774 89,466 71,998 73,562 1,608 1,585 1,621 96 102 94 510 525 499 45,783 47,962 51,253 1.92 2.28 2.24	NA

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural ad Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report", Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report", Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

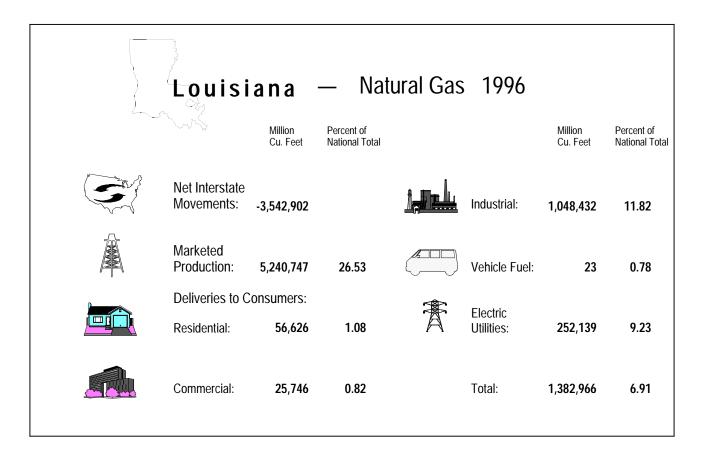


Table 66. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Louisiana, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31 ^a	29,433	28,557	30,583	30,666	9,543
as of December 31	29,433	20,337	30,383	30,000	3,343
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	13,512	15,569	12,958	14,169	15,295
roddonig at End or rodri	10,012	10,000	12,000	11,100	10,200
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	4,347,709	4,375,820	4,527,042	4,481,388	4,642,272
From Oil Wells	629,760	670,803	699,055	681,392	659,706
	,	,	•	,	,
Total	4,977,470	5,046,623	5,226,097	5,162,780	5,301,978
Repressuring	42,631	35,904	36,703	35,684	39,526
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	4,934,839	5,010,719	5,189,394	5,127,096	5,262,452
Vented and Flared	20,538	19,580	19,689	18,729	21,705
Marketed Production	4,914,300	4,991,138	5,169,705	5,108,366	5.240.747
Extraction Loss	132,656	130,336	128,583	146,048	139,841
Total Dry Production	4,781,644	4,860,802	5,041,122	4,962,318	5,100,906
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	4.781.644	4.860.802	5.041.122	4.962.318	5,100,906
Receipts at State Borders	., ,	.,000,002	0,0 ,	.,002,010	0,.00,000
Imports	12.637	30.790	17.887	5.149	7.042
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0, 1.0	.,0.2
Interstate Receipts	1,870,183	1.831.797	1,844,714	2,164,567	2,373,002
Withdrawals from Storage	.,0.0,.00	.,00.,.0.	.,	_, ,	2,5.5,002
Underground Storage	207,010	221,931	184,731	262.328	260,117
LNG Storage	12,097	32,033	18,252	4.723	7,056
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	02,000	0	1,720	0,000
Balancing Item	33.706	197,928	409.022	86.580	95,441
Dalationing Item	55,700	101,020	700,022	50,500	33,441
Total Supply	6,917,278	7.175.281	7.515.728	7,485,667	7,843,563

Table 66. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Louisiana, 1992-1996 (Continued)

1994 1,623,766 0 0 5,649,614 224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22 277,116	1995 1,717,914 0 0,5,553,146 209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	1,664,447 0 0 5,922,946 249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
0 0 5,649,614 224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	0 0 5,553,146 209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	0 0 5,922,946 249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
0 0 5,649,614 224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	0 0 5,553,146 209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	0 0 5,922,946 249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
5,649,614 224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	0 5,553,146 209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	5,922,946 249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
5,649,614 224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	0 5,553,146 209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	5,922,946 249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
224,525 17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	209,575 5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	249,153 7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
17,823 7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	5,032 7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	7,016 7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
7,515,728 140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	7,485,667 133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	7,843,563 144,486 67,761 69,235
140,571 63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	133,825 64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	144,486 67,761 69,235
63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	67,761 69,235
63,257 66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	64,729 75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	67,761 69,235
66,600 52,981 24,184 999,034 22	75,845 52,603 23,833 1,044,136	69,235
52,981 24,184 999,034 22	52,603 23,833 1,044,136	
24,184 999,034 22	23,833 1,044,136	
24,184 999,034 22	23,833 1,044,136	56,626
999,034 22	1,044,136	25,746
22		1,048,432
	21	23
	322,923	252,139
1,353,337	1,443,515	1,382,966
1,623,766	1,717,914	1,664,447
0	3	9
505	464	451
759,747	733,133	942,276
174,324	239,903	202,033
52,689	52,603	56,626
18,058	17,786	19,074
592,738	754,940	760,019
87,013	144,622	97,584
22	21	23
292	0	0
6,126	6,047	6,672
406,296	289,196	288,413
121,083	162,808	127,265
0	0	0
945,387	957,558	945,967
62,184	62,930	62,101
1,737	1,383	1,444
	55	60
56	379 754,979	415 726,061
389	701,070	720,001
389		2.33
389 575,149	1 50	2.22
389 575,149 2.08	1.58 1.85	<u> </u>
389 575,149	1.58 1.85 —	2.58
389 575,149 2.08 1.71	1.85	2.00
389 575,149 2.08 1.71 — 1.44	1.85 — 1.61	3.13
389 575,149 2.08 1.71	1.85	3.13
389 575,149 2.08 1.71 — 1.44	1.85 — 1.61	3.13 6.76
389 575,149 2.08 1.71 — 1.44 2.54	1.85 — 1.61 2.21	
389 575,149 2.08 1.71 — 1.44 2.54 6.24	1.85 — 1.61 2.21 6.01 5.15 1.82	6.76
389 575,149 2.08 1.71 — 1.44 2.54 6.24 5.42	1.85 — 1.61 2.21 6.01 5.15	6.76 6.09

a Includes Federal Offshore from Alabama.

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Form FEC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

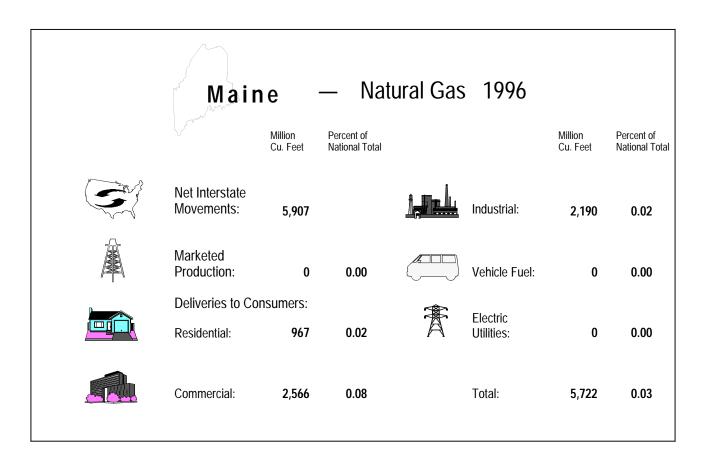


Table 67. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Maine, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
ao or Doodribor or	v	· ·	· ·	ŭ	· ·
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•	-	_	•
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	Ō	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	Ô	0	o o	0	Ō
Marketed Production	Õ	Õ	Ŏ	Õ	Õ
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
EXITACTION LOSS	U	U	U	0	U
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receints at State Borders	v	· ·	· ·	ŭ	· ·
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Õ	Õ	Ŏ	Õ	Õ
Interstate Receipts	5.161	4.989	4.928	5.533	5.907
Withdrawals from Storage	3,101	4,909	4,320	3,333	3,307
	0	0	0	•	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	22	19	22	16	22
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	96	61
Balancing Item	-26	-24	131	-196	-241
Total Supply	5,157	4,985	5,082	5,448	5,749
Total Supply	5,157	4,965	5,082	5,446	5,749

Table 67. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Maine, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	5,131	4,968	5,055	5,429	5,722
Deliveries at State Borders					
Exports		0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Additions to Storage	_	_			
Underground Storage		0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	26	16	27	19	26
Total Disposition	5,157	4,985	5,082	5,448	5,749
Consumption (million cubic feet)	_	_	_	_	_
Lease Fuel		0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel		2	9	96	0
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers	070	204	20.4	040	207
Residential		901	894	913	967
Commercial		2,311	2,381	2,426	2,566
Industrial		1,753	1,771	1,993	2,190
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Total Delivered to Consumers	5,129	4,966	5,045	5,333	5,722
Total Consumption	5,131	4,968	5,055	5,429	5,722
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	197
Electric Utilities		0	0	0	0
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	901	894	913	967
Commercial		2,311	2,381	2,426	2,566
Industrial		1,753	1,166	1,343	1,650
Electric Utilities		0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
verilole i dei	IVA	O	O	O	U
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_	_	_
Residential		NA	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	0	0
Industrial	NA	0	604	650	539
Electric Utilities		0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential		13,880	14,104	14,917	14,982
Commercial	4,838	4,979	5,297	5,819	6,414
Industrial	80	66	89	74	87
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	63	65	63	61	65
Commercial		464	449	417	400
Industrial		26,564	19,895	26,936	25,170
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports		_	_	_	_
Exports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel		3.91	3.50	5.50	_
City Gate		3.69	2.98	3.35	4.30
Delivered to Consumers	J.11	3.03	2.30	3.33	4.50
Residential	6.95	7.47	7.83	7.32	7.84
Commercial		6.76	6.97	6.51	7.09
Industrial		4.65	4.79	4.46	5.22
		4.00	4.13	4.40	J.ZZ
			_	_	
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities					

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

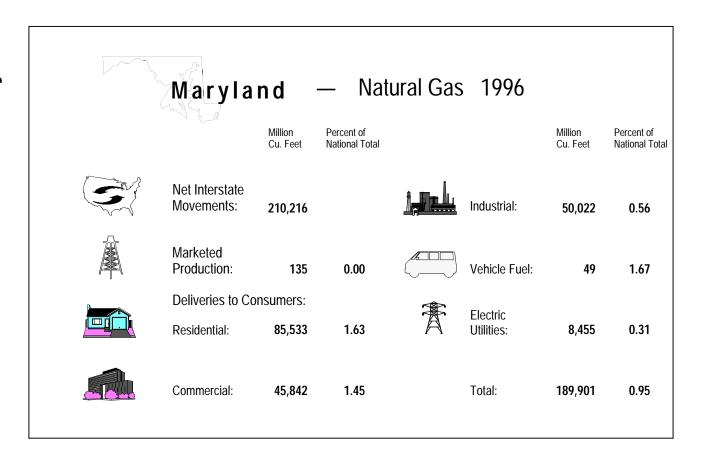


Table 68. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Maryland, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet) Estimated Proved Reserves (dry) as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
as of December 51	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	9	7	7	7	8
3					
Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	33	28	26	22	135
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	22	20	06	20	405
Total	33	28	26	22	135
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	Ö	0	Õ	Õ
Wet After Lease Separation	33	28	26	22	135
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	33	28	26	22	135
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	133
EXITACTION LOSS	U	U	U	Ü	U
Total Dry Production	33	28	26	22	135
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	33	28	26	22	135
Receipts at State Borders	33	20	20	22	100
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
	959.084		883.179	864.322	882.473
Interstate Receipts	959,084	855,001	883,179	804,322	002,473
Withdrawals from Storage	40.400	00.400	47.400	10.050	47.470
Underground Storage	19,169	20,420	17,406	19,658	17,472
LNG Storage	715	610	529	540	691
Supplemental Gas Supplies	126	418	987	609	882
Balancing Item	-10,859	18,085	-45,552	-21,359	-14,538
Total Supply	968,267	894,562	856,574	863,793	887,114

Table 68. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Maryland, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	181,300	180,614	183,734	194,099	192,528
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	Õ	Ö	Ö	Ö	Õ
Interstate Deliveries	766,661	697,939	656,585	652,253	672,257
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	19,502	15,314	15,316	15,610	17,448
LNG Storage	804	696	939	1,831	4,881
Total Disposition	968,267	894,562	856,574	863,793	887,114
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	4	1	1	2
Pipeline Fuel	2,419	2,429	2,475	2,826	3 2,624
Plant Fuel	2,413	2,423	2,470	0	2,024
Delivered to Consumers	•	•	•	•	•
Residential	75,122	76,871	76,688	76,552	85,533
Commercial	42,464	43,635	44,136	46,874	45,842
Industrial	49,720	48,842	47,691	48,963	50,022
Vehicle Fuel	0	19	25	50	49
Electric Utilities	11,575	8,817	12,718	18,833	8,455
Total Delivered to Consumers	178,881	178,185	181,259	191,272	189,901
Total Consumption	181,300	180,614	183,734	194,099	192,528
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	1,338
Commercial	1,692	1,497	1,291	1,469	3,734
Industrial	39,740	38,989	39,697	42,475	44,186
Electric Utilities	3,691	3,034	4,186	6,489	9,518
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	NA	76.871	76.688	76 550	84.201
Residential Commercial	NA NA	76,871 35,491	76,688 36,183	76,552 37,079	84,201 36,098
Industrial	NA NA	12,535	11,836	10,189	17,777
Electric Utilities	NA NA	1,231	2,977	4,469	8,228
Vehicle Fuel	NA	19	25	38	34
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	1,332
Commercial	NA NA	8,144	7,953	9,795	9,744
Industrial	NA NA	36,307 5,770	35,856	38,773	32,245 1,496
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	5,770 0	9,910 0	12,129 12	1,496
Number of Consumers					
Residential	894,677	807,204	824,137	841,772	871,012
Commercial	62,858	63,767	64,698	66,094	69,991
Industrial	514	496	516	481	430
Average Annual Consumption per Consum(thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	84	95	93	91	98
Commercial	676	684	682	709	655
Industrial	96,731	98,472	92,425	101,794	116,331
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.01	2.44	4 27	1 40	
Imports	1.91	2.44	1.37	1.42	_
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.94	2.08	2.01	1.81	2.48
City Gate	3.20	3.53	3.38	2.87	4.02
Delivered to Consumers				-	-
Residential	6.43	7.08	6.95	6.62	7.60
0 ' 1	5.24	5.72	5.46	5.06	6.08
Commercial					
Industrial	3.56	3.59	4.04	3.21	5.36
		3.59 3.57 3.01	4.04 3.76 2.57	3.21 3.06 2.24	5.36 3.82 3.11

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

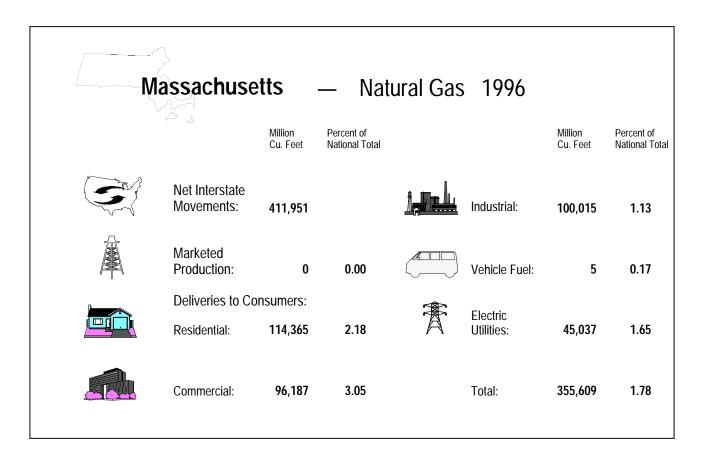


Table 69. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Massachusetts, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	0	0	0	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
r roadoning at Eria or road	· ·	v	· ·	J	Ü
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Summly (million outlin foot)					
Supply (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Dry ProductionReceipts at State Borders	U	U	U	Ü	U
Imports	30.479	50.895	32.891	12.769	33,232
Intransit Receipts	30,479	50,695 N	32,091	12,769	33,232
Intransit Receipts	334.816	278,925	292,161	541,527	462,643
	334,010	276,925	292,161	541,527	402,043
Withdrawals from Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0 6,990	0 7,900	12.369	0.033	0 11 471
LNG Storage	105	7,900 61	12,369	9,033 420	11,471 426
Supplemental Gas Supplies					
Balancing Item	-10,049	40,758	53,622	-96,577	-60,001
Total Supply	362,342	378,539	391.198	467,172	447,771

Table 69. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Massachusetts, 1992-1996 (Continued)

312,343 0 0 60,665 0 5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109 312,343	337,368 0 0 48,281 0 5,550 391,198 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551 337,368	362,301 0 0 98,974 0 5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429 362,301	357,740 0 0 83,924 0 6,107 447,771 0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609 357,740
0 0 0 60,665 0 5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	0 0 48,281 0 5,550 391,198 0 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	0 98,974 0 5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 0 0 83,924 0 6,107 447,771 0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
0 60,665 0 5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	0 48,281 0 5,550 391,198 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	0 98,974 0 5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 83,924 0 6,107 447,771 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
0 60,665 0 5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	0 48,281 0 5,550 391,198 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	0 98,974 0 5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 83,924 0 6,107 447,771 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
0 5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	0 5,550 391,198 0 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	0 5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 6,107 447,771 0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	5,550 391,198 0 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	6,107 447,771 0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
5,531 378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	5,550 391,198 0 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	5,898 467,172 0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	6,107 447,771 0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
378,539 0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	391,198 0 1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
0 2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567	0 1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567	1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
2,234 0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	1,817 0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567	1,872 0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	2,131 0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
0 121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	0 119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567	0 105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	0 114,365 96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
121,228 65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	119,642 84,534 92,798 9 38,567	105,795 82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
65,429 94,658 2 28,793 310,109	84,534 92,798 9 38,567 335,551	82,270 107,730 12 64,623 360,429	96,187 100,015 5 45,037 355,609
94,658 2 28,793 310,109	92,798 9 38,567 335,551	107,730 12 64,623 360,429	100,015 5 45,037 355,609
2 28,793 310,109	9 38,567 335,551	12 64,623 360,429	5 45,037 355,609
28,793 310,109	38,567 335,551	64,623 360,429	45,037 355,609
310,109	335,551	360,429	355,609
	,		,
312,343	337,368	362,301	357,740
			•
0	0	0	103
1,625	20,132	12,453	24,311
65,739	67,072	73,793	74,115
9,725	29,992	50,087	39,460
121,228	119,642	105,795	114,365
58,104 75,097	60,879 67,512	70,872 75,876	74,480 71,575
12,331	21,361	32,812	71,373 39,411
2	8	10	1
NA	0	0	0
7,325	23,656	11,397	21,707
	25,286	31,854	28,440
19,562	19,983 1	33,541 2	6,345 4
19,562 10,311 0			
10,311		1,180,860	1,188,317
10,311 0	1,179,869	104,453	105,889
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187	92,744		10,952
10,311 0 ,155,443		10,447	
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187	92,744		
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019	10,447	Q G
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019 101	10,447 90	96 908
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019	10,447	96 908 9,132
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019 101 911	10,447 90 788	908
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019 101 911	10,447 90 788	908
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572	90 788 10,312	908 9,132 —
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283	92,744 8,019 101 911	10,447 90 788	908
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572	90 788 10,312 — 2.48	908 9,132
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572	90 788 10,312	908 9,132 —
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572 	90 788 10,312 — 2.48 — 2.00	908 9,132 — 2.92 — 2.74
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572 	90 788 10,312 — 2.48 — 2.00	908 9,132 — 2.92 — 2.74
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997 	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572 	90 788 10,312 — 2.48 — 2.00 3.53 9.04 6.59	908 9,132 — 2.92 — 2.74 3.98 8.88 6.74
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997 	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572 — 2.59 — 2.13 3.98 8.94 6.82 5.25	90 788 10,312 — 2.48 — 2.00 3.53 9.04 6.59 4.43	908 9,132 — 2.92 — 2.74 3.98 8.88 6.74 5.37
10,311 0 ,155,443 102,187 7,283 105 640 12,997 	92,744 8,019 101 911 11,572 	90 788 10,312 — 2.48 — 2.00 3.53 9.04 6.59	908 9,132 — 2.92 — 2.74 3.98 8.88 6.74
1	7,283 105 640 12,997 2.50	7,283 8,019 105 101 640 911 12,997 11,572	640 911 788 12,997 11,572 10,312

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

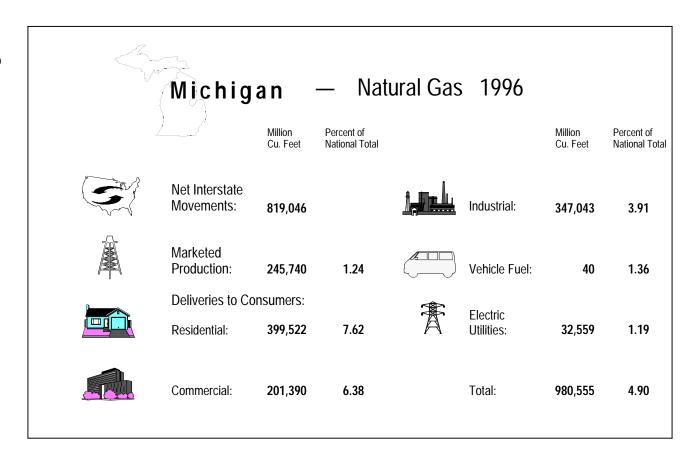


Table 70. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Michigan, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1.223	1.160	1,323	1.294	2,061
as of December of	1,220	1,100	1,020	1,204	2,001
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	3,257	5.500	6.000	5.258	5,826
r roadoing at End of roal	0,207	0,000	0,000	0,200	0,020
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	120,287	126,179	136,989	146,320	201,123
From Oil Wells	80,192	84,119	91,332	97,547	50,281
Total	200,479	210,299	228,321	243,867	251,404
Repressuring	2,340	2,340	2,340	2,340	2,340
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	198,139	207,959	225,981	241,527	249,064
Vented and Flared	3,324	3,324	3.324	3,324	3,324
Marketed Production	194,815	204,635	222.657	238,203	245,740
Extraction Loss	8,093	7,012	6,371	6,328	6,399
	,	,	ŕ	,	,
Total Dry Production	186,722	197,623	216,286	231,875	239,341
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	186.722	197,623	216,286	231,875	239,341
Receipts at State Borders	,	,	,	===,===	,
Imports	38,568	34,874	17,320	26,475	29,043
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,135,780	1,042,778	1,495,917	1,355,745	1,516,628
Withdrawals from Storage	,,	,- , -	,,-	,,	,,
Underground Storage	392,716	437,280	389,224	494,531	471,467
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	14.694	12.795	13.688	21.378	21.848
Balancing Item	58.803	32,932	-214,223	-66,012	-33,618
	,	,	,	****	22,0.0
Total Supply	1,827,283	1,758,282	1,918,212	2,063,992	2,244,709

Table 70. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Michigan, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption	891,181	913,033	926,023	970,851	1.014.947
Deliveries at State Borders	091,101	913,033	920,023	970,001	1,014,547
Exports	67,763	44,413	49,470	26,948	50,363
Intransit Deliveries		324,093	472,499	492,481	536,333
Interstate Deliveries		431	0	196,589	139,929
Additions to Storage	,			•	,
Underground Storage	390,465	476,312	470,220	377,121	503,138
LNG Storage		0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	1,827,283	1,758,282	1,918,212	2,063,992	2,244,709
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		4,889	6,399	6,198	5,478
Pipeline Fuel		23,874	22,521	24,851	25,903
Plant Fuel	3,096	3,282	3,367	3,337	3,011
Delivered to Consumers	050.000	000 004	004 500	222 225	000 500
Residential		369,801	364,588	380,025	399,522
Commercial		180,230	183,068	194,078	201,390
Industrial		312,050	327,848	326,551	347,043
Vehicle Fuel		10	14	27	40
Electric Utilities	24,908	18,898	18,218	35,784	32,559
Total Delivered to Consumers	862,217	880,988	893,735	936,466	980,555
Total Consumption	891,181	913,033	926,023	970,851	1,014,947
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	4,121	4,283	4,245	4,184	4,309
Commercial		56,547	62,825	65,266	66,621
Industrial		283,775	292,945	296,745	315,568
Electric Utilities		16,324	17,820	28,369	26,067
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	369,801	364,588	380,025	399,522
Commercial		179,323	182,234	193,170	200,521
Industrial	NA	284,928	294,701	311,742	335,074
Electric Utilities	NA	16,621	18,019	28,494	26,385
Vehicle Fuel	NA	10	14	27	40
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		907	834	908	870
Industrial	NA	27,122	33,148	14,809	11,969
Electric Utilities		100	199	476	66
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers	0.640.570	0.677.005	0.747.000	0.767.400	2.040.070
ResidentialCommercial		2,677,085 204.453	2,717,683	2,767,190 211,817	2,812,876
		- /	207,629	211,817	214,843
Industrial	11,460	11,425	11,308	11,454	11,848
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
	126	120	101	107	1.10
Residential	136	138	134	137	142
CommercialIndustrial		882 27,313	882 28,993	916 28,510	937 29,291
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.71	2.38	1.96	1.67	2.21
Imports		2.02	2.16	1.90	2.89
Exports		2.14	2.49	1.97	2.66
Pipeline Fuel		0.26	0.20	0.54	1.04
City Gate		2.89	2.70	2.61	2.90
Delivered to Consumers	·			=	
Residential	5.06	5.04	4.98	4.72	4.96
Commercial		4.66	4.68	4.46	4.75
Industrial		3.91	3.93	3.62	3.87
Vehicle Fuel		3.36	2.84	3.08	3.38
Electric Utilities		0.92	0.97	0.73	0.74

NA = Not available.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-7816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-627, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

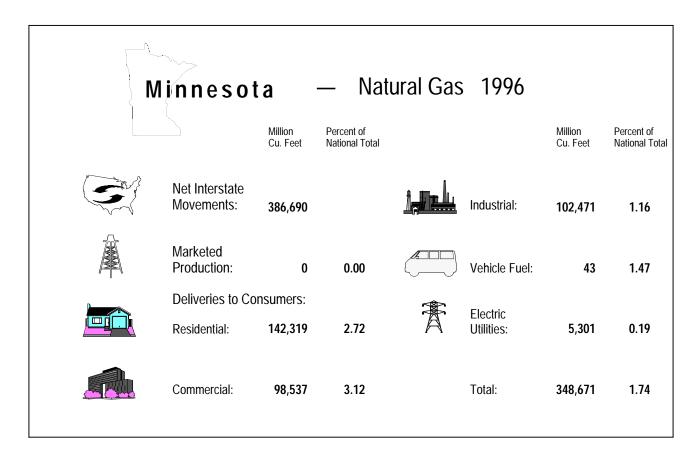


Table 71. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Minnesota, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	U	O	0	0	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
I roducing at End of Tear	U	O	O	O	O
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	Ŏ	Ô	ñ	Ô	0
TIOTH OIL WORD	O	· ·	· ·	· ·	O
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	· ·	ŭ	· ·	ŭ	v
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	Õ	ň	Õ	Õ
Wet After Lease Separation	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	ő	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	U	U	U	0	U
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	U	U	O	U	U
Imports	200 427	383.702	207.466	406.883	404 472
	369,137		387,466		401,473
Intransit Receipts	486,163	324,093	487,760	492,481	536,333
Interstate Receipts	706,629	756,282	814,096	863,304	892,727
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	1,329	1,834	1,192	1,582	1,625
LNG Storage	3,380	5,864	5,537	4,731	5,861
Supplemental Gas Supplies	52	78	289	194	709
Balancing Item	35,488	199,493	12,630	23,255	-16,814
Total Supply	1,602,179	1,671,346	1,708,970	1,792,431	1,821,914

Table 71. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Minnesota, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet)		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Delivered for the Account of Others						
Exports		308,821	327,939	323,815	353,076	368,426
Intrianst Deliveries		0	0	0	0	0
Additions to Storage Underground Storage						
Underground Störage		1,288,392	1,335,315	1,377,432	1,434,132	1,443,843
LNG Storage			4 =00	. ==0	=-	
Total Disposition						
Consumption (million cubic feet) Cases Fuel 14,948 16,227 17,310 19,175 19,755	LNG Storage	3,394	6,330	0,107	3,740	7,990
Lease Fuel	Total Disposition	1,602,179	1,671,346	1,708,970	1,792,431	1,821,914
Pipeline Fuel		0	0	0	0	0
Plant Fuel						
Delivered to Consumers Residential 113,560 123,401 122,249 128,736 142,319 120,736 142,319 142,3						, <u> </u>
Commercial 82,381 86,629 83,933 90,668 99,537 Industrial 93,025 97,771 94,468 106,189 102,471 Vehicle Fuel 0 1 29 26 43 Electric Utilities 4,906 3,910 5,826 8,292 5,301 Total Delivered to Consumers 293,873 311,712 306,505 333,900 348,671 Total Delivered to Consumers 293,873 311,712 306,505 333,900 348,671 Total Delivered to Consumers 293,873 311,712 306,505 333,900 348,671 Total Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 Residential 3,144 2,823 3,336 5,666 3,768 Commercial 53,665 55,555 53,828 69,467 60,195 Electric Utilities 1,443 1,071 906 734 00.195 Electric Utilities 1,443 1,071 906 734 00.195 Electric Utilities NA 123,401 122,249 128,614 142,228 Commercial NA 62,193 62,668 65,915 72,740 Residential NA 62,193 62,668 65,915 72,740 Residential NA 106 1,751 2,255 2,007 Vehicle Fuel NA 106 1,751 2,255 2,007 Vehicle Fuel NA 2,438 2,1285 2,428 2,537 Commercial NA 2,438 2,1285 2,428 2,537 Residential NA 2,438 3,538 6,548 6,5314 57,247 Residential NA 2,438 2,1285 2,474 2,573 Commercial NA 2,438 3,538 6,548 6,5314 57,247 Residential NA 2,438 2,1285 2,474 2,573 Commercial NA 2,438 3,538 6,548 6,547 3,738 Residential NA 2,438 3,538 6,548 6,547 3,753 Residential NA 2,438 3,538 6,548 Residential NA 3,289 3,538 6,548 6,547 3,753 Residential 99,707 93,062 10,2657 103,674 105,531 Residential 114 115 117 119 129 Residential 144 145 147 149 149 Residential 144 145 147 149 1						
Industrial	Residential	113,560	123,401	122,249	128,736	142,319
Vehicle Fuel						
Electric Utilities						
Total Delivered to Consumers 293,873 311,712 306,505 333,900 348,671			•			
Total Consumption 308,821 327,939 323,815 353,076 368,426				,		,
Delivered for the Account of Others		,	,	,	,	,
Imilian cubic feet)	·	308,821	327,939	323,815	353,076	368,426
Residential						
Commercial	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0	0	0	0	0
Electric Utilities						
Firm Deliveries	Industrial	53,665	55,355	53,928	69,467	60,195
(million cubic feet)	Electric Utilities	1,443	1,071	906	734	0
Résidential NA 123,401 122,249 128,614 142,228 Commercial NA 62,193 62,668 65,910 72,740 Industrial NA 65,091 57,965 45,815 45,226 Electric Utilities NA 106 1,701 2,285 2,097 Vehicle Fuel NA 106 1,701 2,285 2,097 Vehicle Fuel NA 10 29 26 5 Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet) Residential NA NA 24,436 21,265 24,748 25,797 Industrial NA 32,680 36,503 60,374 57,246 25,797 Industrial NA 2,201 2,296 2,337 1,455 2,746 26,797 1,455 2,478 2,5797 1,455 2,746 2,5797 1,455 2,5797 2,546 2,337 1,455 2,797 2,660 2,337 1,455 2,797 2,661 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Commercial			100 101	400.040	100 211	4.40.000
Industrial						
Electric Utilities						
Vehicle Fuel.						
Million cubic feet)						
Million cubic feet)	Interruptible Deliveries					
Commercial. NA 24,436 21,265 24,748 25,797 Industrial NA 32,680 36,503 60,374 57,246 Electric Utilities NA 2,201 2,296 2,337 1,455 Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 38 Number of Consumers Residential 998,201 1,074,631 1,049,263 1,080,009 1,103,709 Commercial 99,707 93,062 102,857 103,874 105,531 Industrial 2,515 2,477 2,592 2,531 2,564 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 114 115 117 119 129 Commercial 826 931 816 873 934 Industrial 36,988 39,471 36,446 41,955 39,965 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	(million cubic feet)					
Industrial				-		
Electric Utilities						
Number of Consumers Residential 998,201 1,074,631 1,049,263 1,080,009 1,103,709 1,003,						
Residential 998,201 1,074,631 1,049,263 1,080,009 1,103,709 1,000 1,103,709 1,000 1,000,000 1,103,709 1,000,000						
Residential 998,201 1,074,631 1,049,263 1,080,009 1,103,709 1,000 1,103,709 1,000 1,000,000 1,103,709 1,000,000	Number of Consumers					
Industrial	Residential					
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 114 115 117 119 129 Commercial 826 931 816 873 934 Industrial 36,988 39,471 36,446 41,955 39,965 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)						
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 114 115 117 119 129 Commercial 826 931 816 873 934 Industrial 36,988 39,471 36,446 41,955 39,965 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) — — — — — Imports 1.74 2.07 2.06 1.81 2.38 Exports — — — — Pipeline Fuel 0.61 0.47 0.47 0.37 0.68 City Gate 2.92 3.11 2.85 2.52 3.07 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.86 5.31 5.18 4.80 5.46 Commercial 4.10 4.52 4.36 3.98 4.63 Industrial 3.05 3.20 2.87 2.45 2.97 Vehicle Fuel — — 6.08 1.90 1.82 3.42	Industrial	2,515	2,477	2,592	2,531	2,564
Residential 114 115 117 119 129 Commercial 826 931 816 873 934 Industrial 36,988 39,471 36,446 41,955 39,965 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) — </td <td></td> <td>er</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		er				
Commercial 826 931 816 873 934 Industrial 36,988 39,471 36,446 41,955 39,965 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) —		114	115	117	119	129
Industrial						
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) — — — — — Imports 1.74 2.07 2.06 1.81 2.38 Exports — — — — — Pipeline Fuel 0.61 0.47 0.47 0.37 0.68 City Gate 2.92 3.11 2.85 2.52 3.07 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.86 5.31 5.18 4.80 5.46 Commercial 4.10 4.52 4.36 3.98 4.63 Industrial 3.05 3.20 2.87 2.45 2.97 Vehicle Fuel — 6.08 1.90 1.82 3.42						
Wellhead (Marketed Production) — <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						
Imports						
Exports. —<		4 74	2.07	2.06	1 01	2 20
Pipeline Fuel 0.61 0.47 0.47 0.37 0.68 City Gate 2.92 3.11 2.85 2.52 3.07 Delivered to Consumers 8 4.86 5.31 5.18 4.80 5.46 Commercial 4.10 4.52 4.36 3.98 4.63 Industrial 3.05 3.20 2.87 2.45 2.97 Vehicle Fuel — 6.08 1.90 1.82 3.42		1./4	2.07	Z.U0 —	1.61	2.30
City Gate		0.61	0.47	0.47	0.37	0.68
Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.86 5.31 5.18 4.80 5.46 Commercial 4.10 4.52 4.36 3.98 4.63 Industrial 3.05 3.20 2.87 2.45 2.97 Vehicle Fuel — 6.08 1.90 1.82 3.42						
Commercial	Delivered to Consumers					
Industrial 3.05 3.20 2.87 2.45 2.97 Vehicle Fuel — 6.08 1.90 1.82 3.42						
Vehicle Fuel						
		3.05				
		1.85				
					****	20

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

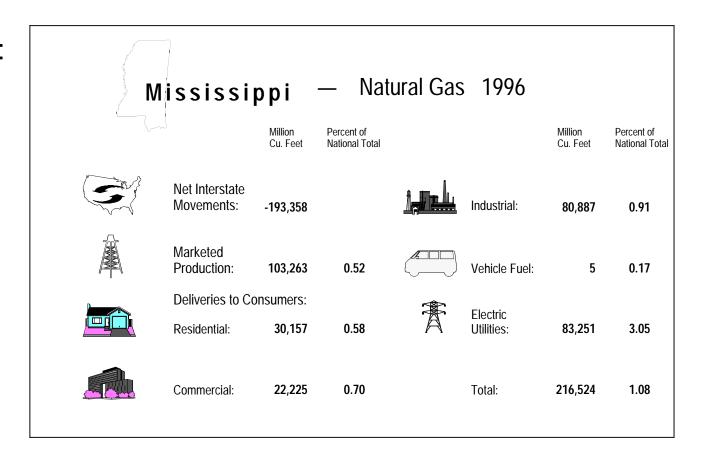


Table 72. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Mississippi, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	869	797	650	663	631
as of December of	003	131	000	000	001
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	507	620	583	535	568
. roddonig at 211d or rodininininininini	00.	020	000	000	000
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	145,153	129,395	112,205	113,401	117,412
From Oil Wells	20,384	15,631	9,597	6,051	6,210
Total	165,538	145,026	121,802	119,452	123,622
Repressuring	24,993	14,092	12,083	11,321	9,366
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	45,772	48,017	44,344	10,364	8,316
Wet After Lease Separation	94,773	82,917	65,376	97,767	105,940
Vented and Flared	3,076	2.222	1,928	2.234	2,677
Marketed Production	91,697	80,695	63,448	95,533	103,263
Extraction Loss	416	395	425	377	340
Total Dry Production	91,281	80,300	63,023	95,156	102,923
Cunnly (million cubic fact)					
Supply (million cubic feet) Dry Production	91,281	80,300	63,023	95,156	102,923
Receipts at State Borders	91,201	80,300	03,023	93,130	102,923
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	5,198,262	5.279.804	5,660,877	5.623.521	5,880,172
Withdrawals from Storage	5,196,262	5,279,604	5,000,077	5,625,521	3,000,172
	E0 070	EE 706	E0 E06	82.604	75.000
Underground Storage	53,373	55,786	50,526	82,604	75,926
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	54,787	27,069	41,449	394,349	372,489
Total Supply	5.397.703	5.442.959	5,815,874	6,195,630	6,431,510
Total Supply	5,551,105	5,442,959	5,615,674	0,190,000	0,431,310

Table 72. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Mississippi, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	239,442	229,941	257,647	288,067	269,296
Deliveries at State Borders					
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit DeliveriesInterstate Deliveries	0 5.103.156	0 5,157,115	0 5,493,256	0 5.832.741	0 6,073,530
Additions to Storage	3,103,130	5,157,115	3,433,230	5,052,741	0,073,330
Underground Storage	55,105	55,903	64,972	74,821	88,684
LNG Storage		0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	5,397,703	5,442,959	5,815,874	6,195,630	6,431,510
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	4 272	4 201	2.160	2 100	2 202
Pipeline Fuel	4,372 33,276	4,291 37,500	3,169 39,162	3,108 41,674	3,202 49,188
Plant Fuel		538	463	399	382
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	26,487	28,347	27,086	26,960	30,157
Commercial	17,942	19,199	19,232	19,904	22,225
Industrial		100,166	85,984	84,526	80,887
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	0 54,180	0 39,900	9 82,541	267 111,229	5 83,251
		,	,	,	,
Total Delivered to Consumers	- ,	187,611	214,852	242,887	216,524
Total Consumption	239,442	229,941	257,647	288,067	269,296
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)	•	0	•		•
Residential Commercial	0 645	0 647	0 647	0 615	0 585
Industrial	55,973	60,506	48,154	48.691	47,133
Electric Utilities		26,270	31,927	40,663	57,417
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	28,347	27,086	26,960	30,157
Commercial	NA	18,060	17,748	18,361	20,708
Industrial		31,867	48,202	47,753	43,165
Electric Utilities		30,631	1,701	3,847	2,979
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	267	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	
Commercial		1,139	1,484	1,543	1,516
IndustrialElectric Utilities	NA NA	68,299 10,797	37,783 31,943	36,773 37,356	37,722 55,109
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0,797	31,9 4 3 9	37,330 0	55,109
	INA	U	9	U	3
Number of Consumers Residential	392,155	398,472	405,312	415.123	418.442
Commercial		45,310	43,803	45,444	46,029
Industrial	1,327	1,324	1,313	1,298	1,241
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	o .				
Residential	68	71	67	65	72
Commercial	405	424	439	438	483
Industrial	77,326	75,654	65,487	65,120	65,178
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.64	1.73	1.49	1.24	1.66
Imports	1.04	1.73	1.43	1.24	1.00
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.34	2.37	1.98	1.82	2.63
City Gate	2.62	2.90	2.83	2.53	3.27
Delivered to Consumers	4.05	5.00	5 40	5.00	5 7 0
Residential		5.23	5.46	5.28	5.72
CommercialIndustrial		4.38 2.99	4.56 2.98	4.28 2.71	5.22 3.43
	2.00	2.99	2.98	1.63	3.43 2.51
Vehicle Fuel					
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	1.85	2.47	1.98	1.78	2.78

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perior" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

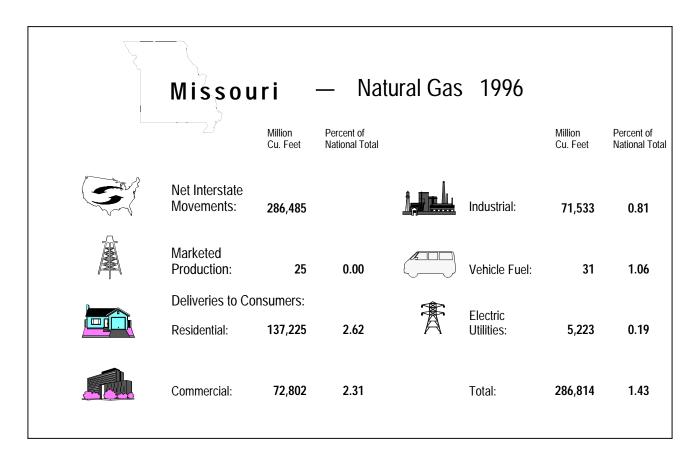


Table 73. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Missouri, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	5	8	12	15	24
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	27	14	8	16	25
From Oil Wells	0	0	Ö	0	0
Total	27	14	8	16	25
	•	•		•	
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	27	14	8	16	25
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	27	14	8	16	25
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	27	14	8	16	25
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	27	14	8	16	25
Receipts at State Borders	21	1-7	6	10	20
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	ů.	Ô	Ô	Ď
Interstate Receipts	1.219.024	1,306,977	1,442,661	1,544,992	1,556,791
Withdrawals from Storage	1,210,021	1,000,011	1,112,001	1,011,002	1,000,701
Underground Storage	3,094	4,779	5,082	2,580	6,522
LNG Storage	0	4,779	0,002	2,360	0,322
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	371	4	785
	-3,927	•		9 664	7,022
Balancing Item	-3,921	8,729	21,145	8,664	7,022
Total Supply	1,218,219	1,320,498	1,469,266	1,556,256	1,571,146

Table 73. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Missouri, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)		1		•	
Consumption	240,745	279,562	267,594	279,078	294,270
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	974,394	1,036,225	1,196,675	1,274,401	1,270,306
Additions to Storage	,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Underground Storage	3,080	4,711	4,997	2,777	6,570
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	1,218,219	1,320,498	1,469,266	1,556,256	1,571,146
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	1	0	0	*	1
Pipeline Fuel	2,309	9,846	2,879	7,122	7,455
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers Residential	116,655	134,172	122,566	125,110	137,225
Commercial	60,963	69,670	66,196	65,086	72,802
Industrial		60,982	71,602	68,924	71,533
Vehicle Fuel	0	00,302	1 1,002	6	31
Electric Utilities	2,351	4,891	4,351	12,830	5,223
Total Delivered to Consumers	238,435	269,716	264,715	271,956	286,814
Total Consumption	240,745	279,562	267,594	279,078	294,270
·	•	•	,	•	,
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	8,817	10,710	11,072	10,880	12,988
Industrial	44,131	46,608	56,873	53,484	53,656
Electric Utilities	1,418	2,607	1,246	5,794	1,848
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	134,172	122,566	125,110	137,225
Commercial	NA	61,652	63,080	63,237	70,861
Industrial	NA	29,882	57,967	59,542	62,930
Electric Utilities	NA	1,374	1,243	5,826	1,879
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	1	6	31
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_	_	_
Residential	NA	NA	0		0
Commercial		8,018	3,116	1,849	1,941
Industrial	NA	31,101	13,635	9,383	8,603
Electric Utilities	NA NA	3,723 0	1,911 0	4,225 0	953 0
verilole i dei	INA	O	O	O	O
Number of Consumers	4 000 000	4 005 004	4 004 007	4.050.400	4 075 405
Residential Commercial	1,220,203 125.174	1,225,921 125.571	1,281,007 132.378	1,259,102 130.318	1,275,465 133,445
Industrial	2,989	3,040	3,115	3,033	3,408
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	96	109	96	99	108
Commercial	487	555	500	499	546
Industrial	19,560	20,060	22,986	22,725	20,990
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.56	1.57	1.49	1.70	1.56
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports	_		_		_
Pipeline Fuel	2.31	2.01	0.91	1.19	2.34
City Gate	2.86	3.20	3.05	2.73	3.25
Delivered to Consumers	E 11	5.37	5.43	5.16	5.97
ResidentialCommercial	5.11 4.47	5.37 4.76	5.43 4.85	5.16 4.39	5.97 5.35
Industrial	3.87	4.76	4.00 4.18	4.39 3.48	5.35 4.35
	J.07 —	4.20 —	4.37	2.74	3.19
venicie Fuei			7.01	4.17	0.10
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	1.89	2.34	1.90	1.69	2.58

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural ad Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

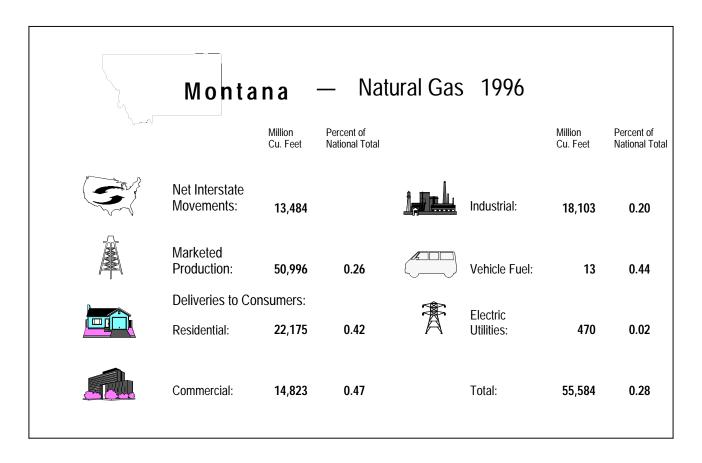


Table 74. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Montana, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	859	673	717	782	796
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	2,890	3,075	2,940	2,918	2,990
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	46,918	48,187	44,350	44,370	45,154
From Oil Wells	7,892	7,330	6,722	6,393	6,514
Total	54,810	55,517	51,072	50,763	51,668
Repressuring	180	231	105	82	76
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Wet After Lease Separation	54,630	55,286	50.967	50,681	51,592
Vented and Flared	763	758	551	417	596
Marketed Production	53,867	54,528	50.416	50.264	50,996
Extraction Loss	907	741	631	597	576
Total Dry Production	52,960	53,787	49,785	49,667	50,420
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	52,960	53,787	49.785	49,667	50,420
Receipts at State Borders	0_,000		,	12,221	,
Imports	467,036	511,294	535,855	570,396	576,511
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	21,791	19,293	20,408	20,207	27,448
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	24,310	32,202	22,509	21,653	31,595
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-15,444	-22,077	-7,062	-16,190	-14,139
Total Supply	550,653	594,498	621,495	645,734	671,836

Table 74. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Montana, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet)						
Consumption		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Delivered to Consumers		45 504	50.000	50.050	57.007	04.000
Exports		45,561	53,298	52,058	57,827	61,399
Intrinsit Deliveries		14	106	3,087	0	0
Additions to Storage Underground Storage	Intransit Deliveries	14,554				0
Underground Storage		478,815	530,201	551,660	569,852	590,475
Total Disposition	Additions to Storage	11 700	10.904	14.600	10.054	10.071
Consumption Million cubic feet	I NG Storage	11,708				19,671
Lease Fuel	Livo otorago	V	· ·	O	O	O
Lease Fuel	Total Disposition	550,653	594,498	621,495	645,734	671,746
Pipeline Fuel.		4.440	0.004	0.007	0.070	0.000
Print Fuel.						
Delivered to Consumers Residential 16,673 20,360 18,714 19,640 22,177 Commercial 11,557 13,880 12,981 13,489 14,982 14,						168
Commercial		120	200	200	100	100
Industrial	Residential	16,673	20,360	18,714	19,640	22,175
Vehicle Fuel. 2						14,823
Electric Utilities 220 270 632 388 477 Total Delivered to Consumers 40,671 47,204 46,274 51,660 55,584 Total Consumption 45,561 53,298 52,058 57,827 61,399 Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					, ,	
Total Delivered to Consumers						
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)	LIGGUIG GUILLIGS	220	210	032	300	470
Delivered for the Account of Others	Total Delivered to Consumers	40,671	47,204	46,274	51,660	55,584
(million cubic feet)	Total Consumption	45,561	53,298	52,058	57,827	61,399
Residential						
Commercial		_	_	_		_
Industrial						0
Electric Utilities 99 165 139 250 300						
Million cubic feet Residential						301
Million cubic feet)	Firm Deliveries					
Commercial						
Industrial	Residential			18,714		22,175
Electric Utilities						14,458
Vehicle Fuel						
Maillon cubic feet) Residential						141 13
(million cubic feet) NA NA NA 0 0 0 Residential NA 304 303 306 368 Industrial NA 7,431 8,360 10,951 9,034 Electric Utilities NA 155 139 250 30° Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 0 Number of Consumers Residential 182,641 188,879 194,357 203,435 205,195 Commercial 23,610 24,373 25,349 26,329 26,374 Industrial 459 462 453 463 466 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 91 108 96 97 100 Residential 91 108 96 97 100 Industrial 26,620 27,469 30,773 39,168 38,840 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 450 1,45 1,46	Interruntible Deliveries					
Commercial						
Industrial	Residential	NA		-		0
Electric Utilities						365
Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 Number of Consumers Residential 182,641 188,879 194,357 203,435 205,198 Commercial 23,610 24,373 25,349 26,329 26,374 Industrial 459 462 453 463 466 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 8 462 453 463 466 Residential 91 108 96 97 108 108 109 97 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 100						
Number of Consumers Residential						301
Residential 182,641 188,879 194,357 203,435 205,198 Commercial 23,610 24,373 25,349 26,329 26,37 Industrial 459 462 453 463 466 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 8 8 8 96 97 106 Residential 91 108 96 97 106 Commercial 490 569 512 512 562 Industrial 26,620 27,469 30,773 39,168 38,846 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 8 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.41 Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.86 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.00 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15		14/1	O .	v	V	O .
Commercial		100.644	100 070	104.257	202 425	20F 400
Industrial						
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 91 108 96 97 108 Commercial 490 569 512 512 562 Industrial 26,620 27,469 30,773 39,168 38,846 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 8 Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.4' Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.88 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.0 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86						466
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 91 108 96 97 108 Commercial 490 569 512 512 562 Industrial 26,620 27,469 30,773 39,168 38,846 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) 8 Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.4' Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.88 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.0 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86	Average Annual Consumption per Consum	ner				
Commercial 490 569 512 512 566 Industrial 26,620 27,469 30,773 39,168 38,844 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.4* Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.88 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.4* City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.00 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86	(thousand cubic feet)					
Industrial	Residential	91				108
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.41 Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.86 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.00 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86						562 38,848
Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.62 1.55 1.46 1.36 1.47 Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.86 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.00 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86						
Imports 1.52 1.66 1.47 1.23 1.86 Exports 1.66 1.93 1.43 — — Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.00 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86						
Exports						1.41
Pipeline Fuel 1.63 2.15 1.53 1.16 1.44 City Gate 3.45 3.29 3.49 3.01 3.05 Delivered to Consumers 8 8 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.86					1.23	1.88
City Gate					 1 16	 1.44
Delivered to Consumers 4.80 4.92 5.23 5.15 4.80						3.03
	Delivered to Consumers					
Commercial						4.86
						4.64
						4.88 3.93
						3.93 2.89
2.00 1.21 0.04 2.00	2.50110 01111100	0.00	2.00	1.41	J.U-	2.00

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Nebras	ka	— Nat	ural Gas	1996		
	Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Tota
Net Interstate Movements:	-12,764			Industrial:	36,125	0.41
Marketed Production:	1,876	0.01		Vehicle Fuel:	0	0.00
Deliveries to Co	onsumers:			Electric		
Residential:	48,989	0.93	\bowtie	Utilities:	2,351	0.09
Commercial:	40,833	1.29		Total:	128,297	0.64

Table 75. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Nebraska, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
as of December of	14/1	14/1	10/1	14/1	1471
lumber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	22	59	87	87	88
Troddoing at End of Todi		00	0.	0,	00
roduction (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	486	1.391	2.093	1.557	1.328
From Oil Wells	691	723	805	683	548
1 10111 011 110110	001	.20	000	000	0.10
Total	1,177	2,114	2,898	2,240	1,876
i otal	1,177	2,114	2,030	2,240	1,070
Repressuring	*	*	*	*	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	*	*	*	*	0
Wet After Lease Separation	1.177	2,114	2,898	2,240	1,876
Vented and Flared	1,177	2,114	2,090	2,240	1,070
Marketed Production	4 477	2.444	2.000	2.240	•
	1,177	2,114	2,898	2,240	1,876
Extraction Loss	3	0	8	0	0
Total Dry Production	1,174	2,114	2,890	2,240	1,876
Total Dry Froduction	1,174	2,114	2,890	2,240	1,070
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	1.174	2.114	2,890	2,240	1.876
Receipts at State Borders	1,174	2,114	2,000	2,240	1,070
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,021,817	933,217	1,170,211	1,030,750	1,091,152
Withdrawals from Storage	1,021,017	933,217	1,170,211	1,030,730	1,091,132
	0.040	44 740	10.052	0.716	6.000
Underground Storage	9,848	11,718	10,052	9,716	6,933
LNG Storage	173	222	367	248	788
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1,437	791	890	15	315
Balancing Item	-18,422	2,039	-24,879	151,515	145,095
Total Supply	1.016.025	950.100	1,159,532	1,194,485	1,246,160

Table 75. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Nebraska, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)	1992	1993	1994	1993	1990
Consumption	106,853	126,112	126,744	136,384	132,906
Deliveries at State Borders	0	0	0	0	0
ExportsIntransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries		809,216	1,019,871	1,054,114	1,103,916
Additions to Storage	ŕ	,	1,010,011	1,001,111	1,122,212
Underground Storage LNG Storage	10,254 283	14,485 287	12,524 393	3,872 115	8,423 915
Total Disposition	1,016,025	950,100	1,159,532	1,194,485	1,246,160
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	31	EG.	96	5 0	43
Pipeline Fuel		56 2,520	86 3,282	58 3,401	4,563
Plant Fuel		0	3	2	3
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		48,256	44,397	45,054	48,989
Commercial		34,745	38,946	40,044	40,833
Industrial Vehicle Fuel		38,658 1	36,960 9	44,767	36,125 0
Electric Utilities		1,876	3,061	3,059	2,351
	,	,	,		
Total Delivered to Consumers	- ,	123,537	123,373	132,923	128,297
Total Consumption	106,853	126,112	126,744	136,384	132,906
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet) Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		3,142	7,726	9,181	12,247
Industrial		28,068	28,971	37,370	28,756
Electric Utilities	1,038	484	34	63	503
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	NIA	40.056	44.207	45.054	40.000
Residential		48,256 28,822	44,397 33,550	45,054 34,796	48,989 35,960
Industrial		28,230	29,892	36,642	28,407
Electric Utilities		668	55	124	132
Vehicle Fuel		1	9	*	0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		5,923	5,396	5,248	4,873
Industrial		10,428	7,069	8,125	7,718
Electric Utilities		615	563	1,214	1,570
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers Residential	418,611	413,358	428,201	427,720	439,931
Commercial		60,599	62,045	61.275	61,117
Industrial		718	766	2,432	2,234
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	99	117	104	105	111
Residential	562	117 573	104 628	105 654	111 668
Industrial		53,842	48,251	18,407	16,170
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.78	1.81	1.60	1.19	1.43
Imports		1.01 —	1.00 —	1.13 —	1. 4 5
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel		1.79	1.34	1.33	2.10
City Gate	2.91	3.46	2.98	2.49	3.07
Delivered to Consumers Residential	4.82	4.96	5.01	4.83	4.88
Commercial		4.96 4.27	4.24	4.83 3.96	4.66 4.47
Industrial		3.09	3.12	2.79	3.29
Vehicle Fuel	_	_	4.67	_	_
Electric Utilities	2.28	2.66	2.02	1.65	2.07

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural ad Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

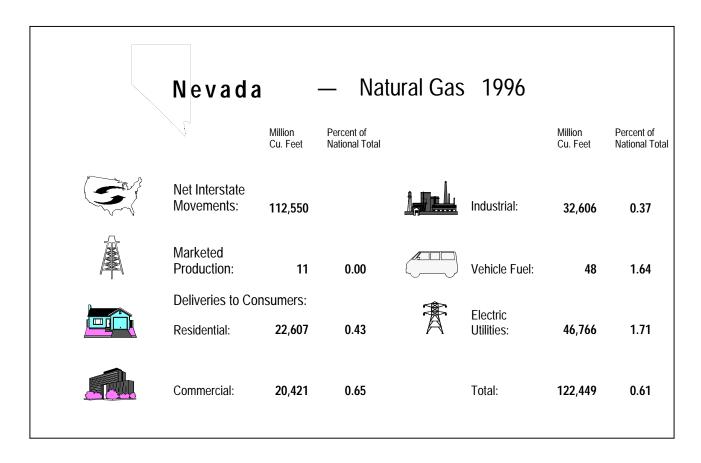


Table 76. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Nevada, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as or 2000msor or minimum.	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	v
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	5
•					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	30	21	16	13	11
-					
Total	30	21	16	13	11
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	30	21	16	13	11
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	13 0	0
	•	•	•	· ·	
Marketed Production	30	21	16	13	11
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	30	21	16	13	11
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	30	21	16	13	11
Receipts at State Borders	30	21	10	13	1.1
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	259,899	329,846	348,147	355,804	356,416
	259,699	329,040	340,147	333,604	330,410
Withdrawals from Storage		0			•
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	155	244	271	228	109
Supplemental Gas Supplies	30	38	9	0	0
Balancing Item	-10,782	-3,470	-893	2,910	10,688
Total Supply	249,332	326,679	347,550	358,955	367,224

Table 76. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Nevada, 1992-1996 (Continued)

						-
Disposition (million cubic fact)	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	-
Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption	68.416	84,955	101.790	111,004	123,178	
Deliveries at State Borders	00,110	01,000	101,100	111,001	120,170	
Exports	0	0	0	0	0	
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0	
Interstate Deliveries	180,832	241,471	245,519	247,692	243,866	
Additions to Storage						
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0	
LNG Storage	83	253	241	259	180	
Total Disposition	249,332	326,679	347,550	358,955	367,224	
Consumption (million cubic feet)						
Lease Fuel	30	21	16	_13	_11	
Pipeline Fuel	474	641	669	730	718	
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0	
Delivered to Consumers	40.404	00.000	04.000	00.000	00.007	
Residential	18,184	20,683	21,263	20,686	22,607	
Commercial	16,101	17,549	18,694	18,703	20,421	
Industrial	9,259	24,734	28,867	30,641	32,606	
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	12 24 355	21 21,305	36 32,246	109 40 134	48 46,766	
Electric Otilities	24,355	21,303	32,240	40,134	40,700	
Total Delivered to Consumers	67,912	84,293	101,105	110,273	122,449	
Total Consumption	68,416	84,955	101,790	111,004	123,178	
Delivered for the Account of Others						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential	0	0	0	0	0	
Commercial	1,889	1,283	3,276	4,416	5,272	
Industrial	8,569	23,660	28,312	30,102	32,073	
Electric Utilities	28,675	21,066	32,377	38,533	47,039	
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)						
Residential	NA	20,683	21,263	20,686	22,607	
Commercial	NA NA	17,305	18,407	18,393	20,093	
Industrial	NA NA	24,734	28,772	30,611	32,591	
Electric Utilities	NA NA	19,155	31,074	33,670	46,764	
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	21	20	109	44	
Interruptible Deliveries						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0	
Commercial	NA	245	286	309	328	
Industrial	NA	0	95	30	15	
Electric Utilities	NA	1,923	1,303	4,863	275	
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	16	0	5	
Number of Consumers						
Residential	295,714	305,099	336,353	364,112	393,783	
Commercial	22,799	23,207	24,521	25,593	26,613	
Industrial	114	117	119	120	121	
Average Annual Consumption per Consume	er					
(thousand cubic feet)						
Residential	61	_68	_63	57	57	
CommercialIndustrial	706 81,222	756 211,398	762 242,577	731 255,340	767 269,472	
	- ,	,	.,	,	,	
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)						
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_	
ImportsExports	_	_	_	_	_	
Pipeline Fuel	 1.77	1.79	1.87	1.79	1.35	
City Gate	2.37	3.03	3.18	2.73	3.10	
Delivered to Consumers	2.01	3.03	3.10	2.13	3.10	
Residential	5.59	5.69	6.66	6.76	6.19	
Commercial	4.33	4.40	5.36	5.40	4.91	
Industrial	4.07	4.30	5.67	5.34	4.90	
	3.45	3.34	3.81	3.73	3.53	
			0.01	0.70	0.00	
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	1.91	2.45	1.99	1.71	2.12	

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

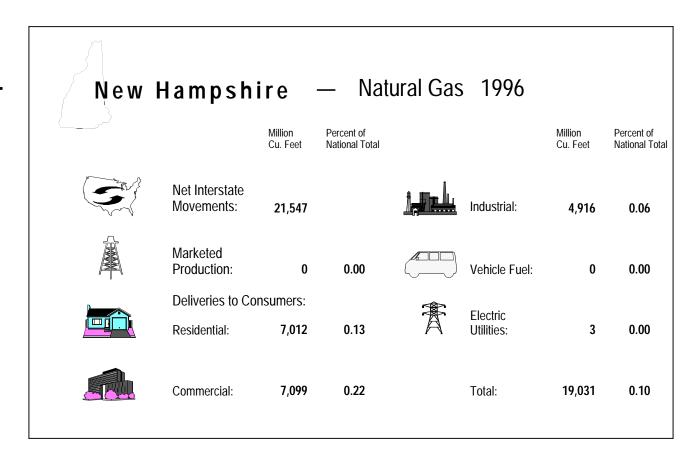


Table 77. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Hampshire, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	O	O	O	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Troducing at End of Four-	v	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
	•	-	•	-	•
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Ō	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ō
Vented and Flared	Ō	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	Ō	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	Ö	Ö	Ō	Ö	Ō
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	· ·	· ·	· ·	ŭ	ŭ
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Ō	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	24,110	24,232	20,249	31,742	27,435
Withdrawals from Storage	,	, -	-, -	- ,	,
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	Õ	Ö	Ö	Õ	Õ
Supplemental Gas Supplies	96	154	160	90	147
Balancing Item	-2,219	-2,506	4.181	-6,413	-2,638
Zalanoning Horri	-,- 10	2,000	1,101	0,110	2,550
Total Supply	21,987	21,879	24,590	25,419	24,945

Table 77. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Hampshire, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)	.002				
Consumption	16,852	16,918	19,706	19,899	19,057
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		ŏ	Ö	Ö	ŏ
Interstate Deliveries	5,135	4,962	4,884	5,521	5,888
Additions to Storage	•				•
Underground Storage LNG Storage		0 0	0	0 0	0 0
Total Disposition	21,987	21,879	24,590	25,419	24,945
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel		341	974	22	26
Plant Fuel		0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		6,493	6,572	6,507	7,012
Commercial		6,142	6,412	6,514	7,099
Industrial		3,805 0	4,471	4,607	4,916 0
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		136	1,277	2,248	3
Total Delivered to Consumers	,	16,577	18,732	19,877	19,031
Total Consumption	16,852	16,918	19,706	19,899	19,057
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet) Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	52	218
Industrial		0	225	1,639	2,193
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	6.493	6,572	6,507	7,012
Commercial		6,142	6,412	6,514	7,099
Industrial		3,697	3,634	2,809	2,777
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		0 0	0	0	0 0
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)	A1A	N 1.0	•	•	•
Residential		NA	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial		0 109	837	1.798	2,139
Electric Utilities		0	1,271	2,211	2,139
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers Residential	69,356	70,938	72,656	74,232	75,175
Commercial		11,726	12,030	12,450	12,755
Industrial	,	334	324	332	367
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	93	92	90	88	93
Commercial	515	524	524	523	557
Industrial	11,128	11,394	13,799	13,877	13,396
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		_	_	_	_
Imports		_	_	_	_
Exports Pipeline Fuel		 3.79	3.88	3.42	— 4.17
City Gate		3.76	3.49	3.39	4.17
Delivered to Consumers	0.00	5.70	0.70	0.00	7.20
Residential		7.66	7.96	7.16	7.40
Commercial		6.83	7.17	6.44	6.74
Industrial		4.68	4.44	3.80	4.79
Vehicle Fuel		 2.21	6.21 2.13	6.16 1.86	NA
Electric Utilities	2.20				

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural ad Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-87, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1995); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

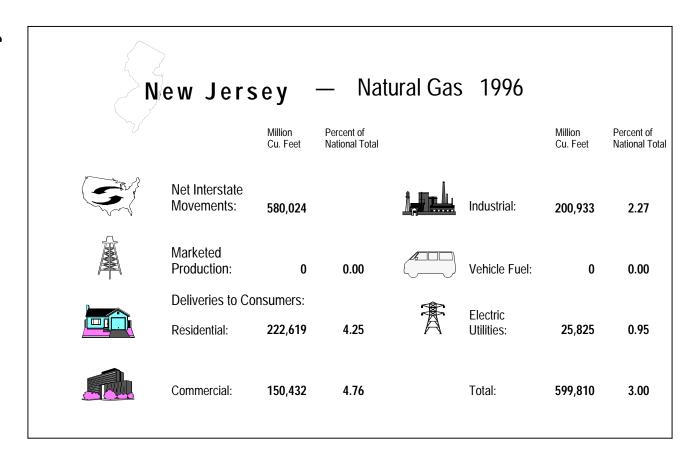


Table 78. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Jersey, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	U	U	U	U	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
3					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	٥	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	U	U	Ü	Ü	Ü
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	U	O	O	0	U
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,108,758	1,018,950	1,119,949	1,296,464	1,217,278
Withdrawals from Storage	1,100,700	1,010,000	1,110,040	1,230,404	1,217,270
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	2,471	2,313	3,565	2,982	0 3.219
	14,362	2,313 14,950	3,363 7.737		6.778
Supplemental Gas Supplies				7,291	
Balancing Item	51,223	71,249	48,070	-465	17,919
Total Supply	1,176,813	1,107,463	1,179,320	1,306,272	1,245,194

Table 78. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Jersey, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption Deliveries at State Borders Exports Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	546,260 0 0 628,131 0 2,422 1,176,813	551,939 0 0 552,903 0 2,620 1,107,463	584,853 0 0 589,632 0 4,835 1,179,320	590,797 0 0 712,420 0 3,055 1,306,272	602,907 0 0 637,254 0 5,033
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0 0 628,131 0 2,422 1,176,813	0 0 552,903 0 2,620 1,107,463	0 0 589,632 0 4,835	0 0 712,420 0 3,055	0 0 637,254 0 5,033
Exports	0 628,131 0 2,422 1,176,813 0 3,566	0 552,903 0 2,620 1,107,463	589,632 0 4,835	0 712,420 0 3,055	0 637,254 0 5,033
Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	0 628,131 0 2,422 1,176,813 0 3,566	0 552,903 0 2,620 1,107,463	589,632 0 4,835	0 712,420 0 3,055	637,254 0 5,033
Additions to Storage Underground Storage LNG Storage Total Disposition Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	0 2,422 1,176,813 0 3,566	0 2,620 1,107,463	0 4,835	0 3,055	0 5,033
Underground Storage	2,422 1,176,813 0 3,566	2,620 1,107,463 0	4,835	3,055	5,033
Total Disposition	2,422 1,176,813 0 3,566	2,620 1,107,463 0	4,835	3,055	5,033
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	0 3,566	0	1,179,320	1,306,272	
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	3,566				1,245,194
Pipeline FuelPlant Fuel	3,566				
Plant Fuel			0	0	0
	U	2,908 0	2,497 0	2,482	3,097
Delivered to Consumers		U	U	U	U
Residential	198,462	195,569	216,873	194,432	222,619
Commercial	130,891	128,942	132,008	138,965	150,432
Industrial	174,569	188,889	190,845	209,014	200,933
Vehicle Fuel	0	0	. 4	6	0
Electric Utilities	38,772	35,631	42,625	45,897	25,825
Total Delivered to Consumers	542,695	549,030	582,356	588,315	599,810
Total Consumption	546,260	551,939	584,853	590,797	602,907
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	0 10,012	0 10,901	11,045	0 19.074	0 40.100
Industrial	77,276	83,216	81,222	98,456	96,081
Electric Utilities	623	3,919	1,637	3,725	12,559
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	195,569	216,873	194,432	222,619
Commercial	NA	104,813	103,523	111,869	124,479
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	73,920 34,366	74,939 29,126	79,863 30,145	81,881 20,864
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0	29,120	6	20,804
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA NA	24,129	28,485	27,096	25,954
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	114,969 4,716	115,906 6,286	129,151 8,574	119,052 5,021
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	4,710	0,280	0,374	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	2,032,115	2,060,511	2,089,911	2,123,323	2,147,622
Commercial	212,726	215,948	219,061	222,632	224,749
Industrial	11,474	11,224	10,608	10,362	10,139
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer					
(thousand cubic feet)	98	95	104	92	104
Residential Commercial	98 615	95 597	603	624	669
Industrial	15,214	16,829	17,991	20,171	19,818
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production) Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.62	2.93	2.66	2.59	3.15
City Gate	3.29	3.54	3.33	3.34	3.84
Delivered to Consumers			=		=
Residential	6.94	6.99	7.11	7.27	7.16
CommercialIndustrial	5.54 3.42	5.60 3.70	6.03 3.64	5.76 3.11	6.14 3.82
Vehicle Fuel	J.4Z —	3.70	3.04 4.26	4.28	6.93
Electric Utilities	2.18	2.38	2.17	2.18	2.96
	• •				

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

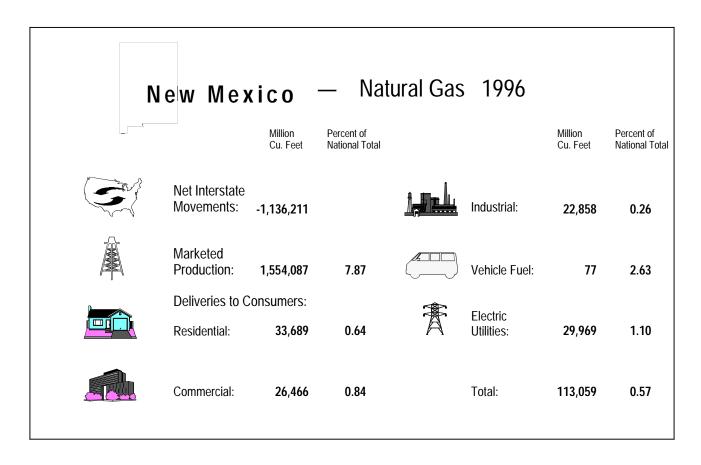


Table 79. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Mexico, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	18.998	18.619	17.228	17.491	16.485
40 01 D000111001 01	10,000	10,010	17,220	17,101	10, 100
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	18.040	20.846	23,292	23.510	24,134
3	-,-	-,	-, -	-,-	, -
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	1,067,477	1,208,771	1,381,756	1,398,631	1,418,116
From Oil Wells	222,303	221,560	200,041	242,247	246,559
Total	1,289,780	1,430,331	1,581,797	1,640,878	1,664,676
Depressuring	16.540	46 560	40.000	0.645	10 121
Repressuring	16,540	16,568	18,982	9,615	10,131
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	2,751	2,753	3,164	3,282	^a 97,759
Wet After Lease Separation	1,270,489	1,411,010	1,559,651	1,627,982	1,556,787
Vented and Flared	1,626	1,581	1,963	2,144	2,700
Marketed Production	1,268,863	1,409,429	1,557,689	1,625,837	1,554,087
Extraction Loss	75,520	83,193	86,607	85,668	108,341
Total Dry Production	1,193,343	1,326,236	1,471,082	1,540,169	1,445,746
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	1,193,343	1,326,236	1,471,082	1,540,169	1,445,746
Receipts at State Borders	1,100,010	1,020,200	1, 17 1,002	1,010,100	1,110,110
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Õ	0	Õ	0
Interstate Receipts	436.787	289.001	334.650	343.196	316.153
Withdrawals from Storage	400,707	203,001	004,000	040,100	310,133
Underground Storage	21,421	24,794	17,172	16,986	17,290
LNG Storage	2,599	24,734	0	0	17,230
Supplemental Gas Supplies	2,599	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-83,792	-44,265	-165,975	-199,959	-93,135
Dalationing Item	-03,192	-44,200	-100,970	-199,909	-93,133
Total Supply	1.570.358	1,595,767	1,656,929	1.700.392	1.686.053

Table 79. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New Mexico, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)		•			
Consumption	202,875	216,440	220,770	215,147	221,736
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	1,348,520	1,362,958	1,417,608	1,470,532	1,452,364
Additions to Storage	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Underground Storage	18,963	16,369	18,551	14,712	11,953
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	1,570,358	1,595,767	1,656,929	1,700,392	1,686,053
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		12,832	18,476	16,134	17,901
Pipeline Fuel		62,278	59,135	56,762	26,926
Plant Fuel	38,892	36,826	36,310	36,455	63,850
Delivered to Consumers Residential	31,433	31,843	30,868	28,770	33,689
Commercial	27,884	27,898	24,964	23,934	26,466
Industrial		17,023	18,741	21,095	22,858
Vehicle Fuel		16	62	73	77
Electric Utilities		27,725	32,214	31,924	29,969
Total Delivered to Consumers	98,881	104,504	106,849	105,796	113,059
Total Consumption	202,875	216,440	220,770	215,147	221,736
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	8,361	10,459	9,395	9,520	9,351
Industrial Electric Utilities	16,339 17,325	16,107 20,122	16,884 24,868	19,596 25,751	22,049 13,618
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)	17,020	20,122	21,000	20,701	10,010
Residential	NA	31,843	30,868	28,770	33,689
Commercial		27,764	24,849	23,749	26,379
Industrial	NA	16,433	17,976	19,979	19,892
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	12,749 16	15,213 62	25,161 73	13,883 77
		.0	52		
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		134	115	186	87
Industrial		590	765	1,116	2,966
Electric Utilities		8,239	11,360	2,711	2,814
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential		397,681	409,095	421,896	428,621
CommercialIndustrial	40,312 141	40,166 152	39,846 1,097	38,099 1,065	37,796 1,365
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er		,	,	,
(thousand cubic feet)	-				
Residential	81	80	75	68	79
CommercialIndustrial	692 121,064	695 111,995	627 17,084	628 19,808	700 16,746
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.60	1.79	1.58	1.26	1.67
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Exports		. =	. =		. =
Pipeline Fuel	1.31	1.79	1.61	1.13	1.59
City Gate	2.25	2.39	2.02	1.46	1.99
Delivered to Consumers	175	5.46	5 G1	5.04	1 17
Residential Commercial		5.46 4.31	5.61 4.41	5.04 3.74	4.47 3.35
Industrial		3.82	3.39	3.74 2.83	3.35 2.90
		3.02	5.11	3.86	4.78
Vehicle Fuel.	_				
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		2.23	1.99	1.57	2.31

a Nonhydrocarbon gases removed increased significantly in 1996 due to production increases in the Bravo Dome.

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition.", Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

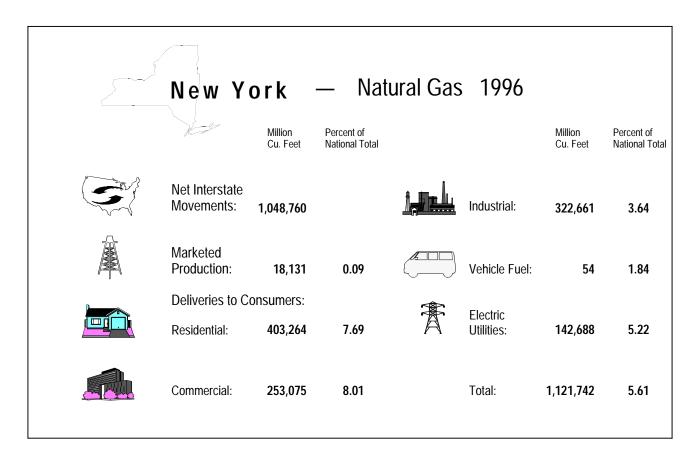


Table 80. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New York, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	329	264	242	197	232
40 01 B000111501 01	020	201	2.2	101	202
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	5,906	5,757	5,884	6,134	6,208
3	-,	-, -	-,	-, -	-,
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	22,697	20,587	19,937	17,677	17,494
From Oil Wells	824	610	539	723	641
		04.40=	00.470	40.400	40 :- :
Total	23,521	21,197	20,476	18,400	18,134
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	23,521	21,197	20,476	18,400	18,134
Vented and Flared	13	14	20,470	0,400	3
Marketed Production	23,508	21,183	20,465	18,400	18,131
Extraction Loss	25,500	21,103	20,403	0,400	10,131
LATIACION LOSS	U	O .	U	U	U
Total Dry Production	23,508	21,183	20,465	18,400	18,131
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	23,508	21,183	20,465	18.400	18.131
Receipts at State Borders	20,000	2.,100	20,100	. 3, 100	10,101
Imports	435.470	502.701	562,267	630,321	652,578
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,121,178	881,247	926.727	1,376,638	1,194,754
Withdrawals from Storage	, . = . ,	**·;=··	,	.,=:=,===	.,,
Underground Storage	60,693	67.643	64.803	75.692	63,108
LNG Storage	363	440	835	886	1,262
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1,190	1,638	1,460	1,490	1,259
Balancing Item	-60,556	33,327	53,555	-15,053	76,323
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	- 2,0	,	2,222	,
Total Supply	1,581,846	1,508,178	1,630,111	2,088,373	2,007,416

Table 80. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — New York, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	959,004	943,826	1,012,497	1,140,488	1,130,516
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	559,844	495,010	549,862	886,014	798,572
Additions to Storage	,-	,-	,	,-	/-
Underground Storage	62,265	68,532	66,627	60,947	76,475
LNG Storage	732	810	1,125	926	1,853
Total Disposition	1,581,846	1,508,178	1,630,111	2,088,373	2,007,416
Consumption (million cubic feet)	005	500	704	4.074	200
Lease Fuel	965	563	781	1,074	939
Pipeline Fuel	5,878 0	6,089 0	6,039 0	8,088 0	7,835
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	U	0	U	U	0
Residential	378,689	384,216	385,408	375,005	403,264
Commercial	217,214	220,729	223,256	231,352	253,075
Industrial		160,406	214,438	278,576	322,661
Vehicle Fuel	6	20	53	127	54
Electric Utilities		171,803	182,521	246,265	142,688
Total Delivered to Consumers	952,161	937,173	1,005,676	1,131,325	1,121,742
Total Consumption	959,004	943,826	1,012,497	1,140,488	1,130,516
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	2,413	3,036	2,369	3,019	3,840
Commercial		50,279	45.626	55,135	58,135
Industrial	113,074	125,916	180,002	240,506	291,057
Electric Utilities		15,455	14,082	24,175	4,804
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	384,216	382.713	371,662	399.748
Commercial	NA	184,795	201,478	203,125	215,904
Industrial	NA	104,437	135,471	210,865	254,300
Electric Utilities	NA	21,288	34,310	35,779	13,448
Vehicle Fuel	NA	19	28	127	54
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	2,695	3,343	3,516
Commercial		35,934	21,779	28,227	37,170
Industrial	NA	55,969	78,967	67,711	68,361
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	147,451 1	135,488 25	199,843 0	129,051 0
			_*	-	-
Number of Consumers Residential	4,522,274	3,990,564	4,008,868	4,030,702	4,048,166
Commercial	315,974	298,020	301,499	308,760	315,855
Industrial	28,198	23,833	21,833	22,484	15,300
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	84	96	96	93	100
Commercial	687	96 741	740	749	801
Industrial	5,232	6,730	9,822	12,390	21,089
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	0.05	0.40	0.05	0.00	
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	2.25	2.40	2.35	2.30	
Imports	2.48	2.49	2.44	2.30	2.94
Exports Pipeline Fuel	2.86	3.15	2.21	1.52	2.23
City Gate		3.32	3.02	2.47	3.36
Delivered to Consumers	0.01	0.02	0.02	۷.٦١	0.00
Residential	7.58	8.15	8.75	8.42	8.90
	5.75	6.16	6.51	6.10	6.88
Commercial	3.73				
CommercialIndustrial	4.93	5.17	5.22	4.69	5.04
Commercial				4.69 2.13 2.13	5.04 5.47 2.96

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

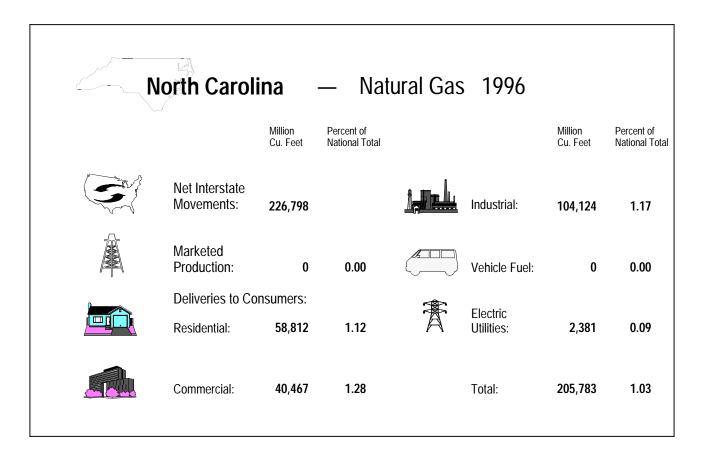


Table 81. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — North Carolina, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December of	O	Ü	0	o o	O
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
r roddoing at End of rear	O	O	Ü	ŏ	O
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	Ô	Ô	Ô	Õ
	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·	v
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	v	ŭ	•	· ·	· ·
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	ñ
Wet After Lease Separation	Õ	ŏ	ő	ő	Õ
Vented and Flared	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	ñ
Marketed Production	Õ	Õ	ő	Õ	Õ
Extraction Loss	0	ő	ő	ŏ	0
Extraction 2003	O	O	Ü	ŏ	O
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Total Diy Troudolloi	v	v	ŭ	9	Ŭ
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·	v
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	Ô	0	Ō	Ô	Ô
Interstate Receipts	943.723	902.203	901.123	913.692	970.866
Withdrawals from Storage	,- =-	,			,
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	1,122	1,823	1,802	1,710	2,490
Supplemental Gas Supplies	2	4	3	.,0	<u>-,</u> .50
Balancing Item	-11,985	-16,686	-10,433	-15,104	-13,425
Data long hom	11,500	10,000	10,400	13,104	10,420
Total Supply	932,862	887,344	892,496	900,298	959,931
Total Cappiy	332,302	337,044	552,450	333,230	000,001

Table 81. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — North Carolina, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)				.000	1000
Consumption	179,595	185,648	187,861	202,726	213,155
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	Õ	Õ	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	752,237	700,015	702,517	696,000	744,068
Additions to Storage					
Underground StorageLNG Storage	0 1,030	0 1,681	0 2,118	0 1,572	0 2,708
Total Disposition	932,862	887,344	892,496	900,298	959,931
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel	6,439	5,953	5,753	6,100	7,372
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers Residential	42,588	47,104	47,451	49,379	58,812
Commercial		37,370	38,940	37,362	40,467
Industrial	90,984	92,309	94,838	106,731	104,124
Vehicle Fuel		1	8	9	0
Electric Utilities	3,159	2,911	871	3,146	2,381
Total Delivered to Consumers	173,156	179,694	182,107	196,626	205,783
Total Consumption	179,595	185,648	187,861	202,726	213,155
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	^	2	•	^	^
Residential	0 1 407	0 561	0 1 314	0 2 821	1 400
CommercialIndustrial	1,497 17,302	561 20,068	1,314 38,907	2,831 56,707	1,409 42.287
Electric Utilities	461	1,692	432	967	578
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)		47	4	40.070	FC 040
Residential	NA NA	47,104	47,451 26,567	49,379	58,812 20,847
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	35,630 11,376	36,567 18,816	35,592 23,511	39,847 26,915
Electric Utilities	NA NA	11,376	18,816	23,511	26,915 7
Vehicle Fuel	NA	1	8	9	Ó
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)			_		
Residential	NA	NA 1 T 1 A	0	0	0
Commercial	NA NA	1,740	2,374 76,023	1,770	619
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	80,933 2,644	76,023 703	83,220 2,970	77,208
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	2,644	0	2,970	2,356 0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	575,096	607,388	652,307	678,147	699,159
Commercial	72,647	76,386	80,739	84,041	93,504
Industrial	3,119	2,664	3,401	3,652	3,973
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	74	78	73	73	84
Residential Commercial	74 501	78 489	73 482	73 445	433
Industrial	29,171	34,650	27,885	29,225	26,208
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.86	2.08	2.08	 1.77	2.43
City Gate	2.88	3.15	3.27	2.95	3.74
Delivered to Consumers			 -		
Residential		6.99	7.30	6.93	7.59
Commercial		5.51	5.56	5.24	6.18
Industrial Vehicle Fuel	3.34	3.74	3.68	3.56 4.27	4.37
VEGUER FURI	5.08	2.60	4.44	4.27	_
Electric Utilities		3.63	3.38	2.40	3.11

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

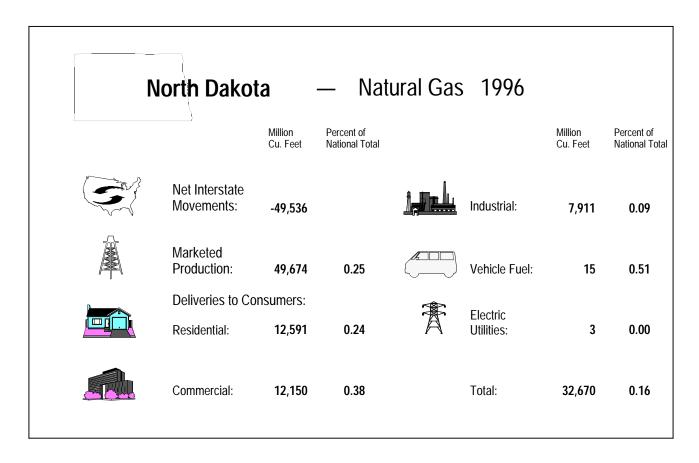


Table 82. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — North Dakota, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	496	525	507	463	462
40 01 2000111001 01	100	020	007	100	102
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	104	101	104	99	108
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	12,461	18,892	19,592	16,914	16,810
From Oil Wells	47,518	46,059	43,640	39,760	38,906
Total	59,979	64,951	63,232	56,674	55,716
Repressuring	2,391	2,231	2,577	2,813	2,727
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	508	532	358	93	358
Wet After Lease Separation	57,080	62,188	60,297	53,768	52,631
Vented and Flared	2,197	2,337	2,492	4,300	2,957
Marketed Production	54,883	59,851	57.805	49,468	49,674
Extraction Loss	6,055	5,924	5,671	5,327	4,937
	-,	-,:	2,21	-,	.,
Total Dry Production	48,828	53,927	52,134	44,141	44,737
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	48,828	53,927	52,134	44,141	44,737
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	1,617	4,559	6,110
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	465.592	517.897	543.543	574.766	598.044
Withdrawals from Storage	,	,	,	,	,-
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	ő	Õ	ő	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	58.496	57.680	57.127	57.393	55,867
				37,393 869	
Balancing Item	-7,998	-8,099	-4,439	809	-2,037
Total Supply	564,918	621,405	649,983	681,729	702,720
i otai ouppiy	304,310	021,700	043,303	001,723	102,120

Table 82. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — North Dakota, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	36,588	39,962	42,853	45,378	49,030
Deliveries at State Borders					
Exports		0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	528,330	581,442	607,129	636,351	653,690
Additions to Storage	0	•	0	•	•
Underground Storage		0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	564,918	621,405	649,983	681,729	702,720
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel		3,522	6,247	6,800	7,320
Pipeline Fuel		4,242	4,246	4,665	4,757
Plant Fuel	4,753	4,734	5,059	4,542	4,283
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		10,717	10,661	11,209	12,591
Commercial		10,642	10,783	11,644	12,150
Industrial		6,096	5,846	6,505	7,911
Vehicle Fuel		8	8	12	15
Electric Utilities	1	1	3	1	3
Total Delivered to Consumers	25,397	27,464	27,301	29,371	32,670
Total Consumption	36,588	39,962	42,853	45,378	49,030
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	0	0
Commercial		2,908	2,199	2,224	1,454
Industrial	4,656	4,570	4,402	5,319	5,813
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	10,717	10,661	11,209	12,591
Commercial	NA	7,834	7,937	8,342	9,484
Industrial	NA	400	506	169	870
Electric Utilities	NA	1	2	1	3
Vehicle Fuel	NA	8	8	12	15
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
			-	•	-
Commercial		2,809	2,846	3,302	2,666
Industrial		5,696	5,340	6,336	7,041
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0 0
	14/1	O .	V	Ü	O .
Number of Consumers Residential	89,522	91,237	93,398	95,818	97,761
Commercial	/ -	12,650	12,944	13,399	13,789
Industrial		174	186	189	206
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	ner				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	108	117	114	117	129
Commercial	790	841	833	869	881
Industrial	34,739	35,032	31,429	34,418	38,401
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.97	E _{1.84}	NA	_	_
Imports		_	1.55	0.97	1.26
Exports		_	_		
Pipeline Fuel		1.84	1.34	1.01	1.70
City Gate		3.29	3.15	2.58	2.94
Delivered to Consumers					-
Residential	5.00	5.23	5.19	4.66	4.54
Commercial		4.75	4.48	3.90	3.91
Industrial		3.42	3.31	2.90	3.02
Vehicle Fuel		4.61	4.19	2.71	1.54
	7.20	7.01	7.13	4.11	1.54
Electric Utilities		4.59	4.11	3.71	2.93

E = Estimated data. NA = Not available.

NA = Not available.
— = Not available.
— = Not available.
— Sources: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

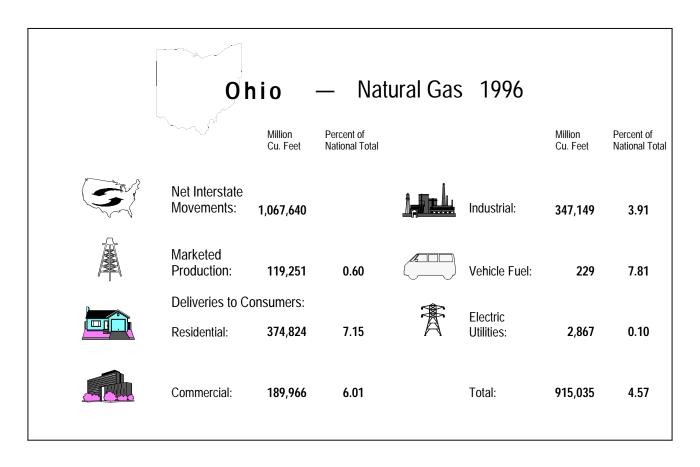


Table 83. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Ohio, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1.161	1.104	1,094	1.054	1.113
as of December of	1,101	1,104	1,004	1,004	1,110
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	34,784	34.782	34.731	34.520	34.380
roddollig at Elia or roal	01,701	01,702	01,701	01,020	0 1,000
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	144,815	137,285	132,151	126,336	119,251
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	144,815	137,285	132,151	126,336	119,251
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	144,815	137,285	132,151	126,336	119,251
Vented and Flared	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marketed Production	144,815	137,285	132,151	126,336	119,251
Extraction Loss	72	95	104	94	85
Total Dry Production	144,743	137,190	132,047	126,242	119,166
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	144.743	137,190	132,047	126,242	119,166
Receipts at State Borders	, -	,	- /-	-,	-,
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	2,125,670	2,226,113	2.617.648	2,817,908	2,997,400
Withdrawals from Storage	, -,	, -, -	,- ,-	,- ,	, ,
Underground Storage	175,682	188,899	163,084	200,211	187,798
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1,051	992	1.432	904	1.828
Balancing Item	4.785	-174,022	-40,803	-112.044	-241,361
	.,. 55	,	.0,000	= ,	2,001
Total Supply	2,451,931	2,379,173	2,873,408	3,033,222	3,064,832

Table 83. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Ohio, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	810,121	833,845	843,345	896,072	936,430
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries		ŏ	Õ	ŏ	ŏ
Interstate Deliveries		1,369,698	1,838,402	1,975,801	1,929,760
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage		175,630	191,660	161,350	198,642
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	2,451,931	2,379,173	2,873,408	3,033,222	3,064,832
Consumption (million cubic feet)			4.000		4.400
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel		1,346	1,296	1,251	1,193
Plant Fuel		10,284 20	17,895 36	17,677 32	20,166 37
Delivered to Consumers	10	20	30	32	37
Residential	340,628	354,110	343,331	357,754	374,824
Commercial		164,044	166,798	175,160	189,966
Industrial		301,261	311,123	336,552	347,149
Vehicle Fuel		44	48	187	229
Electric Utilities		2,737	2,818	7,459	2,867
Total Delivered to Consumers	799,093	822,195	824,119	877,112	915,035
Total Consumption	810,121	833,845	843,345	896,072	936,430
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential		0	0	0	0
Commercial		25,345	30,807	41,569	53,609
Industrial Electric Utilities		270,667 2,060	281,055 1,626	312,067 4,647	321,733 2,303
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)		054440	0.40.004	057.700	
Residential		354,110	343,321	357,726	374,790
Commercial		161,232 258,309	163,205 268,372	170,659	184,757 299,145
IndustrialElectric Utilities		256,309 782	268,372 985	290,146 1,659	1,342
Vehicle Fuel		44	48	187	229
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	11	28	34
Commercial		2,812	3,594	4,501	5,209
Industrial		42,951	42,751	46,407	48,004
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel		1,939 0	1,703 0	3,667 0	1,344 0
	INA	U	U	U	U
Number of Consumers Residential	2,826,713	2,867,959	2,921,536	2,967,375	2,994,891
Commercial		240,684	245,190	250,223	259,663
Industrial		8,678	8,655	8,650	8,672
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	121	123	118	121	125
Commercial		682	680	700	732
Industrial		34,715	35,947	38,908	40,031
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		2.46	2.43	2.33	2.63
Imports		_	_	_	_
Exports		_	_		_
Pipeline Fuel		2.53	2.50	2.03	2.88
City Gate	3.26	3.52	3.48	3.84	4.37
Delivered to Consumers Residential	5.20	5.71	5.88	5.46	5.90
Commercial		5.24	5.38	4.92	5.38
Industrial		4.64	4.45	3.93	4.10
Vehicle Fuel		4.82	4.87	4.44	4.77
Electric Utilities		2.94	3.85	2.34	3.44

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

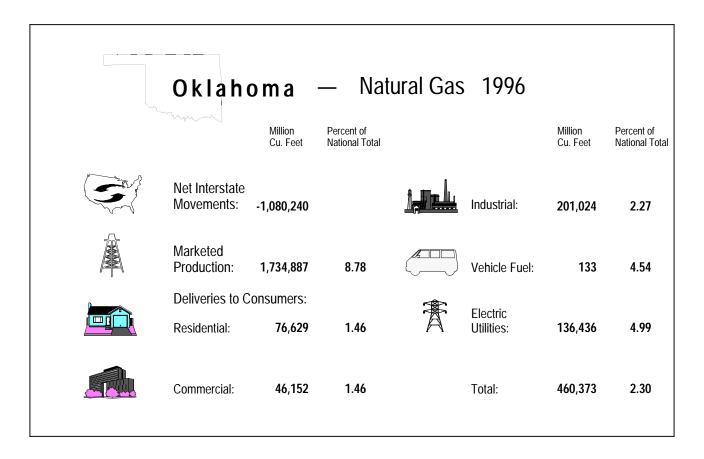


Table 84. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Oklahoma, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	13,926	13,289	13,487	13,438	13,074
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells	00.000	00.440	00.404	00.700	00.700
Producing at End of Year	28,902	29,118	29,121	29,733	29,733
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	1,674,405	1,732,997	1,626,858	1,521,857	1,467,695
From Oil Wells	342,950	316,945	308,006	289,877	267,192
T-4-1	0.047.050	0.040.040	4 004 004	4 044 704	4 704 007
Total	2,017,356	2,049,942	1,934,864	1,811,734	1,734,887
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Wet After Lease Separation	2,017,356	2,049,942	1,934,864	1,811,734	1,734,887
Vented and Flared	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	1,7 0 1,007 NA
Marketed Production	2,017,356	2,049,942	1,934,864	1,811,734	1,734,887
Extraction Loss	104,609	101,962	101,564	94,930	100,379
LXII aCIIOI1 LOSS	104,009	101,902	101,304	34,330	100,379
Total Dry Production	1,912,747	1,947,980	1,833,300	1,716,804	1,634,508
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	1,912,747	1,947,980	1,833,300	1,716,804	1,634,508
Receipts at State Borders	.,0.2,	.,,	.,000,000	1,7 10,00 1	.,00.,000
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Ō	0	Ō	0
Interstate Receipts	545.863	511.429	543.679	810.112	848.589
Withdrawals from Storage	0.0,000	0,.20	0.0,0.0	0.0,2	0.0,000
Underground Storage	107,526	136,715	104,738	114,073	140,028
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-112,462	-195,446	-303	-105,683	-10,233
Dalanding item	-112,402	- 133,440	-303	-100,000	-10,233
Total Supply	2,453,674	2,400,678	2,481,414	2,535,307	2,612,891

Table 84. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Oklahoma, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	543,827	578,777	572,074	568,153	566,995
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	1,812,379	1,670,651	1,785,764	1,872,345	1,928,829
Additions to Storage	,- ,	,,	,, -	,- ,	,,
Underground Storage	97,468	151,249	123,576	94,809	117,067
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	2,453,674	2,400,678	2,481,414	2,535,307	2,612,891
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	53,278	60,658	55,607	45,946	37,803
Pipeline Fuel	25,654	26,602	26,146	30,633	33,583
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	39,700	39,211	35,432	34,900	35,236
Residential	65,811	78,360	69,211	68,702	76,629
Commercial	35,190	40,766	36,504	39,639	46,152
Industrial	175,168	179,406	195,909	194,101	201,024
Vehicle Fuel	45	108	157	117	133
Electric Utilities	148,980	153,666	153,109	154,114	136,436
Total Delivered to Consumers	425,195	452,306	454,889	456,674	460,373
Total Consumption	543,827	578,777	572,074	568,153	566,995
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	4,052	4,095	4,214	5,894	7,165
Industrial	133,643	124,925	148,340	164,610	187,816
Electric Utilities	137,019	145,216	139,435	138,365	125,825
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	78,360	69,211	68,700	76,629
Commercial	NA	37,460	32,220	36,699	44,276
Industrial	NA	35,853	30,103	114,292	86,838
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	154,024 2	153,602 2	140,115 117	127,247 133
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	2	0
Commercial	NA NA	3,306	4,284	2.940	1.876
Industrial	NA	143,553	165,806	79.809	114,185
Electric Utilities	NA	7,796	4,457	14,582	16,261
Vehicle Fuel	NA	106	154	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	832,677	842,130	845,448	856,604	866,531
Commercial	87,120	88,181	87,494	88,358	89,852
Industrial	2,859	2,912	2,853	2,845	2,843
Average Annual Consumption per Consume (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential	79	93	82	80	88
Commercial	404	462	417	449	514
Industrial	61,269	61,609	68,668	68,225	70,708
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.70	1.88	1.70	1.44	2.21
Imports	1.70	1.00	1.70 —	1. 44 —	Z.Z I
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.79	1.72	1.64	1.36	2.12
City Gate	2.22	2.45	2.46	2.52	2.56
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	4.96	4.94	5.50	5.56	5.64
0 ' 1	4.23	4.42	4.73	4.48	4.71
Commercial					
Industrial	2.02	2.20	2.14	2.27	3.26
		2.20 2.66 3.23	2.14 2.36 2.76	2.27 2.36 2.34	3.26 2.36 2.98

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

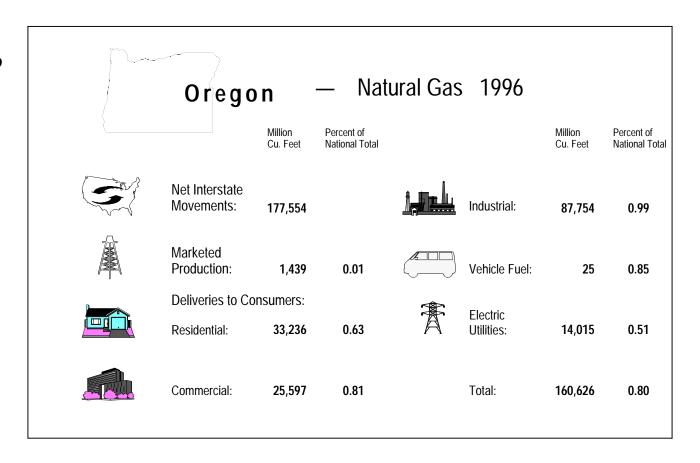


Table 85. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Oregon, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
as of 2000mber of minimum.	• • • •				
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	16	18	19	17	18
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	2,580	4,003	4,200	2,520	1,743
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
T	0.500	4.000	4.000	0.500	4 =
Total	2,580	4,003	4,200	2,520	1,743
Ponrocouring	0	0	55	43	39
Repressuring	-	0	924	554	265
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0				
Wet After Lease Separation	2,580	4,003	3,221	1,923	1,439
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	2,580	4,003	3,221	1,923	1,439
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	2,580	4,003	3,221	1,923	1,439
,	_,	.,	-,	.,	.,
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	2,580	4,003	3,221	1,923	1,439
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	541,201	540,702	765,764	882,385	906,506
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	6,985	6,302	5,237	3,567	5,199
LNG Storage	409	1,360	1.117	675	939
Supplemental Gas Supplies	2	3	2	2	2
Balancing Item	27,923	25,583	6,816	4.075	-11,418
=	,020	_3,000	0,0.0	.,0.0	,
Total Supply	579,101	577,952	782.157	892,627	902.666

Table 85. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Oregon, 1992-1996 (Continued)

<u>-</u>					
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	122,350	135,611	146,409	145,867	168,605
Deliveries at State Borders	0	0	0	0	0
ExportsIntransit Deliveries	0	0 0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	450,261	-	628,931	741.523	728,952
	450,201	435,002	020,931	741,523	720,932
Additions to Storage	6,114	6,202	5,956	4.447	4,416
Underground StorageLNG Storage	376	1,137	860	790	693
•	370	1,137	000	790	093
Total Disposition	579,101	577,952	782,157	892,627	902,666
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	68	118	95	66	40
Pipeline Fuel	6,812	4,877	5,788	7,256	7,939
Plant Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Delivered to Consumers	00.400	00 777	00.040	22.227	00.000
Residential	23,109	29,777	28,848	28,067	33,236
Commercial	19,570	24,047	22,960	22,419	25,597
Industrial	58,519	60,617	62,569	68,904	87,754
Vehicle Fuel	6	8	17	18	25
Electric Utilities	14,264	16,167	26,132	19,136	14,015
Total Delivered to Consumers	115,469	130,615	140,526	138,545	160,626
Total Consumption	122,350	135,611	146,409	145,867	168,605
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet)	0	^	^	^	^
Residential	0 433	0 504	0	0 419	0 431
Commercial			430		
Industrial Electric Utilities	46,434 12,818	43,558 16,041	42,891 26,310	51,352 19,136	71,942 13,127
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	29,777	28,848	28,067	33,236
Commercial	NA	23,543	22,529	22,001	25,166
Industrial	NA	16,067	18,733	22,694	41,597
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	14,879 8	26,310 17	19,136 18	13,127 25
		· ·		.0	
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
	NΙΔ	NIA	0	0	0
Residential	NA NA	NA 504	-	•	-
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	504 44 549	430 43.835	419 46,211	431 46 157
Electric Utilities	NA NA	44,549	43,835 0	46,211 0	46,157 0
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	1,162 0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers					
Residential	354,256	371,151	391,845	411,465	433,638
Commercial	50,251	51,910	53,700	55,409	57,613
Industrial	740	696	765	791	799
Average Annual Consumption per Consume	er				
(thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	65	80	74	68	77
CommercialIndustrial	389 79,080	463 87,093	428 81,789	405 87,110	444 109,830
	. 5,555	51,000	01,700	07,110	100,000
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.29	1.70	2.06	0.93	2.26
Imports	1.23	1.70	2.00	0.33	2.20
Exports	_	_		_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.16	1.71	1.86	1.77	1.77
City Gate	2.34	2.48	2.73	2.42	2.42
Delivered to Consumers	2.07	₹.70	2.10	2.72	2.72
Residential	6.17	6.42	6.99	6.74	6.31
		5.04	5.52	5.23	4.85
Commercial	4 /.3				
CommercialIndustrial	4.73 3.36		3.61	3.41	3.24
		3.48 3.77		3.41 4.63	
Industrial	3.36	3.48	3.61		3.24

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

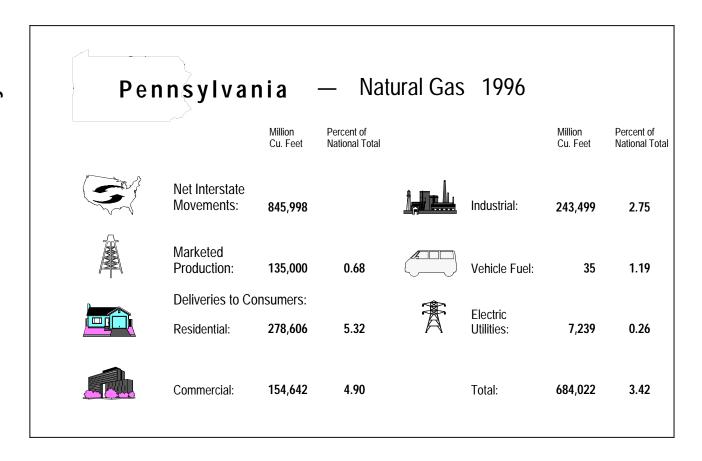


Table 86. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pennsylvania, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1,528	1.717	1.800	1.482	1,696
as of December 51	1,520	1,717	1,000	1,402	1,030
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	31,000	31,100	20,296	31,025	31.792
. roddonig at 211d or 1 dairninninninnin	0.,000	0.,.00	=0,=00	0.,020	0.,.02
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	138,675	132,130	120,506	111,000	135,000
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	138,675	132,130	120,506	111,000	135,000
	•	,	,	,	,
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	138,675	132,130	120,506	111,000	135,000
Vented and Flared	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marketed Production	138,675	132,130	120,506	111,000	135,000
Extraction Loss	604	513	513	582	603
Total Dry Production	138,071	131,617	119,993	110,418	134,397
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	138.071	131.617	119,993	110,418	134.397
Receipts at State Borders	100,011	101,011	110,000	110,110	101,007
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	ő	Õ	ŏ	Õ	0
Interstate Receipts	2,240,904	2,167,583	2,165,861	2,718,075	2,650,265
Withdrawals from Storage	_,_ 10,001	2,101,000	2,100,001	2,7 10,010	2,000,200
Underground Storage	377,889	381.060	340.334	396,393	316.757
LNG Storage	2.797	4,534	5,030	3,921	4,722
Supplemental Gas Supplies	132	110	252	75	266
Balancing Item	-28,977	-236,955	-111.958	-188,486	-192,298
Dalationing (term	-20,311	-230,933	-111,500	-100,400	-132,290
Total Supply	2.730.816	2,447,949	2,519,513	3,040,396	2.914.109

Table 86. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Pennsylvania, 1992-1996 (Continued)

1994 21 697,232 0 0 0 0 88 1,476,943 11 339,512 29 5,826 19 2,519,513 0 3,136 39 37,959 116 268,405 76 138,473 288 236,417 4 10 24 12,716 37 656,021 21 697,232	721,433 0 0 1,982,831 332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	1996 727,963 0 1,804,267 376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,476,943 1 339,512 29 5,826 19 2,519,513 0 3,136 19 37,959 116 10 268,405 138,473 10 236,417 10 12,716 10 12,716	0 0 1,982,831 332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	0 0 1,804,267 376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
0 88 1,476,943 11 339,512 29 5,826 19 2,519,513 10 3,136 39 37,959 116 10 268,405 116 268,405 116 138,473 116 12,716 116 12,716 117 10 12,716	0 1,982,831 332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	1,804,267 376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
0 88 1,476,943 11 339,512 29 5,826 19 2,519,513 10 3,136 39 37,959 116 10 268,405 116 268,405 116 138,473 116 12,716 116 12,716 117 10 12,716	0 1,982,831 332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	1,804,267 376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
1,476,943 1,476,	1,982,831 332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	1,804,267 376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
339,512 5,826 9 2,519,513 0 3,136 37,959 35 116 06 268,405 138,473 08 236,417 4 10 04 12,716 07 656,021	332,608 3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	376,290 5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
29 5,826 19 2,519,513 10 3,136 10 3,136 10 37,959 116 10 268,405 118,473 10 138,473 10 12,716 10 12,716	3,523 3,040,396 2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	5,590 2,914,109 3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
3,136 39 37,959 35 116 96 268,405 76 138,473 98 236,417 4 10 94 12,716 37 656,021	2,888 37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	3,082 40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
37,959 116 268,405 66 138,473 236,417 4 10 12,716 37 656,021	37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
37,959 116 268,405 66 138,473 236,417 4 10 12,716 37 656,021	37,869 181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	40,642 217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
35 116 268,405 76 138,473 28 236,417 4 10 14 12,716 37 656,021	181 262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	217 278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
268,405 76 138,473 78 236,417 4 10 94 12,716	262,126 143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	278,606 154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
76 138,473 108 236,417 4 10 104 12,716 107 656,021	143,735 249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	154,642 243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
28 236,417 4 10 04 12,716 37 656,021	249,928 10 24,697 680,495 721,433	243,499 35 7,239 684,022 727,963
4 10 14 12,716 37 656,021	10 24,697 680,495 721,433	35 7,239 684,022 727,963
12,716 37 656,021	24,697 680,495 721,433	7,239 684,022 727,963
656,021	680,495 721,433	684,022 727,963
,	721,433	727,963
21 697,232	,	
	244	0.45
	244	0.45
998		
58 35,514	45,481	245 45,809
31 187,980	209.372	198,545
8,948	24,181	5,056
96 268,405	262,126	278,606
15 124,236 35 172,414	129,771 184,624	134,732 180,509
34 6,195	3,549	1,662
2 7	5	23
Δ.	0	0
A 0 30 14,237	0 13,964	0 19,910
13 64,003	65,304	62.990
21 7,958	22,028	4,147
1 3	4	11
0.000.050	0.440.745	0.404.000
49 2,393,053 99 206,812	2,413,715 209,245	2,431,909 214,340
7 6,388	6,328	6,441
	109	115
3 112	687	721
13 112 65 670	39,496	37,805
13 112 55 670 04 37,010		
670	2.84	_
85 670 84 37,010	Z.0 4	_
670		_
85 670 84 37,010	_	2.71
65 670 670 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2.00	2.68
65 670 670 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2.00 3.09	7.00
65 670 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	3.09	/ 20
65 670 67 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	3.09 7.16	7.38 6.44
65 670 64 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	3.09 7.16 6.28	7.38 6.44 4.12
65 670 64 37,010 71 2.76 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	3.09 7.16	6.44
69		41 3.46 3.09

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Rho	de Isla	n d	— Nati	ural Gas	1996		
		Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total			Million Cu. Feet	Percent of National Total
	Net Interstate Movements:	106,591			Industrial:	25,829	0.29
	Marketed Production:	0	0.00		Vehicle Fuel:	3	0.10
	Deliveries to Co	18,839	0.36		Electric Utilities:	25,071	0.92
	Commercial:	12,298	0.39		Total:	82,041	0.41

Table 87. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Rhode Island, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
do or Booomsor or	· ·	v	· ·	•	Ŭ
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
3					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	v
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Ô	0	Ô	Ô
Interstate Receipts	205.808	159.848	184.516	251.800	243.047
Withdrawals from Storage	200,000	.00,0.0	.0.,0.0	201,000	2.0,0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	Ω
LNG Storage	1,216	800	996	908	1,603
Supplemental Gas Supplies	155	126	0	27	42
Balancing Item	3,935	11,282	12,678	-30,041	-24,660
Data long Rell	0,300	11,202	12,010	-30,041	-24,000
Total Supply	211,114	172,056	198,189	222,694	220,031
i otal oupply	411,117	172,000	130,103	222,007	220,001

Table 87. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Rhode Island, 1992-1996 (Continued)

77,833	1993	1994	1995	1996
77,833	75 550			
	75,559	71,267	70,137	82,725
0	0	0	0	0
Õ	Õ	0	Õ	0
132,486	96,034	125,766	151,700	136,456
0 796	0 462	0 1,156	0 857	0 850
211,114	172,056	198,189	222,694	220,031
0	0	0	0	0
				685
0	0	0	0	0
20.000	19 722	17 384	17 342	18,839
			12.064	12,298
47,917	46,031	40,921	35,109	25,829
9	['] 1	['] 1	2	3
469	387	546	5,002	25,071
77,476	75,346	70,901	69,520	82,041
77,833	75,559	71,267	70,137	82,725
0	0	0	0	0
				0 1,010
-	•	-	-	21,472
466	0	0	0	25,046
		17,384	17,342	18,839
				12,105
				24,759
NA NA	1	1	2	25,046 3
		-		0
				193
	,			1,071 0
NA NA	0	0	0	0
197,926	198,563	200,959	202,947	204,259
18,607	21,178	21,208	21,472	21,664
1,096	1,066	1,064	359	363
101	99	87	85	92
488	435	568	562	568
43,720	43,181	38,459	97,798	71,156
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_
2.94	3.31	2.69	2.21	3.35
3.82	4.41	4.17	3.57	4.41
7.60	Ω 17	0.12	2 02	8.49
				7.50
	5.11	4.43	4.09	4.67
3.88	7.09	7.09	5.85	3.34
2.20	2.51	2.29	1.90	2.29
	0 796 211,114 0 357 0 20,000 9,080 47,917 9 469 77,476 77,833 0 0 42,457 466 NA N	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 796 462 1,156 211,114 172,056 198,189 198,189 0	0 0

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

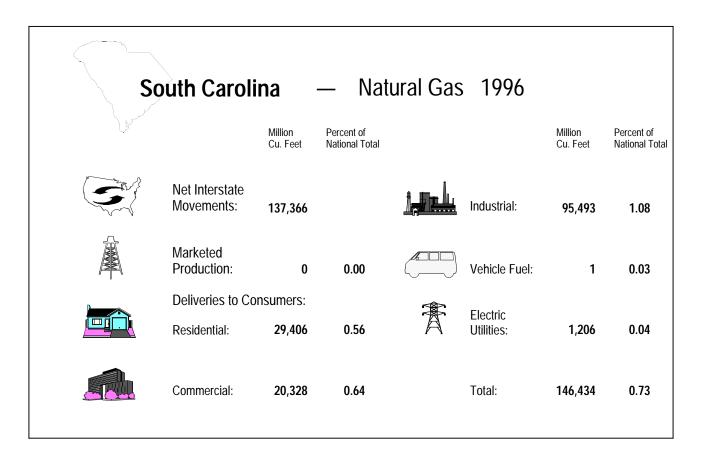


Table 88. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Carolina, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 51	U	O	0	O .	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Troducing at End of Teal	U	O	0	O	U
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	0
1 Ioili Oil Weils	U	O	0	O	U
Total	0	0	0	0	0
i otai	U	O	0	O .	U
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	Ü	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
	0	0	0	0	0
Dry Production	U	U	U	U	U
Lara anta	0	0	0	0	0
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts		0	0		0
Interstate Receipts	1,065,954	1,024,140	1,025,779	1,053,357	1,102,786
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	323	752	682	754	910
Supplemental Gas Supplies	26	34	154	62	178
Balancing Item	9,179	11,296	14,766	4,985	12,094
Total Supply	1,075,482	1,036,222	1,041,381	1,059,158	1,115,967

Table 88. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Carolina, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	•
Disposition (million cubic feet)						-
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	138,057	141,522	144,526	151,915	149,572	
Exports	0	0	0	0	0	
Intransit Deliveries	Ŏ	Ö	Ö	Ŏ	Ö	
Interstate Deliveries	937,086	893,469	896,007	906,316	965,420	
Additions to Storage						
Underground Storage LNG Storage		0 1,231	0 847	0 927	0 976	
Total Disposition	1,075,482	1,036,222	1,041,381	1,059,158	1,115,967	
Consumption (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0	
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel		0 2,755	0 2,663	0 2,934	0 3,138	
Plant Fuel	2,900	2,733	2,003	2,934	0,130	
Delivered to Consumers	v	v	v	v	v	
Residential	22,392	24,345	23,486	25,164	29,406	
Commercial	16,644	17,014	17,870	18,868	20,328	
Industrial	94,327	95,557	97,500	98,332	95,493	
Vehicle Fuel		0	2	1	1	
Electric Utilities	1,795	1,851	3,005	6,615	1,206	
Total Delivered to Consumers	135,157	138,767	141,863	148,980	146,434	
Total Consumption	138,057	141,522	144,526	151,915	149,572	
Delivered for the Account of Others						
(million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0	
Residential	0 239	0 132	0 265	0	0 199	
Industrial		33,507	265 22,755	688 18,336	13,562	
Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Firm Deliveries						
(million cubic feet)		0.4.0.4.	22.422	0= 101	22.422	
Residential	NA NA	24,345	23,486	25,164	29,406	
CommercialIndustrial		14,156 12,292	14,435 17,424	15,127 18,452	16,555 17,983	
Electric Utilities		12,292	60	72	17,903	
Vehicle Fuel		ő	2	1	1	
Interruptible Deliveries						
(million cubic feet)						
Residential		NA 0.050	0	0	0	
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	2,859 83,265	3,435 80,076	3,740 79,880	3,773 77,510	
Electric Utilities		1,415	2,961	12,663	1,715	
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0	
Number of Consumers						
Residential		370,411	416,773	412,259	426,088	
Commercial	- /	42,191	45,487	47,293	48,650	
Industrial	1,568	1,625	1,928	1,802	1,759	
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er					
(thousand cubic feet) Residential	63	66	56	61	69	
Commercial	406	403	393	399	418	
Industrial		58,804	50,571	54,568	54,288	
Average Prices for Natural Gas						
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)						
Wellhead (Marketed Production) Imports		_	_	_	_	
Exports		_	_	_	_	
Pipeline Fuel		2.08	2.06	1.80	2.54	
City Gate		3.54	3.67	3.25	3.90	
Delivered to Consumers						
Residential		7.14	7.65	7.54	7.41	
Commercial		5.82	6.11	6.09	6.26	
Industrial		3.35	3.32	3.11	3.77	
	_	_	3.40	4.67	2.87	
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		2.97	1.71	1.64	4.56	

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

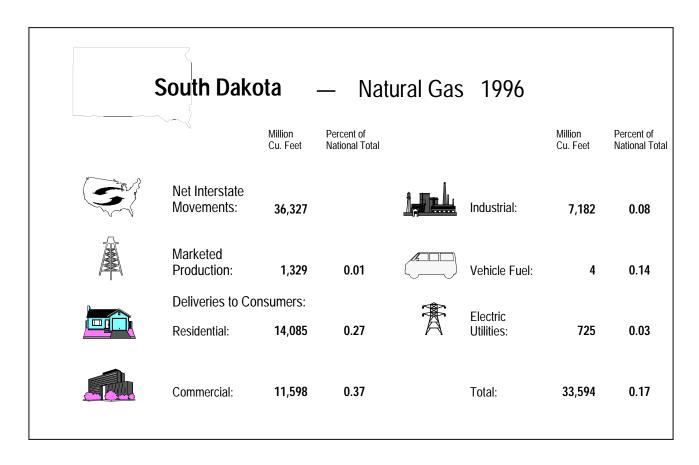


Table 89. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Dakota, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
40 01 2000111001 0 1	1471	10.	14/1	101	1471
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	38	47	55	56	61
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	1,006	854	1,000	848	905
From Oil Wells	5,957	6,204	6,264	7,526	8,061
	,	•	,	•	,
Total	6,963	7,057	7,264	8,374	8,965
	,	•	,	•	,
Repressuring	30	19	22	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	6,932	7,038	7,242	8,374	8,965
Vented and Flared	5,476	5.732	5,805	7.122	7,636
Marketed Production	1,456	1,306	1,437	1,252	1,329
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
2/41 4041011 2000 111111111111111111111111	·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·
Total Dry Production	1,456	1,306	1,437	1,252	1,329
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	1.456	1,306	1,437	1,252	1,329
Receipts at State Borders	1,400	1,300	1,437	1,232	1,523
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	532.549	592.248	613.908	638.002	656.552
Withdrawals from Storage	332,349	392,240	013,908	030,002	030,332
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
	13	0 0	0	0	0 143
LNG Storage	10		•	· ·	
Supplemental Gas Supplies		9	61	37	87
Balancing Item	-1,036	-650	-773	-960	-980
Total Supply	532,993	592,913	614,633	638,331	657.130
. J.G. Gappij	002,000	002,010	011,000	000,001	337,130

Table 89. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — South Dakota, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Disposition (million cubic feet) Consumption Deliveries at State Borders Exports	26,645			•	
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	26.645			0.4.000	
Exports	-,	31,311	30,980	34,292	36,905
	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	Õ	Ö
Interstate Deliveries	506,324	561,602	583,653	604,039	620,225
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	24	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	532,993	592,913	614,633	638,331	657,130
Consumption (million cubic feet)	454	450	407	404	404
Lease Fuel	451	452	437	404	424 2,887
Pipeline Fuel Plant Fuel	1,741 0	2,564 0	2,541 0	2,724 0	2,007
Delivered to Consumers	U	0	Ü	O	U
Residential	10,791	12,431	12,056	12,610	14,085
Commercial	9,122	10,696	10,274	10,685	11,598
Industrial	4,488	4,976	5,508	6,933	7,182
Vehicle Fuel	5	7	5	4	4
Electric Utilities	48	186	159	931	725
Total Delivered to Consumers	24,454	28,295	28,002	31,164	33,594
Total Consumption	26,645	31,311	30,980	34,292	36,905
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	1
Commercial	1,603	1,724	1,124	1,406	2,008
Industrial Electric Utilities	2,129 714	2,428 142	3,449 64	5,017 0	5,414 0
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	12,431	12,056	12,610	14,085
Commercial	NA NA	8,890	9,491	9,868	10,698
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	2,040 0	2,571 0	2,835 0	2,960 0
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	7	5	4	4
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	1,806	784	816	900
Industrial	NA	2,935	2,936	4,098	4,222
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	154 0	64 0	0	0 0
Number of Consumers	147	J	Ü	J	Ü
Residential	110,291	128,029	119,544	124,152	127,269
Commercial	14,133	16,523	15,539	16,285	16,880
Industrial	319	355	381	396	444
Average Annual Consumption per Consume (thousand cubic feet)					
Residential	98	97	101	102	111
CommercialIndustrial	645 14,068	647 14,016	661 14,456	656 17,509	687 16,176
Average Prices for Natural Gas	•	•		,	•
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	1 70	0.40	1 70	1.50	
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.79	2.13	1.73	1.59	_
Imports Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.22	1.80	1.36	1.03	1.75
City Gate	3.10	3.35	3.35	2.88	3.19
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	5.15	5.30	5.27	5.05	5.25
Commercial	4.19	4.37	4.35	3.99	4.20
Industrial	3.63	3.76	3.72	3.44	3.50
Vehicle Fuel	4.08	4.19	3.17	3.89	3.76
Electric Utilities	2.88	2.41	2.65	1.58	2.36

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

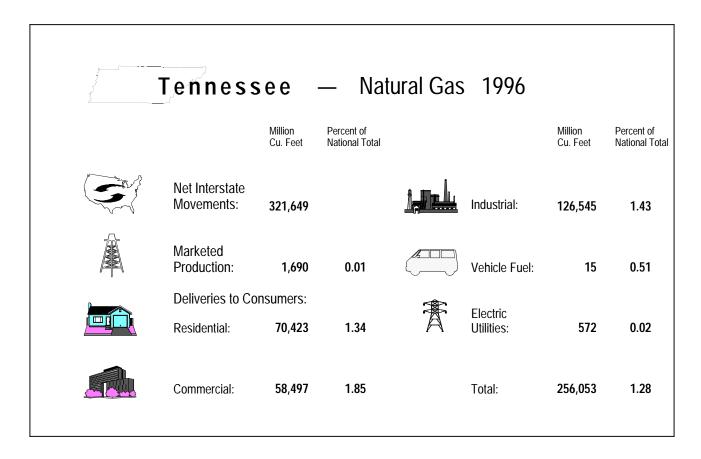


Table 90. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Tennessee, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	1,770	1.660	1,990	1.820	1,690
	.,	.,000	.,000	.,0=0	.,500
Total	1,770	1,660	1,990	1,820	1,690
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	1,770	1,660	1,990	1,820	1,690
Vented and Flared	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marketed Production	1,770	1,660	1,990	1,820	1,690
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dry Production	1,770	1,660	1,990	1,820	1,690
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	1.770	1,660	1,990	1.820	1,690
Receipts at State Borders	1,770	1,000	1,990	1,020	1,090
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	3,361,934	3,510,786	3,878,897	4,027,113	4,272,871
	3,301,934	3,310,760	3,070,097	4,027,113	4,212,011
Withdrawals from Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	3,065	2,931	2,879	3,035	3,985
Supplemental Gas Supplies	12	13	84	33	73
Balancing Item	70,754	51,663	24,107	-14,215	-44,277
Total Supply	3,437,535	3,567,053	3,907,957	4,017,785	4,234,342

Table 90. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Tennessee, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Intrastal Deliveries		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	
Deliveriées at State Borders Exports		244 702	254 249	246 457	250.042	200 244	
Intrassia Deliveries		241,702	254,218	246,157	256,843	280,311	
Interstate Deliveries. 3,193,074 3,310,172 3,658,815 3,758,529 3,951,22 Additions to Storage 0						0	
Additions to Storage Underground Storage						0	
Underground Storage		3,193,074	3,310,172	3,658,815	3,758,529	3,951,222	
LKG Storage		0	0	0	Ō	0	
Total Disposition 3,437,535 3,567,053 3,907,957 4,017,785 4,234,345 Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel 39 49 44 47 39 Ppeline Fuel 0 0 0 0 0 0 Pelivered to Consumers Residential 15,220 58,919 57,334 59,994 70,42 Commercial 46,532 50,754 50,760 51,235 58,49 Industrial 126,230 124,306 118,889 125,814 126,54 Vehicle Fuel 2 14,306 118,889 125,814 126,54 Vehicle Fuel 2 2 4 4 5 3 3 12,655 Total Delivered to Consumers 225,275 235,514 228,007 239,100 256,05 Total Consumption 241,702 254,218 246,157 256,843 280,31 Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet) Residential 63,666 66,780 64,615 65,914 67,056 Residential 63,666 66,780 64,615 65,914 67,056 Residential NA 38,150 44,500 47,941 52,13 Residential NA 88,155 74,389 77,873 74,40 Residential Residential Residential Residential Residential Residential			•		-		
Consumption (million cubic feet)	•	,	2,003	2,903	2,414	2,009	
Lease Fuel	Fotal Disposition	3,437,535	3,567,053	3,907,957	4,017,785	4,234,342	
Pipeline Fuel		30	40	44	47	27	
Plant Fuel.							
Delivered to Consumers Residential 52,220 58,919 57,334 59,994 70,42						0	
Residential		Ŭ	ŭ	•	· ·	Ŭ	
Industrial		52,220	58,919	57,334	59,994	70,423	
Vehicle Fuel. 2	Commercial	46,532	50,754	50,760	51,235	58,497	
Electric Utilities	Industrial	126,230	124,306	118,889	125,814	126,545	
Total Delivered to Consumers	Vehicle Fuel	2	4	5		15	
Total Consumption		291	1,531	1,019	2,055	572	
Delivered for the Account of Others	Total Delivered to Consumers	225,275	235,514	228,007	239,100	256,053	
Million cubic feet Residential	Total Consumption	241,702	254,218	246,157	256,843	280,311	
Commercial	million cubic feet)						
Industrial 63,666 66,780 64,615 65,914 67,05 Electric Utilities 219 1,015 498 1,414 42 Firm Deliveries 7,005 7,057 59,994 70,42 Residential NA 58,919 57,057 59,994 70,42 Commercial NA 47,002 46,932 47,235 53,05 Industrial NA 38,150 44,500 47,941 52,13 Electric Utilities NA 0 0 0 Vehicle Fuel NA 4 5 3 1 Interruptible Deliveries 7,005 7,005 Initerruptible Deliveries 7,005 7,005 Residential NA NA 2,005 7,005 7,005 NA NA 2,005 7,005 7,005 NA 1,005 7,005						. 0	
Electric Utilities				,		3,316	
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet) Residential						67,050 425	
Commercial. NA 47,002 46,932 47,235 53,05 Industrial. NA 38,150 44,500 47,941 52,13 Electric Utilities. NA 0 0 0 Vehicle Fuel. NA 4 5 3 1 Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet) Residential. NA NA 277 0 0 0 5,44 0 5 3 1 1 1 0 0 0 5 4 0 0 0 0 5 4 4 5 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 5 3 1 1 1 1 4 5 3 1 1 1 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(million cubic feet)	NΔ	58 Q1Q	57.057	50 004	70.423	
Industrial							
Electric Utilities						52,137	
Interruptible Deliveries						0	
(million cubic feet) Residential NA NA 277 0 Commercial NA 3,752 3,829 4,000 5,44 Industrial NA 86,155 74,389 77,873 74,40 Electric Utilities NA 1,625 971 2,127 68 Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 Number of Consumers Residential 696,140 733,363 768,421 804,724 841,23 Commercial 91,999 94,860 97,943 101,561 103,86 Industrial 2,425 2,512 2,440 2,393 2,30 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 8 75 8 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)			4	5	3	15	
Residential NA NA 277 0 Commercial NA 3,752 3,829 4,000 5,44 Industrial NA 86,155 74,389 77,873 74,40 Electric Utilities NA 1,625 971 2,127 68 Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 Number of Consumers Residential 696,140 733,363 768,421 804,724 841,23 Commercial 91,999 94,860 97,943 101,561 103,86 Industrial 2,425 2,512 2,440 2,393 2,30 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87							
Commercial NA 3,752 3,829 4,000 5,44 Industrial NA 86,155 74,389 77,873 74,40 Electric Utilities NA 1,625 971 2,127 68 Vehicle Fuel NA 0 0 0 0 Number of Consumers Residential 696,140 733,363 768,421 804,724 841,23 Commercial 91,999 94,860 97,943 101,561 103,86 Industrial 2,425 2,512 2,440 2,393 2,30 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 75 80 75 75 8 Residential 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87					_	_	
Industrial					-	0	
Electric Utilities							
Vehicle Fuel							
Residential 696,140 733,363 768,421 804,724 841,23 Commercial 91,999 94,860 97,943 101,561 103,86 Industrial 2,425 2,512 2,440 2,393 2,30 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 8 80 75 75 8 Residential 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)						0	
Residential 696,140 733,363 768,421 804,724 841,23 Commercial 91,999 94,860 97,943 101,561 103,86 Industrial 2,425 2,512 2,440 2,393 2,30 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) 8 75 80 75 75 8 Residential 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)							
Industrial	Residential				804,724	841,232	
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	Commercial	91,999	94,860	97,943	101,561	103,867	
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 75 80 75 75 8 Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	ndustrial	2,425	2,512	2,440	2,393	2,306	
Commercial 506 535 518 504 56 Industrial 52,054 49,485 48,725 52,576 54,87 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	thousand cubic feet)						
Industrial						84	
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)						563 54,877	
Wellifedd (Marketed i Toddotion)	Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.79	2.65	2.16	1.54	2.54	
<u> </u>			_	_		_	
Exports			_			_	
						2.57	
		2.90	2.93	2./1	2./1	4.04	
Delivered to Consumers 5.50 5.69 6.13 5.77 6.2		5 50	5.60	£ 12	5 77	6.26	
						5.72	
						3.92	
						5.49	
						2.61	

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

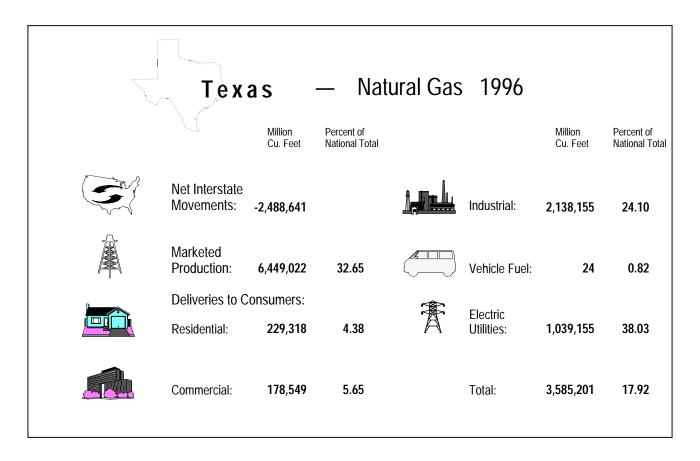


Table 91. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Texas, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	42.089	41.379	42.357	43.067	38.270
as or 2000msor or minimum.	.2,000	,	.2,00	.0,00.	00,2.0
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	46,298	47,101	48,654	54,635	53,816
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals	E 400.0E0	5 474 550	5 040 577	5 000 450	5 000 004
From Gas Wells	5,406,256	5,474,559	5,643,577	5,660,153	5,823,804
From Oil Wells	1,301,756	1,342,368	1,268,127	1,212,503	1,182,798
Total	6.708.012	6.816.927	6.911.705	6.872.656	7.006.602
TOTAL	6,708,012	0,810,927	6,911,705	0,872,000	7,006,602
Repressuring	362,458	348,558	319.360	296,192	273,301
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	180.003	184.258	196.463	200.233	238.897
Wet After Lease Separation	6,165,551	6,284,111	6,395,881	6.376.231	6.494.404
Vented and Flared	19.689	34.486	42.037	46.183	45.382
Marketed Production	6,145,862	6.249.624	6,353,844	6,330,048	6,449,022
Extraction Loss					
EXITACTION LOSS	374,126	385,063	381,020	381,712	398,442
Total Dry Production	5,771,736	5,864,561	5,972,824	5,948,336	6,050,580
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	5,771,736	5,864,561	5,972,824	5,948,336	6,050,580
Receipts at State Borders	0,771,700	3,004,001	3,372,024	3,340,330	0,000,000
Imports	0	1.678	7,013	6.722	13,862
Intransit Receipts	0	0	7,010	0,722	10,002
Interstate Receipts	566.789	538.183	603.826	853.812	941.088
Withdrawals from Storage	300,703	000,100	000,020	000,012	341,000
Underground Storage	384,042	232,070	274,046	300,889	369,783
LNG Storage	0	232,070	274,046	300,869	309,763
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1	3	1	1	0
	•	•	164.060	1 222 524	0
Balancing Item	-64,200	-65,481	-164,969	232,524	365,508
Total Supply	6,658,369	6,571,015	6.692.740	7,342,283	7.740.821
Total Supply	0,000,000	0,011,010	0,002,7 10	7,012,200	7,7 10,021

Table 91. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Texas, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	3,476,274	3,741,252	3,666,329	3,802,489	3,991,316
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	93,408	36,423	44,041	61,241	30,435
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	01,241	0,400
Interstate Deliveries	2,748,086	2,571,929	2,672,096	3,203,828	3,413,156
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage	340,602	221,412	310,273	274,724	305,914
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	6,658,369	6,571,015	6,692,740	7,342,283	7,740,821
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	123,111	130,916	139,427	178,827	177,508
Pipeline Fuel	80,903	82,175	95,684	81,877	75,567
Plant Fuel	170,734	165,507	158,826	154,721	153,039
Delivered to Consumers Residential	214,682	231,799	213,433	206,415	229,318
Commercial	184,673	175,988	180,232	209,584	178,549
Industrial		1,882,288	1,829,478	1,923,763	2,138,155
Vehicle Fuel	1,734,001	73	45	1,923,763	2,130,133
Electric Utilities		1,072,506	1,049,205	1,047,274	1,039,155
Total Delivered to Consumers	3,101,526	3,362,654	3,272,393	3,387,065	3,585,201
Total Consumption	3,476,274	3,741,252	3,666,329	3,802,489	3,991,316
Delivered for the Account of Others					
(million cubic feet) Residential	42	0	0	0	0
Commercial	43 37,443	28,423	31,742	0 65,911	0 29,469
Industrial	1,190,677	1.258.773	1,321,308	1,402,017	1,708,843
Electric Utilities		544,255	659,710	577,894	578,654
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	231,799	213,433	206,415	229,318
Commercial	NA	157,320	167,798	154,451	164,788
Industrial	NA	1,014,361	1,114,766	1,069,917	1,165,722
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	424,350 73	512,960 6	410,160 2	479,907 21
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		18,667	12,433	55,133	13,761
Industrial	NA	867,927	714,712	853,846	972,433
Electric Utilities	NA	444,175	478,646	473,726	419,121
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	40	27	3
Number of Consumers					
Residential	3,285,025	3,346,809	3,350,314	3,446,120	3,501,853
CommercialIndustrial	292,990 5,481	297,516 5,823	306,376 5,222	325,785 9,043	329,287 8,796
Average Annual Consumption per Consum		0,020	0,222	3,040	0,750
(thousand cubic feet)	o.				
Residential	65	69	64	60	65
Commercial	630	592	588	643	542
Industrial	316,366	323,250	350,341	212,735	243,083
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.77	2.09	1.89	1.61	2.29
Imports	_	1.94	1.99	1.53	2.25
Exports	1.92	2.10	1.68	1.49	2.13
Pipeline Fuel	1.66	1.82	1.64	1.64	2.40
City Gate	3.06	3.32	3.00	2.95	3.22
Delivered to Consumers	F 70	E 04	F 00	F 00	F 00
Residential		5.91 4.45	5.99 4.33	5.92 4.00	5.89 4.27
CommercialIndustrial	4.09 2.12	4.45 2.51	4.33 2.20	4.09 1.89	4.27 2.58
muusiiai					
Vehicle Fuel	4.53	5.03	.3 41		
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities	4.53 2.25	5.03 2.47	3.41 2.20	2.88 1.93	3.34 2.51

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

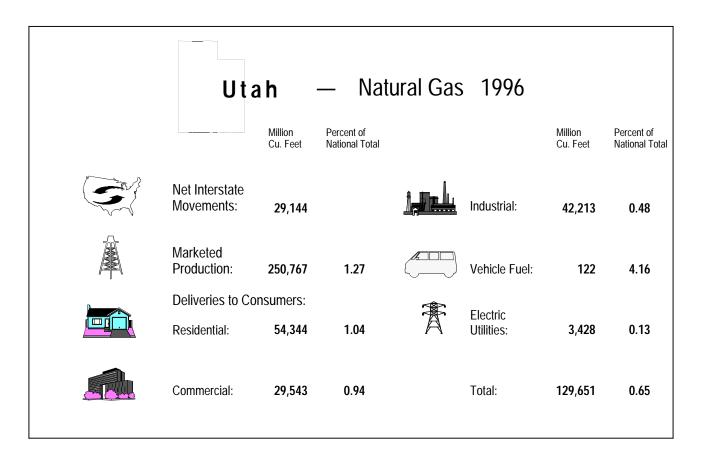


Table 92. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Utah, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	1.830	2.040	1.789	1.580	1.633
	.,	=,+ :+	.,	1,000	.,
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	1,006	1,061	1,303	1,127	1,339
Described (million out in fact)					
Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	229.494	264.481	304.347	262.400	233.594
From Oil Wells	84.781	71.702	42.672	40.833	47.614
1 TOTTI OTI VVEIIS	04,701	11,102	42,072	40,033	47,014
Total	314,275	336,183	347.019	303.233	281.208
	0.1,2.0	333, . 33	0 ,0 .0	000,200	20.,200
Repressuring	141,698	108,629	72,798	26,874	3,165
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	172,577	227,554	274,221	276,358	278,044
Vented and Flared	1,284	2.153	3.363	35.069	27,277
Marketed Production	171,293	225,401	270.858	241.290	250,767
Extraction Loss	11,851	13,300	13,780	13,679	10,970
	,	,	,		,
Total Dry Production	159,442	212,101	257,078	227,611	239,797
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	159,442	212,101	257,078	227,611	239,797
Receipts at State Borders	100,112	212,101	201,010	227,011	200,101
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	Ô	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	333.653	393.269	444,646	431.245	420.103
Withdrawals from Storage	000,000	000,200	,	.0.,2.0	.20,.00
Underground Storage	26,740	27,216	22,921	32,084	45,323
LNG Storage	0	27,210	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	Õ	ŏ	Õ	Õ	0
Balancing Item	-92,653	-99,012	-104,650	-113,083	-121,524
Data long Roll	32,000	55,012	104,000	110,000	121,024
Total Supply	427,182	533,574	619,996	577,857	583,698
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,	,500

Table 92. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Utah, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	122,649	138,044	137,073	156,824	160,371
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries	273,310	361,042	440,415	388,831	390,959
Additions to Storage	,	,	,	,	,
Underground Storage	31,222	34,488	42,508	32,201	32,368
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Total Disposition	427,182	533,574	619,996	577,857	583,698
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	3,866	3,241	3,322	18,520	18,570
Pipeline Fuel	1,284	2,513	2,807	2,831	3,601
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	8,745	9,285	9,951	8,492	8,549
Residential	44,701	51,779	48,922	48,975	54,344
Commercial	16,584	22,588	26,501	26,825	29,543
Industrial		42,301	36,618	42,373	42,213
Vehicle Fuel	15	33	52	100	122
Electric Utilities	6,576	6,305	8,900	8,707	3,428
Total Delivered to Consumers	108,755	123,005	120,993	126,981	129,651
Total Consumption	122,649	138,044	137,073	156,824	160,371
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	4,438	4,892	5,360
Industrial	36,087	39,387	32,238	37,694	38,424
Electric Utilities	5,434	5,004	7,922	7,515	4,006
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	51,779	48,922	48,975	54,344
Commercial		21,258	20,273	20,102	22,811
Industrial		1,891	1,999	1,772	12,816
Electric Utilities Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0 33	6,200 52	7,094 100	3,559 122
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		1,330	6,228	6,723	6,733
Industrial	NA	40,410	34,619	40,601	29,397
Electric Utilities	NA	5,009	1,756	457	506
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	1
Number of Consumers					
Residential	467,664	484,438	503,583	523,622	562,343
Commercial	36,145	37,816	39,183	40,101	40,107
Industrial	783	345	252	713	923
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	06	107	07	0.4	07
Residential		107 507	97 676	94 660	97 737
CommercialIndustrial	459 52,207	597 122,611	676 145,310	669 59,430	737 45,734
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	4.00	4	4.54	4.45	4.00
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.63	1.77	1.54	1.15	1.39
ImportsExports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	2.25	 1.91	 1.94	 1.57	1.68
City Gate		2.63	3.31	2.88	2.25
Delivered to Consumers	4.03	2.03	3.31	2.00	2.20
Residential	5.44	5.13	4.96	4.74	4.47
Commercial	4.40	4.06	3.84	3.64	3.38
Industrial		3.67	2.74	2.34	2.10
Vehicle Fuel	5.42	5.27	4.90	4.73	4.49
Electric Utilities	1.87	2.31	2.42	2.26	1.83

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-875, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form ERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

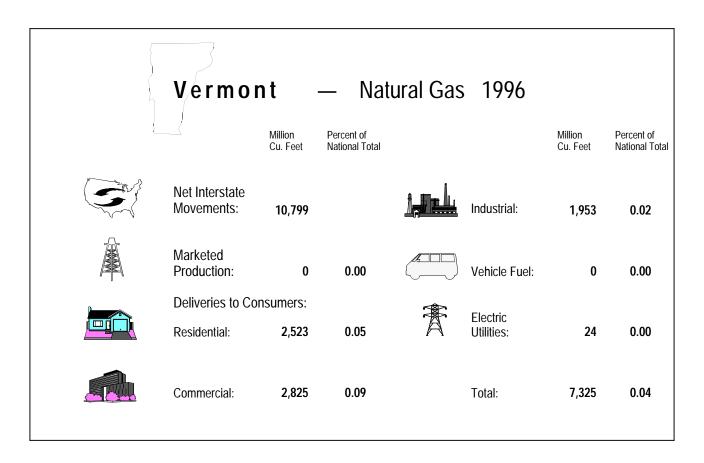


Table 93. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Vermont, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December of	O .	Ü	· ·	· ·	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Troducing at End of Tear	O	O	9	O	U
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	ő	Ŏ	Õ	Õ	Ů
1 TOTA OII VVOIIS	O .	Ü	· ·	· ·	U
Total	0	0	0	0	0
i otai	U	O	O O	O	U
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	0	0	0	0	0
Extraction Loss	0	0	0	U	0
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	· ·	ŭ	· ·	ŭ	· ·
Imports	17.248	16.424	18,091	18,429	18,736
Intransit Receipts	0	0,424	10,031	0	10,730
Interstate Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawals from Storage	0	0	O	0	U
	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	U	U	U	Ů
LNG Storage	0	Ų	U	Ų	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	3	4	9	4	5
Balancing Item	3	-103	-12	-1,823	-3,470
Total Supply	17,254	16,325	18,088	16,610	15,270

Table 93. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Vermont, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	I				
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	7,601	7,228	7,299	7,275	7,333
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	-	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	ŏ
Interstate Deliveries		9,097	10,789	9,335	7,937
Additions to Storage					
Underground Storage		0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	U	U	U	U	0
Total Disposition	17,254	16,325	18,088	16,610	15,270
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel		3	3	7	8
Plant Fuel		Õ	Ö	Ó	Õ
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		2,530	2,438	2,299	2,523
Commercial		2,382	2,669	2,672	2,825
Industrial		2,045	2,023	2,159	1,953
Vehicle Fuel Electric Utilities		0 268	0 166	0 138	0 24
Total Delivered to Consumers	7,598	7,225	7,297	7,268	7,325
Total Consumption	7,601	7,228	7,299	7,275	7,333
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)	0	0	0	0	0
Residential Commercial		0 0	0	0	0
Industrial		0	0	Õ	0
Electric Utilities		ŏ	0	Ö	ŏ
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		2,530	2,438	2,299	2,523
Commercial		2,382	2,669	2,672	2,825
Industrial Electric Utilities		100 0	116 0	131 0	133 0
Vehicle Fuel		0	0	0	0
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial		0	0	0	0
Industrial		1,945	1,908	2,028	1,820
Electric Utilities		268	165	138	24
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers		a			
Residential		21,553	22,546	23,523	24,383
Commercial		3,314 20	3,512 24	3,649 23	3,790 27
Industrial		20	24	23	21
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	ner				
Residential	123	117	108	98	103
Commercial		719	760	732	745
Industrial		102,255	84,307	93,854	72,327
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		 2.14	2.14	2.53	2.97
Imports Exports		Z.14 —	Z.14 —	2.33	2.91
Pipeline Fuel		2.89	2.89	1.05	1.09
City Gate		2.96	3.11	2.61	2.74
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		6.19	6.94	6.82	6.40
Commercial		5.25	5.60	5.43	5.24
Industrial Vehicle Fuel		3.57	3.47	3.39	3.44
Electric Utilities		2.01	2.31	1.95	3.22
Liouio diiiio	2.00	2.01	2.01	1.33	5.22

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perport" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

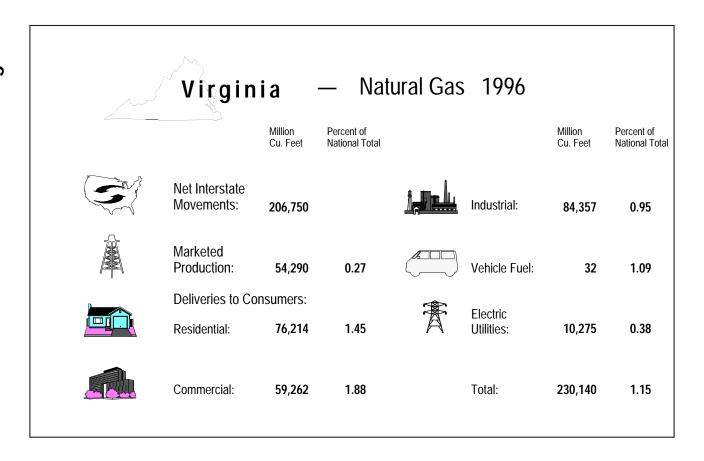


Table 94. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Virginia, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	904	1.322	1,833	1.836	1,930
as of December 51	304	1,522	1,055	1,030	1,330
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	1.153	1.426	1,470	1.671	1.671
Troducing at End of Teat	1,100	1,420	1,470	1,071	1,071
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	24.733	37.840	50,259	49,818	54.290
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0.,0
	•	-	-	-	-
Total	24,733	37,840	50,259	49,818	54,290
	,	- ,	,	-,-	- ,
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	24,733	37,840	50,259	49,818	54,290
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0.,_0
Marketed Production	24,733	37,840	50,259	49,818	54,290
Extraction Loss	2 .,. 00	0.,5.0	0	.5,5.0	0.,200
2/11/2010 1 2000	v	· ·	· ·	· ·	ŭ
Total Dry Production	24,733	37,840	50,259	49,818	54,290
,	,	- ,	,	-,-	,
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	24,733	37,840	50,259	49,818	54,290
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,119,418	1,035,590	1,025,827	1,055,691	1,074,350
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	168	274	236	1,276	1,614
Supplemental Gas Supplies	245	538	1,195	445	716
Balancing Item	-14,334	-4,287	38,265	-8,362	-22,638
Total Supply	1,130,230	1,069,956	1,115,782	1,098,868	1,108,332

Table 94. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Virginia, 1992-1996 (Continued)

•		_	-		
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	200,039	217,893	230,562	247,198	239,100
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	Ö	0
Interstate Deliveries	930,018	851,890	885,104	850,457	867,600
Additions to Storage Underground Storage	0	0	0	0	0
LNG Storage	173	173	116	1,214	1,631
Total Disposition	1,130,230	1,069,956	1,115,782	1,098,868	1,108,332
Consumption (million cubic feet)	.,.55,255	1,000,000	.,,	.,000,000	.,.00,002
Lease Fuel	653	1,120	1,102	1,296	1,183
Pipeline Fuel	6,454	5,736	6,338	6,286	7,777
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	62,431	65,472	65,176	68,712	76,214
Commercial		52,880	52,944	56,948	59,262
Industrial	68,808	72,949	85,764	97,499	84,357
Vehicle Fuel		1	20	43	32
Electric Utilities	10,936	19,735	19,219	16,414	10,275
Total Delivered to Consumers	192,932	211,037	223,122	239,616	230,140
Total Consumption	200,039	217,893	230,562	247,198	239,100
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet) Residential	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	4,719	5,902	7,039	9,062	8,712
Industrial		54,791	67,341	83,030	69,163
Electric Utilities	11,669	25,823	26,706	20,462	14,366
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	65,472	65,176	68,712	76,214
CommercialIndustrial		38,314 45,531	39,093 51,312	41,333 59,471	44,943 52,809
Electric Utilities	NA NA	18,774	17,932	13,613	8,632
Vehicle Fuel	NA	1	18	6	10
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	0	0	0
Commercial	NA	14,566	13,851	15,615	14,319
Industrial Electric Utilities	NA NA	27,418 7,075	34,452 8,865	38,028 6,849	31,548 5,770
Vehicle Fuel	NA NA	0	2	36	21
Number of Consumers					
Residential	664,500	690,061	721,495	753,003	789,985
Commercial	69,629	70,161	72,188	74,690	77,284
Industrial	1,101	2,706	2,740	2,812	2,822
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	0.4	05	00	04	OG
Residential Commercial	94 729	95 754	90 733	91 762	96 767
Industrial	62,496	26,958	31,301	34,672	29,893
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production)	1.85	2.29	2.15	1.72	
Imports	1.00 —	2.29	2.10	1.72 —	_
Exports	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel	1.93	2.27	2.14	1.83	2.60
City Gate	2.91	3.33	3.44	2.92	3.89
Delivered to Consumers Residential	6.69	7.51	7.63	7.18	7.94
Commercial		7.51 5.60	7.63 5.67	7.18 5.08	7.94 5.93
Industrial	3.72	3.88	3.15	3.35	4.07
Vehicle Fuel	_	5.62	2.57	2.30	2.80
Electric Utilities	2.47	2.89	2.66	2.67	2.98
				-	

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perport" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

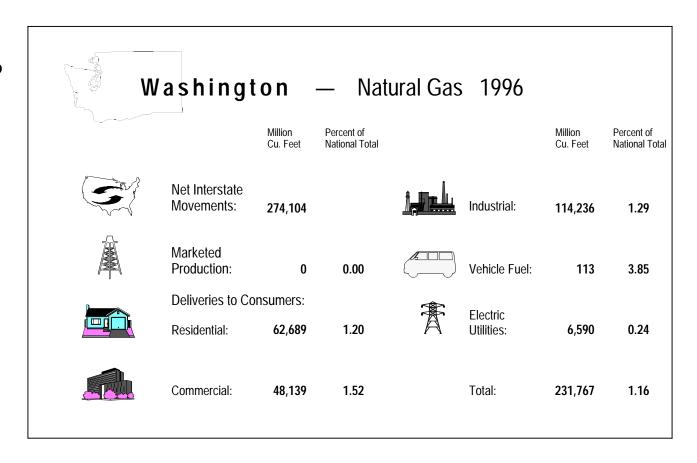


Table 95. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Washington, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
40 01 D000111001 01	· ·	ŭ	9	· ·	Ū
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
1 Toddonig at End of Todi	· ·	ŭ	9	· ·	Ū
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô
	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·	ŭ
Total	0	0	0	0	0
1000	· ·	ŭ	9	· ·	Ū
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	Õ	Ô	ñ	Õ	0
Wet After Lease Separation	Õ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	0
Vented and Flared	Õ	Ô	ñ	Õ	0
Marketed Production	ñ	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
Extraction Loss	0	ő	ň	ŏ	0
Extraction 2003	O	O	9	0	Ū
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Total Diy i roddollori	Ŭ	v	9	· ·	v
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·	ŭ
Imports	270.477	306,030	320,362	335,866	356,711
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	491.200	515.637	713.101	804.621	823.997
Withdrawals from Storage	,	2.2,22.	,		,
Underground Storage	18,960	17,661	17,133	15,452	22,192
LNG Storage	471	7,886	1,701	2,055	2,356
Supplemental Gas Supplies	180	4	0	=,000	2,000
Balancing Item	-55,862	-85,384	-52,630	-34,861	-36,154
23.3.13.13	33,302	55,001	52,000	2 .,001	00,101
Total Supply	725,426	761,833	999,668	1,123,134	1,169,102
	0, 1_0	. 5 . ,666	223,000	.,.23,101	.,.00,102

Table 95. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Washington, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	169,161	198,380	212,782	220,427	238,639
Deliveries at State Borders		,	,	,	,
Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries Interstate Deliveries	0 542.972	0 540,711	0 765,840	0 882.385	0 906,604
Additions to Storage	342,972	340,711	700,040	002,300	900,004
Underground Storage	13,294	19,575	18,705	17,815	20,124
LNG Storage	0	3,167	2,340	1,902	2,284
Total Disposition	725,426	761,833	999,668	1,122,529	1,167,651
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
Pipeline Fuel	3,069	4,229	6,437	8,636	6,871
Plant Fuel Delivered to Consumers	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	43,048	53,258	53,144	52,763	62,689
Commercial	37,800	43,620	42,982	42,568	48,139
Industrial	79,766	92,274	107,603	109,997	114,236
Vehicle Fuel	94	100	155	107	113
Electric Utilities	5,385	4,899	2,461	6,356	6,590
Total Delivered to Consumers	166,092	194,151	206,346	211,791	231,767
Total Consumption	169,161	198,380	212,782	220,427	238,639
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)		_	_		
Residential	0 4 931	0	1 003	0 2.514	0 6 705
CommercialIndustrial	4,831 49,911	2,671 54,177	1,993 62,877	3,514 73,798	6,795 86,332
Electric Utilities	3,597	1,195	2,328	2,084	6,589
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	53,258	53,144	52,763	62,689
Commercial	NA	33,533	34,631	33,710	38,230
Industrial	NA	47,153	48,545	47,261	94,879
Electric UtilitiesVehicle Fuel	NA NA	0 77	2,307 60	1,682 17	5,525 13
Volloio I dol	101	• •	00	.,,	10
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA NA	NA 10.097	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial	NA NA	10,087 45,121	8,352 59,059	8,858 62,735	9,909 19,357
Electric Utilities	NA	1,195	20	402	1,064
Vehicle Fuel	NA	23	95	90	100
N					
Number of Consumers Residential	528,913	565.475	604,315	638,603	673,357
Commercial	63,391	65,810	68,118	70,781	73,708
Industrial	3,490	3,448	3,586	3,544	3,587
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	\r_				
(thousand cubic feet)	2 1				
Residential	81	94	88	83	93
Commercial	596	663	631	601	653
Industrial	22,856	26,762	30,007	31,037	31,847
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	4 47	4 04	4 04	4 22	4 42
Imports	1.47	1.81	1.81	1.23	1.43
Pipeline Fuel	1.89	1.37	1.84	1.78	1.77
City Gate	1.90	2.39	2.54	2.18	2.44
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential	5.00	5.23	5.70	5.89	5.65
CommercialIndustrial	4.32 2.91	4.53 3.22	4.90 2.95	5.00 2.74	4.81 2.67
Vehicle Fuel	4.20	3.22 4.42	2.95 4.29	2.74 5.63	2.67
Electric Utilities	3.31	3.89	4.95	4.60	4.98

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perport" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

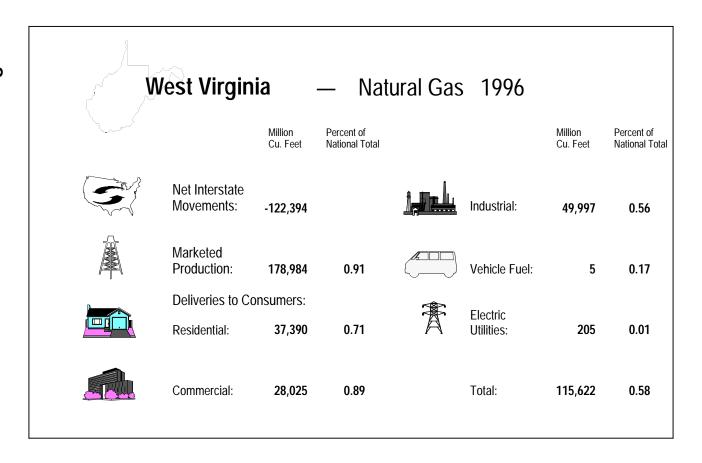


Table 96. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West Virginia, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	2,356	2,439	2,565	2,499	2,703
	,	,	,	,	,
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	38,250	33,716	39,830	36,144	35,148
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	E _{182,000}	171,024	183,773	186,231	178,984
From Oil Wells	0	0	0	0	0
	E				
Total	E _{182,000}	171,024	183,773	186,231	178,984
Repressuring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wet After Lease Separation	E182,000	171.024	183.773	186,231	178,984
Vented and Flared	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marketed Production	E _{182,000}	171.024	183.773	186,231	178.984
Extraction Loss	9,436	10,830	10,901	7,396	7,093
Extraorior Ecoc	0, 100	10,000	10,001	7,000	7,000
Total Dry Production	172,564	160,194	172,872	178,835	171,891
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	172,564	160,194	172,872	178,835	171,891
Receipts at State Borders	2,00.	. 55, . 5 .	,	,	,00.
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	Ō
Interstate Receipts	1.466.319	1,517,304	1,620,921	1,724,557	1,776,833
Withdrawals from Storage	,,-	,- ,	,,-	, ,	, -,
Underground Storage	146,827	151,836	156,284	187,088	164,768
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0 .,. 00
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ö
Balancing Item	25,017	122,550	92,551	-18,543	141,363
Total Supply	1,810,728	1,951,884	2,042,629	2,071,936	2,254,856
Total Supply	1,010,720	1,951,004	2,042,023	2,071,930	2,234,030

Table 96. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — West Virginia, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1000	4000	4004	1005	4000
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption Deliveries at State Borders	,	135,164	145,428	148,364	155,017
ExportsIntransit Deliveries		0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries		1,656,271	1,725,985	1,777,613	1,899,227
Additions to Storage Underground Storage	138,647	160,450	171,216	145,958	200,612
LNG Storage	0	0	0	145,956	0
Total Disposition	1,810,728	1,951,884	2,042,629	2,071,936	2,254,856
Consumption (million cubic feet) Lease Fuel	4,807	3,749	4,815	4,846	4,667
Pipeline Fuel		21,216	30,144	26,411	32,467
Plant Fuel	3,290	3,316	3,272	3,199	2,262
Delivered to Consumers	25 204	25 200	25 204	25 270	27 200
ResidentialCommercial		35,208 24,381	35,201 24,979	35,379 25,872	37,390 28.025
Industrial		47,162	46,774	52,239	49,997
Vehicle Fuel	, -	*	*	7	5
Electric Utilities		133	243	410	205
Total Delivered to Consumers	104,089	106,883	107,197	113,908	115,622
Total Consumption	128,861	135,164	145,428	148,364	155,017
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)	_	44	45	00	00
Residential Commercial		14 11,134	15 11,194	28 12,536	23 12,263
Industrial		40.863	40,684	44.726	42.843
Electric Utilities		279	244	208	157
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	35,208	35,186	35,351	37,367
Commercial		6,908	6,982	7,454	8,741
Industrial		20,276	20,521	19,333	18,540
Electric Utilities		279	244	208	157
Vehicle Fuel	NA	*	*	7	5
Interruptible Deliveries (million cubic feet)					
Residential	NA	NA	15	28	23
Commercial		17,472	17,997	18,418	19,284
Industrial		26,886	26,253	32,906	31,457
Electric Utilities		0	0	0	0
Vehicle Fuel	NA	0	0	0	0
Number of Consumers Residential	352,463	352,997	352,929	353,629	358,049
Commercial		33,611	33,756	36,144	33,837
Industrial	159	197	191	192	182
Average Annual Consumption per Consum (thousand cubic feet)	er				
Residential		100	100	100	104
CommercialIndustrial	734	725 239,399	740 244,891	716 272,080	828 274,709
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)		3.50	2.62	2.22	_
ImportsExports		_	_	_	_
Pipeline Fuel		3.57	3.54	1.87	3.19
City Gate		3.39	3.26	2.85	3.36
Delivered to Consumers					
Residential		6.45	6.66	7.05	7.02
Commercial		5.87	5.91	6.09	6.03
Industrial Vehicle Fuel		2.74	2.93	2.60	2.76
	2.90	2.90	3.82	2.08	2.20
Electric Utilities		4.35	4.00	3.58	2.99

E = Estimated data.

NA = Not available.

^{— =} Not applicable.

* = Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

^{* =} Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

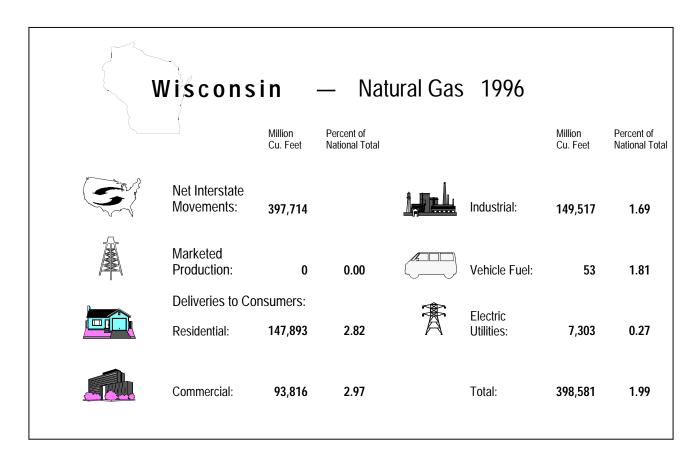


Table 97. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Wisconsin, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	0	0	0	0	0
as of December 31	0	U	0	U	U
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	0	0	0	0	0
Production (million cubic feet) Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	0	0	0	0	0
	•	0	0	0	0
From Oil Wells	0	U	U	U	Ü
Total	0	0	0	0	0
. 0.0	ŭ	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·
Repressuring	0	0	0	0	0
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	0	0	0	0	0
Wet After Lease Separation	0	0	0	0	0
Vented and Flared	0	0	0	0	0
Marketed Production	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
Extraction Loss	Ŏ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
2.000.000	ŭ	ŭ	·	v	· ·
Total Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	0	0	0	0	0
Receipts at State Borders	U	O	O	O	U
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	1,057,942	1.101.129	1,179,011	1,195,087	1,194,236
	1,037,942	1,101,129	1,179,011	1,193,007	1,194,230
Withdrawals from Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Underground Storage	0	0	0	120	0
LNG Storage	117	110	316	120	329
Supplemental Gas Supplies	1	3	5	2	21
Balancing Item	-20,151	-64,879	-124,878	-2,924	4,981
Total Supply	1,037,909	1,036,363	1,054,454	1,192,286	1,199,567

Table 97. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Wisconsin, 1992-1996 (Continued)

				<u>, </u>	
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Consumption	331,581	348,014	355,602	380,489	402,777
Deliveries at State Borders Exports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Deliveries	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries		688,237	698,586	811,591	796,522
Additions to Storage	,	,	,	, , , , ,	,-
Underground Storage			0	0	0
LNG Storage	57	112	266	206	269
Total Disposition	1,037,909	1,036,363	1,054,454	1,192,286	1,199,567
Consumption (million cubic feet)					
Lease Fuel Pipeline Fuel	0 3,983	0 3,630	0 9,854	0 4,198	0 4.196
Plant Fuel	3,963	3,030	9,004	4,190	4,196
Delivered to Consumers	· ·	v	v	v	· ·
Residential	123,405	130,134	128,175	136,012	147,893
Commercial		77,079	78,609	84,888	93,816
Industrial		134,073	135,106	146,070	149,517
Vehicle Fuel		29	36	32	53 7 202
Electric Utilities	2,584	3,070	3,821	9,289	7,303
Total Delivered to Consumers	327,599	344,385	345,748	376,291	398,581
Total Consumption	331,581	348,014	355,602	380,489	402,777
Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Residential	0	0	0	0	25
Commercial	6,229	4,312	5,133	6,760	7,848
Industrial		72,890	69,191	78,008	95,077
Electric Utilities	1,899	648	457	2,188	2,404
Firm Deliveries					
(million cubic feet) Residential	NA	130,134	128,175	136,012	147,893
Commercial		69,316	70,222	75,867	85,363
Industrial		47,369	28,563	25,760	27,098
Electric Utilities		1,359	3,416	2,561	1,957
Vehicle Fuel	NA	6	10	7	30
Interruptible Deliveries					
(million cubic feet)					
Residential		NA 7 700	0	0	0
CommercialIndustrial		7,763 86,705	8,386 106,544	9,021 120,310	8,453 122.419
Electric Utilities		2,220	1,885	7,396	5,299
Vehicle Fuel		23	26	25	23
	177.	20	20	20	20
Number of Consumers	4.400.00.4	4 000 =00	4.050.000	4.004.43.4	4.00 / ===
Residential		1,220,500	1,253,333	1,291,424	1,324,570
CommercialIndustrial		115,961 7,979	119,788 7,342	125,539 6,454	129,146 5,861
	,	7,979	7,342	0,454	3,001
Average Annual Consumption per Consum	er				
(thousand cubic feet)	101	407	100	105	440
Residential Commercial	104 632	107 665	102 656	105 676	112 726
Industrial		16,803	18,402	22,632	25,511
Average Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	_	_	_	_	_
Imports		_	_	_	_
Exports			4 26		4 20
Pipeline Fuel City Gate		0.96	1.36	0.36	1.20
Delivered to Consumers	3.36	3.70	3.42	2.83	3.43
Residential	5.87	6.34	6.28	5.82	6.04
Commercial		5.16	4.91	4.50	4.83
Industrial	3.38	3.52	3.36	2.96	3.48
Vehicle Fuel		3.80	3.41	2.96	2.40
Electric Utilities	2.42	2.66	2.66	2.23	3.04

NA = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 from EIA-677, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Perport" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-7623, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas "(1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

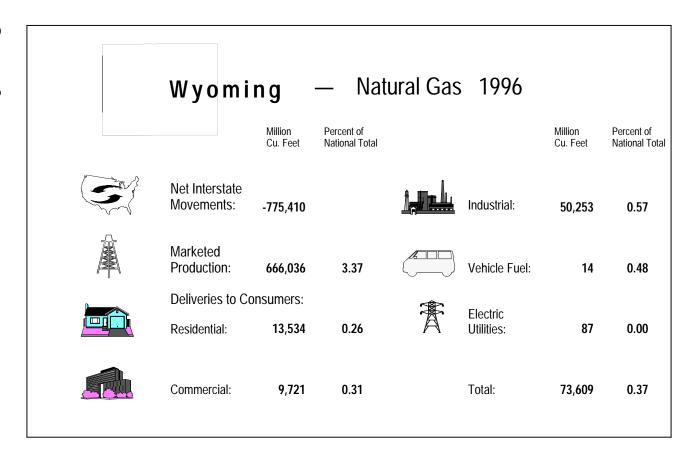


Table 98. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Wyoming, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Reserves (billion cubic feet)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	10.826	10,933	10.879	12,166	12,320
as of December 51	10,020	10,933	10,079	12,100	12,320
Number of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	3,111	3.615	3,942	4.196	4,510
. roddonig at 211d or 1 dairninninninnin	0,	3,5.5	5,5 .=	.,	.,0.0
Production (million cubic feet)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	751,693	880,596	949,343	988,671	981,115
From Oil Wells	285,125	142,006	121,519	111,442	109,434
Total	1,036,817	1,022,602	1,070,862	1,100,113	1,090,549
Repressuring	81,712	110,044	110,064	131,893	134,867
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	22,793	151,239	138,056	145,724	144,194
Wet After Lease Separation	932,312	761,319	822,741	822,496	811,488
Vented and Flared	89,736	126,362	126,722	148,721	145,452
Marketed Production	842,576	634,957	696,018	673,775	666,036
Extraction Loss	31,378	29,118	33,486	36,058	48,254
Total Dry Production	811,198	605,839	662,532	637,717	617,782
•					
Supply (million cubic feet)					
Dry Production	811,198	605,839	662,532	637,717	617,782
Receipts at State Borders					
Imports	0	0	0	0	0
Intransit Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Receipts	193,125	182,933	280,941	384,208	294,140
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	13,876	14,826	8,012	11,000	15,478
LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Supplemental Gas Supplies	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing Item	-110.627	147,925	121,842	99,322	253,985
	,	,		,	
Total Supply	907.573	951.523	1,073,328	1,132,247	1.181.385

Table 98. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas — Wyoming, 1992-1996 (Continued)

Lease Fuel 27,382 *7,592 *4,676 4,570 4,252 Pipeline Fuel 7,904 6,764 6,193 7,254 8,144 Plant Fuel 13,217 13,051 13,939 14,896 15,409 Delivered to Consumers 10,895 12,661 11,564 12,152 13,534 Commercial 8,009 10,268 9,231 9,833 9,721 Industrial 56,046 54,214 60,566 46,856 50,253 Vehicle Fuel 10 12 18 16 14 Electric Utilities 83 87 129 128 87 Total Delivered to Consumers 75,044 77,242 81,507 70,986 73,609 Total Consumption 123,547 104,649 106,316 97,706 101,413 Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet) 0 0 0 0 846 Commercial 160 207 358 632 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>						
Consumption 123,547 104,649 106,316 97,706 101,413 109,116 1		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Consumption 123,547 104,649 106,316 97,706 101,413 109,116 1	Disposition (million cubic feet)					
Exports	Consumption	123,547	104,649	106,316	97,706	101,413
Indianal Deliveries 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0	0	0	0	0
Interstate Deliveries						-
Addition to Storage UNG Storage 0 0 13,605 0 0,00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				-		
LNS Sidrage		,	,	,	.,,	.,,
Total Disposition	Underground Storage	5,340	13,605	10,596	9,448	10,422
Consumption (million cubic feet)	LNG Storage	0	0	0	0	0
Lease Fuel.	Total Disposition	907,573	951,523	1,073,328	1,132,247	1,181,385
Pipeline 1,904 6,764 6,193 7,254 8,144 Pipeline 13,217 13,051 13,939 14,866 15,409 Delivered to Consumers	Consumption (million cubic feet)		3	3. 000	. ===	4.050
Plant Fuel						
Delivered to Consumers Residential 10,895 12,661 11,564 12,152 13,534 Commercial 8,009 10,268 9,231 9,333 9,721 Industrial 10,895 12,661 11,564 12,152 13,534 Commercial 10,895 12,841 10,995 12,89						
Residential		13,217	13,031	13,939	14,890	10,400
Commercial.		10.895	12.661	11.564	12.152	13.534
Industrial						
Electric Utilities						
Electric Utilities	Vehicle Fuel	10	12	18	16	14
Total Consumption		83	87	129	128	87
Delivered for the Account of Others	Total Delivered to Consumers	75,044	77,242	81,507	70,986	73,609
Million cubic feet) Residential	Total Consumption	123,547	104,649	106,316	97,706	101,413
Residential	Delivered for the Account of Others (million cubic feet)					
Commercial		0	0	0	0	846
Electric Utilities				358	632	
Firm Deliveries (million cubic feet) Residential	Industrial	54,053	52,935	59,219	47,467	48,798
Maillion cubic feet) NA	Electric Utilities	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	Firm Deliveries					
Commercial		NIA	40.004	44.504	40.450	40.504
Industrial						
Electric Utilities						
Vehicle Fuel.						
Maillion cubic feet) Residential						
Residential	Interruptible Deliveries					
Commercial						
Industrial	Residential	NA		-		0
Electric Utilities						
Vehicle Fuel				- /		
Number of Consumers Residential						-
Residential	veriide Fuei	NA	U	U	1	U
Commercial 15,064 15,315 15,348 15,580 17,036 Industrial 244 194 135 126 170 Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 95 109 99 102 103 Commercial 532 670 601 631 571 Industrial 229,698 279,455 448,635 387,748 295,606 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports — <td< td=""><td>Number of Consumers</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Number of Consumers					
Industrial 194 135 126 170						
Average Annual Consumption per Consumer (thousand cubic feet) Residential 95 109 99 102 103 Commercial 532 670 601 631 571 Industrial 229,698 279,455 448,635 387,748 295,606 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports 9 2.05 1.78 Imports 9 2.05						
(thousand cubic feet) Residential 95 109 99 102 103 Commercial 532 670 601 631 571 Industrial 229,698 279,455 448,635 387,748 295,606 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Vellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports — <	Industrial	244	194	135	126	170
Residential		er				
Commercial 532 670 601 631 571 Industrial 229,698 279,455 448,635 387,748 295,606 Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports — — — — — — Exports — <t< td=""><td></td><td>25</td><td>400</td><td>22</td><td>400</td><td>400</td></t<>		25	400	22	400	400
Industrial						
Average Prices for Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports						
(dollars per thousand cubic feet) Wellhead (Marketed Production) 1.13 1.99 2.05 1.78 2.57 Imports — — — — — — Exports — — — — — — Pipeline Fuel 2.48 1.92 1.52 1.31 1.54 City Gate 2.90 2.80 2.91 2.72 2.36 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.72 4.77 5.10 4.83 4.26 Commercial 4.26 4.23 4.45 4.23 3.67 Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24		-,	-,,	-,	,	,
Imports	(dollars per thousand cubic feet)					
Exports		1.13	1.99	2.05	1.78	2.57
Pipeline Fuel 2.48 1.92 1.52 1.31 1.54 City Gate 2.90 2.80 2.91 2.72 2.36 Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.72 4.77 5.10 4.83 4.26 Commercial 4.26 4.23 4.45 4.23 3.67 Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24		_	_	_	_	_
City Gate			_	-		.
Delivered to Consumers Residential 4.72 4.77 5.10 4.83 4.26 Commercial 4.26 4.23 4.45 4.23 3.67 Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24						
Residential 4.72 4.77 5.10 4.83 4.26 Commercial 4.26 4.23 4.45 4.23 3.67 Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24		2.90	2.80	2.91	2.72	2.36
Commercial 4.26 4.23 4.45 4.23 3.67 Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24		4 79	A 77	E 10	1 02	1 26
Industrial 2.91 3.62 3.51 3.18 3.14 Vehicle Fuel 5.74 5.66 4.62 5.34 5.24						
Vehicle Fuel						

^a The state of Wyoming previously estimated lease fuel use. Starting in 1993, the data for lease fuel are actual reported data. NA = Not available.

NA = Not available.

— = Not available.

— = Not applicable.

Notes: Deliveries to electric utilities (consumption) are reported on the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." See the discussion on electric utility data and Table A1 in Appendix A for a comparison of reporting to these two forms. Totals may not add due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use. Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-876, "Monthly Report of Sas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Historical Data

Table 99. Quantity and Average Price of Natural Gas Production in the United States, 1930-1996 (Volumes in Million Cubic Feet, Prices in Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Year	Gross Withdrawals	Used for Repressuring	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed	Vented and Flared	Marketed Production	Extraction Loss	Dry Production	Average Wellhead Price of Marketed Production
930	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,978,911	75,140	1,903,771	0.0
931		NA	NA	NA	1,721,902	62,288	1,659,614	0.0
932		NA	NA	NA	1,593,798	51,816	1,541,982	0.0
933		NA	NA	NA	1,596,673	48,280	1,548,393	0.0
34		NA	NA	NA	1,815,796	52,190	1,763,606	0.0
35	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,968,963	55,488	1,913,475	0.0
36		73,507	NA	392,528	2,225,477	61,064	2,164,413	0.0
37		84,925	NA	526,159	2,473,483	70,210	2,403,273	0.0
38		101,551	NA	649,106	2,358,201	73,338	2,284,863	0.0
39		171,401	NA	677,311	2,538,383	73,746	2,464,637	0.0
40		362,916	NA	655,967	2,733,819	79,526	2,654,293	0.0
41	4,168,116	644,379	NA	630,212	2,893,525	115,464	2,778,061	0.0
42	4,525,095	752,619	NA	626,782	3,145,694	119,000	3,026,694	0.0
43	5,024,449	824,803	NA	684,115	3,515,531	121,788	3,393,743	0.0
44	5,708,288	882,979	NA	1,010,285	3,815,024	142,868	3,672,156	0.0
15		1,061,951	NA	896,208	4,042,002	159,936	3,882,066	0.0
46		1,038,242	NA	1,102,033	4,152,762	165,274	3,987,488	0.0
47		1,083,119	NA	1,067,938	4,582,173	188,734	4,393,439	0.0
48		1,220,579	NA	810,178	5,148,020	209,508	4,938,512	0.0
49	7,546,825	1,273,205	NA	853,884	5,419,736	224,332	5,195,404	0.0
50		1,396,546	NA	801,044	6,282,060	259,862	6,022,198	0.0
51		1,438,827	NA	793,186	7,457,359	292,400	7,164,959	0.0
52		1,410,501	NA	848,608	8,013,457	319,158	7,694,299	0.0
53		1,438,606	NA	810,276	8,396,916	340,068	8,056,848	0.0
54	10,984,850	1,518,737	NA	723,567	8,742,546	354,348	8,388,198	0.1
55		1,540,804	NA	773,639	9,405,351	376,686	9,028,665	0.1
56		1,426,648	NA	864,334	10,081,923	418,013	9,663,910	0.1
57		1,417,263	NA	809,148	10,680,258	433,636	10,246,622	0.1
58		1,482,975	NA	633,412	11,030,248	458,040	10,572,208	0.1
59	14,229,272	1,612,109	NA	571,048	12,046,115	498,457	11,547,658	0.1
60 61		1,753,996 1,682,754	NA NA	562,877 523,533	12,771,038 13,254,025	542,890 592,446	12,228,148 12,661,579	0.1 0.1
52		1,736,722	NA NA	425,629	13,254,025	623,616	13,253,006	0.1
63		1,843,297	NA NA	383,408	14,746,663	670,251	14,076,412	0.1
54	17,535,553	1,647,108	NA NA	341,853	15,546,592	722,565	14,824,027	0.1
65	17,963,100	1,604,204	NA	319,143	16,039,753	753,473	15,286,280	0.1
66		1,451,516	NA	375,695	17,206,628	739,308	16,467,320	0.1
67		1,590,574	NA	489,877	18,171,325	784,534	17,386,791	0.1
68		1,486,092	NA	516,508	19,322,400	827,877	18,494,523	0.1
69		1,455,205	NA	525,750	20,698,240	866,560	19,831,680	0.1

Table 99. Quantity and Average Price of Natural Gas Production in the United States, 1930-1996 (Continued)

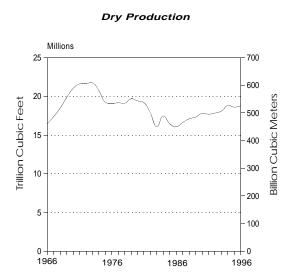
Year	Gross Withdrawals	Used for Repressuring	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed	Vented and Flared	Marketed Production	Extraction Loss	Dry Production	Average Wellhead Price of Marketed Production
1970	23,786,453	1,376,351	NA	489,460	21,920,642	906,413	21,014,229	0.17
1971	24.088.031	1.310.458	NA	284.561	22.493.012	883.127	21,609,885	0.17
1972	24,000,031	1,236,292	NA NA	248,119	22,531,698	907,993	21,623,705	0.10
	24,010,109	1,171,361	NA NA	248,292	22,647,549	916,551	21,730.998	0.19
1973								
1974	22,849,793	1,079,890	NA	169,381	21,600,522	887,490	20,713,032	0.30
1975	21,103,530	860,956	NA	133,913	20,108,661	872,282	19,236,379	0.44
1976	20,943,778	859,410	NA	131,930	19,952,438	854,086	19,098,352	0.58
1977	21,097,071	934,801	NA	136,807	20,025,463	862,563	19,162,900	0.79
1978	21,308,815	1,181,432	NA	153,350	19,974,033	852,130	19,121,903	0.91
1979	21,883,353	1,245,074	NA	167,019	20,471,260	807,845	19,663,415	1.18
980	21,869,692	1,365,454	199,063	125,451	20,179,724	776.605	19,403,119	1.59
981		1.311.735	221.878	98.017	19.955.823	774.562	19.181.261	1.98
1982	20.272.254	1.388.392	208.492	93.365	18.582.005	761.942	17.820.063	2.46
1983	18.659.046	1,458,054	221.937	94,962	16.884.093	789,632	16.094.461	2.59
1984	20,266,522	1,630,152	224,118	107,913	18,304,339	837,867	17,466,472	2.66
1904	20,200,322	1,030,132	224,110	107,913	10,304,339	037,007	17,400,472	2.00
1985	19,606,699	1,915,197	326,497	94,778	17,270,227	816,370	16,453,857	2.51
1986	19,130,711	1,837,552	336,851	97,633	16,858,675	799,645	16,059,030	1.94
1987	20,140,200	2,207,559	376,033	123,707	17,432,901	812,320	16,620,581	1.67
988	20,999,255	2,478,382	459,883	142,525	17,918,465	815,844	17,102,621	1.69
1989	21,074,425	2,475,179	362,457	141,642	18,095,147	784,502	17,310,645	1.69
1990	21.522.622	2.489.040	289.374	150,415	18.593.792	784,118	17.809.674	1.71
1991	21,750,108	2.771.928	275.831	169,909	18.532.439	834.637	17.697.802	1.64
1992	22,132,249	2,972,552	280,370	167,519	18,711,808	871,905	17,839,903	1.74
1993	22,725,642	3,103,014	413.971	226.743	18.981.915	886,455	18.095.460	2.04
1994	23,580,706	3,230,667	412,178	228,336	19,709,525	888,500	18,821,025	1.85
	00.740.000	0.505.000		000 700	10 500 171	007.705	40 500 070	4.50
1995	23,743,628	3,565,023	388,392	283,739	19,506,474	907,795	18,598,679	1.55
1996	24,051,665	3,510,330	518,425	272,117	19,750,793	958,178	18,792,615	2.1

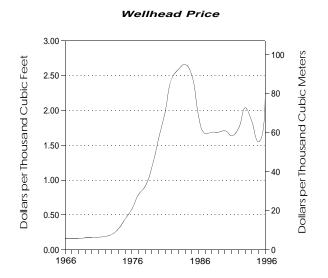
NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning with 1965 data, all volumes are shown on a pressure base of 14.73 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. For prior years, the pressure base is 14.65 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

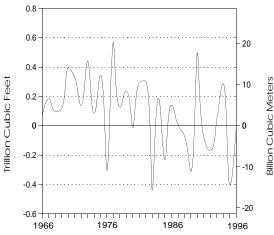
Sources: 1930-1975: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Natural Gas Annual*. 1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption*, 1979. 1980-1995: EIA, Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; and Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report." 1996: EIA, Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-176, Form EIA-64A, and Form EIA-816.

Figure 22. Natural Gas Supply and Disposition in the United States, 1966-1996

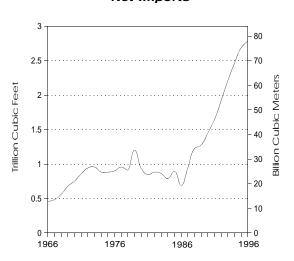




Net Additions to Storage



Net Imports



Sources: 1960-1975: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Natural Gas Annual*. 1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption*, 1979. 1980-1994: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Forms EIA-191/FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; and Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas"; 1995: EIA, Form EIA-176, Forms EIA-191/FERC-8, Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-65A, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; and Office of Fossil Fuels.

Table 100. Supply and Disposition of Natural Gas in the United States, 1930-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

			Supply				Disp	osition	
Year	Dry Production	Withdrawals from Storage	Imports	Balancing Item	Total	Additions to Storage	Exports	Consumption	Total
930	1,903,771	NA	21	-35,490	1,868,302	NA	1,798	1,866,504	1,868,30
931	1.659.614	NA	44	-35,466	1,624,192	NA	2,231	1,621,961	1,624,19
932	1,541,982	NA NA	38	-37,808	1,504,212	NA NA	1,693	1,502,519	1,504,21
	1,548,393	NA NA	83	-41,199	1,507,277	NA NA	2,158	1,502,519	1,504,21
933									
934	1,763,606	NA	68	-45,075	1,718,599	NA	5,801	1,712,798	1,718,59
935	1,913,475	NA	106	-41,074	1,872,507	11,294	6,800	1,854,413	1,872,50
936	2,164,413	NA	152	-46,677	2,117,888	10,998	7,436	2,099,454	2,117,88
937	2,403,273	NA	289	-52,157	2,351,405	13,706	4,868	2,332,831	2,351,40
938	2.284.863	NA	372	-47,658	2,237,577	14,981	1,837	2,220,759	2,237,57
939	2,464,637	NA	131	-53,595	2,411,173	8,032	3,122	2,400,019	2,411,17
940	2,654,293	NA	0	-58.602	2,595,691	14,995	5,563	2,575,133	2.595.69
941	2,778,061	NA	Ö	-64,616	2,713,445	16,251	7,466	2,689,728	2,713,44
942	3.026.694	NA NA	0	-71.195	2,713,443	21.024	8.702	2,009,720	2,713,44
		NA NA	0	,		18,953			
943 944	3,393,743 3,672,156	33,585	0	-81,889 -94,068	3,311,854 3,611,673	43,502	11,210 14,576	3,281,691 3,553,595	3,311,85 3,611,67
	, ,			,	, ,	,	,	, ,	, ,
945	3,882,066	36,167	0	-97,981	3,820,252	61,502	18,207	3,740,543	3,820,25
946	3,987,488	56,138	0	-102,837	3,940,789	75,458	17,675	3,847,656	3,940,78
947	4,393,439	86,643	0	-127,807	4,352,275	96,316	18,149	4,237,810	4,352,27
948	4,938,512	79,035	0	-126,796	4,890,751	136,406	18,704	4,735,641	4,890,75
949	5,195,404	106,368	0	-138,515	5,163,257	172,051	20,054	4,971,152	5,163,25
950	6,022,198	175,260	0	-175,437	6,022,021	229,752	25,727	5,766,542	6,022,02
951	7.164.959	209.428	Ö	-192.372	7.182.015	347.690	24.163	6.810.162	7.182.01
952	7,694,299	221.909	7,807	-203.646	7,720,369	398.593	27.456	7,294,320	7,720.36
953	8,056,848	246,802	9,225	-240,445	8,072,430	404,838	28,322	7,639,270	8,072,43
954	8,388,198	330,177	6,847	-215,709	8,509,513	432,283	28,726	8,048,504	8,509,51
	, ,	,	,	,	, ,	,	,	, ,	
955	9,028,665	437,251	10,888	-246,933	9,229,871	505,185	31,029	8,693,657	9,229,87
956		452,762	10,380	-212,992	9,914,060	589,232	35,963	9,288,865	9,914,06
957		480,981	37,941	-205,373	10,560,171	672,377	41,655	9,846,139	10,560,17
958	10,572,208	621,091	135,797	-283,597	11,045,499	704,172	38,719	10,302,608	11,045,49
959	11,547,658	668,743	133,990	-223,312	12,127,079	787,485	18,413	11,321,181	12,127,07
960	12.228.148	712,658	155.646	-274.231	12,822,221	844.352	11.332	11.966.537	12.822.22
961		698.050	218.860	-234,808	13,343,681	843.666	10.747	12.489.268	13.343.68
962	, ,	854,336	401.534	-285.726	14,223,150	940.823	15,814	13,266,513	14,223,15
963		916.720	406,204	-364,658	15.034.678	1.047.492	16,957	13.970.229	15,034,67
964		885,307	443,326	-304,435	15,848,225	1,014,814	19,603	14,813,808	15,848,22
965	15 296 290	959.865	456.394	-318.711	16.383.828	1.077.980	26.132	15.279.716	16.383.82
		,	456,394 479,780						
966		1,141,614		-401,203	17,687,511	1,210,469	24,639	16,452,403	17,687,51
967		1,132,534	564,226	-296,214	18,787,337	1,317,363	81,614	17,388,360	18,787,33
968		1,329,536	651,885	-325,062	20,150,882	1,425,075	93,745	18,632,062	20,150,88
969	19,831,680	1,379,488	726,951	-334,168	21,603,951	1,498,988	51,304	20,056,240	21,606,53

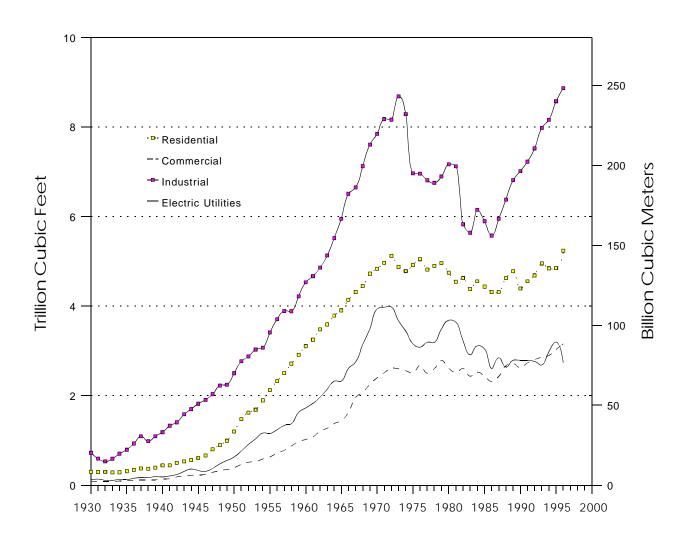
Table 100. Supply and Disposition of Natural Gas in the United States, 1930-1996 (Continued) (Million Cubic Feet)

			Supply				Disp	osition	
Year	Dry Production	Withdrawals from Storage	Imports	Balancing Item	Total	Additions to Storage	Exports	Consumption	Total
970	21 014 229	1,458,607	820.780	-227.650	23,065,966	1,856,767	69,813	21,139,386	23,065,96
971		1.507.630	934.548	-338,999	23,713,064	1,839,398	80,212	21,793,454	23,713,06
972		1,757,218	1.019.496	-328.002	24.072.417	1.892.952	78.013	22.101.452	24.072.41
973	21,730,998	1,532,820	1,032,901	-195,863	24,100,856	1,974,324	77,169	22,049,363	24,100,85
974	20,713,032	1.700.546	959,284	-288,731	23,084,131	1,784,209	76,789	21,223,133	23,084,13
374	20,713,032	1,700,346	959,264	-200,731	23,004,131	1,704,209	70,709	21,223,133	23,004,13
975		1,759,565	953,008	-235,065	21,713,887	2,103,619	72,675	19,537,593	21,713,88
976	19,098,352	2,059,898	963,768	-216,240	21,905,778	1,755,690	64,711	19,946,496	21,766,89
977	19,162,900	1,735,868	1,011,002	-41,063	21,868,707	2,306,515	55,626	19,520,581	21,882,72
978	19,121,903	2,150,928	965,545	-287,201	21,951,175	2,278,002	52,532	19,627,478	21,958,01
979	19,663,415	2,057,020	1,253,383	-372,330	22,601,488	2,295,034	55,673	20,240,761	22,591,46
980	19.557.709	1,972,333	984.767	-639,721	21,875,088	1.949.064	48,731	19,877,293	21,875,08
981	19.356.963	1,930,092	903.949	-500.444	21.690.560	2.227.522	59,372	19,403,858	21,690,75
982		2.164.184	933.336	-537.061	20.525.333	2.472.383	51.728	18.001.055	20.525.16
983	16.226.355	2,269,654	918,407	-703,342	18,711,074	1,822,354	54,639	16,834,914	18,711,90
984	17,576,449	2,098,303	843,060	-217,308	20,300,504	2,295,138	54,753	17,950,524	20,300,41
704	17,370,449	2,090,303	043,000	-217,300	20,300,304	2,293,136	54,755	17,930,324	20,300,41
985	16,580,220	2,397,359	949,715	-428,120	19,499,174	2,162,603	55,268	17,280,943	19,498,81
986		1,836,693	750,449	-494,491	18,264,870	1,983,603	61,271	16,221,296	18,266,17
987		1,905,419	992,532	-443,231	19,176,683	1,911,489	54,020	17,210,809	19,176,31
988	17,203,755	2,270,011	1,293,812	-452,492	20,315,086	2,211,277	73,638	18,029,588	20,314,50
989	17,417,390	2,854,061	1,381,520	-217,526	21,435,445	2,527,750	106,871	18,800,826	21,435,44
990	17.932.480	1,986,330	1.532.259	-151.863	21,299,206	2.499.264	85.565	18.715.090	21.299.91
991	17,810,408	2,751,818	1,773,313	-499,779	21,835,760	2,671,632	129,244	19,035,156	21,836,03
992		2,772,308	2,137,504	-507,565	22,360,069	2,599,426	216,282	19,544,364	22,360,07
993	18.214.459	2,799,253	2,350,115	-109,593	23,254,234	2,834,955	140,183	20,279,095	23,254,23
994	18,931,851	2,578,840	2,623,839	-415,579	23,718,951	2,864,757	161,739	20,707,717	23,734,21
995	18.708.969	3,024,548	2,841,048	-230.002	24,344,563	2,609,779	154,119	21,580,665	24,344,56
996	18.902.070	2.980.614	2,937,413	278,937	25,099,034	2,978,649	153,393	21,966,991	25,099,0
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,002,010	2,000,014	2,007,410	2.0,001	20,000,004	2,010,040	100,000	21,000,001	20,000,0

NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning with 1980 data, dry production and consumption volumes did include supplemental gas supplies, and storage volumes did include liquefied natural gas (LNG). Beginning with 1976 data, total supply and disposition do not balance on equivalent data in Table 1 due to the exclusion of intransit receipts and deliveries. Beginning with 1965 data, all volumes are shown on a pressure base of 14.73 psia at degrees Fahrenheit. For prior years, the pressure base is 14.65 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Sources: 1930-1975: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Report, Natural Gas Annual. 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption, 1979. 1980-1994: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-627, and Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports. 1996: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-64A, Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; and Office of Fossil Energy.

Figure 23. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers in the United States, 1930-1996



Note: In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: 1930-1975: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Natural Gas Annual*. 1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption*, 1979. 1980-1996: Form EIA- 176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 101. Natural Gas Consumption in the United States, 1930-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

Year	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel	Delivered to Consumers						Total
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
930	648,025	NA	295,700	80,707	721,782	NA	120,290	1,218,479	1,866,504
931		NA	294,406	86,491	593,644	NA	138,343	1,112,884	1,621,961
932		NA	298,520	87,367	531,831	NA	107,239	1,024,957	1,502,519
933		NA	283.197	85.577	590.865	NA	102.601	1.062.240	1.505.119
934		NA	288,236	91,261	703,053	NA	127,896	1,210,446	1,712,798
935	524.926	NA	313.498	100.187	790.563	NA	125,239	1,329,487	1.854.413
936		NA	343,346	111,623	931,001	NA	156,080	1,542,050	2,099,454
937		NA	371,844	117,390	1,091,920	NA	170.567	1,751,721	2,332,831
938		NA	367,772	114,296	982,838	NA	169,988	1,634,894	2,220,759
939		NA	391,153	118,334	1,092,263	NA	191,131	1,792,881	2,400,019
940	632,335	NA	443,646	134,644	1,181,352	NA	183,156	1,942,798	2,575,133
941		NA	442,067	144,844	1,326,967	NA	205,156	2,119,034	2,689,728
942		NA	498,537	183,603	1,402,834	NA	238,736	2,323,710	2.925.773
943		NA	529,444	204,793	1.582.680	NA	305.576	2.622.493	3,281,691
944		NA	562,183	220,747	1,698,608	NA	359,745	2,841,283	3,553,595
945	757,016	NA	607,400	230,099	1,819,838	NA	326,190	2,983,527	3,740,543
946	732,535	NA	660,820	241,802	1,905,575	NA	306,924	3,115,121	3,847,656
947	745,027	NA	802,150	285,213	2,032,383	NA	373,037	3,492,783	4,237,810
948		NA	896,348	323,054	2,226,137	NA	478,097	3,923,636	4,735,641
949		NA	992,544	347,818	2,245,372	NA	550,121	4,135,855	4,971,152
950	927,611	125,546	1,198,369	387,838	2,498,259	NA	628,919	4,713,385	5,766,542
951	1,149,470	192,496	1,474,725	464,309	2,765,264	NA	763,898	5,468,196	6,810,162
952	1,164,596	207,207	1,621,966	515,669	2,874,765	NA	910,117	5,922,517	7,294,320
953	1,131,017	230,314	1,685,503	530,650	3,027,514	NA	1,034,272	6,277,939	7,639,270
954	1,102,535	230,615	1,894,248	584,957	3,070,651	NA	1,165,498	6,715,354	8,048,504
955	1,130,985	245,246	2,123,952	629,219	3,410,975	NA	1,153,280	7,317,426	8,693,657
956	1,002,537	295,972	2,327,564	716,871	3,706,610	NA	1,239,311	7,990,356	9,288,865
957	1,046,084	299,235	2,500,269	775,916	3,888,494	NA	1,336,141	8,500,820	9,846,139
958	1,146,064	312,221	2,714,251	871,774	3,885,445	NA	1,372,853	8,844,323	10,302,608
959	1,238,945	349,348	2,912,601	975,107	4,216,671	NA	1,628,509	9,732,888	11,321,181
960		347,075	3,103,167	1,020,222	4,534,530	NA	1,724,762	10,382,681	11,966,537
961		377,607	3,248,578	1,076,849	4,672,355	NA	1,825,117	10,822,899	12,489,268
962	1,369,512	382,496	3,478,563	1,206,668	4,863,300	NA	1,965,974	11,514,505	13,266,513
963	1,411,088	423,783	3,589,021	1,267,783	5,134,081	NA	2,144,473	12,135,358	13,970,229
964	1,370,835	435,570	3,787,292	1,374,717	5,522,498	NA	2,322,896	13,007,403	14,813,808
965		500,524	3,902,802	1,443,648	5,955,417	NA	2,321,101	13,622,968	15,279,716
966		535,353	4,138,259	1,622,740	6,512,702	NA	2,609,949	14,883,650	16,452,403
967		575,752	4,313,304	1,958,970	6,653,016	NA	2,746,352	15,671,642	17,388,360
968	1,237,131	590,965	4,450,354	2,075,736	7,129,967	NA	3,147,909	16,803,966	18,632,062
969	1,345,648	630,962	4,728,281	2,253,206	7,610,501	NA	3,487,642	18,079,630	20,056,240

Table 101. Natural Gas Consumption in the United States, 1930-1996 (Continued) (Million Cubic Feet)

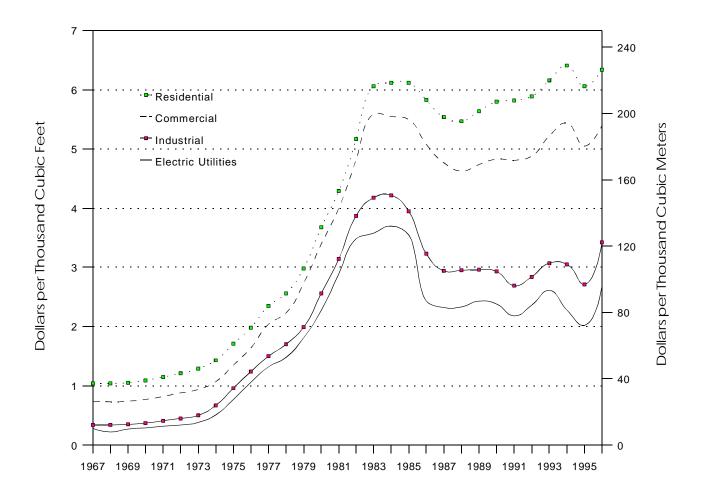
Year	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel	Delivered to Consumers						Total
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle Fuel	Electric Utilities	Total	Consumption
1970	1.398.758	722,166	4.837.432	2,398,510	7.850.660	NA	3.931.860	19.018.462	21.139.386
1971	1,413,650	742.592	4.971.690	2.508.977	8.180.527	NA	3.976.018	19.637.212	21.793.454
1972	1,455,563	766,156	5,125,982	2,607,982	8,168,855	NA	3,976,914	19,879,733	22,101,452
1973	1,495,915	728,177	4,879,387	2,597,037	8,688,675	NA	3,660,172	19,825,271	22,049,363
1974	1,477,386	668,792	4,786,128	2,555,617	8,291,782	NA	3,443,428	19,076,955	21,223,133
1975	1,396,277	582,963	4,924,124	2,508,293	6,968,267	NA	3,157,669	17,558,353	19,537,593
1976	1,634,355	548,323	5,051,360	2,667,740	6,963,850	NA	3,080,868	17,763,818	19,946,496
1977	1.659.145	532,669	4.821.485	2,500,793	6.815.289	NA	3.191,200	17,328,767	19.520.581
1978	1,647,911	530,451	4,903,006	2,601,106	6.756.641	NA	3,188,363	17,449,116	19,627,478
1979	1,498,530	600,964	4,965,365	2,785,961	6,899,418	NA	3,490,523	18,141,267	20,240,761
1980	1,026,438	634,622	4,752,082	2,610,895	7,171,661	NA	3,681,595	18,216,233	19,877,293
1981	927,591	642,325	4,546,450	2,519,791	7,127,547	NA	3,640,154	17,833,942	19,403,858
1982	1.109.398	596.411	4.633.035	2.605.523	5,831,170	NA	3.225.518	16.295.245	18.001.055
1983	978,249	490,042	4,380,599	2,432,547	5,642,708	NA	2.910.767	15,366,621	16,834,914
1984	1,076,881	528,754	4,555,465	2,524,244	6,153,841	NA	3,111,342	16,344,893	17,950,524
1985	966,047	503,766	4,433,377	2,432,382	5,901,288	NA	3,044,083	15,811,130	17,280,943
1986	922,524	485,041	4,313,969	2,318,335	5,579,057	NA	2,602,370	14,813,731	16,221,296
1987	1.149.383	519.170	4.314.833	2.430.064	5.953.308	NA	2,844,051	15.542.256	17,210,809
1988	1,095,883	613,912	4,630,330	2,670,465	6,383,382	NA	2,635,616	16,319,793	18,029,588
1989	1,069,902	629,308	4,780,638	2,717,722	6,816,244	NA	2,787,012	17,101,615	18,800,826
1990	1,236,392	659,816	4,391,324	2,622,721	7,018,414	270	2,786,153	16,818,882	18,715,090
1991	1,129,268	601,305	4,555,659	2,728,581	7,230,962	367	2,789,014	17,304,582	19,035,156
1992	1,170,821	587,710	4,690,065	2,802,751	7,526,898	511	2,765,608	17,785,833	19,544,364
1993	1.171.940	624,308	4,956,445	2.861.569	7.981.433	960	2.682.440	18.482.847	20,279,095
1994	1,123,720	685,362	4,847,702	2,895,013	8,167,033	1,741	2,987,146	18,898,635	20,707,717
1995	1,220,168	700,335	4,850,318	3,031,077	8,579,585	2,674	3,196,507	19,660,161	21,580,665
1996	1,250,037	711,446	5,241,414	3,158,244	8,870,422	2,932	2,732,496	20,005,508	21,966,991

NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning with 1965 data, all volumes are shown on a pressure base of 14.73 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. For prior years, the pressure base is 14.65 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Number of vehicle fuel consumers generally refers to the number of fueling stations. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: 1930-1975: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Natural Gas Annual. 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption, 1979. 1980-1989: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1990: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-759, and Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; 1991-1995: EIA, Form EIA-176, Form EIA-64A, and Form EIA-64A, and Form EIA-654, and Form EIA-654A, and Form EIA-655B, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report."

Figure 24. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U.S. Consumers, 1967-1996



Sources: Electric Utilities: 1967-1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC). 1978-1993: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants" and Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." All other data: 1967-1975: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter. 1976-1978: Energy Information Administration, Energy Data Report, *Natural Gas Annual*. 1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 102. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to U. S. Consumers, 1967-1996 (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

	Delivered to Consumers							
Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicle	Electric Utilities			
967	1.04	0.74	0.34	NA	0.28			
968	1.04	0.73	0.34	NA NA	0.22			
969	1.05	0.74	0.35	NA NA	0.27			
970	1.09	0.77	0.37	NA	0.29			
971	1.15	0.82	0.41	NA	0.32			
972	1.21	0.88	0.45	NA	0.34			
973	1.29	0.94	0.50	NA	0.38			
974	1.43	1.07	0.67	NA	0.51			
975	1.71	1.35	0.96	NA	0.77			
976	1.98	1.64	1.24	NA	1.06			
277	0.05	0.04	4.50	NIA	4.00			
977	2.35	2.04	1.50	NA	1.32			
978	2.56	2.23	1.70	NA	1.48			
979	2.98	2.73	1.99	NA	1.81			
980	3.68	3.39	2.56	NA	2.27			
981	4.29	4.00	3.14	NA	2.89			
982	5.17	4.82	3.87	NA	3.48			
983	6.06	5.59	4.18	NA	3.58			
984	6.12	5.55	4.22	NA NA	3.70			
985	6.12	5.50	3.95	NA NA	3.55			
986	5.83	5.08	3.23	NA NA	2.43			
900	5.83	5.06	3.23	INA	2.43			
987	5.54	4.77	2.94	NA	2.32			
988	5.47	4.63	2.95	NA	2.33			
989	5.64	4.74	2.96	NA	2.43			
990	5.80	4.83	2.93	3.39	2.38			
991	5.82	4.81	2.69	3.96	2.18			
992	5.89	4.88	2.84	4.05	2.36			
993	6.16	5.22	3.07	4.27	2.61			
994	6.41	5.44	3.05	4.11	2.28			
995	6.06	5.05	2.71	3.98	2.02			
996	6.34	5.40	3.42	4.34	2.69			

NA = Not available

NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning in 1987, prices for deliveries to consumers are calculated using only on-system sales data. Due to large amounts of missing data for values of lease and plant fuel since 1987, prices are not estimated. In previous years, imputations were made for missing data and a price was calculated using reported and imputed data to derive a total value for gas consumed. Since total consumption value estimates were not made since 1987, no lease and plant fuel value estimate was made. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Electric Utilities: 1967-1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC). 1978-1996: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report", Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants"; and Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." All other data: 1967-1975: EIA, Energy Data Report, Natural Gas Annual. 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption, 1979. 1980-1996: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Appendix A

Summary of Data Collection Operations and Report Methodology

Summary of Data Collection Operations and Report Methodology

The 1996 data for the Natural Gas Annual are taken primarily from Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report." Each of these surveys and all other sources of data for this report are discussed separately in the following sections.

Form EIA-176

Survey Design

The original version of Form EIA-176 was approved in 1980 with a mandatory response requirement. Prior to 1980, published data were based on voluntary responses to Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior predecessor Forms BOM-6-1340-A and BOM-6-1341-A of the same title.

In 1982, the scope of the revised EIA-176 survey was expanded to collect the number of electric utility consumers in each State, volumes of gas transported to industrial and electric utility consumers, detailed information on volumes transported across State borders by the respondent for others and for the responding company, and detailed information on other disposition. These changes were incorporated to provide more complete survey information with a minimal change in respondent burden. The 1982 revision of the Form EIA-176 continues to be the basis for the current version of this form.

In 1988, the Form EIA-176 was revised to include data collection for deliveries of natural gas to commercial consumers for the account of others. The revised form was approved for use during report years 1987 through 1989. A short version of Form EIA-176 was also approved in 1988. Companies engaged in purchase and delivery activities but not in transportation and storage activities may file the short form. Usually, these companies are municipals handling small volumes of gas.

In 1990, the Form EIA-176 was revised to include more detailed information for gas withdrawn from storage facilities, gas added to storage facilities, deliveries of company-owned natural gas and natural gas transported for the account of others. The revised form was approved for use beginning with report year 1990.

Upon the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) approval in 1993, the Form EIA-176 was revised. All deliveries to consumers are now categorized as firm or interruptible. Commercial and industrial consumers are further categorized as nonutility power producers or as those excluding nonutility power producers.

Approval of the Form EIA-176 for use through 1999 was received in 1996 from OMB. The form was modified as outlined in the "Change in Definition of Consumption Sector" below.

Data reported on this form are no longer considered proprietary. Response to the form continues to be mandatory.

In February 1997, forms for report year 1996 were mailed to all identified interstate natural gas pipeline companies; intrastate natural gas pipeline companies; investor and municipally owned natural gas distributors; underground natural gas storage operators; synthetic natural gas plant operators; field, well, or processing plant operators that deliver natural gas directly to consumers (including their own industrial facilities) other than for lease or plant use or processing; and field, well, or processing-plant operators that transport gas to, across, or from a State border through field or gathering facilities. Detailed instructions for completing the form were included in each survey package.

Completed forms were returned to the Data Operations Branch of the Reserves and Natural Gas Division, where each was checked for errors, corrected as necessary, and processed into computer-generated State and national data summaries.

Change in Definition of Consumption Sector

With the 1996 annual reporting cycle, the Energy Information Administration has changed the customer category used for reporting deliveries to consumers in the agricultural industry from commercial to industrial. Most natural gas consumed in agriculture is used to drive irrigation systems and to dry crops. Separate reports of the volumes affected are not available so the direct impact of this change is not known.

In comparing sectoral use over time, note that:

- there is an inherent shift in natural gas volumes from the commercial to industrial sectors due simply to changes in the reporting requirements. This break in series may indicate a spurious increase in industrial consumption with a corresponding decrease in the commercial sector;
- the sum of natural gas volumes consumed by the commercial and industrial sectors will not be changed by this modification in the instructions.

Response Statistics

Each company and its parent company or subsidiaries were required to file if they met the survey specifications. The original mailing totaled 1,938 questionnaire packages. To this original mailing, 11 names were added and 63 were deleted as a result of the survey processing. Additions were the result of comparisons of the mailing list to other survey mailing lists. Deletions resulted from post office returns and determinations that companies were out of business, sold, or not within the scope of the survey. After all updates, the survey universe was 1,887 responses from approximately 1,800 companies.

Following the original mailing, second request mailing, and nonrespondents follow-up, 1,878 responses were entered into the data base. There were 30 nonrespondents.

Summary of Form EIA-176 Data Reporting Requirements

The Form EIA-176 is a five-page form consisting of seven parts. Part I of the form contains identifying information including the company identification number, the company name and address, the State for which the report is filed, and address correction information. Part II contains certification information. The body of the form (Parts III-VII) is a multiline schedule for reporting all supplies of natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels and their disposition within the State indicated. Respondents filed completed forms with the EIA in Washington, D.C. Data for the year 1996 were due April 1, 1997.

Computer edit programs verified the report year, State code, and arithmetic totals. Further tests were made to ensure that all necessary data elements were present and that the data were reasonable and internally consistent. The computerized edit system produced error listings with messages for each failed edit test. To resolve problems, respondents were contacted by telephone and were required to file amended forms with corrected data.

All natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels volumes were reported on a physical custody basis in thousand cubic feet, and dollar values were reported to the nearest whole dollar. All volumes were reported at 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute pressure and 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Other minor report standards were specified in the instructions booklet to assure that the filed data were consistent and could be readily processed.

Comparison of the Form EIA-176 with Other Data Sources

Comparison of the EIA-176 data with data from similar series is another method of ensuring the validity of the data published in this report. This comparison on a company-by-company basis showed significant differences that respondents were required to reconcile.

The FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," was discontinued in September 1995. Data on imports and exports of natural gas, as collected by the EIA-176 survey, were checked by comparing individual responses with quarterly data reports, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports," filed with the Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy. These quarterly reports are required as a condition of import/export authorizations. Where discrepancies were noted, respondents were required to file corrected reports.

Similarly, data on the underground storage of natural gas were compared with submissions of Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report." If significant differences were noted, companies were contacted to reconcile the discrepancies. Dur ing 1996, the 113 companies filing the Form EIA-191 reported total injections of 2,872 billion cubic feet and total withdrawals of 2,883 billion cubic feet. This compares to 2,906 billion cubic feet of injections and 2,911 billion cubic feet of withdrawals, as reported on the Form EIA-176.

Data on deliveries to residential, commercial, and industrial consumers were compared with data submitted on Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers." Where discrepancies were noted, respondents were required to file corrected reports for either and sometimes both surveys. Numerous telephone calls were made to clarify any misunderstandings concerning the correct filing of both forms. Typical errors included electric utility volumes combined with industrial volumes, sale for resale volumes reported as industrial consumption, cogeneration volumes not reported on Form EIA-857, and misinterpretation of general instructions.

A discussion of the comparison of the data on deliveries to electric utilities filed on Form EIA-176 and that reported in the EIA publication, *Electric Power Annual*, is included in this Appendix under "Electric Utility Data."

Routine Form EIA-176 Edit Checks

A series of manual and computerized edit checks were used to screen the Form EIA-176. The edits performed included validity, arithmetic, and analytical checks. A computerized check was also made for consistency with previous filings.

The incoming forms for the survey were reviewed prior to keying. This prescan determined if the respondent identification (ID) number and the company name and address were correct, if the data on the form appeared complete and reasonable, and if the certifying information was complete.

Manual checks on the data were also made. Each form was prescanned to determine that data were reported on the correct lines. The flow of gas through interstate pipelines was checked at the company level to assure that each delivery from a State was matched with a corresponding receipt in an adjoining State.

Form EIA-627 and Form EIA-895

Survey Design

Beginning with 1980 data, natural gas production data previously obtained on an informal basis from appropriate State agencies were collected on Form EIA-627. This form was designed by the EIA to collect annual natural gas production data from the appropriate State agencies under a standard data reporting system within the limits imposed by the diversity of data collection systems of the various producing States. It was also designed to avoid duplication of the efforts involved in the collection of production and value data by producing States and to avoid an unnecessary respondent burden on gas and oil well operators.

In 1993, the Office of Management and Budget approved the Form EIA-627 for use in report years 1994 through 1996. In April 1996, forms for report year 1995 were mailed to the appropriate agencies in 33 States. Completed forms were returned to the Data Operations Branch of the Reserves and Natural Gas Division for review, processing, and compilation.

In 1996, the Reserves and Natural Gas Division redesigned the Form EIA-895, formerly known as the "Monthly Quantity of Natural Gas Report." The Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," has a Monthly and Annual Schedule (replaces the Form EIA-627) for quantity a value of natural gas production. The Annual Schedule is to be filed with the December Monthly Schedule each year and should include any changes or updates in previously reported monthly data.

Response Statistics

Of the 33 natural gas producing States, 30 participated in the voluntary EIA-895 survey by filing the completed form or by responding to telephone contacts. Data for the 3 nonresponding States (Illinois, New York, and West Virginia) were estimated. Data on the quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed in 1996 were reported by the appropriate agencies of 21 of the 33 producing States. The 21 States accounted for 63 percent of total 1996 gross withdrawals. In addition, the gross withdrawal data from Kansas, Louisiana, Montana, and Oklahoma, which together accounted for 32 percent of total production, excluded all or most of the nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases. Gross withdrawals from Louisiana excludes most quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases. Nonhydrocarbon gases removed have been excluded from gross withdrawals in Missouri.

The commercial recovery of methane from coalbeds contribute a significant amount to the production totals in a number of States. Coalbed methane seams production quantities (in million cubic feet) are included in gross withdrawals totals for the following States: Alabama (112,852), Colorado (274,622), and New Mexico (590,349).

Summary of EIA-895 Data Reporting Requirements

The Form EIA-895 is a two-page form divided into five parts. Part I requests identifying information including the name and location of the responding State agency and the name and telephone number of a contact person within the agency. Part II collects monthly data on the production of natural gas including gross withdrawals from both gas and oil wells; volumes returned to formation for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and cycling; quantities vented and flared; quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed; quantities of fuel used on lease; and marketed production. Part III of the form is for reporting the monthly volume and value of marketed production. Part IV of the form is for reporting the annual data, including the number of producing gas wells, the production of natural gas including gross withdrawals from both gas and oil wells; volumes returned to formation for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and cycling; quantities vented and flared; quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed; quantities of fuel used on lease; marketed production; value of marketed production; and quantity of marketed production (value based). Part V is space to be used by the respondent to explain data elements reported that may be based on definitions differing from those applied to data in previous years.

EIA-176 (Revised 1996)

Form Approved OMB No. 19050175 Expires 12/31/99

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Information Administration Washington DC 20585

ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19

This report is mandatory under the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275). For the provisions concerning the confidentiality of information and sanctions statement, see Sections VI and VII of the instructions. Respondents are not required to file or reply to any Federal collection of information unless it has a valid OMB control number. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 20.8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Energy Information Administration, Office of Statistical Standards, El-73, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20585; and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

collection of information, including suggestion		Administration, Office of Sta	regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of t stistical Standards, El-73, 1000 Independence Avenue, S ington, D.C. 20503.				
		EIA USE	 				
	Affix mailing label or enter mail address						
	Control (ID) No						
RESPONDENT COPY.							
Retain for your files.	Name:						
	Operations in (State):						
	Street or Post Office Box:						
	City, State, Zip Code:						
	Attention:						
PART I: IDENTIFICATION							
1.0 Control No. 2.0 Company Name		3.0 Report State	EIA 4.0 Resubmittal				
			Date				
⊢ ' '	nerged with, company entered below. ness. Customer accounts taken over by contained, or comments:	mpany entered below.					
5.1 Change company name and/or add	dress to:						
a. Company Name:							
b. Operations in (State):							
c. Street or Post Office Box:							
d. City, State, Zip Code:							
e. Attention:							
PART II: CONTACT PERSON							
1.0 Name (Type or Print)		2.0 Telephone Num	nber (including Area Code and Extension)				
3.0 Signature		4.0 Date					

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19 1.0 Control No. 2.0 Company Name 3.0 Report State 4.0 Resubmittal Date: PART III: TYPE OF COMPANY AND GAS ACTIVITIES OPERATED IN THE REPORT STATE 1.0 Type of Company (check one) 2.0 Gas Activities Operated On-system Within the Report State (check all that apply) Investor owned distributor Produced Natural Gas Delivered for Resale b Municipally owned distributor Gathered Delivered directly b С Interstate pipeline to consumers Processed С d Intrastate pipeline d Purchased Other (specify) Storage operator е Transported Interstate е SNG plant operator Transported Intrastate Integrated oil and gas g Stored Underground Producer Stored LNG Gatherer Injected Propane-air Processor Produced SNG Other (specify) Imported Exported PART IV: SUPPLY OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS RECEIVED WITHIN OR TRANSPORTED INTO REPORT STATE е Volume Cost or (Mcf at 14.73 psia) (Including taxes) 1.0 Company-owned natural gas produced on-system 2.0 On-system purchases received: 2.1 From producers, gatherers, and/or gas processors 2.2 From pipelines and/or distribution companies 2.3 From synthetic natural gas plants or SNG pipeline 2.4 At State line or U.S. border from: Company . State or Country (Continue on Part VI, if more space is needed) 3.0 Transportation and/or exchange receipts: 3.1 Received within the report State 3.2 Received at the State line or U.S. border from: Company State or Country (Continue on Part VI, if more space is needed) 4.0 Transportated into the report State from: State or Country (Continue on Part VI, if more space is needed) 5.0 Withdrawn from storage facilities: 5.1 Withdrawn from company-opeated underground storage: 5.1.1 Company-owned natural gas 5.1.2 Natural gas owned by others 5.2 Company-owned natural gas received directly from underground storage operators 5.3 Received from underground storage operators for the account of others 5.4 From liquefied natural gas storage 7.0 Other sources of supply (specify source and/or kind of fuel). Continue on Part VI, if more space is needed) 8.0 Total supply within report State

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19

1.0	Cont	rol No.	2.0 Company Name	3.0	Report State	EIA	4.0	Resubmittal	
								Date	
PAF	RT V:	DISPO	SITION OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS WITHIN OR TR	ANSI		ORT STA	TE		
					Volume (Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f		Cost or Revenue (Including taxes)	e or f
			lease, and field operations	- 1					:
2.0			oil and/or gas reservoirs	٠٠ ١			-		<u>: </u>
3.0			red, or lost in gas processing or treating plants						
	3.1		any-operated plants:						
		3.1.1	Volume delivered to company- operated plants for redelivery M	cf					:
						İ			
			Volume used for plant fuel	٠. ١					
			Extraction loss estimated gas phase volume of liquids extracted						
			Volume of nonhydrocarbons removed (e.g. H ₂ S & CO ₂)	- 1			-		
			Vented, flared, and/or lost	٠٠ ا					
	3.2		operated by others:			:			
			Volume delivered to plants	cf					
			operated by efficient reactivery	_ [Ì			
4.0	۸ مامام		Total volume used, removed, vented and/or flared	٠					
4.0			rage facilities: d into company-operated underground storage:						
	4.1	•	Company-owned natural gas						:
			Natural gas owned by others	- 1			ĺ		
	42		any owned gas delivered directly to underground storage operators	- 1					
	4.3	-	red to underground storage operators for the account of others	- 1					:
	4.4		to liquefied natural gas storage	- 1					
5.0			company-owned natural gas						
	5.1	Delive	red to other pipelines within the report State						
	5.2	Delive	red to resellers (e.g., distribution companies)						
	5.3		red at the State line or U.S. border to:						
			any						
			or Country _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _			:			:
	- 4	-							
	5.4		red directly to consumers Residential sales Number of consumers	I					
		5.4.1	5.4.1.1 Firm	_ [Т		
			5.4.1.2 Interruptible	- 1					
			Commercial Sales	i i					:
			5.4.2.1 Commercial (excluding nonutility						:
			power producer sales)			<u> </u>			
			5.4.2.1.1 Firm						
			5.4.2.1.2 Interruptible						
			5.4.2.2 Commercial nonutility power						
			producer sales	-		-	-		
			5.4.2.2.1 Firm						
			5.4.2.2.2 Interruptible				!		
			Industrial Sales	_					
			5.4.3.1 Industrial (excluding nonutility						
			power producer sales)	H		·	Ť		
			5.4.3.1.1 Firm				1		
			5.4.3.1.2 Interruptible						
			5.4.3.2 Industrial nonutility power producer sales						
			5.4.3.2.1 Firm	ľ					
			5.4.3.2.2 Interruptible				L		
		5.4.4	Other Nonutility Power Producer Sales .						
			5.4.4.1 Firm	_ [
			5.4.4.2 Interruptible						
							1		

1.0	Cont	rol No.	2.0 Company Name		Report State		4.0 Resubmittal	
	00		210 Company Name	0.0	riopon Gialo		Date	
PAR	T V: (CONTIN	UATION, DISPOSITION OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS WITH	N OR T		ORT STAT		
		Delive	ered directly to consumers <u>Number of consu</u>	mers	Volume (Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f	Cost or Revenue (Including taxes)	e or f
			Electric Utility Sales		(**************************************		(
			5.4.5.1 Firm					
			5.4.5.2 Interruptible			1		:
		5.4.6	Natural Gas Used as Vehicle Fuel			1		
			5.4.6.1 Firm					
6.0	Δνοτ	ana haa	5.4.6.2 Interruptible					
0.0		nsumers		Btu				
7.0	Natu	ral gas t	transported for the account of others					
	7.1		ered to other pipelines within the			1		
	7.2		State	•				
	7.3		ered at the State line or U.S. border to:					
		Compa						
			or Country					
	7.4		nue on Part VI if more space is needed) ported and delivered to consumers					
			e account of others: Number of consu	mers				
		7.4.1	Residential Consumers			1		
			7.4.1.1 Firm					
			7.4.1.2 Interruptible					
		7.4.2	Commercial Consumers					
			7.4.2.1 Commercial (excluding nonutility power producer consumers)					
			7.4.2.1.1 Firm					
			7.4.2.1.2 Interruptible					
			7.4.2.2 Commercial nonutility power					
			producer consumers					
			7.4.2.2.1 Firm			1		
		7.4.3	Industrial Consumers					
			7.4.3.1 Industrial (excluding nonutility					
			power producer consumers)					
			7.4.3.1.1 Firm			1		
			7.4.3.1.2 Interruptible					
			producer consumers					
			7.4.3.2.1 Firm					
			7.4.3.2.2 Interruptible					
		7.4.4	Other Nonutility Power Producer Consumers			1		
			7.4.4.1 Firm	•				
		745	7.4.4.2 Interruptible					
		7.4.0	7.4.5.1 Firm					
			7.4.5.2 Interruptible					
		7.4.6	Natural Gas Used as Vehicle Fuel					
			7.4.6.1 Firm					
			7.4.6.2 Interruptible					
8.0			exchange gas or storage gas			1		
	8.1		ered at point(s) within the report State					
	8.2	Compa	ered at the State line or U.S. Border to					
		State o	or Country					
	10-		nue on Part VI if more space is needed)					
9.0			line, storage, and/or distribution operations			1		
		-						
11 0			n Part VI if more space is needed) ition accounted for					
			tion accounted for d for gas supply (+) or disposition (-)					
	Unide		3	• •	L	1	RESPONDENT COP	Y Page 4

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19

1.0 Cont	rol No.	2.0 Company Name		3.0	Report State	EIA	4.0 Resubmittal Date:	
PART VI:	CONTINU	I ATION SHEET						
	(To be us	ed only if insufficient space was provided	in Part IV and/or Part V)					
		Supply (Continued)			Volume (Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f	Cost or Revenue (Including taxes)	e or f
PART IV,	border	system purchases received at State line or from: (Continued)	U.S.					
		ny						
		r Country						
		ny r Country						
PART IV,		nsportation and or exchange receipts at Sta	ate line					
174111,		border from: (Continued)	iii iii ii					
		ny						
	State o	r Country						
	Compa	ny						
		r Country						
PART IV,		nsported into the report State from: (Cont'd						
	State o	r Country						
		r Country		_				
		r Country						
PART IV,		r Country er sources of supply (specify source and/or	kind					
PARTIV,		(Continued)	KITU					
	or racij.	(Continued)						
		Disposition (Continued)						
DADEN								
PART V,		mpany-owned natural gas deliveries at State	e line or					
		order to: (Continued) ny						
		r Country						
		ny						
		r Country						
PART V,		nsported for the account of others out of rep	port					
	State to	c: (Continued)						
	State o	r Country						
		r Country						
		r Country		_				
D. D. T. V.		r Country						
PART V,		iveries of exchange gas at State line or U.S						
		to: (Continued)						
		r Country						
		ny						
	-	r Country						
PART V,	10.0 Ot	ther disposition (specify): (Continued)						
		·						

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19 1.0 Control No. 2.0 Company Name 3.0 Report State 4.0 Resubmittal Date: PART VII: FOOTNOTES Sub-item (State, Company, or Line) Part Item Line EIA Use Footnote No.

Figure A2. Form EIA-176, Short Form

EIA-176 (Revised 1996)

Form Approved OMB No. 19050175 Expires 12/31/99

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Information Administration Washington DC 20585

SHORT ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19 **FORM** This report is mandatory under the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275). For the provisions concerning the confidentiality of information and sanctions statement, see Sections VI and VII of the instructions. Respondents are not required to file or reply to any Federal collection of information unless it has a valid OMB control number. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 20.8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Energy Information Administration, Office of Statistical Standards, El-73, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585; and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503. **EIA USE** Affix mailing label or enter mail address Control (ID) No. __ EIA COPY. Tear out, complete, and return to: Energy Information Administration: EI-441 Mail Station: BG-094 FORSTL Operations in (State): U.S. Department of Energy Washington, D.C. 20585 Street or Post Office Box: . . . Attn: Form EIA-176 PART I: IDENTIFICATION 1.0 Control No. 2.0 Company Name 3.0 Report State 4.0 Resubmittal ΕIΑ Date 5.0 Company status, name, and/or address change or correction. (Check appropriate box) Name and address on mailing label are correct. b. Change name, attention line, and/or mail address as indicated below. Company was sold to, or merged with, company entered below. C. Company went out of business. Customer accounts taken over by company entered below. Other changes, corrections, or comments: 5.1 Change company name and/or address to: a Company Name. Operations in (State): c. Street or Post Office Box. d. City, State, Zip Code: Attention PART II: CONTACT PERSON 1.0 Name (Type or Print) 2.0 Telephone Number (including Area Code and Extension) 3.0 Signature 4.0 Date

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19

1.0	Control	l No.	2.0 Company Name	3.0) Rep	ort State	EIA	4.0	Resubmittal Date:	
PAR	T III: TY	PE OF C	OMPANY AND GAS ACTIVITIES OPERATED IN THE REPORT STAT	E						
			ny (check one)	2.0 G		ivities Operated On-sys	tem Withi	n the	Report State	
	a	Munic Inters Intras Storaç SNG Integr Produ Gathe Proce	rer	a b c	a	Produced Natural Ga Gathered Processed Purchased Transported Interstate Transported Intrastate Stored Underground Stored LNG Injected Propane-air Produced SNG Imported Exported	e	m n	Delivered directly to consumers	
PAR	T IV: SI	JPPLY O	F NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS RECEIVED WITHIN OR TR	ANSPOR	TED IN	ITO REPORT STATE				
2.0	On-sys	tem purc	hases received:		(1	Volume Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f		Cost (Including taxes)	e or f
	2.1 Fro	om produ	cers, gatherers, and/or gas processors							
1			nes and/or distribution companies							
1		-	etic natural gas plants or SNG pipeline f supply (specify):							
			kind of fuel)							
			rt IV, if more space is needed) nin report State							
0.0	TOTAL ST	uppiy witi	nin report State	• •						
	T.V. DI	CDOCITIO	ON OF NATURAL AND CURRENTAL CAS WITHIN OR TRANSPOR	DTED O	IT OF	DEDODE CTATE				
PAR	I V: DR	57051110	ON OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS WITHIN OR TRANSPO	THIED O		Volume Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f		Cost or Revenue (Including taxes)	e or f
9.0			e, storage and/or distribution operations							<u> </u>
5.4	Delive		tly to consumers							1
	5.4.1		of transaction and consumer) Number of consume Ntial sales	rs				}		li .
	3.4.1	5.4.1.1						Ť		†
		5.4.1.2	Interruptible							
	5.4.2	Comm	ercial Sales				ļ	Ì		
		5.4.2.1	Commercial (excluding nonutility					İ		
			power producer sales) 5.4.2.1.1 Firm				!	İ		1
			5.4.2.1.2 Interruptible							1
		5.4.2.2	Commercial nonutility power							
			producer sales 5.4.2.2.1 Firm							İ
			5.4.2.2.1 Firm 5.4.2.2.2 Interruptible							1
	5.4.3	Industr	·							
		5.4.3.1	Industrial (excluding nonutility							
			power producer sales)							-
			5.4.3.1.1 Firm 5.4.3.1.2 Interruptible					-		+
		5.432	5.4.3.1.2 Interruptible Industrial nonutility power							
		5.1.5.2	producer sales							
			5.4.3.2.1 Firm							
			5.4.3.2.2 Interruptible							1

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19 1.0 Control No. 2.0 Company Name 3.0 Report State 4.0 Resubmittal Date PART V: CONTINUATION, DISPOSITION OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS WITHIN OR TRANSPORTED OUT OF REPORT STATE Volume (Mcf at 14.73 psia) Cost or Revenue e or f e or f (Including taxes) 5.4.4 Other Nonutility Power Producer Sales 5.4.5 Electric Utility Sales 5.4.6 Natural Gas Used as Vehicle Fuel 6.0 Average heat content of gas delivered directly to consumers Btu (Btu per cubic foot) 10.0 Other disposition (specify) (Continue on Part VI, if more space is needed)

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12.0 Unaccounted for gas supply (+) or disposition (-)

EIA-176, ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION, 19

1.0 C	ontrol No.	2.0 Company Name					3.0	Report State	EIA	4.0 Resubmittal	
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PART \		ATION SHEET								Sheet	_of
	(To be us	sed only if insufficient space was pro	ovided in Par	rt IV and/	or Part	(V)				-	
		Supply (Continue	ed)					Volume (Mcf at 14.73 psia)	e or f	Cost or Revenue (Including taxes)	e or f
PART I	√ 7.0 Oth	er sources of supply (specify source	and/or kind								
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PART \	/. 10.0 Ot	ther disposition (specify): (Continued									
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PART \	/II: FOOTNO	TES									1
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Routine Form EIA-895 Edit Checks

Each filing of the Form EIA-895 is manually checked for reasonableness and mathematical accuracy. Volumes are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Value data are compared to the previous year's data for reasonableness. When data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed, gas vented and flared, and gas used for repressuring are not reported for a State that historically reported one or more of these items, a volume is imputed. The imputation is based on the average ratio of gas volumes in the missing category to total gross withdrawals in States with values reporting gas in that category. This average ratio is applied to the volume of total gross withdrawals reported by the State to calculate the volume for the missing items. State agencies are contacted by telephone in order to correct errors. Amended filings or resubmissions are not a requirement, since participation in the survey is voluntary.

Comparison of the Form EIA-895 with Other Data Sources

Annual production data, as reported on the Form EIA-895, are compared to the sum of monthly data previously reported on the Monthly Schedule. The comparison is made in order to assure the reasonableness of the data reported on the Form EIA-895, Annual Schedule. Any significant differences are resolved by contacting the reporting State.

For discussion of the comparison of production data collected on Form EIA-895 and that collected on Form EIA-23, "Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves," see the EIA report, U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1996 Annual Report.

Electric Utility Data

The electric utility data published in this report are taken from the Forms EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" and FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." These data were used in order to maintain consistency among EIA publications. Electric data are necessary on the Form EIA-176 to provide a supply/disposition balance on the form. Differences in the two surveys are apparent in the results published in Table 15, "Natural Gas Deliveries to Consumers by State," and Table 18, "Natural Gas Delivered to Electric Utilities for the Account of Others by State," where volumes in Table 18 sometimes exceed volumes in Table 15. A State-by-State comparison of the reported volumes of natural gas, as collected on the Forms EIA-176 and EIA-759 is shown in Table A1. The national totals differ by 236 billion cubic feet or 10 percent in relative terms.

While processing the data reported on the Form EIA-176, the EIA made special efforts to determine the reasons for the differences in reporting of electric utility data on the Forms EIA-176 and EIA-759. Typical instances of misreporting occurred in the reporting of gas delivered to electric utilities for the account of others. Some companies reported these deliveries under sales for resale. Others reported them under transportation, exchange and/or storage deliveries. A few others reported them under transported to industrials. Companies making mistakes were asked to refile, and new companies were asked to file when they were found making deliveries of gas. Most companies were cooperative, and their refilings and new filings improved the accuracy of the data.

Other Data Sources

The U.S. Minerals Management Service (USMMS) supplied data on the quantity and value of natural gas production and the number of producing wells in the Gulf of Mexico Outer Continental Shelf. Volumes of extraction losses were reported on Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production." Heat (Btu) content extraction loss was estimated from data reported on Form EIA-64A and Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report." Volumes and prices of natural gas imports and exports were reported to the Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports. These data are nonproprietary and are filed annually by each individual or organization having authorization to import and export natural gas.

Report Methodology

Natural Gas Consumed as a Vehicle Fuel

Data on deliveries of natural gas delivered for use as a vehicle fuel were collected for the first time in 1990. In 1990 and 1991 deliveries of natural gas for vehicle fuel use were included with volumes delivered to commercial consumers. Beginning with the *Natural Gas Annual 1992*, vehicle fuel volumes are no longer included with commercial volumes.

Natural Gas Balancing Item

The natural gas balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of the components of natural gas disposition. It is calculated for each State as the result of a comparison between total reported supply and total reported disposition (Table 2). In the formula used, total reported supply is the sum of marketed production, net interstate movements, net

Figure A3. Form EIA-895

Form Approved OMB No. 19050192 Expires: 12/31/99

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY **Energy Information Administration** Washington, DC 20585

			=IA-895, MOI∙	EIA-895, MONTHLY QUANTITY AND VALUE OF NATURAL GAS REPORT	AND VALUI	E OF NATURAL	GAS REPOR	.		
PART IV: AN	PART IV: ANNUAL SCHEDULE		mpleted when	(to be completed when a calendar year of monthly reports has been completed)	nonthly reports	has been complet	ed)			
Enter the tota	ul number of pro	Enter the total number of producing gas wells in operation		as of December 31 for the reporting year.	r the reporting	year.				
Month	Gas and Condensate Wells	Oil Wells (Casinghead)	Total	Used for Repressuring, Etc.	Vented and	Vented and Nonhydrocarbon Flared Gases Removed	Natural Gas Used as Fuel on Leases	Marketed Production	Value of Marketed Production	Quantity of Marketed Production (Value Based)
January										
February										
March										
April										
Мау										
June										
July										
August										
September										
October										
November										
December										
Total										
PART V: COMMENTS	MMENTS									

movements across U.S. borders, and supplemental gaseous fuels supply. Total reported disposition is the sum of extraction loss, net storage changes (net additions to storage), and consumption. When this calculation results in a negative quantity for the balancing item it represents an excess of reported supply in relation to reported disposition, and positive quantities indicate the opposite situation.

The differences between supply and demand represent quantities lost, the net result of gas company conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure conditions to a standard temperature and pressure base, metering inaccuracies, the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices, differences between billing cycle and calendar-period time frames, and imbalances resulting from EIA's merger of data reporting systems, which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents. The balancing items in individual States may also reflect the underreporting on Form EIA-176 of gas transported across State borders for the account of others by some interstate pipelines.

Natural Gas Processed and Extraction Loss

Extraction loss is the reduction in the volume of natural gas available for disposition resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants. It represents that portion of the "raw" gas stream that is transferred from the natural gas supply chain to the petroleum and natural gas liquids supply chain. Extraction loss does not include the reduction in volume resulting from the removal of nonhydrocarbon constituents or gas used as fuel, vented, flared, or otherwise disposed of within natural gas processing plants. Extraction loss also results in a reduction in the total heat (Btu) content of the natural gas stream equal to the heat content of the liquids extracted.

The Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production," collects data on the volume of natural gas received for processing, the total quantity of natural gas liquids produced, and the resulting shrinkage (defined as extraction loss in this report) from all natural gas processing- and cycling-plant operators. The quantity of natural gas received and liquids produced are reported by State of origin of the natural gas. Shrinkage volumes are calculated and reported by plant operators based upon the chemical composition of the liquids extracted using standard conversion factors specified in the form instructions. A description of the Form EIA-64A survey is presented in the EIA publication, U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1996 Annual Report.

The heat (Btu) content of liquids extracted is not reported on the Form EIA-64A. Therefore, in order to estimate the extraction loss heat content, data reported on the Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," were used to determine the individual products contained in the total liquids reported on Form EIA-64A. A description of the Form EIA-816 survey is presented in the EIA publication, *Petroleum Supply Annual 1996*, Volume II.

To estimate the quantities of individual products extracted in each State, data from the Form EIA-64A survey were used to determine the total liquids production, and data from the Form EIA-816 survey were used to estimate the quantities of the individual products contained in those total liquids.

The Form EIA-816 captures information on the quantity of individual components (i.e., ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus) produced or contained in mixes of plant liquids as determined by chemical analysis. The volumetric ratios of the individual components to the total liquids, as calculated from the 12 monthly Form EIA-816 reports for each State, were applied to the annual total liquids production, as reported on the Form EIA-64A, to estimate the quantities of individual components removed at gas-processing plants (Table A4).

The heat (Btu) content of extracted liquids was estimated by applying conversion factors to the estimated quantities of products extracted in each State. These conversion factors, in million Btu per barrel of liquid produced, were ethane, 3.082; propane, 3.836; normal butane, 4.326; isobutane, 3.974; and pentane plus, 4.620. It should be noted that, at the State level, extraction losses are not necessarily related to State production. All gas processed in 9 States originated, or was produced in those States; but part of the gas processed in the other 15 States originated outside of the State in which the gas was processed. Gas produced from 9 States (Arizona, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, New York, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Virginia) was not processed.

For comparative purposes, the quantities of natural gas delivered to processing plants, total liquids extracted, and estimated volumetric and heat content extraction losses by State or origin of the gas (i.e., the State in which the gas was produced) are shown in Table A5.

Lease and Plant Fuel

Lease and plant fuel represent those quantities of natural gas used in well, field, and/or lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors) and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease fuel data were collected for report year 1996, on the Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report." Of the 30 States reporting on the Form EIA-895, 17 States reported quantities of natural gas used as lease fuel. Most of Nevada's marketed production is consumed as lease fuel, 11 million cubic feet. In the absence of reporting quantities on the Form EIA-895, the Form EIA-176 was used to estimate lease fuel quantities. Although EIA recognizes that lease data collected on the Form EIA-176 do not constitute a census or result from a statistically selected sample, the data

collected in the survey provide the best information available to the EIA for estimating such usage. To estimate lease use during 1996 (Table 14), several simplifying assumptions were made:

- The quantity of gas used for lease fuel was assumed to be a function of gross withdrawals of natural gas from gas and oil wells.
- The average proportion of company-owned on-system production reported as used in lease operations by respondents to the Form EIA-176 was assumed to be typical of the average use by all operators as a proportion of gross withdrawals.
- Average usage was calculated separately for Alaska and for the lower 48 States to reflect the distinctive field operations in Alaska, particularly on the North Slope.

Form EIA-176 respondents reported volumes of companyowned onsystem production amounting to 11 percent of 1996 gross withdrawals (36 percent of withdrawals in Alaska and 6.8 percent of withdrawals in the lower 48 States). Lease use reported by respondents averaged 0.02387 thousand cubic feet per thousand cubic feet of reported production in Alaska and 0.02283 thousand cubic feet per thousand cubic feet of reported production in the lower 48 States. The fuel-use estimates shown in Table 14 were calculated by applying the above ratios to the gross withdrawals from the various States (Table 3), not reporting lease use on the EIA-895.

Marketed Production

Marketed production of natural gas is taken from responses to Part IV of the Form EIA-895. It is the quantity of natural gas produced that is available for marketing and is reported in Tables 3 and 7. It refers to quantities of gas available after processes related to production are complete. These processes are repressuring, pressure maintenance, cycling, venting and flaring, removing nonhydrocarbon gases, using fuel on the lease.

Average wellhead prices are calculated from volumes and values reported in Part IV of the Form EIA-895. These data are shown as "Reported Wellhead Value" in Table 7. The volumes in this section refer to the actual amounts of natural gas reported to the States as sold.

In many States, the marketed production volumes are larger than the reported wellhead value volumes. Differences in these volumes generally result from differences in definition

and reporting requirements for separate data systems in the State. For example, while production quantities of federal, tribal, and State royalty gas are included in marketed production, some State reporting rules exclude these quantities from reported wellhead value volumes.

Census Divisions

The Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, has grouped the 50 States and the District of Columbia into Census divisions. Some of the tables and graphs in this report show data by Census division. These groupings are:

New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.

East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.

West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia.

East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee.

West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming.

Pacific Contiguous: California, Oregon, and Washington.

Pacific Noncontiguous: Alaska and Hawaii

Table A1. Comparison of Electric Utility Natural Gas Consumption Data by State, 1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	Form EIA-176	Form EIA-759	Difference	MDP ^a
labama	5,484	6,146	662	12.1
laska	30,824	31,767	942	3.1
rizona	26,692	19,248	-7,444	38.7
rkansas	27,880	33,988	6,107	21.9
alifornia	307,570	318,035	10,465	3.4
alarada	4.788	5,511	722	15.1
olorado				
onnecticut	10,075	10,456	381	3.8
elaware	21,979	23,370	1,391	6.3
orida	270,519	283,557	13,038	4.8
	4,575	4,674	99	2.2
eorgia	4,575	4,674	99	2.2
inois	28,718	25,863	-2,855	11.0
diana	7,837	4,330	-3,507	81.0
owa	2,850	3,491	640	22.5
ansas	13,550	22.607	9.057	66.8
			- / ·	
entucky	660	1,836	1,176	178.3
ouisiana	224,849	252,139	27,290	12.1
laryland	9,724	8,455	-1,269	15.0
			-7,209 -719	
lassachusetts	45,756	45,037		1.6
lichigan	26,452	32,559	6,107	23.1
innesota	3,551	5,301	1,749	49.3
ississippi	58.088	83,251	25,163	43.3
				84.4
issouri	2,832	5,223	2,391	
lontana	442	470	29	6.5
ebraska	1,702	2,351	649	38.1
evada	47,039	46,766	-273	0.6
lew Hampshire	0	3	3	0
ew Jersey	25,885	25,825	-60	_0.2
ew Mexico	16,697	29,969	13,272	79.5
ew York	142.499	142.688	190	0.1
orth Carolina	2,363	2,381	18	0.8
orth Dokoto	3	2	0	1.4
orth Dakota	-	3		***
hio	2,686	2,867	182	6.8
klahoma	143,508	136,436	-7,072	5.2
regon	13,127	14,015	888	6.8
ennsylvania	5,809	7,239	1,430	24.6
Gillisyivailla	5,009	1,239	1,430	24.0
hode Island	25,046	25,071	26	0.1
outh Carolina	1,718	1,206	-512	42.5
outh Dakota	0	725	725	
ennessee	688	572	-116	20.3
exas	899,028	1,039,155	140,127	15.6
tah	4,065	3,428	-636	18.6
ermont	24	24	0	0
	14.402	10,275	-4,127	40.2
rginia			-4, 1∠ <i>1</i>	
ashington	6,589	6,590	1	0
est Virginia	157	205	47	30.0
/isconsin	7,256	7,303	46	0.6
/yoming	61	87	26	42.1
	2,496,050		236,447	9.5
otal		2,732,496		

a Relative comparisons are expressed as the maximum difference percentage (MDP), or the absolute value of the difference between two volumes divided by the smaller of the two volumes, multiplied by 100.

— = Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" and Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table A2. Natural Gas Unaccounted for by State, 1992-1996 (Million Cubic Feet)

State	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	3,062	3,937	5,295	9,997	-2,954
Alaska	-14	1.206	2.669	-592	1.032
Arizona	53,366	168,056	-1,782	2,606	1,191
Arkansas	4,424	4,199	5,650	8,881	7,639
California	11,493	181,570	217,809	174,506	277,924
			,	·	
Colorado	9,372 946	18,893 2.682	9,023 1,491	8,734 3.826	6,652 1.055
Connecticut			.,		
D.C	620	610	528	1,006	784
Delaware	170	689	479	2,065	438
Florida	-275	2,234	6,063	3,554	-4
Georgia	6,624	5,346	2,104	3,712	1,666
Hawaii	16	24	53	21	88
Idaho	5,755	-6,264	5,572	8,893	-18,969
Illinois	17,107	10,576	5,205	30,648	10,867
Indiana	8,676	11,840	979	539	-3,307
lowe	0.207	E 000	4.000	4.040	4 500
lowa	9,307	5,666	4,963	4,849	4,500
Kansas	17,699	12,330	4,819	14,287	7,904
Kentucky	6,660	8,238	4,534	9,808	9,410
Louisiana	15,242	16,283	58,677	10,248	19,555
Maine	26	24	-131	292	241
Maryland	6,019	-5,891	3,620	9,879	5,592
Massachusetts	331	-2.960	12,194	1.091	-5,692
Michigan	8,913	91,266	-14,398	4,028	16,836
Minnesota	-62.450	-183.638	-22.290	-32.466	6.703
Mississippi	8,000	9,503	35,595	21,441	13,047
Missouri	13,773	6.784	2,253	13,981	1,596
Montana	1,491	-1,713	79	-5,345	-6,233
Nebraska	2,292	2,227	22,179	2,403	4,354
		1,393	-1	533	1.479
New Hampshire	2,111 678	4,008	327	453	466
·					
New Jersey	39,471	5,811	-31,893	1,790	-741
New Mexico	813	6,205	7,827	9,924	6,859
New York	28,140	99,726	84,704	18,129	940
North Carolina	2,414	5,208	2,906	7,640	1,300
North Dakota	-233	-260	728	-66	1,259
Ohio	8,537	17,285	10,641	31,518	16,344
Oklahoma	16,062	11.498	8.976	13,742	302
Oregon	-764	1,298	57	5,406	1,560
Pennsylvania	11,380	6,164	-1,317	18,220	-4,426
Rhode Island	-1,100	-960	-1,603	2,362	-646
South Carolina	1.110	1.064	298	2.315	846
South CarolinaSouth Dakota	1,110 413	1,064	298 999	2,315 1,107	846 994
Tennessee	6,920	8,280	2,884	8,123	11,613
Texas	17,549	-22.703	-28,206	-6,590	51,729
Utah	-6,193	5,267	6,461	5,669	15,207
	•	400			1.017
Vermont	-3 063	103	14	802	1,817
Virginia	963	6,869	-831	8,328	4,810
Washington	247	51,049	68,028	66,580	68,447
West Virginia	10,233	3,420	7,790	8,561	5,044
Wisconsin	3,614	-345	1,218	5,402	-2,756
Wyoming	3,234	1,368	1,681	-1,784	3,911

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Table A3. Natural Gas Processed and Liquids Extracted at Natural Gas Processing Plants by State, 1996

Plant	D	Volume of Natural Gas elivered to Processing Plan (million cubic feet)	ts ^a	Total Liquids Extracted ^b	Extraction Loss (million
Location	State Production	Out of State Production	Natural Gas Processed	(thousand barrels)	cubic feet)
labama	111,656	1,212	112.868	4.009	5,361
laska	2,987,364	1,212	2,987,364	33,346	38.453
rkansas	214,868	4,609	219,477	383	479
alifornia	240.566	4,009	240.566	9.798	12,169
olorado	493.748	215	493.963	16.735	23,362
0101800	493,740	213	493,903	10,733	25,502
lorida	5.900	2,614	8,514	1.630	1.649
inois	578	2,011	578	63	64
ansas	825.825	144.338	970.163	35.285	47,996
entucky	44.151	1.864	46.015	1.692	2.385
ouisiana	4,496,445	156,232	4,652,677	101.716	139,841
odiolaria	1, 100, 110	100,202	1,002,011	101,710	100,011
lichigan	117.119	0	117.119	4.810	6.399
lississippi	4,521	Ö	4.521	254	340
lontana	10.106	35	10.141	431	576
ew Mexico	1,129,523	75	1,129,598	75,476	108,341
orth Dakota	47.942	0	47.942	3.860	4,937
	,0 .2	· ·	,5 .2	3,333	.,00.
hio	2,477	0	2,477	64	85
klahoma	1,052,170	1,953	1.054.123	70.165	100.379
ennsylvania	7,728	2,613	10,341	458	603
exas	4,139,267	40,795	4,180,062	279.650	398,442
tah	252.781	12.765	265.546	9.547	10.970
	- /: -:	_,	55,515	5,5 11	,
/est Virginia	70.552	157	70.709	4.849	7.093
/yoming	844.009	1.244	845,253	35.093	48,254
,	,	- ,=	,	,	, - 0 .
otal	17.099.296	370.721	17,470,017	689.314	958.178

a "State Production" refers to gas delivered to processing plants located in the same State in which the gas was produced. "Out of State Production" refers to gas produced in other States and delivered to plants located in the State listed for processing.

b "Totals Liquids Extracted" represents the total quantity of liquids extracted from natural gas at natural gas processing plants located in the State.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production."

Table A4. Estimated Composition of Liquids Extracted at Natural Gas Processing Plants and the Resulting Heat Content Extraction Loss by State, 1996

(Liquid Volumes in Thousand Barrels, Heat Content in Billion Btu)

State		Estimated Comp	onents and Products in Li	quids Extracted ^a		Estimated Heat Content Extraction Loss ^b
	Ethane	Propane	Isobutane	N-Butane	Pentanes Plus	Heat Content
Alabama	54	1,404	208	1,064	1.278	16.890
Alaska	0	902	3,176	9,715	19,553	148,444
Arkansas	47	81	39	68	148	1,589
California	12	3,190	2,571	-168	3,857	41,037
Colorado	6,237	4,825	871	1,962	2,839	62,801
Florida	623	528	0	330	149	6,061
Illinois	0	26	0	0	37	271
Kansas	4,790	16,576	4,691	3,541	5,687	138,582
Kentucky	209	917	81	290	196	6,640
Louisiana	33,909	29,210	9,887	10,118	18,592	385,513
Michigan	962	1,565	650	550	1,082	18,933
Mississippi	0	75	0	76	103	1,092
Montana	0	170	22	120	119	1,808
New Mexico	33,634	21,302	3,868	7,831	8,841	275,468
North Dakota	3	1,722	0	1,098	1,037	16,156
Ohio	0	27	0	18	18	269
Oklahoma	30,111	21,017	3,289	7,302	8,446	257,103
Pennsylvania	0	213	45	109	91	1,888
Texas	109,012	78,314	39,056	7,212	46,056	1,035,573
Utah	3,327	2,565	166	1,120	2,369	36,543
West Virginia	1,904	1,621	243	522	559	17,893
Wyoming	7,447	13,307	2,945	4,796	6,597	136,930
Total	232,281	199,557	71,808	57,674	127,654	2,607,484

a The liquid quantities shown are the estimated quantities of individual components and products contained in the liquids at the point at which the liquids were extracted from the natural gas. The estimates are based upon the assumption that the liquids extracted in each State were composed of natural gas components and products in the same proportions as those ultimately fractionated at processing and fractionating plants within the State. The quantities ultimately extracted in each State were obtained from unpublished summaries of the 12 monthly reports on Form EIA-816. For each State, ratios of the quantities of each component and product ultimately fractionated to the total quantitie of liquids fractionated were developed. Those ratios were applied to the total fliquids quantities extracted from natural gas in each State (see Table A3) to derive the estimated component and product quantities shown.

b Extraction loss represents that portion of the natural gas stream which was transferred to the petroleum and natural gas liquids supply chain as a result of the removal of part of the natural gas constituents in the form of natural gas liquids at natural gas processing plants. Estimates of the heat content extraction loss, i.e., the heat content of the extracted liquids, were computed using the following average heat content conversion factors (million Btu per barrel): ethane, 3.082; propane, 3.836; normal butane, 4.326; isobutane, 3.974; and pentanes plus, 4.620.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Estimated Components and Products in Liquids Extracted: Total liquids from Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production," apportioned to components and products based upon quantities of components and products fractionated as reported on Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report" (see footnote a above). Heat Content extraction loss conversion factors (see footnote b above): Energy Inform

Table A5. Natural Gas Processed, Liquids Extracted, and Estimated Extraction Loss by State of Origin (Production) of Natural Gas, 1996

	Vo	olume of Natural Gas Delive to Processing Plants (million cubic feet)	red	Total Liquids	Extract	ion Loss
State	Located Within the State	Located Outside of the State	Total Processed	Extracted (thousand barrels)	Volume (million cubic feet	Estimated Heat Content (billion Btu)
.labama	111.656	2.614	114,270	4,476	5.810	18,610
laska	2,987,364	2,014	2,987,364	33,346	38,453	148,444
rkansas	214,868	161	215,029	237	474	977
California	240.566	0	240.566	9.798	12.169	41.037
Colorado	493,748	1,249	494,997	16,891	23,420	63,411
lorida	5,900	0	5,900	1,130	1,143	4,202
linois	578	0	578	63	64	271
(ansas	825,825	2,731	828,556	30,617	41,115	120,221
Centucky	44,151	24	44,175	2,635	2,291	10,113
ouisiana	4,496,445	7,934	4,504,379	99,036	135,902	375,303
lichigan	117,119	0	117,119	4,810	6,399	18,933
lississippi	4,521	1,227	5,748	288	398	1,235
fontana	10,106	352	10,458	471	594	1,963
lew Mexico	1,129,523	561	1,130,084	75,477	108,387	275,472
lorth Dakota	47,942	35	47,977	3,864	4,939	16,173
Ohio	2,477	0	2,477	64	85	269
Oklahoma	1,052,170	83,331	1,135,501	74,315	105,759	272,905
ennsylvania	7,728	133	7,861	385	464	1,585
ennessee	0	1,864	1,864	29	97	114
exas	4,139,267	252,912	4,392,179	282,979	403,822	1,048,895
Jtah	252,781	215	252,996	9,282	10,453	35,528
Vest Virginia	70,552	2,613	73,165	3,950	7,230	14,609
Vyoming	844,009	12,765	856,774	35,171	48,710	137,214
otal	17,099,296	370,721	17,470,017	689,314	958,178	2,607,484

Notes: This table shows the volume of natural gas delivered to processing plants, the quantity of natural gas liquids extracted, and the estimated volumetric and heat content extraction losses traced back to the State of origin of the gas, i.e., to the State from which the gas was produced whether processed within or outside of the producing State. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Natural gas delivered to plants, and total liquids extracted: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production."

Extraction Loss: Extraction loss volumes (Table A3) and estimated heat contents (Table A4) apportioned to State of origin based upon the origin of gas processed as reported on Form EIA-64A.

Appendix B

Metric and Thermal Conversion Tables

Metric and Thermal Conversion Tables

Metric Conversions

Table B1 presents Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States for 1992 through 1996 in metric units of measure. Volumes are shown in cubic meters instead of cubic feet. Prices are shown in dollars per thousand cubic meters instead of dollars per thousand cubic feet. The data in this table have been converted from the data that appear in Table 1 of this report.

Thermal Conversions

Table B2 presents the thermal (Btu) conversion factors and the converted data for natural gas supply and disposition from 1992 through 1996. A brief documentation for the thermal conversion factors follows:

- Marketed Production. The conversion factor is calculated by adding the total heat content of dry production to the total heat content of extraction loss and dividing the resulting sum by the total quantity of dry production and extraction loss (see below).
- Extraction Loss. The conversion factor is obtained from Appendix A of this publication.
- Dry Production. The conversion factor is assumed to be the same as the thermal conversion factors for consumption (see below).
- Receipts at U.S. Borders. The conversion factor for imports was obtained from the discontinued Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." The 1994 conversion factor has been applied to 1995 and 1996 volume data. Intransit receipts are assumed to have the same average heat content as imports.

- Withdrawals from Storage. Both underground and LNG storage withdrawals are assumed to have the same heat content as consumption (see below).
- Supplemental Gas Supplies. This conversion factor is assumed to be the same as that for consumption (see below).
- Balancing Item. This conversion factor is calculated by subtracting the total heat content of all other items of supply from the heat content of total disposition (from Table B2) and dividing the difference by the balancing item quantity.
- Consumption. The thermal conversion factor for total consumption (lease fuel, plant fuel, pipeline fuel, and deliveries to consumers) is the average heat content for deliveries to end users as reported on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Average heat content of electric utility consumption is obtained from EIA's Electric Power Annual. The factor for nonutility consumption is calculated by subtracting the total heat content of electric utility consumption from the heat content of total consumption and dividing the difference by the quantity of nonutility consumption (total consumption less electric utility consumption).
- Deliveries at U.S. Borders. The conversion factor for exports was obtained from the discontinued Form FPC-14. The 1994 conversion factor has been applied to 1995 and 1996 volume data. Intransit deliveries are assumed to have the same average heat content as exports.
- Additions to Storage. Additions to both underground and LNG storage are assumed to have the same heat content as consumption (see above).

Table B1. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States, Metric Equivalents, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
eserves (billion cubic meters)					
Estimated Proved Reserves (dry)					
as of December 31	4,673	4,599	4,639	4,676	4,714
as of December of	4,010	4,000	4,000	4,070	7,717
umber of Gas and Gas Condensate Wells					
Producing at End of Year	275,414	282,152	291,773	298,541	301,811
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roduction (million cubic meters)					
Gross Withdrawals					
From Gas Wells	457,738	472,640	491,327	489,373	500,664
From Oil Wells	168,977	170,878	176,404	182,972	180,403
	,-	-,-	-, -	- ,-	,
Total	626,716	643,519	667,731	672,345	681,067
Repressuring	-84,173	-87,868	-91,482	-100,950	-99,401
Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed	-7,939	-11,722	-11,672	-10,998	-14,680
Wet After Lease Separation	534,603	543,929	564,577	560,396	566,986
Vented and Flared	-4,744	-6,421	-6,466	-8,035	-7,705
Marketed Production	529,859	537,508	558,112	552,362	559,280
Extraction Loss	-24,690	-25,102	-25,160	-25,706	-27,133
_Attaction Loss	-24,090	-23,102	-23,100	-23,700	-27,133
Total Dry Production	505,170	512,406	532,952	526,656	532,148
•		,	, , , , ,	,	, ,
upply (million cubic meters)					
Dry Production	505,170	512,406	532,952	526,656	532,148
Receipts at U.S. Borders					
Imports	60,527	66,548	74,299	80,450	83,178
Intransit Receipts	13,767	9,177	13,812	13,946	15,187
Withdrawals from Storage					
Underground Storage	77,129	76,939	71.023	84,217	82,440
LNG Storage	1,374	2,327	2,002	1,428	1,962
Supplemental Gas Supplies	3,339	3,370	3,138	3,123	3,099
Balancing Item	-14,373	-3,103	-11.768	-6,513	7,899
Data long Roll	11,070	0,100	11,700	0,010	7,000
Total Supply	646,933	667,664	685,458	703,307	725,913
isposition (million cubic meters)					
Consumption	553,435	574,240	586,377	611,096	622,036
Deliveries at U.S. Borders	,	- , -	,-	, , , , , , ,	- ,
Exports	6,124	3,970	4,580	4,364	4,344
Intransit Deliveries	13,767	9,177	13,380	13,946	15,187
	13,707	3,177	13,300	13,940	15,107
Additions to Storage	70.004	70.447	70.400	30.050	00.077
Underground Storage	72,361	78,147	79,182	72,658	82,277
LNG Storage	1,247	2,130	1,939	1,243	2,069
T (10) 30	0.40.000	007.004	005.450	700.007	705.040
Total Disposition	646,933	667,664	685,458	703,307	725,913
onsumption (million cubic meters)					
_ease Fuel	20,112	20,476	19,817	22,436	22,654
Pipeline Fuel	16,642	17,678	19,407	19,831	20,146
Plant Fuel	13,042	12,709	12,003	12,115	12,744
Delivered to Consumers	. 0,0 .=	,. 00	.=,000	,	,
Residential	132,808	140,351	137,272	137,346	148,420
Commercial	79,365	81,031	81,978	85,831	89,432
Industrial	213,138	226,009	231,265	242,947	251,182
Vehicle Fuel	14	27	49	76	83
Electric Utilities	78,313	75,958	84,587	90,515	77,376
Total Delivered to Consumers	503,639	523,376	535,150	556,714	566,493
Total Consumption	553,435	574,240	586,377	611,096	622,036
•	000,400	017,270	000,011	011,000	022,000
elivered for the Account of Others (million cubic meters)					
Residential	1,173	1,255	1,199	1,282	1,392
Commercial	13,337	13,028	16,963	19,996	20,011
Industrial		159,846			202,519
Electric Utilities	148,624 48,064	46,962	173,099 59,242	184,551 59,757	52,995

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B1. Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States, Metric Equivalents, 1992-1996 (Continued)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
irm Deliveries (million cubic meters)					
Residential	NA	NA	137.167	137.234	148.270
Commercial	NA NA	NA NA	72.477	75.051	79.271
	NA NA	NA NA			
Industrial			134,055	145,550	152,584
Electric Utilities	NA	NA	44,762	49,808	42,670
Vehicle Fuel	NA	NA	38	69	76
terruptible Deliveries (million cubic meters)					
Residential	NA	NA	NA	112	150
Commercial	NA	NA	9.501	10.779	10.160
Industrial	NA	NA	97.210	97.397	98.599
Electric Utilities	NA NA	NA	34.276	32,504	28,01
Vehicle Fuel	NA	NA	11	6	20,01
verlicle i dei	INA	NA.	- 11	U	,
umber of Consumers					
Residential	52,331,397	52,535,411	53,392,557	54,322,179	55,263,673
Commercial	4,409,699	4,464,906	4,533,905	4,636,500	4,720,227
Industrial	209,616	209,666	202,940	209,398	206,049
verage Annual Consumption per Consumer					
(thousand cubic meters)					
Residential	3	3	3	3	3
Commercial	18	18	18	19	19
Industrial	1,017	1,078	1,140	1,160	1,219
verage Prices for Natural Gas					
(dollars per thousand cubic meters)					
Wellhead (Marketed Production)	61.45	72.04	65.33	54.74	76.63
Imports	65.33	71.69	66.04	52.62	69.57
Exports	79.46	91.46	88.29	84.40	104.88
Pipeline Fuel	73.10	69.57	60.03	52.62	80.16
City Gate	106.30	113.36	108.42	98.17	115.48
Delivered to Consumers	106.30	113.30	100.42	90.17	113.40
	000.00	047.54	222.27	04404	200.00
Residential	208.00	217.54	226.37	214.01	223.89
Commercial	172.34	184.34	192.11	178.34	190.70
Industrial	100.29	108.42	107.71	95.70	120.78
Vehicle Fuel	143.02	150.79	145.14	140.55	153.27
Electric Utilities	83.34	92.17	80.52	71.34	95.00

NA = Not available.

Notes: Beginning in 1987, prices for gas delivered to consumers are calculated using only on-system sales data. No imputations are made for prices of gas delivered for the account of others. In previous years, prices were calculated using reported values and values imputed for gas delivered for the account of others. The United States includes the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. In 1996, consumption of natural gas for agricultural use is classified as industrial use. In 1995 and earlier years, agricultural use was classified as commercial use.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-627, "Annual Report and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; Form PEPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, Annual Reports, DOE/EIA-0216; and the U.S. Minerals Management Service.

Table B2. Thermal Conversion Factors and Data, 1992-1996

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Conversion Factor (Btu per cubic foot)					
Production					
Marketed Extraction Loss	1,110 2,753	1,106 2,740	1,105 2,735	1,106 2,730	1,109 2,721
Total Dry Production	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
Supply					
Dry Production	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
Imports Intransit Receipts Withdrawals from Storage	1,011 1,011	1,020 1,020	1,022 1,022	1,021 1,021	1,022 1,022
Underground Storage	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
LNG Storage	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
Supplemental Gas Supplies Balancing Item	1,030 949	1,027 997	1,028 937	1,027 988	1,027 1,047
Total Supply	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Disposition					
Consumption	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
(Electric Utility)(Non-Utility)	(1,022) (1,031)	(1,022) (1,028)	(1,022) (1,029)	(1,025) (1,027)	(1,024) (1,027)
Deliveries at U.S. Borders	(1,001)	(1,020)	(1,023)	(1,021)	(1,021)
Exports	1,018	1,016	1,011	1,011	1,011
Intransit Deliveries	1,018	1,016	1,011	1,011	1,011
Additions to Storage Underground Storage	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
LNG Storage	1,030	1,027	1,028	1,027	1,027
Total Dispostion	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Summary Data (billion Btu) Production					
Marketed	20,775,302	21,344,603	21,702,261	21,579,527	21,872,901
Extraction Loss	-2,400,203	-2,428,668	-2,430,350	-2,478,684	-2,607,484
Total Dry Production	18,375,100	18,915,935	19,271,911	19,100,844	19,265,417
Supply	40.075.400	10.015.005	10.074.044	40.400.044	40.005.447
Dry Production Receipts at U.S. Borders	18,375,100	18,915,935	19,271,911	19,100,844	19,265,417
Imports	2,161,448	2,398,159	2,682,436	2,901,166	3,002,256
Intransit ReceiptsWithdrawals from Storage	491,511	330,718	498,653	502,902	548,172
Underground Storage	2,805,487	2,790,425	2,561,187	3,054,402	2,989,933
LNG Storage	49,990	84,408	72,668	51,808	71,157
Supplemental Gas Supplies Balancing Item	121,457 -481,767	122,212 -412,557	113,929 -277,959	113,268 -227,156	112,410 326,397
Total Supply	23,523,226	24,229,301	24,922,825	25,497,233	26,315,742
Disposition					
Consumption	20,130,695	20,846,168	21,336,624	22,163,343	22,559,201
(Electric Utility)	(2,826,451)	(2,741,453)	(3,052,864)	(3,276,420)	(2,798,076)
(Non-Utility) Deliveries at U.S. Borders	(17,304,244)	(18,104,715)	(18,283,760)	(18,886,922)	(19,761,125)
Exports	220,211	142,405	163,522	155,799	155,115
Intransit Deliveries	494,912	329,229	477,710	497,849	542,354
Additions to Storage					
Underground StorageLNG Storage	2,632,055 45,354	2,834,251 77,248	2,874,574 70,395	2,635,161 45,082	2,984,043 75,029
Total Disposition	23,523,226	24,229,301	24,922,825	25,497,233	26,315,742

NA = Not available.

Notes: See accompanying text for conversion factor documentation. Items appearing in parentheses are subsets of other items for which data are shown in this table and are not involved in the summing of supply and disposition. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1992 through 1995); Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" (1996); Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"; Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"; Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas" (1992 through 1994); Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Natural Gas Imports and Exports (1995 and 1996); Forms EIA-191/FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report"; and Form EIA-767, "Steam-Electric Plant Operating and Design Report."

Appendix C

Selected Natural Gas and Related Reports

Selected Natural Gas and Related Reports

Recurring Natural Gas Reports

Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130. Published monthly.

Other Reports Covering Natural Gas, Natural Gas Liquids, and Other Energy Sources

- Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035. Published monthly. Provides national aggregate data for natural gas, natural gas liquids, and other energy sources.
- Short-Term Energy Outlook, DOE/EIA-0202. Published quarterly. Provides forecasts for next six quarters for natural gas and other energy sources.
- Natural Gas 1996: Issues and Trends, DOE/EIA-0560(96), December 1996.
- U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves -1996 Annual Report, DOE/EIA-0216(96)/Advance Summary, September 1997.
- Annual Energy Review 1996, DOE/ EIA-0384(96), July 1997. Published annually.
- State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1994, DOE/EIA-0214(94), October 1996.

- Annual Report to Congress 1996, DOE/ EIA-0173(96), July 1997. Published annually.
- Annual Energy Outlook 1997, DOE/ EIA-0383(97), December 1996. Published annually.
- State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1994, DOE/EIA-0376(94), June 1997.

@4TH HEAD = One-Time Reports

- The Value of Underground Storage in Today's Natural Gas Industry, DOE/EIA-0591, March 1995.
- Energy Policy Act Transportation Study: Interim Report of Natural Gas Flows and Rates, DOE/EIA-0602, October 1995.
- Natural Gas Productive Capacity for the Lower 48 States 1980 Through 1995, DOE/EIA-0542(95), July 1994.

Reference Reports

- Directory of Energy Data Collection Forms, DOE/ EIA-0249(95), January 1996.
- Oil and Gas Field Code Master List, 1995, EIA-0370(95), December 1996.

Appendix D

Natural Gas Electronic Products

Appendix D

Natural Gas Electronic Products

In addition to printed publications, the Energy Information Administration distributes information concerning the natural gas industry in a variety of electronic formats through several media. Two main types of products are available electronically: *viewable documents* that may be read or printed and *post-processable files* that may be directly used as input to a computer application without additional keying and checking of data.

Viewable documents represent complete or selected sections of publications including text, tables, and graphs. They may be as specific as single tables or as general as an entire publication. Post-processable documents on the other hand are either macro-level representations of information in published tables or micro-level respondent information representing responses on a specific nonconfidential survey.

The media used to distribute these electronic publications include: (1) The Energy Information Administration's Internet site (http://www.eia.doe.gov or ftp://ftp.eia.doe.gov); (2) Dial-in access through the Energy Information Administration's EPUB electronic bulletin board or through the Economic Bulletin Board of the Department of Commerce and the COGIS system; (3) The Energy Information Administration's quarterly CD-ROM (Info-Disk); and (4) diskettes.

	Internet	Dial-In	Infodisk	E-Mail	Diskette	
ANNUAL PUBLICATIONS						
Natural Gas Annual, 1996 Provides information on supply and disposition of natural gas in the United States. Information is provided nationally, regionally, and by State for 1996.	V P		V P		Р	
Historical Natural Gas Annual, 1930 through 1996 Contains historical information about supply and disposition of natural gas at the national, regional, and State level, as well as prices at selected points in the flow of gas from wellhead to burnertip.	Р		Р		Р	
Natural Gas 1996: Issues and Trends Examines how industry restructuring continues to expand choices, and challenges, for industry, participants, and natural gas customers.	V		V			
Natural Gas 1995: Issues and Trends Addresses current issues affecting the natural gas industry and markets, and analyzes trends in the most recent natural gas data.	V		V			
Natural Gas 1994: Issues and Trends Provides an overview of the natural gas industry in 1993 and early 1994, focusing on the overall ability to deliver gas under the new regulatory mandates of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Order 636.	V		V			
Oil and Gas Products List 1994-1995 Brief descriptions of the various information products prepared by the Office of Oil and Gas.	V		V			

V = Viewable

P = Post-Processable

E = Automatic E-Mail Updates

	Internet	Dial-In	Infodisk	E-Mail	Diskette
U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves Annual Report, 1996 1996 national and State estimates of reserves, reserve changes, and production, plus industry highlights.	V		V		
Natural Gas Productive Capacity for the Lower 48 States 1985-1997 Analysis of monthly natural gas wellhead productive capacity.	v		V		
MONTHLY PUBLIC	CATIONS			,	2
Natural Gas Monthly, from the previous 12 months Entire Publication in viewable format.	V		V		
OTHER PUBLIC	ATIONS				
Natural Gas Weekly Market Update Analysis of current price, supply and storage data along with a two week snapshot of the weather in four distinct metropolitan areas.	V				
Natural Gas 1996: Preliminary Highlights This Special Focus, which was featured in the April 1997 issue of the Natural Gas Monthly, presents events that affected the natural gas industry during 1996.	V	Р			
Energy Policy Act Transportation Study: Interim Report on Natural Gas Flow and Rates (EPACT) Analysis of natural gas transportation rates and distribution patterns for the period 1988 through 1994.	V		V		,
Oil Production Capacity Extension Cost for the Persian Gulf Quantifies the cost of expanding oil production capacity for the Persian Gulf based on geologic plays and fields rather than country-level economics. Development costs and volumes are estimated for the next 15 years.	V		V		
Costs and Indices for Domestic Oil and Gas Fields Equipment and Production Operations 1992-1995 Cost of equipment and operation of oil and gas wells in the lower 48 States.	V		V		
Drilling Sideways- A Review of Horizontal Well Technology and the Domestic Application April 1993 report presenting salient aspects of current and near-future horizontal drilling and completion technology.	V		V		
International Oil and Gas Exploration and Development Compilation of country-level data and assessment of regional trends relating to upstream aspects of global oil and gas supply.	V		V		
Oil and Gas Field Code Master List Comprehensive listing of U.S. oil and gas field names as of October 1996.	V		V		
Oil and Gas Resources of the Fergana Basin (Uzbekistan, Tadzhikistan, and Kyrgysztan) Reservoir level assessments of oil and gas ultimate recovery in the former Soviet Union area.	V		V		

	Internet	Dial-In	InfoDisk	E-Mail	Diskette
Oil and Gas Resources of the Fergana Basin (Uzbekistan, Tadzhikistan, and Kyrgysztan) Reservoir level assessments of oil and gas ultimate recovery in the former Soviet Union area.	V		V		
The Value of Underground Storage in Today's Natural Gas Industry. Explores the significant and changing role of storage in the industry.	V		V		
U.S. Oil and Gas Development in the Early 1900's Analyses of the growing prominence of smaller energy companies in U.S. oil and gas production	V		V		
ANNUAL	DATA	ž.	* *		
Natural Gas Supply and Disposition, by State 1996					
Natural Gas Summary, United States by Year 1990-1996	V P	V P			
1996 Natural Gas Annual Volume 1 data Self-extracting file containing data (in comma-delimited format) that appear in the tables in Volume 1 of the 1996 Natural Gas Annual.	Р		Р		Р
1996 Historical Natural Gas Annual data Self-extracting file containing historical information (in comma-delimited format) found in the tables in Volume 2 of the 1995 Natural Gas Annual. Annual historical data at the national level are presented for 1930-1996. Annual information by State and region is presented for 1967-1996.	Р		Р		Р
1996 Data reported on Form EIA-176 A self-extracting compressed file containing data reported on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," for 1996.	Р				Р
1995 Data reported on Form EIA-176 A self-extracting compressed file containing data reported on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," for 1995.	Р				Р
Data archive of historical reserves estimates for U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids National, State, and State subregion data published in the reserves balance tables of <i>U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves</i> from 1977 forward.	Р				Р
MONTHL	Y DATA				
Natural Gas Production, United States by Month 1989-forward	Р	Р			
Natural Gas Supply and Disposition 1989-forward	Р	Р		E	00
Natural Gas Imports and Exports 1989-forward	Р	Р			
Natural Gas Underground Storage: United States Total by Month 1989-forward	Р	Р		E	
Natural Gas Prices: United States Total by Month 1989-forward	Р	Р		E	
Natural Gas Consumption by Sector: United States Total by Month 1989-forward	Р	Р		E	
SELF-EXTRACTING COMPRESSED DATA FILE ARCHIVES					
Natural Gas Consumption and Prices, for most recent 2-3 years	Р	Р			
Natural Gas Consumption and Prices, for 1984-1996	Р	Р	***		
Natural Gas Consumption and Prices, for 1984-1996	Р	Р			

Glossary

Balancing Item: Represents differences between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of the components of natural gas disposition. These differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data-reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data-reporting systems that vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

Biomass Gas: A medium Btu gas containing methane and carbon dioxide, resulting from the action of microorganisms on organic materials such as a landfill.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1 degree Fahrenheit at or near 39.2 degrees Fahrenheit.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a gas distribution company receives gas from a pipeline company or transmission system.

Coke Oven Gas: The gaseous portion of volatile substances driven off in the coking process after other coal chemicals are removed.

Commercial Consumption: Gas used by nonmanufacturing establishments or agencies primarily engaged in the sale of goods or services. Included are such establishments as hotels, restaurants, wholesale and retail stores and other service enterprises; gas used by establishments engaged in forestry and fisheries; and gas used by local, State, and Federal agencies engaged in nonmanufacturing activities.

Delivered: The physical transfer of natural, synthetic, and/or supplemental gas from facilities operated by the responding company to facilities operated by others or to consumers.

Dry Natural Gas Production: Marketed production less extraction loss.

Electric Utility: An enterprise that is engaged in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy

primarily for use by the public and that is the major power supplier within a designated service area. Electric utilities include investor-owned, publicly-owned, cooperatively-owned, and government-owned (municipals, Federal agencies, State projects, and public power districts) systems.

Electric Utility Consumption: Gas used as fuel in electric utility plants.

Exports: Natural gas deliveries out of the continental United States and Alaska to foreign countries.

Extraction Loss: The reduction in volume of natural gas due to the removal of natural gas liquid constituents such as ethane, propane, and butane at natural gas processing plants.

Flared: Natural gas burned in flares at the base site or at gas-processing plants.

Gas Condensate Well: A gas well that produces from a gas reservoir containing considerable quantities of liquid hydrocarbons in the pentane and heavier range generally described as "condensate."

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs.

Gross Withdrawals: Full well-stream volume, including all natural gas plant liquids and all nonhydrocarbon gases, but excluding lease condensate.

Heating Value: The average number of British thermal units per cubic foot of natural gas as determined from tests of fuel samples.

Imports: Gas receipts into the United States from a foreign country.

Industrial Consumers: Establishments engaged in a process which creates or changes raw or unfinished materials into another form or product. Generation of electricity, other than by electric utilities, and agricultural uses are included.

Industrial Consumption: Natural gas used by manufacturing and mining establishments and for agricultural purposes for heat, power, and chemical feedstock.

Intransit Deliveries: Redeliveries to a foreign country of foreign gas received for transportation across U.S. territory and deliveries of U.S. gas to a foreign country for transportation across its territory and redelivery to the United States.

Intransit Receipts: Receipts of foreign gas for transportation across U.S. territory and redelivery to a foreign country and redeliveries to the United States of U.S. gas transported across foreign territory.

Lease Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to minus 260 degrees Fahrenheit at atmospheric pressure.

Manufactured Gas: A gas obtained by destructive distillation of coal, or by the thermal decomposition of oil, or by the reaction of steam passing through a bed of heated coal or coke. Examples are coal gases, coke oven gases, producer gas, blast furnace gas, blue (water) gas, carbureted water gas. Btu content varies widely.

Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbon compounds and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in natural underground reservoirs at reservoir conditions.

Natural Gas, Wet After Lease Separation: The volume of natural gas remaining after removal of lease condensate in lease and/or field separation facilities, if any, and after exclusion of nonhydrocarbon gases where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Natural gas liquids may be recovered from volumes of natural gas, wet after lease separation, at natural gas processing plants.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases which may be present in reservoir natural gas, such as carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Nonutility Power Producers: A company which owns electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. Nonutility power producers include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small power producers, and other nonutility generators including independent power producers.

Offshore Reserves and Production: Unless otherwise indicated, reserves and production that are in either State or Federal domains, located seaward of the coastline.

Oil Well (Casinghead) Gas: Associated and dissolved gas produced along with crude oil from oil completions.

Outer Continental Shelf: Offshore Federal domain.

Pipeline: A continuous pipe conduit, complete with such equipment as valves, compressor stations, communications systems, and meters, for transporting natural and/or supplemental gas from one point to another, usually from a point in or beyond the producing field or processing plant to another pipeline or to points of use. Also refers to a company operating such facilities.

Pipeline Fuel: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Plant Fuel: Natural gas used as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Production, Wet After Lease Separation: Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations.

Propane-air: A mixture of propane and air resulting in a gaseous fuel suitable for pipeline distribution.

Proved Reserves: The estimated quantities that analysis of geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known oil and gas reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions.

Receipts: Gas physically transferred into the responding company's transportation, storage, and/or distribution facilities.

Refinery Gas: Noncondensate gas collected in petroleum refineries.

Repressuring: The injection of gas into oil or gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Consumption: Gas used in private dwellings, including apartments, for heating, air-conditioning, cooking, water heating, and other household uses.

Storage Additions: Volumes of gas injected or otherwise added to underground natural gas reservoirs or liquefied natural gas storage.

Storage Withdrawals: Volumes of gas withdrawn from underground storage or liquefied natural gas storage.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels Supplies: Synthetic natural gas, propane-air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons or from coal gasification. It may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline quality natural gas.

Therm: One hundred thousand British thermal units.

Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

Underground Storage Injections: Gas from extraneous sources put into underground storage reservoirs.

Underground Storage Withdrawals: Gas removed from underground storage reservoirs.

Unit Value, Consumption: Total price per specified unit, including all taxes, at the point of consumption.

Unit Value, Wellhead: The wellhead sales price, including charges for natural gas plant liquids subsequently removed from the gas, gathering and compression charges, and State production, severance, and/or similar charges.

Vented: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.